

A Story of Units

# Pleasanton Mathematics Curriculum



### **Grade 1 • MODULE 6**

Place Value, Comparison, Addition and Subtraction to 100

# Homework

Video tutorials: http://embarc.online

Info for parents: http://bit.ly/pusdmath

Version 3



# **Mathematics Curriculum**



**GRADE 1 • MODULE 6** 

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# **GRADE 1 • MODULE 6**

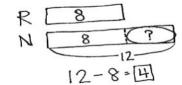
### Place Value, Comparison, Addition and Subtraction to 100

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|      | <b>.</b> . |
|------|------------|
| Vame | Date       |

Read the word problem.

 $\underline{\underline{\textbf{D}}}$  raw a tape diagram or double tape diagram and label.  $\underline{\underline{\textbf{W}}}$  rite a number sentence and a statement that matches the story.



1. Fran donated 11 of her old books to the library. Darnel donated 8 of his old books to the library. How many more books did Fran donate than Darnel?

2. During recess 7 students were reading books. There were 17 students playing on the playground. How many fewer students were reading books than playing on the playground?



3. Maria is 18 years old. Her brother Nikil is 12 years old. How much older is Maria than her brother Nikil?

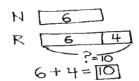
4. It rained 15 days in the month of March. It rained 19 days in April. How many more days did it rain in April than in March?

| Name | _ Date       |   |
|------|--------------|---|
| •    | <del>-</del> | _ |

Read the word problem.

Draw a tape diagram or double tape diagram and label.

**W**rite a number sentence and a statement that matches the story.



1. Kim went to 15 baseball games this summer. Julio went to 10 baseball games. How many more games did Kim go to than Julio?

2. Kiana picked 14 strawberries at the farm. Tamra picked 5 fewer strawberries than Kiana. How many strawberries did Tamra pick?

3. Willie saw 7 reptiles at the zoo. Emi saw 4 more reptiles at the zoo than Willie. How many reptiles did Emi see at the zoo?

4. Peter jumped into the swimming pool 6 times more than Darnel. Darnel jumped in 9 times. How many times did Peter jump into the swimming pool?

5. Rose found 16 seashells on the beach. Lee found 6 fewer seashells than Rose. How many seashells did Lee find on the beach?

6. Shanika got 12 cards in the mail. Nikil got 5 more cards than Shanika. How many cards did Nikil get?

Date \_\_\_\_\_ Name \_\_\_\_

Write the tens and ones. Complete the statement.

| 1.           | tens ones  | 2.         | tens on  | nes  |
|--------------|------------|------------|----------|------|
|              |            |            |          |      |
| 52 =         | _ ten ones | =          | ten or   | nes  |
|              | tens ones  | 4. 9999 00 | tens on  | nes  |
|              |            |            |          |      |
|              |            |            |          |      |
| There are    | cubes.     | There      | are cub  | oes. |
| 5. aaaaaaaaa | tens ones  | 6. aaaaaaa | tens on  | nes  |
|              |            |            | 00       |      |
|              |            |            |          |      |
|              |            |            |          |      |
| There are    | cubes.     | There      | are cub  | oes. |
| 7.           | tens ones  | 8.         | tens on  | nes  |
| 10 10        |            |            |          |      |
| There are    | carrots.   | There ar   | re marke | ers  |

| 9. | Write the number as tens and ones in the place value chart, or use the place value |
|----|--|
|    | chart to write the number.   |

a. 70

| †6 | ens | ones |
|----|-----|------|
|    |     |      |

b. 76

| tens | ones |
|------|------|
|      |      |

C.

| tens | ones |
|------|------|
| 4    | 9    |

| tens | ones |
|------|------|
| 9    | 4    |

e. 65

| tens | ones |
|------|------|
|      |      |

f. 60

| tens | ones |
|------|------|
|      |      |

g. 90

| tens | ones |
|------|------|
|      |      |

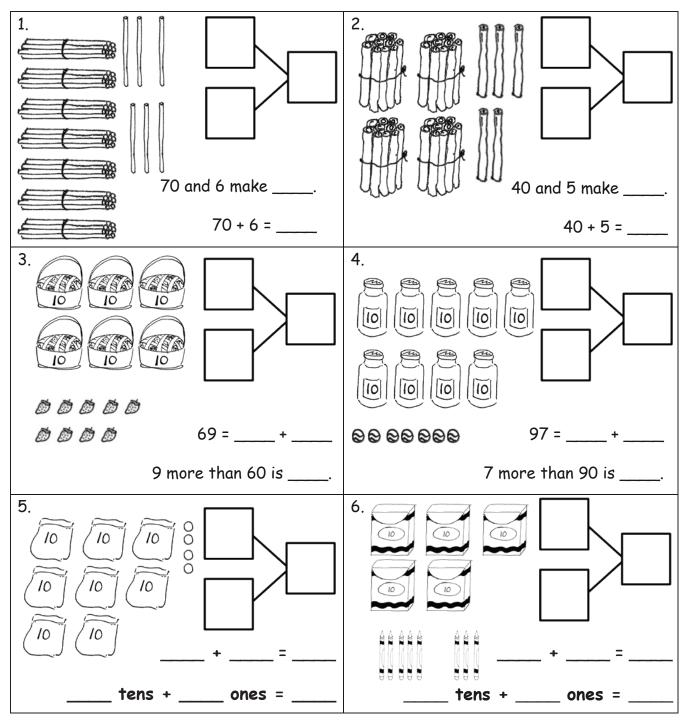
| tens | ones |
|------|------|
| 10   | 0    |

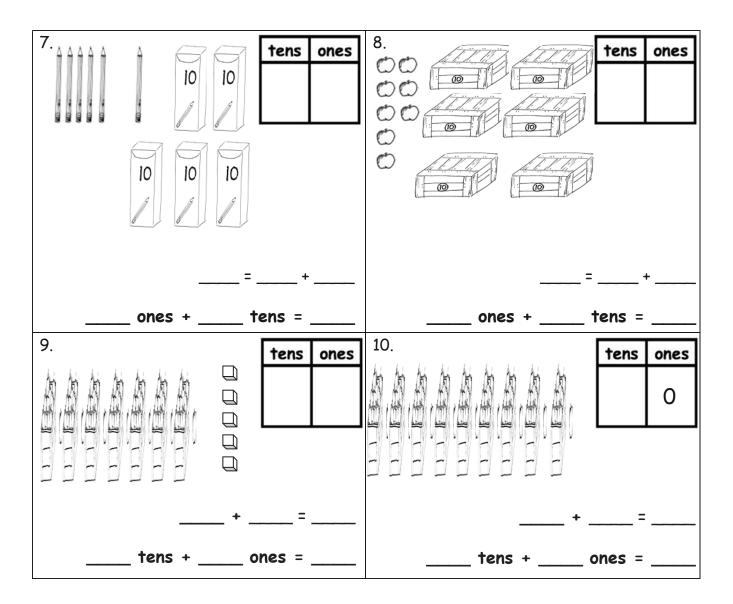
| tens | ones |
|------|------|
| 8    | 3    |

| tens | ones |
|------|------|
| 8    | 0    |

Name Date \_\_\_\_\_

Count the objects, and fill in the number bond or place value chart. Complete the sentences to add the tens and ones.

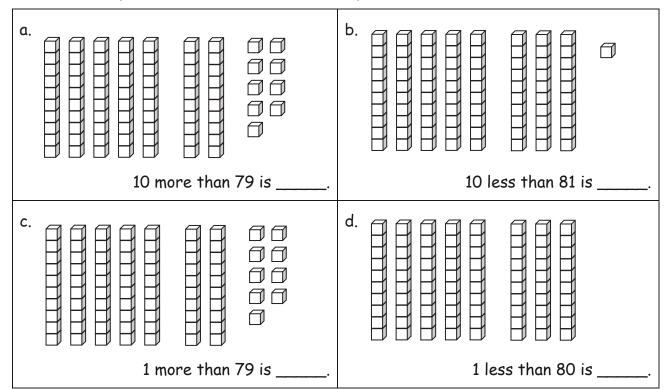




11. Complete the sentences to add the tens and ones.

Date \_\_\_\_\_ Name \_\_\_\_

1. Solve. You may draw or cross off (x) to show your work.



- 2. Find the mystery numbers. You may make a drawing to help solve, if needed.
  - a. 10 more than 75 is \_\_\_\_\_.

| tens | ones | + 10 | • | tens | ones |
|------|------|------|---|------|------|
| 7    | 5    |      |   |      |      |

b. 1 more than 75 is \_\_\_\_\_.

d. 1 less than 88 is \_\_\_\_\_.



c. 10 less than 88 is \_\_\_\_\_.

| tens | ones | tens | ones |
|------|------|------|------|
|      |      |      |      |
|      |      |      |      |
|      |      | 1    | ı    |

tens ones

|   | tens | ones |
|---|------|------|
| I |      |      |
| I |      |      |

- 3. Write the number that is 1 more.
  - a. 40, \_\_\_\_
  - b. 50, \_\_\_\_
  - c. 65, \_\_\_\_
  - d. 69, \_\_\_\_
  - e. 99, \_\_\_\_

- 4. Write the number that is 10 more.
  - a. 60, \_\_\_\_
  - b. 70, \_\_\_\_
  - c. 77, \_\_\_\_
  - d. 89, \_\_\_\_
  - e. 90, \_\_\_\_

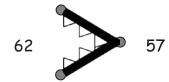
- 5. Write the number that is 1 less.
  - a. 53, \_\_\_\_
  - b. 73, \_\_\_\_
  - c. 71, \_\_\_\_
  - d. 80, \_\_\_\_
  - e. 100, \_\_\_\_

- 6. Write the number that is 10 less.
  - a. 50, \_\_\_\_
  - b. 60, \_\_\_\_
  - c. 84, \_\_\_\_
  - d. 91, \_\_\_\_
  - e. 100, \_\_\_\_
- 7. Fill in the missing numbers in each sequence.
  - a. 50, 51, 52, \_\_\_\_
  - c. 62, 61, \_\_\_\_, 59
  - e. 60, 70, 80, \_\_\_\_
  - q. 57, 67, \_\_\_\_, 87
  - i. , 99, 98, 97

- b. 79, 78, 77, \_\_\_\_
- d. 83, \_\_\_\_, 85, 86
- f. 100, 90, 80, \_\_\_\_
- h. 89, 79, \_\_\_\_, 59
- j. \_\_\_\_, 84, \_\_\_, 64

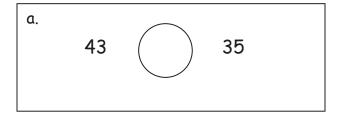
| Name | Date |
|------|------|

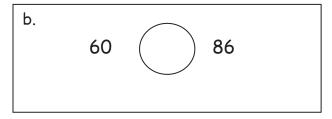
1. Use the symbols to compare the numbers. Fill in the blank with <, >, or = to make the statement true.

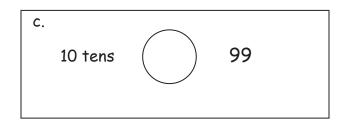


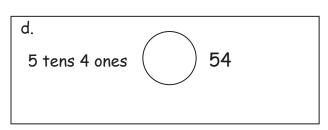
62 is greater than 57.

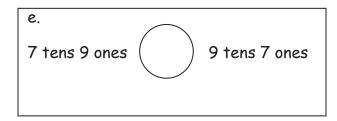


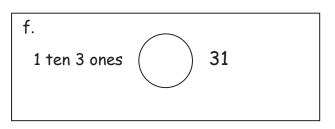




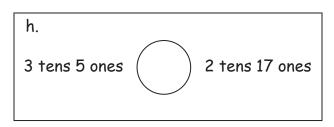








| g.            |                |
|---------------|----------------|
| 3 tens 0 ones | 2 tens 10 ones |
|               |                |



2. Fill in the correct words from the box to make the sentence true. Use >, <, or = and numbers to write a true statement.

is greater than is less than

is equal to

42 1 ten 2 ones



6 tens 7 ones \_\_\_\_\_\_ 5 tens 17 ones b.



C.



2 tens 14 ones 4 ones 2 tens d.



e. 9 ones 5 tens \_\_\_\_\_ 9 tens 5 ones



1. Fill in the missing numbers in the chart up to 120.

h

| α. | b. | C. | d.  | e.  |
|----|----|----|-----|-----|
| 71 |    | 91 |     | 111 |
|    | 82 |    | 102 |     |
|    |    | 93 |     |     |
| 74 |    |    |     | 114 |
|    | 85 |    | 105 |     |
|    |    | 96 |     | 116 |
|    | 87 |    |     |     |
|    |    |    | 108 |     |
| 79 |    | 99 |     | 119 |
| 80 | 90 |    | 110 |     |

2. Write the numbers to continue the counting sequence to 120.

99, \_\_\_\_, 101, \_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_,

3. Circle the sequence that is incorrect. Rewrite it correctly on the line.

α.

116, 117, 118, 119, 120

b.

96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 110

4. Fill in the missing numbers in the sequence.

a.

113, 114, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_, \_\_\_

b.

\_, \_\_\_\_, 120

C.

102, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_

d.

88, 89, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_

| Name | Date |  |
|------|------|--|
|      |      |  |

1. Write the number as tens and ones in the place value chart, or use the place value chart to write the number.

a. 81

| tens | ones |
|------|------|
|      |      |

b. 98

| tens | ones |
|------|------|
|      |      |

| tens | ones |
|------|------|
| 11   | 7    |

| tens | ones |
|------|------|
| 10   | 8    |

e. 104

| tens | ones |
|------|------|
|      |      |

f. 111

| tens | ones |
|------|------|
|      |      |

2. Write the number.

| a. 9 tens 2 ones is the number  | b. 8 tens 4 ones is the number  |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| c. 11 tens 3 ones is the number | d. 10 tens 9 ones is the number |
| e. 10 tens 1 ones is the number | f. 11 tens 6 ones is the number |

#### 3. Match.

| a. | tens | ones |  |
|----|------|------|--|
|    | 10   | 2    |  |

| b. | tens | ones |  |
|----|------|------|--|
|    | 9    | 5    |  |

| c. | tens | ones |  |
|----|------|------|--|
|    | 11   | 4    |  |

| d. | tens | ones |  |
|----|------|------|--|
|    | 11   | 0    |  |

| e. | tens | ones |  |
|----|------|------|--|
|    | 10   | 8    |  |

| f. | tens | ones |  |
|----|------|------|--|
|    | 10   | 0    |  |

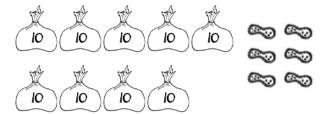
# 11 tens 4 ones

|   | 9 | tens | 5 | ones |
|---|---|------|---|------|
| _ |   |      |   |      |

| Name | Date |
|------|------|
|      |      |

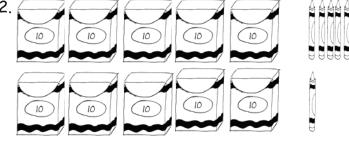
Count the objects. Fill in the place value chart, and write the number on the line.

1.



| tens | ones |
|------|------|
|      |      |

2.



| tens | ones |
|------|------|
|      |      |

3.

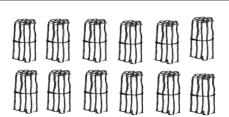


| tens | ones |
|------|------|
|      |      |

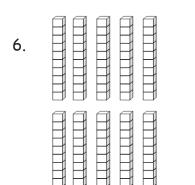


| tens | ones |
|------|------|
|      |      |

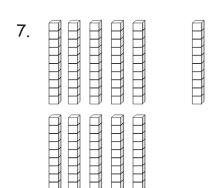
5.



| tens | ones |
|------|------|
|      |      |



| tens | ones |
|------|------|
|      |      |



| tens | ones |
|------|------|
|      |      |

Use quick tens and ones to represent the following numbers. Write the number on the line.

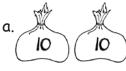
9.

| 8. | tens | ones |
|----|------|------|
|    | 11   | 0    |

| tens | ones |
|------|------|
| 10   | 5    |

Name

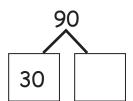
1. Complete the number bond or number sentence, and draw a line to the matching picture.

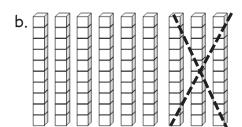


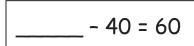






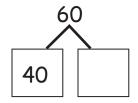












| d. |  |
|----|--|
|    |  |

2. Count the dimes to add or subtract. Write a number sentence to match the dimes.

a.













b.













C.





















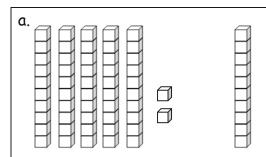




3. Fill in the missing numbers.

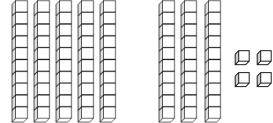
Name \_\_\_\_

1. Solve using the pictures. Complete the number sentence to match.

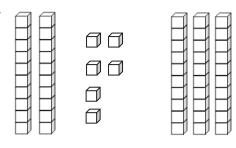




b.

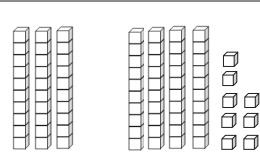


c.



| + | = |  |
|---|---|--|
|   |   |  |

d.



| _     | _     |  |
|-------|-------|--|
| <br>+ | <br>_ |  |

2. Use number bonds to solve.

3. Solve. You may use number bonds to help you.

Name \_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

1. Solve.

2. Solve using number bonds. You may choose to add the ones or tens first. Write the two number sentences to show what you did.

Date \_\_\_\_\_ Name \_\_\_\_

| a. | 15 + | 26 = |  |
|----|------|------|--|
|    |      |      |  |

Name \_\_\_\_

Date \_\_\_\_

Date

1. Solve using quick tens and ones drawings. Remember to line up your tens with tens and ones with ones. Write the total below your drawing.

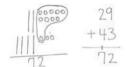


| a. $39 + 42 =$ |
|----------------|

2. Solve using quick tens and ones. Remember to line up your tens with tens and ones with ones. Write the total below your drawing.

| <b>.</b> 1 | <b>.</b> . |
|------------|------------|
| Name       | Date       |

1. Solve using quick tens and ones drawings. Remember to line up your drawings and rewrite the number sentence vertically.



2. Solve using quick tens and ones. Remember to line up your drawings and rewrite the number sentence vertically.

Date \_\_\_\_\_ Name \_\_\_\_

1. Solve using quick tens and ones drawings. Remember to line up your tens and ones and rewrite the number sentence vertically.

2. Solve using quick tens and ones drawings. Remember to line up your tens and ones and rewrite the number sentence vertically.

Name \_

Date \_\_\_\_

Use any method you prefer to solve the problems below.

Name \_\_\_\_

Date \_\_\_\_\_

Use the strategy you prefer to solve the problems below.



Use the strategy you prefer to solve the problems below.

7.

8.

9.

10.

11.

12.

Name \_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_

1. Match.



penny





nickel





dime



2. Cross off some pennies so the remaining pennies show the value of the coin to their left.

a.



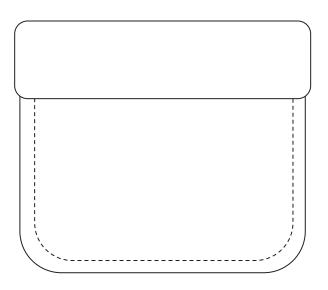


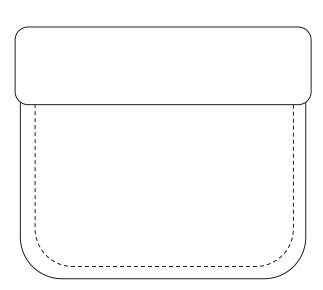
b.





3. Maria has 5 cents in her pocket. Draw coins to show two different ways she could have 5 cents.





4. Solve. Draw a line to match the number sentence with the coin (or coins) that give the answer.

- a. 10 cents + 10 cents = \_\_\_\_ cents

b. 10 cents - 5 cents = \_\_\_\_ cents





c. 20 cents - 10 cents = \_\_\_\_ cents





d. 9 cents - 8 cents = \_\_\_\_ cents





1. Use the word bank to label the coins.

dimes nickels pennies quarters









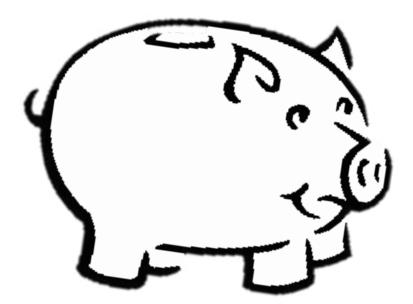




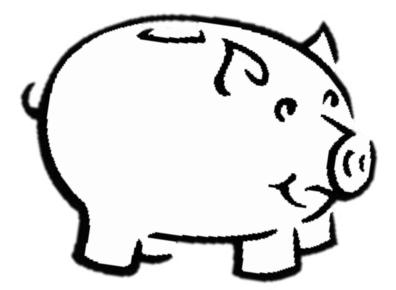


- 2. Write the value of each coin.
  - a. The value of one dime is \_\_\_\_\_ cent(s).
  - b. The value of one penny is \_\_\_\_\_ cent(s).
  - c. The value of one nickel is \_\_\_\_\_ cent(s).
  - d. The value of one quarter is \_\_\_\_\_ cent(s).
- 3. Your mom said she will give you 1 nickel or 1 quarter. Which would you take, and why?

- 4. Lee has 25 cents in his piggy bank. Which coin or coins could be in his bank?
  - a. Draw to show the coins that could be in Lee's bank.

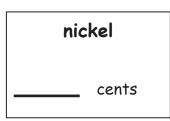


b. Draw a different set of coins that could be in Lee's bank.



| No | ame Do  | Date            |          |  |  |
|----|---|-----------------|----------|--|--|
| 1. | Match the label to the correct coins and write the value. | There will be m | ore than |  |  |
|    | one match for each coin name.                             |                 |          |  |  |

a.







b. dime









C. quarter

| cents |
|-------|
|       |



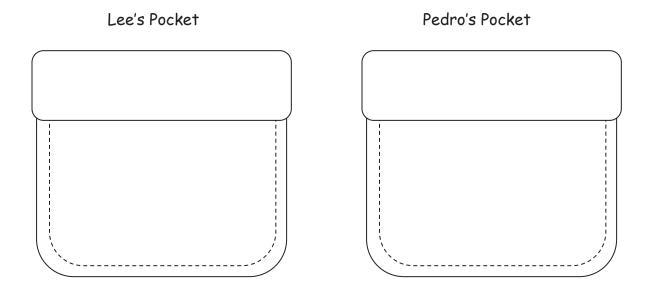




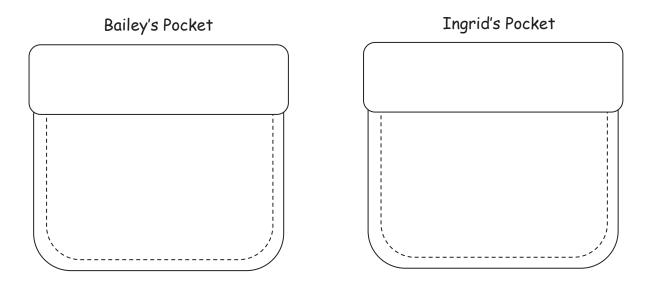




d. penny cent 2. Lee has one coin in his pocket, and Pedro has 3 coins. Pedro has more money than Lee. Draw a picture to show the coins each boy might have.



3. Bailey has 4 coins in her pocket, and Ingrid has 4 coins. Ingrid has more money than Bailey. Draw a picture to show the coins each girl might have.



Date \_\_\_\_\_ Name

1. Add pennies to show the written amount.









2. Write the value of each group of coins.

a.

\_\_\_\_cents



cents

c.



cents

d.



cents

e.



cents



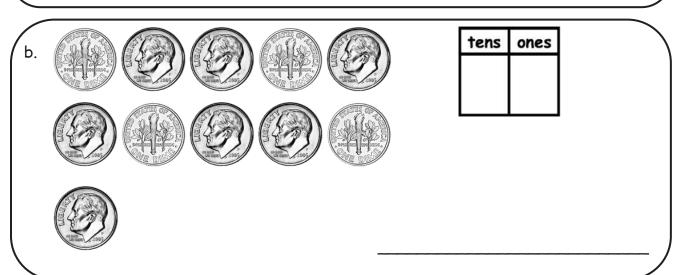
Lesson 23:

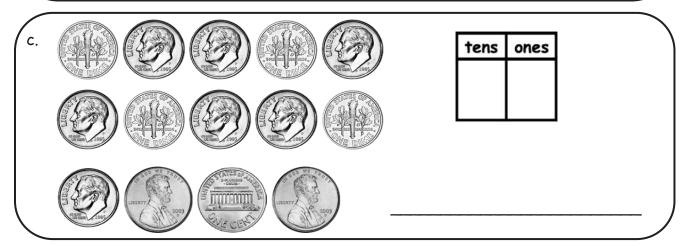
Count on using pennies from any single coin.

| Name | Date |
|------|------|
|      |      |

1. Find the value of each set of coins. Complete the place value chart. Write an addition sentence to add the value of the dimes and the value of the pennies.



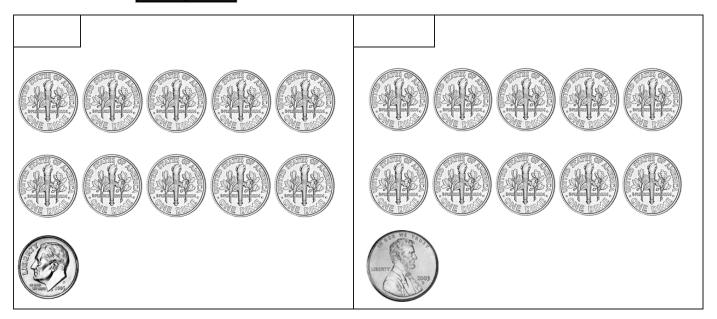




2. Check the set that shows the correct amount. Fill in the place value chart to match.

110 cents

| tens | ones |
|------|------|
|      |      |
|      |      |



3. a. Draw 79 cents using dimes and pennies. Fill in the place value chart to match.

| tens | ones |
|------|------|
|      |      |
|      |      |

b. Draw 118 cents using dimes and pennies. Fill in the place value chart to match.

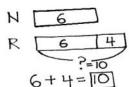
| tens | ones |
|------|------|
|      |      |
|      |      |

Name Date \_\_\_\_

Read the word problem.

Draw a tape diagram or double tape diagram and label.  $\underline{\mathbf{W}}$ rite a number sentence and a statement that matches the

story.



1. Julio listened to 7 songs on the radio. Lee listened to 3 more songs than Julio. How many songs did Lee listen to?

2. Shanika caught 14 ladybugs. She caught 4 more ladybugs than Willie. How many ladybugs did Willie catch?

3. Rose packed 3 more boxes than her sister to move to their new house. Her sister packed 11 boxes. How many boxes did Rose pack?

4. Tamra decorated 13 cookies. Tamra decorated 2 fewer cookies than Emi. How many cookies did Emi decorate?

5. Rose's brother hit 12 tennis balls. Rose hit 6 fewer tennis balls than her brother. How many tennis balls did Rose hit?

6. With his camera, Darnel took 5 more pictures than Kiana. He took 13 pictures. How many pictures did Kiana take?

| Name   | Date    |        |
|--|---------|--------|
| Read the word problem.   |         | N 6    |
| $\underline{	extsf{D}}$ raw a tape diagram or double tape diagram and label    |         | R 6 4  |
| $\underline{\boldsymbol{W}}$ rite a number sentence and a statement that match | ies the | 2=10   |
| story.   |         | 6+4=10 |

1. Fatima walks 15 blocks home from school. Ben walks 8 blocks. How much longer is Fatima's walk home from school than Ben's?

2. Maria bought a basket with 13 strawberries in it. Darnel bought a basket with 4 more strawberries than Maria. How many strawberries did Darnel's basket have in it?

3. Tamra has 5 books checked out from the library. Kim has 11 books checked out from the library. How many fewer books does Tamra have checked out than Kim? 4. Kiana picked 12 apples from the tree. She picked 6 fewer apples than Willie. How many apples did Willie pick from the tree?

5. During recess, Emi found 16 rocks. She found 5 more rocks than Peter. How many rocks did Peter find?

6. The first grade football team has 12 players. The first grade team has 6 fewer players than the second grade team. How many players are on the second grade team?

| Name  | Date       |                 |
|---|------------|-----------------|
| Read the word problem.  | N 6        |                 |
| <u>D</u> raw a tape diagram or double tape diagram and label. | R 6 4      | $ \mathcal{J} $ |
| Write a number sentence and a statement that matches t        | the story. | 5556            |

1. Eight students lined up to go to art. Some more lined up to go to music. Then, there were 12 students in line. How many students lined up to go to music?

2. Peter rode his bike 5 blocks. Rose rode her bike 13 blocks. How much shorter was Peter's ride?

3. Lee and Anton collected 16 leaves on their walk. Nine of the leaves were Lee's. How many leaves were Anton's?

| 4. | The team counted 11 so  | ccer balls inside th | ie net. They o | counted 5 fewer | soccer | balls |
|----|-------------------------|----------------------|----------------|-----------------|--------|-------|
|    | outside of the net. How | many soccer balls    | were outside   | of the net?     |        |       |

5. Julio saw 14 cars drive by his house. Julio saw 6 more cars than Shanika. How many cars did Shanika see?

6. Some students were eating lunch. Four students joined them. Now, there are 17 students eating lunch. How many students were eating lunch in the beginning?

| Name |  |                        |   |                               | Date      | Date                      |  |  |     |     |
|------|--|------------------------|---|-------------------------------|-----------|---------------------------|--|--|-----|-----|
| 1.   | Teach a family member some of our counting activities. Check all the activities you do together. |                        |   |                               |           |                           |  |  |     |     |
| 2.   |  | Count by t<br>Movement | int by ter<br>ones the s<br>ens the s<br>counting | ns.<br>Say Ten \<br>Say Ten \ | Vay. Firs | st, start o<br>ng squats, |  |  |     | tc. |
| 9    | 91   |                        | 93  |                               |           |                           |  |  |     |     |
|      |  |                        |   |                               |           |                           |  |  |     |     |
|      |  |                        |   |                               | 105       |                           |  |  |     |     |
|      |  |                        |   |                               |           |                           |  |  |     |     |
|      |  |                        |   |                               |           |                           |  |  | 119 |     |
|      |  |                        | •   | s from 9                      |           |                           |  |  |     |     |

4. On the back of your paper, write as many sums and differences within 20 as you can. Circle the ones that were hard for you at the beginning of the year!

| Name | Date |  |
|------|------|--|
|      |      |  |

Complete a math activity each day. Color the box for each day you do the suggested activity.

Summer Math Review: Weeks 1-5

|        | Monday  | Tuesday   | Wednesday   | Thursday  | Friday                |
|--------|---|---|---|---|-----------------------|
| Week 1 | Count from 87 to<br>120 and back.   | Play Addition<br>with Cards.  | Use your tangram pieces to make a fourth of July picture.   | Use quick tens<br>and ones to<br>draw 76.   | Complete<br>a Sprint. |
| Week 2 | Do counting<br>squats. Count<br>from 45 to 60<br>and back the Say<br>Ten Way.                                     | Play Subtraction<br>with Cards.                                     | Make a graph of the<br>types of fruits in<br>your kitchen. What<br>did you find out<br>from your graph?     | Solve 36 + 57. Draw a picture to show your thinking.  | Complete<br>a Sprint. |
| Week 3 | Write numbers<br>from 37 to as<br>high as you can in<br>one minute, while<br>whisper-counting<br>the Say Ten Way. | Play Target<br>Practice or<br>Shake Those<br>Disks for 9 and<br>10. | Measure a table with spoons, and then with forks. Which did you need more of? Why?                          | Use real coins<br>or draw coins to<br>show as many<br>ways to make 25<br>cents as you<br>can. | Complete<br>a Sprint. |
| Week 4 | Do jumping jacks<br>as you count up by<br>tens to 120 and<br>back down to 0.                                      | Play Race and<br>Roll Addition or<br>Addition with<br>Cards.        | Go on a shape<br>scavenger hunt.<br>Find as many<br>rectangles or<br>rectangular prisms<br>as you can.      | Use quick tens<br>and ones to<br>draw 45 and 54.<br>Circle the<br>greater number.             | Complete<br>a Sprint. |
| Week 5 | Write the<br>numbers from 75<br>to 120.   | Play Race and<br>Roll Subtraction<br>or Subtraction<br>with Cards.  | Measure the route<br>from your bathroom<br>to your bedroom.<br>Walk heel to toe<br>and count your<br>steps. | Add 5 tens to<br>23. Add 2.<br>What number<br>did you find?                                   | Complete<br>a Sprint. |

| Vame | Date |  |
|------|------|--|
|      |      |  |

Complete a math activity each day. Color the box for each day you do the suggested activity.

Summer Math Review: Weeks 6-10

|         | Monday   | Tuesday   | Wednesday   | Thursday  | Friday                                |
|---------|--|---|---|---|---------------------------------------|
| Week 6  | Count by ones<br>from 112 to 82.<br>Then, count<br>from 82 to 112.   | Play Missing<br>Part for 7.   | Write a story<br>problem for 9 + 4.   | Solve 64 + 38. Draw a picture to show your thinking.  | Complete a Core Fluency Practice Set. |
| Week 7  | Do counting squats. Count down from 99 to 75 and back up the Say Ten Way.  | Play Race and<br>Roll Addition or<br>Addition with<br>Cards.          | Graph the colors of all your pants. What did you find out from your graph?  | Draw 14 cents with dimes and pennies. Draw 10 more cents. What coins did you use?           | Complete a Core Fluency Practice Set. |
| Week 8  | Write the<br>numbers from<br>116 to as low as<br>you can in one<br>minute.   | Play Missing<br>Part for 8.   | Write a story<br>problem for<br>7 + = 12.   | Use quick tens<br>and ones to<br>draw 76. Draw<br>dimes and<br>pennies to show<br>59 cents. | Complete a Core Fluency Practice Set. |
| Week 9  | Do jumping<br>jacks as you<br>count up by tens<br>from 9 to 119<br>and back down<br>to 0.                            | Play Race and<br>Roll<br>Subtraction or<br>Subtraction<br>with Cards. | Go on a shape<br>scavenger hunt. Find<br>as many circles or<br>spheres as you can.  | Use quick tens<br>and ones to<br>draw 89 and<br>84. Circle the<br>number that is<br>less.   | Complete a Core Fluency Practice Set. |
| Week 10 | Write numbers<br>from 82 to as<br>high as you can<br>in one minute,<br>while whisper<br>counting the<br>Say Ten Way. | Play Target<br>Practice or<br>Shake Those<br>Disks for 6<br>and 7.    | Measure the steps from your bedroom to the kitchen, walking heel to toe, and then have a family member do the same thing.  Compare. | Solve 47 + 24. Draw a picture to show your thinking.  | Complete a Core Fluency Practice Set. |

# **Addition (or Subtraction) with Cards**

Materials: 2 sets of numeral cards 0–10

- Shuffle the cards and place them face down between the two players.
- Each partner flips over two cards and adds them together or subtracts the smaller number from the larger one.
- The partner with the largest sum or smallest difference keeps the cards played by both players in that round.
- If the sums or differences are equal, the cards are set aside, and the winner of the next round keeps the cards from both rounds.
- When all cards have been used, the player with the most cards wins.

# **Sprint**

Materials: Sprint (Sides A and B)

Do as many problems on Side A as you can in one minute. Then, try to see if you can improve your score by answering even more of the problems on Side B in a minute.

## **Target Practice**

Materials: 1 die

- Choose a target number to practice (e.g., 10).
- Roll the die and say the other number needed to hit the target. For example, if you roll 6, say 4, because 6 and 4 make ten.

### **Shake Those Disks**

Materials: Pennies

The amount of pennies needed depends on the number being practiced. For example, if you are practicing sums for 10, you will need 10 pennies.

- Shake your pennies and drop them on the table.
- Say two addition sentences that add together the heads and tails. (For example, if you see 7 heads and 3 tails, you would say 7 + 3 = 10 and 3 + 7 = 10.)
- Challenge: Say four addition sentences instead of two. (For example, 10 = 7 + 3, 10 = 3 + 7, 7 + 3 = 10 = 1010, and 3 + 7 = 10.)



## Race and Roll Addition (or Subtraction)

Materials: 1 die

### Addition

- Both players start at 0.
- They each roll a die and then say a number sentence adding the number rolled to their total. (For example, if a player's first roll is 5, the player says 0 + 5 = 5.)
- They continue rapidly rolling and saying number sentences until someone gets to 20 without going over. (For example, if a player is at 18 and rolls 5, the player would continue rolling until she gets a 2.)
- The first player to 20 wins.

### Subtraction

- Both players start at 20.
- They each roll a die and then say a number sentence subtracting the number rolled from their total. (For example, if a player's first roll is 5, the player says 20 5 = 15.)
- They continue rapidly rolling and saying number sentences until someone gets to 0 without going over. (For example, if a player is at 5 and rolls 6, the player would continue rolling until she gets a 5.)
- The first player to 0 wins.











Video tutorials: http://bit.ly/eurekapusd Info for parents: http://bit.ly/pusdmath