## Social Studies

## dies Brunswick School Department Grade 5 Historical Inquiry: The Age of Exploration 1400 to 1600

Essential Questions       • What are the reasons for exploration?         How was the world impacted by the age of exploration?       • Perspectives change over time as cultures develop         Essential Knowledge       • Perspectives change over time as cultures develop         • Vocabulary/Content       • Perspectives change over time as cultures develop         • Vocabulary/Content       • Terms: • Portuguese, English, Dutch, Spanish, French, navigate, technology, expedition, colony, colonization, Northwest Passage, trade, explore, exploration, profit, merchants, Muslim, Christianity, tax, spices, porcelain, silk, voyage, expansion, New France, New Spain, English Colonies         • The reasons for exploration include: • Political (expansion of power or land) • Commercial (trade and searching for valuable goods) • Religious (missionaries traveled to spread their religion) • Technological (ships, sail, navigation, telescope, maps, weapons) • •         • Identify the reasons for exploration • Explain how perspectives were formed by historical context. • Summarize the impact on people and cultures as a result of exploration.         Social Studies       A. Applications of Social Studies Processes, Knowledge, and Skills A1.a. Identify key words and concepts related to research questions making adjustments when necessary A 1b. Identify key words and concepts related to research questions making adjustments when necessary A 1c. Locate and access information by using text features. A 2a. Contribute equitably to collaborativel discussions, examine alternative ideas, and work cooperatively to share ideas and individually and collaborativel develop a decision or plan C Economics	Essential Understandings	<ul> <li>Historical inquiry involves acquiring knowledge about significant events, developments, individuals, groups, documents, places, and ideas to support investigations about the past.</li> </ul>
Essential Knowledge       • Exploration led to both intended and unintended consequences         • Reasons for exploration are varied, both in the past and in the present.         • Terms:         • Orotuguese, English, Dutch, Spanish, French, navigate, technology, expedition, colony, colonization, Northwest Passage, trade, explore, exploration, profit, merchants, Muslim, Christianity, tax, spices, porcelain, silk, voyage, expansion, New France, New Spain, English Colonies         • The reasons for exploration include:         • Political (expansion of power or land)         • Commercial (trade and searching for valuable goods)         • Religious (missionaries traveled to spread their religion)         • Technological (ships, sail, navigation, telescope, maps, weapons)         • Identify the reasons for exploration         • Explain how perspectives were formed by historical context.         • Summarize the impact on people and cultures as a result of exploration.         Social Studies         A. Applications of Social Studies Processes, Knowledge, and Skills A1.a. Identify key words and concepts related to social studies-seeking multiple perspectives from varied sources         A 1b. Identify key words and concepts related to research questions making adjustments when necessary         A 2a. Contribute equitably to collaborative discussions, examine alternative ideas, and work cooperatively to share ideas and individually and collaboratively develop a decision or plan         C Economics C 1. Explain that economics includes the study of scarcity which		
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	D. Geography
	D 1.b Create visual representations of the world, showing a basic
	understanding of the geographic grid, including the equator and the prime meridian
	D 1. C Identify the Earth's major geographic features such as
	continents, oceans, major mountains, and rivers using a variety of
	geographic tools.
	E. History
	E1.a Explain that history includes the study of past human
	experience based on available evidence from a variety of sources
	E 1.b Identify various major historical eras, major enduring themes,
	turning points, events, consequences, persons, and timeframes, in the
	history of the community, Maine, and the United States.
Related	Chronological reasoning and causation
Social Studies	Comparison and contextualization
Practices	Geographic reasoning
	Gathering, using and interpreting evidence
	oxedow The role of the individual in social and political participation
Sample	<ul> <li>Create a timeline of major explorations studies.</li> </ul>
Lessons	<ul> <li>Complete a map showing the travels of explorers.</li> </ul>
And	<ul> <li>Create a graphic organizer for significant contributions of the</li> </ul>
Activities	explorers studied.
	<ul> <li>Generate questions about individuals and groups and how they</li> </ul>
	impacted significant historical changes
	<ul> <li>Prepare a report on a major explorer.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Study how European explorers led to the colonization of the American</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Americas.</li> <li>Compare and contrast how different explorers impacted the people</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Compare and contrast how different explorers impacted the people and places they visited</li> </ul>
Sample	
Classroom	<ul> <li>Research and present the discoveries and impact of a specific</li> </ul>
Assessment	explorer.
Methods	<ul> <li>Compare and contrast modern and past explorations</li> </ul>
	Publications:
Sample	<ul> <li>America Will Be – Houghton Mifflin</li> </ul>
Resources	<ul> <li>America's History of Land of Liberty by Vivian Berenstein</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>A History of the United States –by Joy Hakim</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Pedro's Journal_by Pam Conrad</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Who was Ferdinand Magellan? by Sydelle Kramer</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Christopher Columbus: Admiral of the Ocean_Sea byJim</li> </ul>
	Haskins
	<ul> <li>The Story of Henry Hudson Master Explorer by Eric Weiner</li> </ul>