Fourth Grade Science Curriculum Map

Time framew ^{ee}			Principal of Application (1969)		
Earth & Space (Chapters 1-2)	1. Earth's Surface has specific characteris tics and land forms and can be identified.	ESS1	 Identify / describe major types of landforms. Explain how land forms develop. Recognize ways that landforms differ from each other. Identify processes that can change the Earth's surfaces. Understand how Earth's surface can change due to erosion and deposition. Recognize that 70% of the Earth's surface is water. 	Instruction will be provided using the following: Smart Board Lessons, Power Point Presentations, Textbook Resources, Supplemental Resources/Materi als, Hands-On Experiments, make a landform model with clay.	Informal Assessments, Projects, teacher- made quizzes, formative assessments
	2. The surface of Earth changes due to weathering	ESS2	 Understand that rocks change their size/shape or form due to water / ice movement. Analyze different weather patterns. Identify the forces that can change Earth's surface Differentiate between erosion and weathering. Understand that weathering can occur at different rates. 	Instruction will be provided using the following: Smart Board Lessons, Power Point Presentations, Textbook Resources, Supplemental Resources/Materi als, Hands-On Experiments, create a 3D model of a sinkhole	Informal Assessments, Projects, teacher- made quizzes, formative assessments
	3. The surface of earth changes due to erosion and deposition	ESS3	 Describe the differences between weathering/erosion. Observe slow and rapid changes on the Earth's surface. Compare / Contrast the effects of gravitational forces on rock, water and soil. Understand how gravity plays an important role in erosion. 	Instruction will be provided using the following: Smart Board Lessons, Power Point Presentations, Textbook Resources, Supplemental Resources/Materi als, Hands-On Experiments, build a model to demonstrate the movement of glacial ice.	Informal Assessments, Projects, teacher- made quizzes, formative assessments

Fourth Grade Science Curriculum Map

Time frame	» Unic	Standards	Editance	gerschalte		
	1. Changes in an organism's environme nt are sometimes beneficial to its survival and sometimes harmful.	L\$1	factors Explain chain biotic/a componen ecosystem Observe th organisms ecosystem Describe the ecosystem Recognize	anges that occur biotic ts of an he habitats of within an he seven major s on Earth that organisms ar needs compete	Instruction will be provided using the following: Smart Board Lessons, Power Point Presentations, Textbook Resources, Supplemental Resources/Materi als, Hands-On Experiments, research a major geological event	Informal Assessments, Projects, teacher- made quizzes, formative assessments
Life Science (Chapters 3-4)	2. Fossils can be compared to one another and to present day organisms according to their similarities and differences	LS2	records profor popula Recognize things with can becom Observe for to living or lidentify ev be used to	ssils and compare	Instruction will be provided using the following: Smart Board Lessons, Power Point Presentations, Textbook Resources, Supplemental Resources/Materi als, Hands-On Experiments, use of hand lens and microscopes to look at different organisms/ specimens	Informal Assessments, Projects, teacher- made quizzes, formative assessments

Fourth Grade Science Curriculum Map

	1. The total amount of matter is conserved when it undergoes a change.	PS1	Identify matter as a solid, liquid or a gas Observe physical properties of matter and chemical properties of matter Explain why volume of water decreases when exposed to air Recognize that the amount of matter stays constant during any change	Instruction will be provided using the following: Smart Board Lessons, Power Point Presentations, Textbook Resources, Supplemental Resources/Materi als, Hands-On Experiments, with changing matter.	Informal Assessments, Projects, teacher- made quizzes, formative assessments
Physical Science (Chapters 5-6)	2. Energy can be transforme d from one form to another or can be transferred from one location to another.	PS2	Demonstrate ways energy can be used to move objects Compare different types of stored energy. Identify sources of energy and the different forms it can take. Compare/contrast light circuits. Understand the difference between working / nonworking circuits Describe how thermal energy moves as heat.	Instruction will be provided using the following: Smart Board Lessons, Power Point Presentations, Textbook Resources, Supplemental Resources/Materi als, Hands-On Experiments- design a simple circuit that contains an on/off switch.	Informal Assessments, Projects, teacher- made quizzes, formative assessments