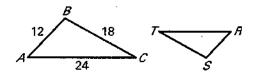
Standardized Test

For use after Chapter 6

Multiple Choice

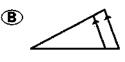
- 1. A rectangle is $\frac{5}{8}$ as wide as it is long. How wide is the rectangle if it is 10 inches long?
 - **(A)** 8 in.
- **B** 16 in.
- **©** $5\frac{3}{4}$ in.
- **(D)** $6\frac{1}{4}$ in.
- 2. Find the geometric mean of 8 and 32.
 - **(A)** 20
- **B** 16
- **©** 24
- **(D)** 12
- 3. One serving of a cookie recipe calls for 6 tablespoons of sugar. If one serving makes enough for 4 people, how much sugar is needed to serve 10 people?
 - (A) 15 Tbs
- **B** 60 Tbs
- © 12 Tbs
- **D** 24 Tbs
- **4.** If the corresponding angles of two polygons are congruent and the corresponding side lengths are proportional, then the two polygons are _?_.
 - (A) regular
- B concave
- © similar
- equilateral
- **5.** Given $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle RST$, find the perimeter of $\triangle RST$ if the scale factor of $\triangle ABC$ to $\triangle RST$ is $\frac{3}{2}$.

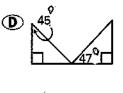


- **(A)** 36
- **B** 81
- **©** 54
- **(D)** 27
- **6.** If two angles of one triangle are congruent to two angles of another triangle, then the triangles are _?_.
 - (A) equilateral
- **B** congruent
- © equiangular
- D similar

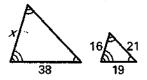
 Use the Angle-Angle Similarity Postulate to determine which pair of triangles is not similar.

A 50°

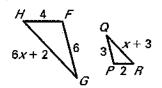




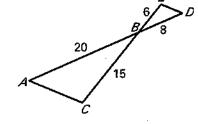
8. Find x.



- **(A)** 2
- **B** 32
- **©** 42
- **D** 38
- **9.** If $\triangle PQR \sim \triangle FGH$, find QR.



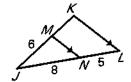
- **(A)** $\frac{3}{2}$
- **B** 2
- **©** 1
- **①** 3
- **10.** Which Similarity Theorem can be used to show $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle DBE$?
 - A SSS
 - B AA
 - © SAS
 - (D) AAS



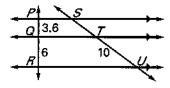
- 11. If a line parallel to one side of a triangle intersects the other two sides, then it divides the two sides?
 - (A) equally
- B proportionally
- © congruently
- **D** perpendicularly

85

- 12. Use the Triangle Proportionality Theorem to find MK.
 - **(A)** 3
 - **B** 3.75
 - **©** 3.5
 - **①** 3.25

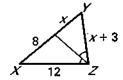


13. Find *SU*.



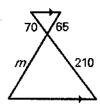
- **(A)** 12
- **B** 4
- **©** 6
- **(D)** 16

14. Find YZ.



Gridded Answer

16. Find *m*.



73	Ø	0	
\odot	0	\odot	0
	0	0	0
Θ	0	Θ	0
②	②	3	②
3	3	3	③
(4)	④	③	④
(3)	3	(3)	③
⊚	©	⑤	©
0	Ø	(7)	Ø
3	3	➂	③
9	(9)	(9)	9

SAT/ACT Chapter Test

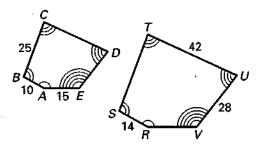
For use after Chapter 6

Multiple Choice

- 1. What is the geometric mean of 5 and 20?
 - (A) 5
- **B** 10
- **©** 15

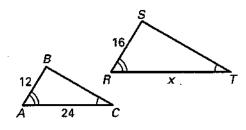
- **D** 20
- **E** 100
- 2. In $\triangle XYZ$, the measures of the angles are in the extended ratio of 2:3:5. What are the measures of the angles?
 - **(A)** 18°, 36°, 54°
- **B** 20°, 21°, 23°
- **©** 36°, 54°, 90°
- **(D)** 36°, 39°, 41°
- **(E**) 54°, 54°, 90°
- 3. An architect has a scale drawing of an addition that is to be added to a house with a scale of 1 inch: 2 feet. If the drawing is 6 inches by 10 inches, how big is the addition to the house going to be?
 - A 6 feet by 10 feet
 - **B** 8 feet by 12 feet
 - © 10 feet by 12 feet
 - 12 feet by 20 feet
 - (E) none of the above

In Exercises 4 and 5, use the following diagram.

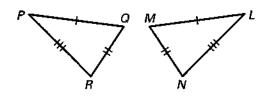


- **4.** What is the length of \overline{RV} ?
 - **(A)** 21
- **B** 25
- **©** 28
- **D** 29
- **E** 36

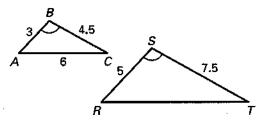
- **5.** What is the perimeter of RSTUV?
 - **(A)** 100
- **B** 110
- **©** 120
- **①** 135
- **E** 140
- **6.** What is the value of x?



- **(A)** 15
- **(B)** 18
- **©** 24
- **(D)** 32
- none of the above
- 7. How are the triangles similar?



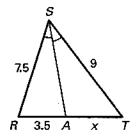
- (A) AA
- B ASA
- C AAS
- © SSS
- none of the above
- **8.** What is the perimeter of $\triangle RST$?



- **(A)** 13.5
- **B** 14
- **©** 22.5
- **(D)** 36
- **E** 38.5

SAT/ACT Chapter Test continued For use after Chapter 6

9. What is the length of \overline{RT} ?



- **(A)** 4.2
- **B** 7.7
- **©** 8
- **D** 22.5
- **E** 24

Standardized Test

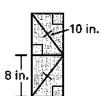
For use after Chapter 7

Multiple Choice

1. Which equation is not correct?



- **(A)** $t^2 r^2 = s^2$ **(B)** $t^2 + r^2 = s^2$
- **©** $s^2 t^2 = -r^2$ **D** $t^2 s^2 = r^2$
- 2. A 25-foot ladder leans against a wall 7 feet from the base of the wall. How high up the wall does the ladder touch?
- **A** 24 ft **B** 18 ft **C** 20 ft **D** 21.5 ft
- 3. Find the area of the rectangle.

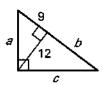


- (A) 192 in.²
- **B** 48 in.²
- **©** 24 in.²
- **(D)** 96 in.²
- **4.** If the square of the length of the longest side of a triangle is greater than the sum of the squares of the lengths of the other two sides, then the triangle is ? .
 - (A) equilateral
- **B** a right triangle
- C acute
- none of these
- **5.** Classify $\triangle ABC$ if the vertices are A(-12, 5), B(12, 5), and C(10, 17).
 - (A) right scalene
- **B** obtuse scalene
- © acute scalene
- **D** none of these
- **6.** Find *x*.



- **(A)** $4\sqrt{3}$ **(B)** $2\sqrt{3}$ **(C)** $3\sqrt{3}$ **(D)** $5\sqrt{3}$

7. Find a, b, and c.



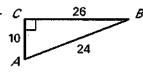
- **(A)** a = 20, b = 25, c = 15
- **B** a = 15, b = 25, c = 20
- \mathbf{C} a = 15, b = 16, c = 20
- $(\mathbf{\bar{D}})$ a = 16, b = 20, c = 25
- 8. In a 45°-45°-90° triangle, the hypotenuse is __?_ times as long as each leg.

- **(A)** $\sqrt{3}$ **(B)** $\sqrt{2}$ **(C)** $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$ **(D)** $\frac{3}{2}$

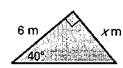
9. Find x and y.



- **(A)** x = 6, y = 12 **(B)** $x = 12\sqrt{3}, y = 6$
- **©** $x = 8\sqrt{3}, y = 8$ **(D)** x = 12, y = 6
- **10.** Find $\tan A$ and $\tan B$. C



- \triangle tan $A \approx 0.38$, tan B = 2.6
- **B** $\tan A = 2.6, \tan B \approx 0.38$
- \bigcirc tan $A \approx 1.08$, tan $B \approx 0.42$
- **(D)** $\tan A \approx 0.92$, $\tan B = 2.4$
- 11. Find the approximate area of the triangle.

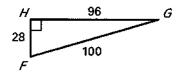


- (A) 15.1 m²
- **(B)** 5.03 m^2
- (C) 45.3 m²
- \bigcirc 30.2 m²

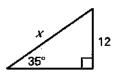
Standardized Test

For use after Chapter 7

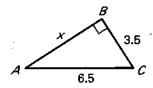
12. Find $\sin F$ and $\sin G$.



- \bigcirc sin F = 0.28, sin G = 0.96
- **B** $\sin F \approx 3.57$, $\sin G \approx 1.04$
- \bigcirc sin $F \approx 1.04$, sin $G \approx 3.57$
- \bigcirc sin F = 0.96, sin G = 0.28
- **13.** Which expression could be used to find the value of x in the diagram?



- **B** $\cos 35^{\circ} = \frac{x}{12}$
- \bigcirc cos 35° = $\frac{12}{x}$
- \bigcirc cos 55° = $\frac{x}{12}$
- **14.** Which is *not* enough given information needed to solve a right triangle?
 - A two acute angles and one side length
 - (B) measure of the hypotenuse
 - **©** two side lengths
 - (D) one side length and the measure of one acute angle
- **15.** Find $m \angle A$.



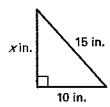
- **(A)** 28.3°
- **B** 32.58°
- **©** 57.42°
- **D** 45°

SAT/ACT Chapter Test

For use after Chapter 7

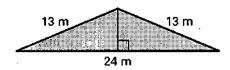
Multiple Choice

1. What is the value of x? Round your answer to the nearest tenth.



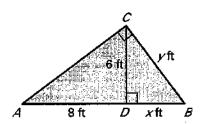
- **(A)** 11.0
- **B** 11.1
- **(C)** 11.2

- **(D)** 18.0
- **(E)** 18.1
- 2. What is the area of the triangle to the nearest square meter?



- \bigcirc 30 m²
- **B** 60 m²
- \bigcirc 120 m²
- **D** 156 m²
- **E** 242 m²
- **3.** Which of the following is *not* a Pythagorean Triple?
 - **(A)** 3, 4, 5
- **B** 5, 12, 13
- **©** 15, 20, 25
- **(D)** 21, 72, 75
- **E** 25, 45, 51
- 4. Which side lengths form an obtuse triangle?
 - **(A)** 2, 5, 8
- **B** 4, 5, 6
- **©** 17, 18, 19
- **(D)** 28, 96, 100
- **E** 40, 75, 85
- **5.** What type of triangle has side lengths of 10, 28, and 29?
 - (A) acute
- **B** obtuse
- © scalene
- (D) right
- (E) none of the above

In Exercises 6–8, use the following figure.



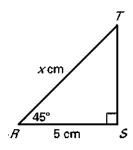
- **6.** What is the value of x?
- **(A)** 4.5
- **B** 7.5
- **©** 10

- **(D)** 10.5
- **(E)** 12.5
- **7.** What is the value of y?
 - **(A)** 4.5
- **B** 7.5
- **©** 10

- **D** 10.5
- **E** 12.5
- **8.** What is the area of $\triangle ABC$?
 - **(A)** 13.5 ft^2
- **B** 22.5 ft²
- **©** 24 ft²

- **(D)** 37.5 ft²
- **€** 42 ft²
- 9. What is the geometric mean of 2 and 32?
 - **(A)** 2
- **B** 6
- **(C)** 8

- **(D)** 16
- **E**) 64
- **10.** What is the value of x? Round your answer to the nearest tenth.

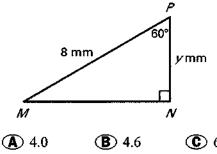


- **(A)** 3.5
- **B** 5.0
- **©** 6.4

- **①** 7.0
- **E** 7.1

SAT/ACT Chapter Test continued For use after Chapter 7

11. What is the value of y? Round your answer to the nearest tenth.

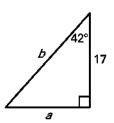


(D) 6.9

© 6.3

- **(E)** 13.9

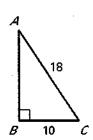
In Exercises 12 and 13, use the following figure.



- 12. What is the value of a to the nearest tenth?
 - (A) 11.4
- **(B)** 12.6
- **©** 15.3

- **(D)** 18.8
- **(E)** 25.4
- **13.** What is the value of b to the nearest tenth?
 - **A** 12.6
- **B** 15.3
- **©** 16.4

- **(D)** 22.9
- **E** 25.4
- **14.** What is the measure of $\angle A$ to the nearest degree?



- A) 29°
- **B** 34°
- **©** 56°

- **(D**) 61°
- **(E)** 65°

Gridded Answer

15. Let B be an acute angle in a right triangle. Approximate the measure of B to the nearest tenth of a degree when $\cos B = 0.2536.$

	0	0	100
0	0	0	0
1,940	0	0	0
Θ	Θ	Θ	0
3	2	3	②
3	3	3	3
(④	④	④
③	3	③	③
©	©	@	©
0	Ø	Ø	Ø
®	➂	➂	➂
9	③	③	9

16. The angle of elevation from the tip of a flagpole's shadow to the top of the flagpole is 63°. The length of the shadow is about 12 feet. How tall is the flagpole to the nearest tenth of a foot?

,	1		
	Ø	0	811 g
0	6	0	0
	0	0	0
Θ	Θ	0	Θ
②	3	②	2
3	3	3	3
④	④	④	④
➂	(3)	3	➂
⊚	©	©	⊚
\bigcirc	Ø	7	Ø
⑧	➂	3	➂
9	9	(9)	9

17. Ski lift cables are strung to the top of a 1200-foot mountain. The angle of elevation of the cables is 30°. How long are the cables?

0	00	00	0
٠;	0	0	0
0	Θ	①	0
2	@	2	2
3	3	3	3
④	④	④	4
➂	③	③	➂
<u></u>	0	ⓒ	©
Ø	9	Ø	Ø
⑧	⊚	⑧	➂
®	9	⑨	®

107

Standardized Test

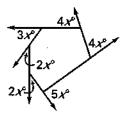
For use after Chapter 8

Multiple Choice

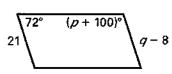
- 1. A segment of a polygon that joins two nonconsecutive vertices is called a __?_.
 - (A) transversal
- **B** diagonal
- **©** hypotenuse
- **p** geometric mean
- 2. What is the sum of the measures of the interior angles of the figure shown?



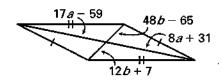
- **A** 900°
- **B** 1260°
- **©** 720°
- **(D)** 1080°
- 3. Find x.
 - (\mathbf{A}) 27
 - **(B)** 36.
 - **©** 9
 - **(D)** 18



- **4.** Which is *not* true of a parallelogram?
 - A Opposite angles are congruent.
- **B** Consecutive angles are complementary.
- © Opposite sides are congruent.
- Diagonals bisect each other.
- **5.** Find p and q.

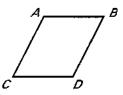


- **(A)** p = 108, q = 29 **(B)** p = -28, q = 21
- **(C)** p = 8, q = 29
- **(D)** p = 108, q = 21
- **6.** Find a and b.

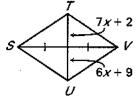


- **(A)** a = 111, b = 31 **(B)** a = 2, b = 10
- **©** a = 10, b = 2 **©** a = 31, b = 111

7. Which statement would not prove that ABCD is a parallelogram?



- \overrightarrow{A} $\overrightarrow{AC} \cong \overrightarrow{CD}$ and $\overrightarrow{AB} \cong \overrightarrow{BD}$
- (\mathbf{B}) \overline{AD} and \overline{BC} bisect each other.
- **(D)** $\overline{AB} \parallel \overline{CD}$ and $\overline{AB} \cong \overline{CD}$
- **8.** What value of x makes quadrilateral STUV a parallelogram?
 - **(A)** 14
- **(B)** 102
- **©** 51
- **(D**) 7

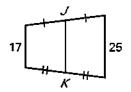


- 9. Which statement is false?
- (A) A parallelogram is a rectangle if and only if its diagonals are congruent.
- **B** A parallelogram is a rhombus if and only if its diagonals are congruent.
- © A quadrilateral is a square if and only if it is a rhombus and a rectangle.
- **D** A quadrilateral is a rectangle if and only if it has four right angles.
- 10. A quadrilateral with exactly one pair of parallel sides is a __?__.
 - (A) rhombus
- **B** parallelogram
- **C** trapezoid
- **D** square
- 11. Which statement about isosceles trapezoids is false?
 - A The base segments are congruent.
 - B It has a pair of congruent base angles.
 - © Its diagonals are congruent.
 - **D** Each pair of base angles is congruent.

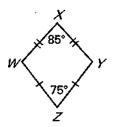
Standardized Test continued

For use after Chapter 8

- 12. Which statement about kites is false?
 - A kite's diagonals are perpendicular.
 - B A kite's opposite sides are congruent.
 - © A kite has two pairs of consecutive congruent sides.
 - (D) A kite has exactly one pair of opposite angles that are congruent.
- **13.** Find the length of the midsegment of the trapezoid shown.



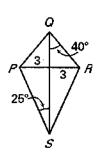
- **(A)** 21
- **(B)** 19
- **©** 20
- **(D)** 22
- **14.** WXYZ is a kite. Find $m \notin W$.
 - (A) 160°
 - **B** 200°
 - © 95°
 - **D** 100°



- **15.** Points A(3, 2), B(7, 2), C(6, 9) and D(4, 9) are the vertices of a quadrilateral. What is the most specific name for ABCD?
 - A parallelogram
- (B) trapezoid
- © rectangle
- **D** isosceles trapezoid

Gridded Answer

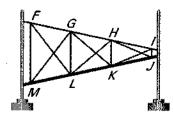
16. Find the perimeter of kite *PQRS* to the nearest tenth.



	0	0	
0	0	0	0
	Θ	0	0
0	Θ	Θ	Θ
0	②	2	2
3	3	3	3
(④	4	④
➂	③	(3)	➂
③	©	©	©
Ø	Ø	Ø	\odot
3	⑧	➂	⑧
9	9	ම	<u> </u>

Short Response

17. In the section of the suspension bridge shown, \overline{GL} is the midsegment of trapezoid FHKM and \overline{HK} is the midsegment of trapezoid GIJL.



- **a.** If HK = 30 ft and GL = 50 ft, how much cable is needed for \overline{FM} and \overline{LJ} ?
- **b.** If all trapezoids shown are isosceles trapezoids and FG = 60 ft, GH = 40 ft, and HI = 20 ft, find the length of all 16 segments to determine the total amount of linear cable feet needed.

SAT/ACT Chapter Test

For use after Chapter 8

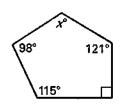
Multiple Choice

1. What is the sum of the interior angles of the following convex polygon?



- **(A)** 630°
- **B** 900°
- **©** 1080°

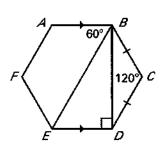
- (D) 1260°
- **(E)** 1620°
- **2.** What is the value of x?



- **(A)** 105
- **B** 110
- **©** 115

- **D** 116
- **E** 121

In Exercises 3-5, use the following figure.



- **3.** What is the measure of $\angle BED$?
 - **(A)** 20°
- **B** 30°
- **©** 40°

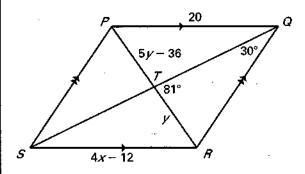
- **D** 50°
- **€** 60°
- **4.** What is the measure of $\angle EBD$?
 - **(A**) 30°
- **B** 45°
- **©** 60°

- **D** 90°
- **(**€) 110°

- **5.** What is the measure of $\angle CBD$?
 - **(A)** 30°
- **B** 45°
- **(C**) 60°

- **D** 90°
- **(E)** 110°

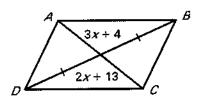
In Exercises 6-9, use the following figure.



- **6.** What is the measure of $\angle SPT$?
 - (A) 26°
- (B) 56°
- **©** 69°
- **(D)** 81°
- **(E**) 124°
- **7.** What is the measure of $\angle PQT$?
- **(A)** 16°
- **B** 26°
- **©** 56°
- **(D)** 69°
- **E** 124°
- **8.** What is the value of x?
- **(A)** 2
- **B**) 4
- **©** 8
- **①** 10
- **E** 20
- **9.** What is the length of \overline{PR} ?
 - **(A)** 3
- **(B**) 6
- **©** 9
- **(D**) 18
- **E** 24

SAT/ACT Chapter Test continued For use after Chapter 8

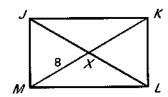
10. What value of x makes the quadrilateral



ABCD a parallelogram?

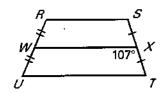
- **(A)** 1.8
- **B** 3.4
- **©** 5

- **(D)** 9
- **E** 17
- **11.** If JKLM is a rectangle, find the length of \overline{JL} .



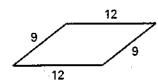
- **(A)** 8
- **B** 16
- **©** 24

- **①** 32
- **E**) 40
- **12.** What is the measure of $\angle RSX$?



- **(A)** 53.5°
- B 73°
- **©** 107°

- **D** 160°
- **(E)** 163.5°
- **13.** What is the most specific name for the quadrilateral?



- A Parallelogram
- **B** Trapezoid
- © Rectangle
- (D) Rhombus
- E Square

- **Gridded Answer**
- 14. The diagonals of rectangle ABCD intersect at point Z. If DZ = x + 6 and AC = 5x + 3, what is the length of \overline{AC} ?

0	00	00	0
24.00	0	0	0
Θ	Θ	Θ	①
@	2	②	②
3	3	3	③
④	④	④	➂
➂	③	➂	➂
➂	©	©	⊚
Ø	Ø	(D)	O
3	➂	⑧	➂
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	9

with bases \overline{MN} and \overline{OP} . If MN = 25 and OP = 23, what is the length of the midsegment of MNOP?

	Ø	0	
\odot	\odot	0	0
	0	0	0
Θ	Θ	Θ	Θ
@	②	②	3
3	3	3	3
④	④	④	④
⑤	3	➂	➂
©	©	(3)	©
Ø	Ø	Ø	Ø
3	➂	➂	➂
9	⑨	®	®

16. Two congruent sides of kite ABCD have lengths of 2x + 8 and 7x - 12. What is the length of one of these two sides?

	Ø	0	Kin.
0	\odot	\odot	\odot
367	0	0	0
0	Θ	0	Θ
2	3	2	2
(3)	3	3	3
④	(④	④
(3)	③	③	③
(O)	©	③	©
0	7	(D)	Ø
(3)	⑧	⑧	(3)
®	9	®	®