| Grade Level: First Grade | | School: Brookfield Elen | nentary |
|--|---|---|--|
| Subject: Science | | Date: July 2012 | |
| SEPTEME | BER | the following scientific proto construct their knowled Observe and ask questi Plan and conduct simple Employ simple equipme Use appropriate mathen Communicate about obs | 4, all students must become proficient in the use of occesses, with appropriate laboratory safety techniques, lge and understanding in all science content areas: ons about the natural environment; |
| Content Standards | Resource | es | Assessments |
| Life Science (LS) Basic Needs of Living Things Living things have basic needs, which are met by obtaining materials from the physical environment. Living things require energy, water and a particular range of temperatures in their environments. | Evan-Moor Daily Scient Various other Evan-Moor Scholastic News Magic Schoolbus videor Model Curriculum from for Science Trade books | or Science books s | Weekly assessments from Evan-Moor Daily Science Observations, oral assessments First Grade Assessment Packet (collaboratively produced by grade level team) |
| Life Science (LS) Basic Needs of Living Things Living things have basic needs, which are met by obtaining materials from the physical environment. Living things acquire resources from the living and nonliving components of the environment. | Evan-Moor Daily Scient Various other Evan-Mo Scholastic News Magic Schoolbus video Model Curriculum from for Science Trade books | or Science books s | Weekly assessments from Evan-Moor Daily Science Observations, oral assessments First Grade Assessment Packet (collaboratively produced by grade level team) |
| Life Science (LS) Basic Needs of Living Things Living things survive only in environments that meet their needs. Resources are necessary to meet the needs of an individual and populations of individuals. | Evan-Moor Daily Scient Various other Evan-Moor Scholastic News Magic Schoolbus video Model Curriculum from for Science Trade books | or Science books es Ohio State Standards | Weekly assessments from Evan-Moor Daily Science Observations, oral assessments First Grade Assessment Packet (collaboratively produced by grade level team) |
| Life Science (LS) Basic Needs of Living Things Living things have basic needs, which are met | Evan-Moor <i>Daily Science</i> Various other Evan-Moor <i>Scholastic News</i> | | Weekly assessments from Evan-Moor <i>Daily Science</i> Observations, oral assessments |

First Grade Science Curriculum Map With Learning Targets Attached

| by obtaining materials from the physical | Magic Schoolbus videos | First Grade Assessment Packet (collaboratively |
|--|--|--|
| environment. | Model Curriculum from Ohio State Standards | produced by grade level team) |
| Plants get energy from sunlight. Animals get | for Science | |
| energy from plants and other animals. | Trade books | |

OCTOBER

Science Inquiry and Application

- Observe and ask questions about the natural environment;
- Plan and conduct simple investigations;
- Employ simple equipment and tools to gather data and extend the senses;
 Use appropriate mathematics with data to construct reasonable explanations;
- Communicate about observations, investigations and explanations; and
- Review and ask questions about the observations and explanations of others.

| Content Standards | Resources | Assessments |
|--|---|---|
| Life Science (LS) Basic Needs of Living Things Living things survive only in environments that meet their needs. Living things interact with their physical environments as they meet those needs. | Evan-Moor <i>Daily Science</i> Unit 1 Various other Evan-Moor Science books Scholastic News Magic Schoolbus videos Model Curriculum from Ohio State Standards for Science Trade books | Weekly assessments from Evan-Moor Daily Science Observations, oral assessments First Grade Assessment Packet (collaboratively produced by grade level team) |
| Life Science (LS) Basic Needs of Living Things Living things survive only in environments that meet their needs. Effects of seasonal changes within the local environment directly impact the availability of resources. | Evan-Moor <i>Daily Science</i> Unit 1 Various other Evan-Moor Science books Scholastic News Magic Schoolbus videos Model Curriculum from Ohio State Standards for Science Trade books | Weekly assessments from Evan-Moor Daily Science Observations, oral assessments First Grade Assessment Packet (collaboratively produced by grade level team) |
| Earth and Space Science (ESS) Sun, Energy and Weather The sun is the principal source of energy. Sunlight warms Earth's land, air and water. | Evan-Moor <i>Daily Science</i> Unit 3 Various other Evan-Moor Science books Weekly Reader Scholastic News Magic Schoolbus videos Model Curriculum from Ohio State Standards for Science | Weekly assessments from Evan-Moor Daily Science Observations, oral assessments Surveys, checklists, written assessments Teacher created (collaboratively produced by grade level team) |
| Earth and Space Science (ESS) Sun, Energy and Weather | Evan-Moor Daily Science Unit 3 | Weekly assessments from |

First Grade Science Curriculum Map With Learning Targets Attached

| The sun is the principal source of energy. The amount of exposure to sunlight affects the | Various other Evan-Moor Science books Weekly Reader | Evan-Moor <i>Daily Science</i> |
|--|---|--|
| amount of warming or cooling of air, water and land. | Scholastic News Magic Schoolbus videos Model Curriculum from Ohio State Standards for Science | Observations, oral assessments Surveys, checklists, written assessments Teacher created (collaboratively produced by grade level team) |

NOVEMBER

Science Inquiry and Application

- Observe and ask questions about the natural environment;
- Plan and conduct simple investigations;
- Employ simple equipment and tools to gather data and extend the senses;
- Use appropriate mathematics with data to construct reasonable explanations;
- Communicate about observations, investigations and explanations; and
- Review and ask questions about the observations and explanations of others.

| Content Standards | Resources | Assessments |
|--|---|---|
| Life Science (LS) Basic Needs of Living Things Living things have basic needs, which are met by obtaining materials from the physical environment. Plants get energy from sunlight. Animals get energy from plants and other animals. | Evan-Moor Daily Science Unit 3 Various other Evan-Moor Science books Weekly Reader Scholastic News Magic Schoolbus videos Model Curriculum from Ohio State Standards for Science | Weekly assessments from Evan-Moor Daily Science Observations, oral assessments Surveys, checklists, written assessments Teacher created (collaboratively produced by grade level team) |
| Earth and Space Science (ESS) Sun, Energy and Weather The physical properties of water can change. These changes occur due to changing energy. | Evan-Moor <i>Daily Science</i> Unit 3 Various other Evan-Moor Science books Weekly Reader Scholastic News Magic Schoolbus videos Model Curriculum from Ohio State Standards for Science | Weekly assessments from Evan-Moor Daily Science Observations, oral assessments Surveys, checklists, written assessments Teacher created (collaboratively produced by grade level team) |

DECEMBER

Science Inquiry and Application

- Observe and ask questions about the natural environment;
- Plan and conduct simple investigations;
- Employ simple equipment and tools to gather data and extend the senses;
- Use appropriate mathematics with data to construct reasonable explanations;
- Communicate about observations, investigations and explanations; and
- Review and ask questions about the observations and explanations of others.

| Content Standards | Resources | Assessments |
|---|--|--|
| Life Science (LS) | | |
| Basic Needs of Living Things | Evan-Moor Daily Science Unit 4 | Weekly assessments from |
| Living things survive only in environments that | Various other Evan-Moor Science books | Evan-Moor Daily Science |
| meet their needs. | Weekly Reader | |
| Effects of seasonal changes within the local | Scholastic News | Observations, oral assessments |
| environment directly impact the availability of | Magic Schoolbus videos | Surveys, checklists, written assessments |
| resources. | Model Curriculum from Ohio State Standards | Teacher created (collaboratively produced by |
| | for Science | grade level team) |
| Earth and Space Science (ESS) | | |
| Sun, Energy and Weather | Evan-Moor Daily Science Unit 4 | Weekly assessments from |
| The sun is the principal source of energy. | Various other Evan-Moor Science books | Evan-Moor Daily Science |
| Sunlight warms Earth's land, air and water. | Weekly Reader | |
| | Scholastic News | Observations, oral assessments |
| | Magic Schoolbus videos | Surveys, checklists, written assessments |
| | Model Curriculum from Ohio State Standards | Teacher created (collaboratively produced by |
| | for Science | grade level team) |
| | | |

JANUARY

Science Inquiry and Application

- Observe and ask questions about the natural environment;
- Plan and conduct simple investigations;
- Employ simple equipment and tools to gather data and extend the senses;
- Use appropriate mathematics with data to construct reasonable explanations;
- Communicate about observations, investigations and explanations; and
- Review and ask questions about the observations and explanations of others

| Content Standards | Resources | Assessments |
|--|---|---|
| Life Science (LS) Basic Needs of Living Things Living things have basic needs, which are met by obtaining materials from the physical environment. Living things require energy, water and a particular range of temperatures in their environments. | Evan-Moor <i>Daily Science</i> Unit 4 Various other Evan-Moor Science books Weekly Reader Scholastic News Magic Schoolbus videos Model Curriculum from Ohio State Standards for Science | Weekly assessments from Evan-Moor Daily Science Observations, oral assessments Surveys, checklists, written assessments Teacher created (collaboratively produced by grade level team) |
| Earth and Space Science (ESS) Sun, Energy and Weather The sun is the principal source of energy. Sunlight warms Earth's land, air and water. | Evan-Moor <i>Daily Science</i> Unit 4 Various other Evan-Moor Science books Weekly Reader Scholastic News Magic Schoolbus videos Model Curriculum from Ohio State Standards for Science | Weekly assessments from Evan-Moor Daily Science Observations, oral assessments Surveys, checklists, written assessments Teacher created (collaboratively produced by grade level team) |
| Earth and Space Science (ESS) Sun, Energy and Weather The sun is the principal source of energy. The amount of exposure to sunlight affects the amount of warming or cooling of air, water and land. | Evan-Moor <i>Daily Science</i> Unit 4 Various other Evan-Moor Science books Weekly Reader Scholastic News Magic Schoolbus videos Model Curriculum from Ohio State Standards for Science | Weekly assessments from Evan-Moor Daily Science Observations, oral assessments Surveys, checklists, written assessments Teacher created (collaboratively produced by grade level team) |

Earth and Space Science (ESS) Sun, Energy and Weather

The physical properties of water can change.
Weather observations can be used to examine the

Weather observations can be used to examine the property changes of water.

Evan-Moor *Daily Science* Unit 4
Various other Evan-Moor Science books
Weekly Reader
Scholastic News
Magic Schoolbus videos
Model Curriculum from Ohio State Standards
for Science

Weekly assessments from Evan-Moor *Daily Science*

Observations, oral assessments Surveys, checklists, written assessments Teacher created (collaboratively produced by grade level team)

FEBRUARY

Science Inquiry and Application

- Observe and ask questions about the natural environment;
- Plan and conduct simple investigations;
- Employ simple equipment and tools to gather data and extend the senses;
- Use appropriate mathematics with data to construct reasonable explanations;
- Communicate about observations, investigations and explanations; and
- Review and ask questions about the observations and explanations of others

| Content Standards | Resources | Assessments |
|--|--|--|
| Earth and Space Science (ESS) | | |
| Sun, Energy and Weather | Evan-Moor <i>Daily Science</i> Unit 5 | Weekly assessments from |
| The physical properties of water can change. | Various other Evan-Moor Science books | Evan-Moor Daily Science |
| These changes occur due to changing energy. | Weekly Reader | |
| | Scholastic News | Observations, oral assessments |
| | Magic Schoolbus videos | Surveys, checklists, written assessments |
| | Model Curriculum from Ohio State Standards | Teacher created (collaboratively produced by |
| | for Science | grade level team) |
| Earth and Space Science (ESS) | | |
| Sun, Energy and Weather | Evan-Moor Daily Science Unit 5 | Weekly assessments from |
| The physical properties of water can change. | Various other Evan-Moor Science books | Evan-Moor Daily Science |
| Water can change from a liquid to a solid and from | Weekly Reader | |
| a solid to a liquid. | Scholastic News | Observations, oral assessments |
| | Magic Schoolbus videos | Surveys, checklists, written assessments |
| | Model Curriculum from Ohio State Standards | Teacher created (collaboratively produced by |
| | for Science | grade level team) |
| Physical Science (PS) | | |
| Motion and Materials | Evan-Moor Daily Science Unit 5 | Weekly assessments from |
| Properties of objects and materials can | Various other Evan-Moor Science books | Evan-Moor Daily Science |
| change. | Weekly Reader | |
| Objects and materials change when exposed to | Scholastic News | Observations, oral assessments |
| various conditions, such as heating or freezing. | Magic Schoolbus videos | Surveys, checklists, written assessments |
| Not all materials change in the same way. | Model Curriculum from Ohio State Standards | Teacher created (collaboratively produced by |
| | for Science | grade level team) |

MARCH

Science Inquiry and Application

- Observe and ask questions about the natural environment;
- Plan and conduct simple investigations;
- Employ simple equipment and tools to gather data and extend the senses;
- Use appropriate mathematics with data to construct reasonable explanations;
- Communicate about observations, investigations and explanations; and
- Review and ask questions about the observations and explanations of others

| Content Standards | Resources | Assessments |
|--|---|--|
| Physical Science (PS) Motion and Materials. Objects can be moved in a variety of ways, such as straight, zigzag, circular and back and forth. The position of an object can be described by locating it relative to another object or to the object's surroundings. | Evan-Moor <i>Daily Science</i> Unit 6 Various other Evan-Moor Science books Weekly Reader Scholastic News Magic Schoolbus videos Model Curriculum from Ohio State Standards for Science | Weekly assessments from Evan-Moor Daily Science Observations, oral assessments Teacher created (collaboratively produced by grade level team) |
| Physical Science (PS) Motion and Materials Objects can be moved in a variety of ways, such as straight, zigzag, circular and back and forth. An object is in motion when its position is changing. | Evan-Moor <i>Daily Science</i> Unit 6 Various other Evan-Moor Science books Weekly Reader Scholastic News Magic Schoolbus videos Model Curriculum from Ohio State Standards for Science | Weekly assessments from Evan-Moor Daily Science Observations, oral assessments Teacher created (collaboratively produced by grade level team) |
| Physical Science (PS) Motion and Materials Objects can be moved in a variety of ways, such as straight, zigzag, circular and back and forth. The motion of an object can be affected by pushing or pulling. A push or pull is a force that can make an object move faster, slower or go in a different direction. | Evan-Moor Daily Science Unit 6 Various other Evan-Moor Science books Weekly Reader Scholastic News Magic Schoolbus videos Model Curriculum from Ohio State Standards for Science | Weekly assessments from Evan-Moor Daily Science Observations, oral assessments Surveys, checklists, written assessments Teacher created (collaboratively produced by grade level team) |

APRIL

Science Inquiry and Application

- Observe and ask questions about the natural environment;
- Plan and conduct simple investigations;
- Employ simple equipment and tools to gather data and extend the senses;
- Use appropriate mathematics with data to construct reasonable explanations;
- · Communicate about observations, investigations and explanations; and
- Review and ask questions about the observations and explanations of others

| Content Standards | Resources | Assessments |
|---|---|--|
| Physical Science (PS) Motion and Materials Objects can be moved in a variety of ways, such as straight, zigzag, circular and back and forth. The motion of an object can be affected by pushing or pulling. A push or pull is a force that can make an object move faster, slower or go in a different direction. | Evan-Moor <i>Daily Science</i> Unit 6 Various other Evan-Moor Science books Weekly Reader Scholastic News Magic Schoolbus videos Model Curriculum from Ohio State Standards for Science | Weekly assessments from Evan-Moor Daily Science Observations, oral assessments Surveys, checklists, written assessments Teacher created (collaboratively produced by grade level team) |
| Life Science (LS) Basic Needs of Living Things Living things have basic needs, which are met by obtaining materials from the physical environment. Plants get energy from sunlight. Animals get energy from plants and other animals. | Evan-Moor <i>Daily Science</i> Unit 2 Various other Evan-Moor Science books Weekly Reader Scholastic News Magic Schoolbus videos Model Curriculum from Ohio State Standards for Science | Weekly assessments from Evan-Moor Daily Science Observations, oral assessments Surveys, checklists, written assessments Teacher created (collaboratively produced by grade level team) |
| Life Science (LS) Basic Needs of Living Things Living things survive only in environments that meet their needs. Resources are necessary to meet the needs of an individual and populations of individuals. | Evan-Moor <i>Daily Science</i> Unit 2 Various other Evan-Moor Science books Weekly Reader Scholastic News Magic Schoolbus videos Model Curriculum from Ohio State Standards for Science | Weekly assessments from Evan-Moor Daily Science Observations, oral assessments Surveys, checklists, written assessments Teacher created (collaboratively produced by grade level team) |

MAY

Science Inquiry and Application

- Observe and ask questions about the natural environment;
- Plan and conduct simple investigations;
- Employ simple equipment and tools to gather data and extend the senses;
 Use appropriate mathematics with data to construct reasonable explanations;
- · Communicate about observations, investigations and explanations; and
- Review and ask questions about the observations and explanations of others

| Content Standards | Resources | Assessments |
|--|---|--|
| Life Science (LS) Basic Needs of Living Things Living things survive only in environments that meet their needs. Resources are necessary to meet the needs of an individual and populations of individuals. | Evan-Moor <i>Daily Science</i> Unit 2 Various other Evan-Moor Science books Weekly Reader Scholastic News Magic Schoolbus videos Model Curriculum from Ohio State Standards for Science | Weekly assessments from Evan-Moor Daily Science Observations, oral assessments Surveys, checklists, written assessments Teacher created (collaboratively produced by grade level team) |
| Life Science (LS) Basic Needs of Living Things Living things survive only in environments that meet their needs. Living things interact with their physical environments as they meet those needs. | Evan-Moor <i>Daily Science</i> Unit 2 Various other Evan-Moor Science books Weekly Reader Scholastic News Magic Schoolbus videos Model Curriculum from Ohio State Standards for Science | Weekly assessments from Evan-Moor Daily Science Observations, oral assessments Surveys, checklists, written assessments Teacher created (collaboratively produced by grade level team) |
| Life Science (LS) Basic Needs of Living Things Living things survive only in environments that meet their needs. Effects of seasonal changes within the local environment directly impact the availability of resources. | Evan-Moor <i>Daily Science</i> Unit 2 Various other Evan-Moor Science books Weekly Reader Scholastic News Magic Schoolbus videos Model Curriculum from Ohio State Standards for Science | Weekly assessments from Evan-Moor Daily Science Observations, oral assessments Surveys, checklists, written assessments Teacher created (collaboratively produced by grade level team) |

First Grade Science Curriculum Map With Learning Targets Attached