

RSU 57

- Waterboro
- Alfred
- Lyman
- Line
- Shapleigh
- Massabesic Middle
- Massabesic High

Continuous Learning LEARNING MENUS

MATH

LITERACY

SPECIALS

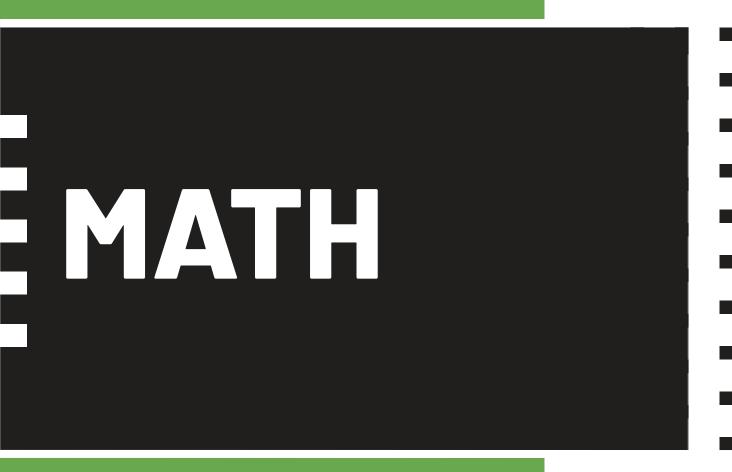
Printables

Week 4



RSU 57

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LEARNING MENU MATH& STEM

KINDERGARTEN



r = EVERYDAY ITEMS

1 🍁 IXL: Math skill practice for 20 minutes

2

Geometry: Create a picture of something in nature (e.g. a tree, a flower, a mountain) using geometric shapes. Label all of the shapes in your picture. Send the picture to your teacher. Examples if you need help!



3Operations and Algebraic Thinking: Gather items either found inside or outside your home. Sort the items into two groups, and show how many different ways you can sort them. Make number sentences that tell us about your groups. Share a picture of the number sentences with your teacher. 1 Click for levels.



Numbers and Base-Ten Outdoor Scavenger Hunt: 1.If you still need to create your base 10 blocks, please follow these directions. 2.Using your base 10 blocks find different objects in nature (more than 10), count the objects (rocks ,leaves, sticks, acorns). Represent the number using your base ten creation (tens a ones). Take a picture and upload it to seesaw.

Measurement and Data: Help out our Earth by picking up trash outside. Sort your items into categories (e.g. metals, plastics, cardboard). Make a graph showing how many of each item there are. See your teacher's SeeSaw activity to complete this box.

Counting and Cardinality: Set up three cups in a row, one labeled "Less", one labeled "Greater", and one labeled "Same". Click for more details.

Estimation & Counting: Find 5 different collections around your house. Maybe you have a lot of trees in your yard, cans in your pantry, seeds in a packet, or recyclables in a bin! Click for more instructions.

0

On April 22 the world celebrates the Earth Day! Earth Day started 50 years ago. Why do you think we celebrate Earth Day? Ask people in your family what they know about Earth Day & why we celebrate it. What are some ways you & your family could be kind to the Earth? Pick your best idea & make a plan to put into action.

9 Watch this 3 minute video story: A Whale's Tale: Hope Works. What was the problem in the ocean? How did the sea creatures work together to solve this problem? Why is it important to the Earth to keep the oceans clean? What is something you and your family can do to help solve a problem for the Earth? safeYouTube.net/w/kC18



10

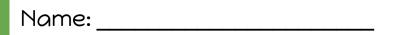




& MISS

12







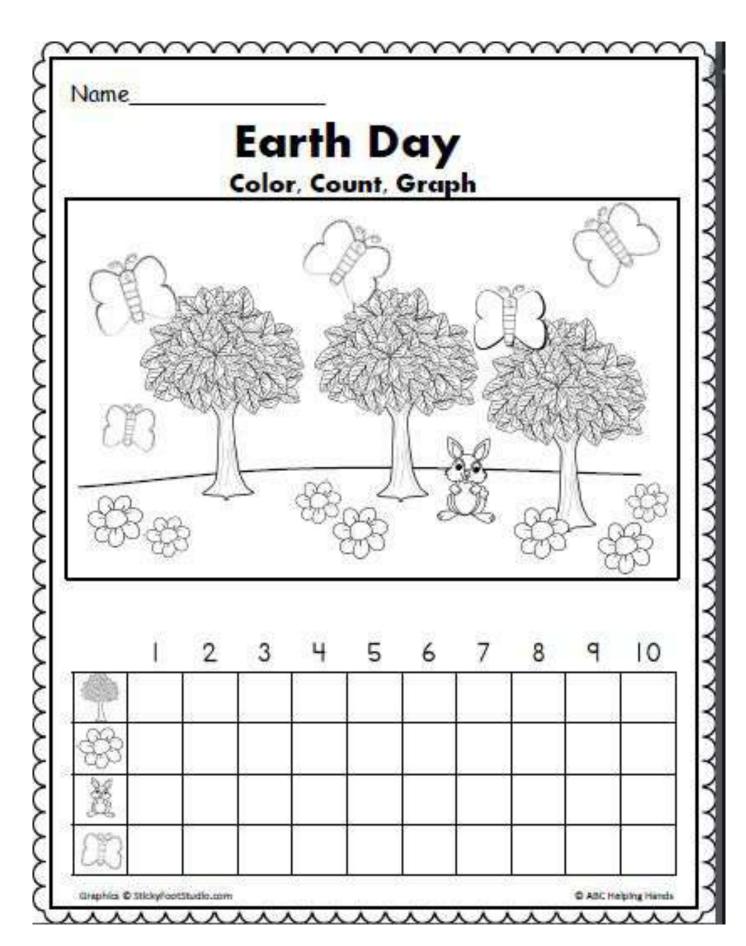
Operations and Algebraic Thinking:

Gather items either found inside or outside your home. Sort the items into two groups, and show how many different ways you can sort them. Make number sentences that tell us about your groups. Share a picture of the number sentences with your teacher.

E - Use 5 items. Break down the number 5 into all possible combinations (Ex: 3 and 2, 1 and 4...)

D - Use 10 items. Break down the number 10 into all possible combinations (Ex: 5 and 5, 6 and 4...)

M - Use 10 items. Break down three of the following numbers into all possible combinations: 6, 7, 8, 9, or 10.



Counting and Cardinality:

Set up three cups in a row, one labeled "Less", one labeled "Greater", and one labeled "Same".

Divide a deck of cards into 2 piles.

Flip over the top card from both piles and compare the 2 numbers.

Which one is greater?

Put it in the "greater" cup.

Are they the same? Which one is smaller?

Share a picture of your cups at the end with your teacher.

Name: _____



Estimation & Counting:

Find 5 different collections around your house. Maybe you have a lot of trees in your yard, cans in your pantry, seeds in a packet, or recyclables in a bin!

Estimate (guess) how many you think there are in each collection.

Then count how many there really are and compare your guess to the real number.

Was your estimate greater or less than the actual amount?

Find this activity template on your teacher's Seesaw.

Estimating and Counting

Directions:

- 1. Find 5 different collections around your house. Examples: recycling, seeds, dried beans, buttons... Write the name of the collection in that column.
- 2. Look at the collection and make an estimate or educated guess of how many? Record your estimate next to the collection name.
- 3. Count how many and record the number.
- 4. Was your estimate greater or less than the actual number? Write the word greater or less.

	1		
collection name	estimate	count	greater > or less <

	_	_			_	_
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-	ıatıı	13	. uii		1 1 2	11666

"print your own worksheets at mathsisfun.com"

> Circle the Group ...

Name:_____

Which has **Less**?













Which has More?

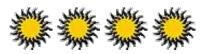




Which has **More**?



Which has Less?





	-	_			_
Math	ic	Fun	WA	rkch	aat
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Name:_____

"print your own worksheets at mathsisfun.com"

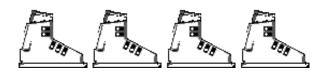
Date:_____

Color in the pictures

Color in the Middle 2 Pictures:



Color in the Last 2 Pictures:



Color in the Last 3 Pictures:



Color in the First 3 Pictures:

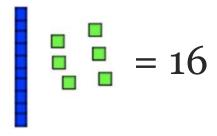


Color in the First 2 Pictures:



What is Base 10?: If you've ever counted from 0 to 9, then you've used base-10 without even knowing what it is. Simply put, base-10 is the way we assign place value to numerals.

Ones
Tens
Hundreds
Thousands
Ten-thousands
Hundred-thousands, and so on



This week we are asking you and your child to make base 10 manipulatives to use in the coming weeks. We have 4 ideas of how you can build your own Base 10 blocks on the next pages. Feel free to use these ideas or get creative and design your own! Have fun!

Idea #1: Using beads and pipe cleaners. Make sets of 10 and have single beads for 1's



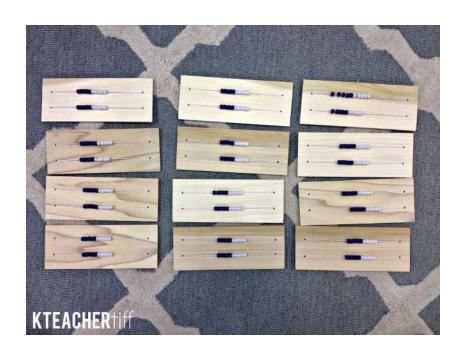
Idea #2: Beans and popsicle sticks (or cheerios)





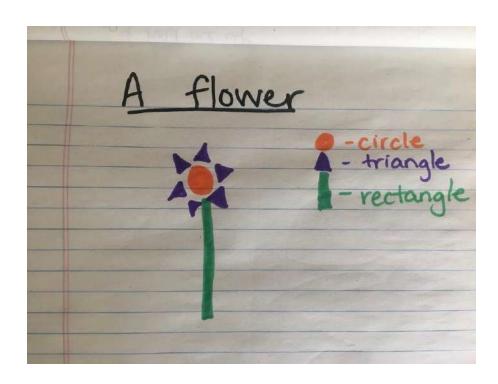


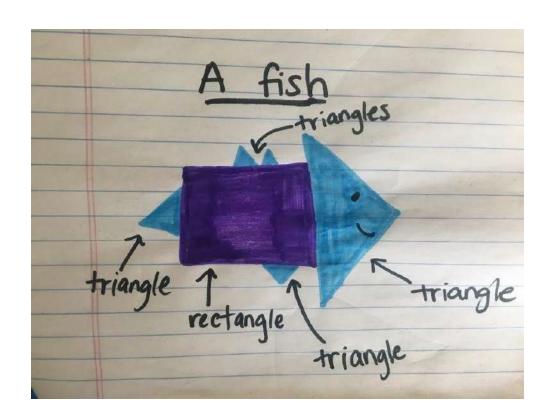
Idea #4: Index cards, string, and beads
(10 beads on a string, punched through an index card. 5 beads of one color next to 5 beads of another)



Activity: Create a picture of something in nature (e.g. a tree, a flower, a mountain) using geometric shapes. Label all of the shapes in your picture. Send the picture to your teacher.

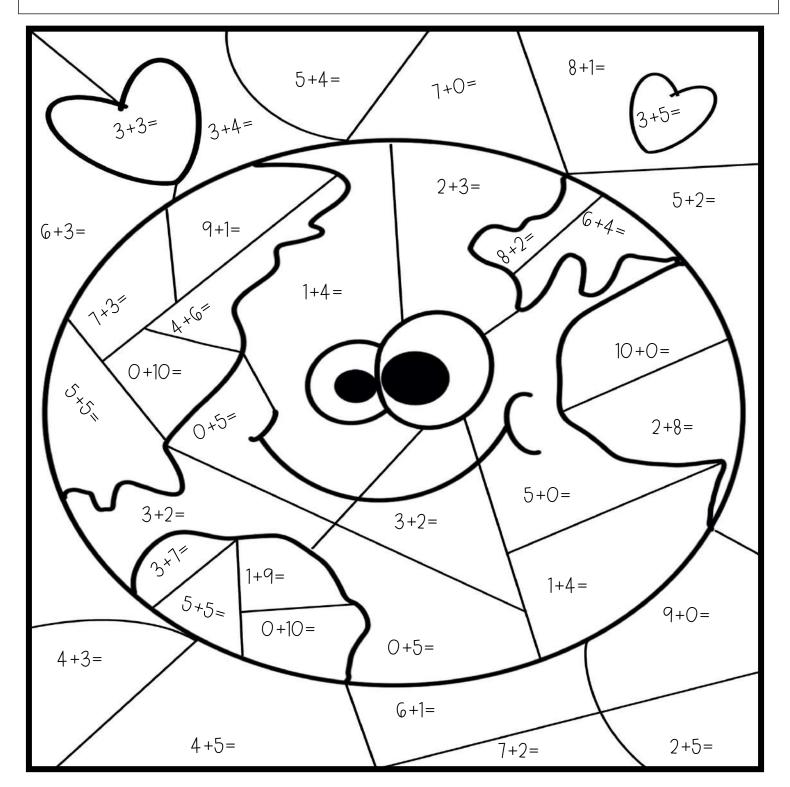
Examples:





EARTH DAY ADDITION NAME:_

DIRECTIONS: SOLVE THE ADDITION PROBLEMS AND THEN COLOR TO MATCH! 5= BLUE G= RED 7=ORANGE 8= PURPLE 9= YELLOW 10=GREEN





Counting Edges and Vertices

Grade 2 Geometry Worksheet

Fill in the following table.

Shape	Name	Number of Sides	Number of Vertices
	Triangle		
	Square		
	Rectangle		
	Trapezoid		
	Parallelogram		
	Pentagon		
	Hexagon		



Answers

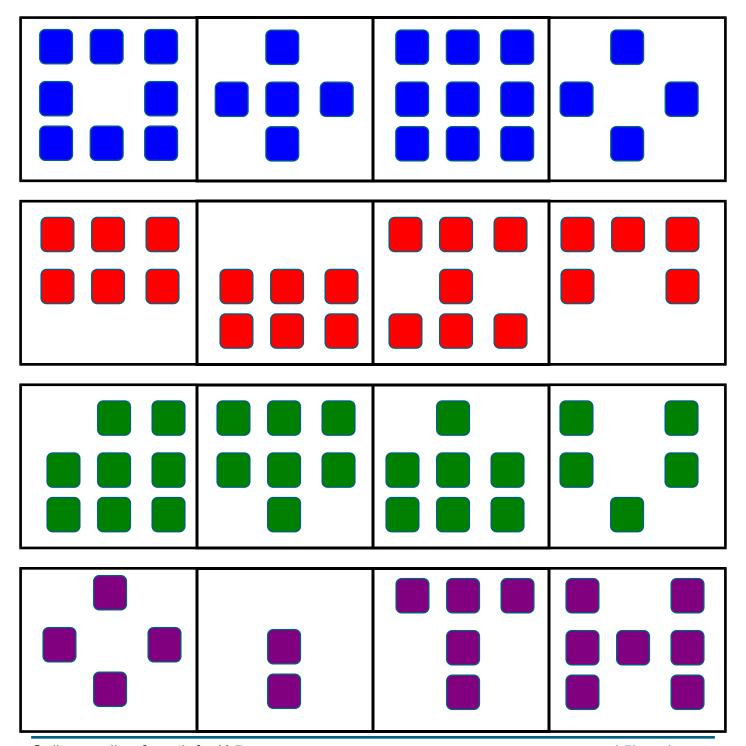
Shape	Name	Number of Sides	Number of Vertices
	Triangle	3	3
	Square	4	4
	Rectangle	4	4
	Trapezoid	4	4
	Parallelogram	4	4
	Pentagon	5	5
	Hexagon	6	6



Choose group with most / least objects

Kindergarten More-than-Less-than Worksheet

Circle the group with the <u>most</u> objects. Cross out the group with the <u>least</u> objects.



	<u></u>
Home Link 7-8	
NAME	DATE

Family Note

A penny jar provides great mathematics opportunities! Have family members add spare pennies at the end of each day. Count the pennies together once a week to reinforce the counting skills we are working on in school. As the penny collection grows, family members can estimate how many pennies are in the jar before counting them. Estimation is not just guessing. It is using what you know to make a "smart guess."



Start a penny jar to collect your family's pennies.

Once a week, estimate how many coins are in the jar:

- Take a small handful of pennies and count them.
- Compare the number in your hand with the number in the penny jar. How many pennies do you think are in the jar?
- Count the pennies in the jar and then record the number. How close was your estimate?
- How many pennies do you think will be in your jar next week? Keep track of how the number changes.



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LEARNING MENU LITERACY

KINDERGARTEN



= EVERYDAY ITEMS

** Reminder Use CLEVER to get to login to SeeSaw. See notes below.

Listen to the story The Gift of the Tree.

safeyoutube.net/w/RR97

Interview someone in your family on the focus question: Is a tree important and why?

Post a video of your interview to Seesaw

2

Listen to a story read by your teacher or librarian. (2x a week)

See teacher's phonics activity posted in Seesaw for you.





4

Use the sight word menu to practice reading and spelling your sight words. (Example: Practice writing your words with sidewalk chalk.) Choose one box twice a week. Sight **Word Choices**

Find a book at home or one of the online resources (RAZ, Epic, Scholastic) and read to self. Retell the story by either a video on SeeSaw, drawing a picture of the events on SeeSaw or talk to an adult at home.



6

Poem or Song - Read and Illustrate: Earth Day Poem



Phonemic Awareness: Let's play a game with sounds and words! Video:

safevoutube.net/w/2cp8



8 Writing and Drawing: Draw like a scientist! Go outside and pick a specimen from nature to observe and draw. Label your drawing with as many words as you can. Include details big and small in your illustration. See Example.

Write Like a Scientist Char

Writing Prompt: Go on a nature walk with this checklist!

Nature Walk Checklist

Observe 1 item for 5 minutes. Write 3-5 sentences about what you observe.





** Reminder:

Update Seesaw!

bit.ly/rsu57updateapps

Please log in to Seesaw using "Clever". This helps your child to view videos seamlessly! For more info:

safeYouTube.net/w/18o6



LITERACY BOX #4

Sight Words Mat: Pick a Challenge Lea

Practice writing your sight words outside using sidewalk chalk. Let's learn!



Let's learni Using a device of choice, type each of your sight words 2-3 times per word. Let's learn!
Write your sight
words on
pleces of
paper. Affach
the sight words
under the table.



Let's learn!
Write your sight
words using
blue for the
consonants and
red for the
vowels. Write your sight words on paper pleces. Read the word on the plece of paper, crunch it up, and shoot it into a bowl or basket.



Let's learn!
Look at your
sight word for
3 seconds. Close
your eyes and
then spell the
sight word
aloud by
memory. Let's learn!
Write your sight
words using
rainbow colors.
Use a different
color for each
letter in the
word.

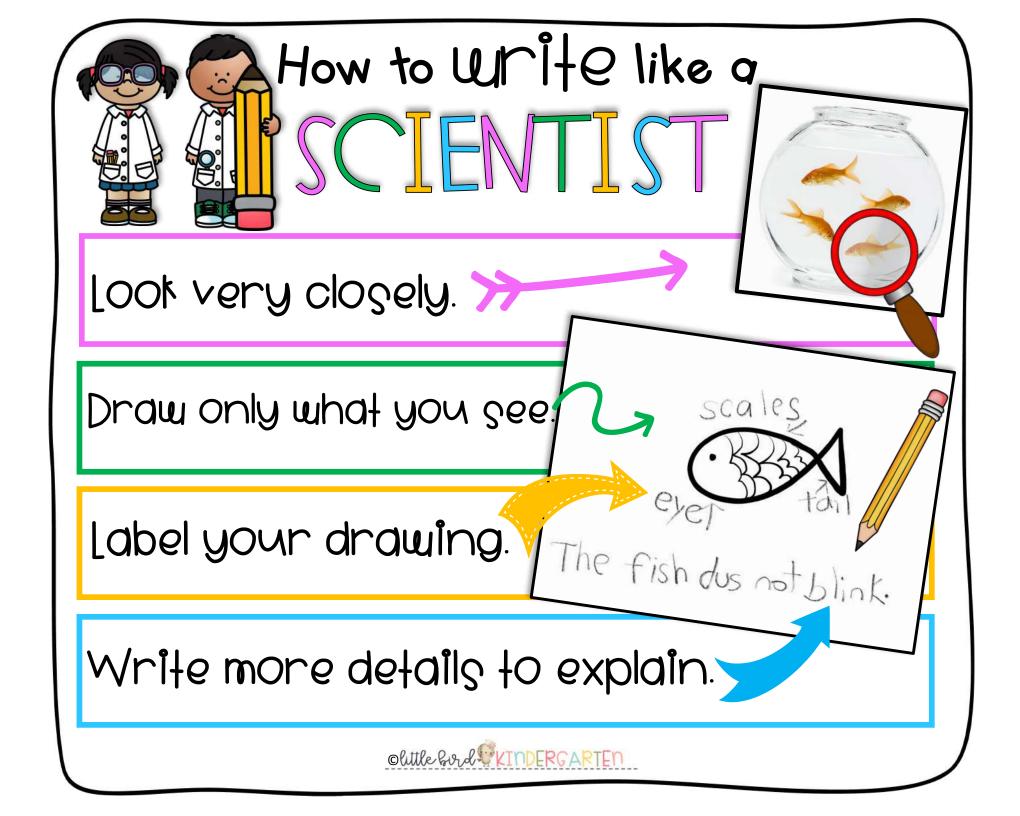








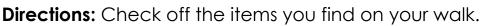
Arborist's Name	
Tree Observ	ations
Draw a picture of your tree:	These words describe my tree:
	I notice these things on my tree: □nothing on its branches □buds □leaves
Label the parts of your tree. roots trunk branches leaves	□flowers □fruit □
What can your tree do for you? What can your tree do for anim	

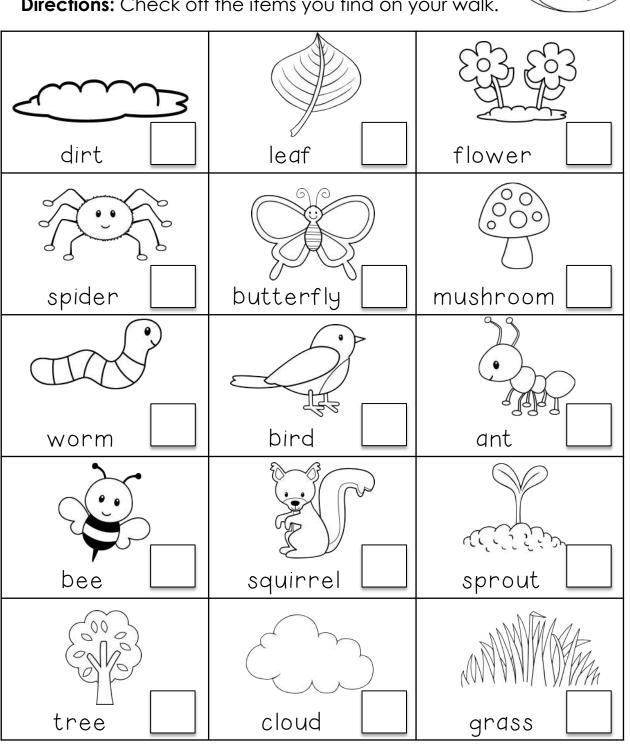


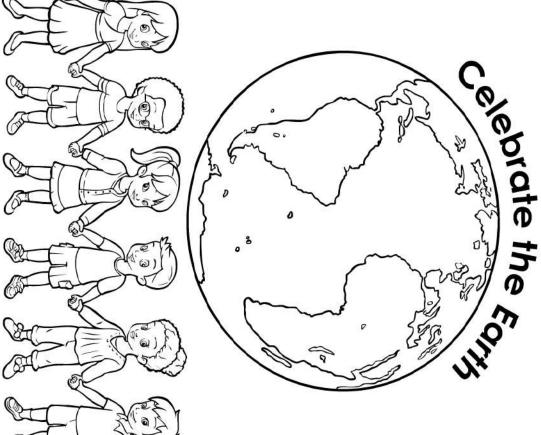
Thin Brown Stem Literacy Box #8 Ms. Vu Kelic

Name:

Nature WALK









Name

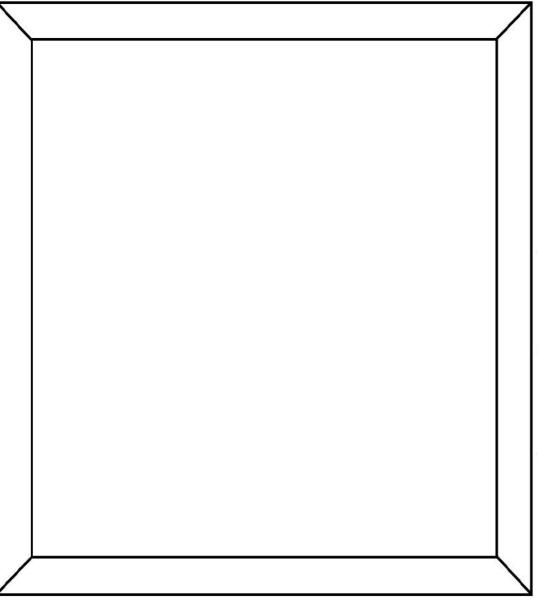
Coloring Pages
Fun Poems: Celebrating Earth Day

Draw and color a picture to go with the poem.

Celebrating Earth Day

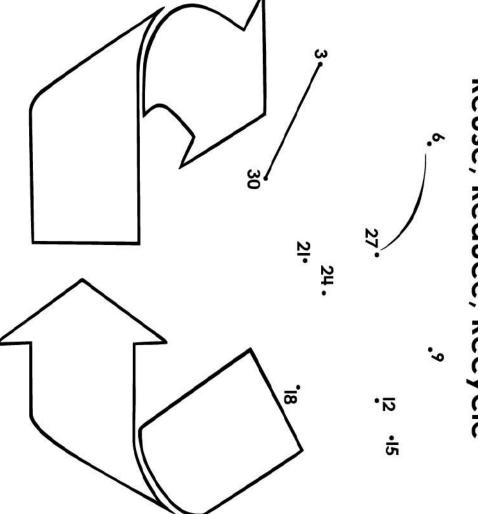
On Earth Day we say, 'Thank you!'
For all that our Earth gives —
For air and water, flowers and trees,
And everything that lives!

On Earth Day we all promise
That we will keep Earth clean!
And we'll do everything we can
To make sure Earth stays 'green'!

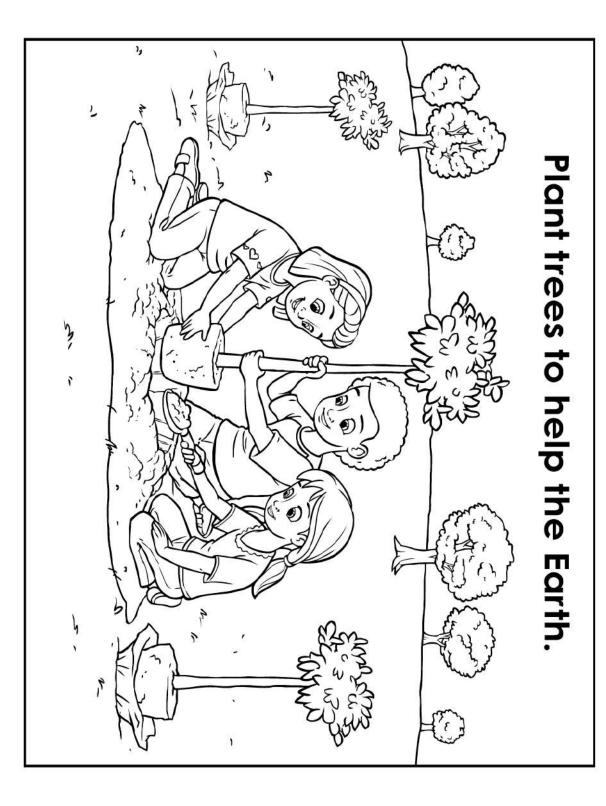




Reuse, Reduce, Recycle

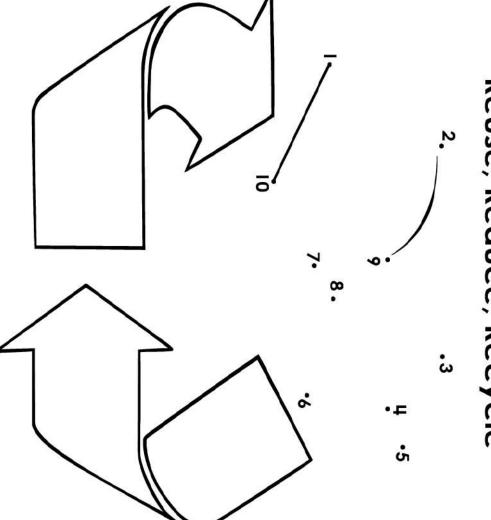








Reuse, Reduce, Recycle



English Kindergarten

Phonemic Awareness Training Lesson Plan for Week 19

Skills	Me	onday	T	uesday	We	dnesday	Th	ursday	I	Friday		
Rhyme Production	Rin	ne: -en	Rime: -et		Ri	me: -ed	Rir	ne: -ent	Ri	Rime: -ell Teacher example: bell Possible Student Response:		
Teacher says the rime listed for each day and provides an example of a rhyming	Teacher examp			Teacher example: get Possible Student Response:		ple: red ent Response:	Teacher examp		Possible Stud			
word. Students respond individually with additional words that rhyme. Teacher can repeat the series of rhyming words provided by students.	ten when	den then	wet net	let pet	led sled	bed fed	went dent	rent	fell shell	tell well		
Onset Fluency	age	/ā/	ocean	/ō/	icing	/ī/	useful	/ū/	sincere	/s/		
Teacher says the word. Students repeat the word and isolate the onset. Ex. T: eating S: eating, /ē/	open ice unite	/ō/ /ī/ /ū/	eel acorn unicorn	/ē/ /ā/ /ū/	apron okay east	/ā/ /ō/ /ē/	each dinner oval	/ē/ /d/ /ō/	ace coffee over	/ā/ /k/ /ō/		
Ex. 1. cating 5, cating, /c/	eat	/ē/	idea	/ī/	use	/ū/	valley	/v/	isle	/ī/		
Blending Phonemes	m - ā - d	made	n - ī - n	nine	t-00-b	tube	d-00-n	dune	r - ō - b	robe		
Teacher says the phonemes for each word.	d - 00 - k	duke	t-ō-n	tone	w - ā - v	wave	r - ā - t	rate	b - ī - t	bite		
Students repeat the phonemes and blend	t - 00 - n	tune	f - ī - v	five	k - ī - t	kite	p - ī - n	pine	f - ū - m	fume		
the sounds to say the whole word.	g-ō-1	goal	m - ā - n	mane	d-ē-p	deep	r - ō - m	roam	g - ā - t	gate		
Ex. T: f - ū - z S: f - ū - z, fuse	p - ī - p	pipe	s-ō-p	soap	r-00-d	rude	k - ā - p	cape	m - ū - t	mute		
	1 - ā - k	lake	k - ū - b	cube	h-ō-p	hope	n - ō - t	note	n - ā - m	name		
	s - ī - t	site	j-00-n	June	f - ī - n	fine	m - ī - s	mice	1 - ī - k	like		
	p-ā-v	pave	r-ī-p	ripe	k - ā - n	cane	k - ũ - t	cute	m - ā - z	maze		
	v - ā - s	vase	g - ō - t	goat	L-ū-k	Luke	f - ū - z	fuse	n - ī - s	nice		
*Say sound, not letter name	r-ō-d	road	b - ā - s	base	k - ō - 1	coal	1 - ī - v	live	k - ō - t	coat		
Blending hand motion: Place palms togeth	ner to create "chop	pers." As the teach	ner, you will chop y	our hands from righ	t to left, 1 chop per	phoneme. Then slid	e your hands right to	left to say the whol	e word. Students mi	rror the teacher.		
Isolating Medial Sounds	rake	/ā/	bead	/ē/	wide	/ī/	wrote	/ō/	mute	/ū/		
Teacher says the word. Students repeat the	dove	/ō/	soak	/ō/	mane	/ā/	rise	/ī/	week	/ē/		
word using the roller coaster hand motion,	need	/ē/	tide	/ī/	p o le	/ō/	J u ne	/00/	mail	/ā/		
and isolate the medial sound.	cube	/ū/	name	/ā/	tube	/00/	beak	/ē/	woke	/ō/		
Ex. T: hope S: hope, /ō/	soap	/ō/	fuse	/ū/	might	/ī/	maze	/ā/	deep	/ē/		
superteriore unitaristic PAST 19500 HEIDE (CENTRAL)	rime	/ī/	dice	/ī/	seem	/ē/	dive	/ī/	ripe	/ī/		
	tape	/ā/	team	/ē/	nail	/ā/	rode	/ō/	cute	/ū/		

English Kindergarten

Phonemic Awareness Training Lesson Plan for Week 19

Skills		Monday		Tuesday		Vednesday		Thursday		Friday		
Segmenting Phonemes	tube	t-00-b	dune	d - 00 - n	robe	r - ō - b	made	m - ā - d	nine	n - ĩ - n		
Teacher says the word. Students repeat	wave	w - ā - v	rate	r - ā - t	bite	b - ī - t	duke	d - 00 - k	tone	t - ō - n		
the word and segment it into	kite	k - ī - t	pine	p - ī - n	fume	f - ū - m	tune	t - 00 - n	five	f - ī - v		
individual phonemes.	deep	d -ē- p	roam	r - ō - m	gate	g - ā - t	goal	g-ō-1	mane	m - ā - n		
Ex. T: keep S: keep, k - ē - p	rude	r-00-d	cape	k - ā - p	mute	m - ū - t	pipe	p-ī-p	soap	s-ō-p		
	hope	h - õ - p	note	n - ō - t	name	n - ā - m	lake	l - ā - k	cube	k - ū - b		
	fine	f - ī - n	mice	m - ī - s	like	1 - ī - k	site	s - ī - t	June	j - 00 - n		
	cane	k - ā - n	cute	$k - \bar{u} - t$	maze	m - ā - z	pave	p - ā - v	ripe	r - ī - p		
	Luke	$\mathbf{L} - \tilde{\mathbf{u}} - \mathbf{k}$	fuse	f - ū - s	nice	n - ī - s	vase	v - ā - s	goat	g - ō - t		
*Say sound, not letter name	coal	k - ō - 1	live	1 - ī - v	coat	k - ō - t	road	r - ō - d	base	b - ā - s		

Segmenting hand motion: Students place palms together to create "choppers." Students will make a chopping motion when saying each phoneme in the word. Teachers will chop from right to left so that students mirror your movements.

Adding Phonemes	Adding to the beginning:			Adding to the beginning:		Adding to the beginning:			Adding to the beginning:			Adding to the beginning:			
Teacher says the rime. Students repeat		Add	Response	Rime	Add	Response	Rime	Add	Response	Rime	Add	Response	Rime	Add	Response
the rime. Teacher says, "Add /*/ at the	-ūme	/f/	fume	-ōad	/t/	toad	-ake	/w/	wake	-oot	/r/	root	-ape	/k/	cape
begining and the word is?"	-oze	/n/	nose	-īde	/h/	hide	-oom	/r/	room	-āve	/s/	save	-oose	/g/	goose
Ex. T: ife S: ife T: Add /l/ at the	-āin	/p/	pain	-oon	/s/	soon	-ōve	/k/	cove	-oop	/h/	hoop	-ice	/n/	nice
beginning and the word is? S: life	-oon	/t/	tune	-ood	/m/	mood	-ike	/b/	bike	-oke	/p/	poke	-oot	/b/	boot
*Say sound, not letter name	-ice	/r/	rice	-ate	/d/	date	-oon	/m/	moon	-ife	/1/	life	-obe	/r/	robe
Adding hand motion: Teacher holds le	eft palm ou	t to show the	e rime. Add the	first sound (onset) with r	ight hand and lig	htly clap ha	nds together	for the whole w	ord.					

Deleting Phonemes	Deleting from the beginning:			Deleting from the beginning:			Deleting from the beginning:			Deleting from the beginning:			Deleting from the beginning:		
Teacher says the word. Students repeat	Word	Without	Response	Word	Without	Response	Word	Without	Response	Word	Without	Response	Word	Without	Response
the word. Teacher says, "Without /*/,	wake	/w/	ake	root	/r/	oot	cape	/k/	ape	fume	/f/	ũ me	toad	/t/	ōad
what's left is?	room	/r/	oom	save	/s/	ã ve	goose	/g/	oose	nose	/n/	ōze	hide	/h/	ide
Ex. T: rice S: rice T: Without /r/,	cove	/k/	ōve	hoop	/h/	oop	nice	/n/	ice	pain	/p/	āin	soon	/s/	oon
what's left is? S: ice	<u>b</u> ike	/b/	ike	poke	/p/	oke	boot	/b/	oot	tune	/t/	oon	mood	/m/	ood
*Say sound, not letter name	moon	/m/	oon	life	/1/	ife	robe	/r/	obe	rice	/r/	ice	date	/d/	ate

Deleting hand motion: Hold 2 open palms in front of you. Teacher's right hand is the onset, left hand is the rest of the word. Pull your right hand away when deleting the first sound, and show what word part remains with your left hand.

English Kindergarten

Phonemic Awareness Training Lesson Plan for Week 19

Wednesday

Thursday

fast asleep.

Tuesday

Monday

Teacher says the word. Students repeat the word. Teacher says, "Change /*/ to /*/ and the word is?"	dime lime mime	/l/ /m/ /t/	Response lime mime time	boat goat coat	/g/ /k/ /n/	goat coat note	mice dice	/m/ /d/ /r/	Response mice dice rice	Word gave save cave	/s/ /k/ /p/	save cave pave	book took look	/t/ /l/ /h/	Response took look hook
Ex. T: ride S: ride T: Change /r/ to /s/ and the word is? S: side *Say sound, not letter name	time chime	/ch/ /d/	chime dime	<u>n</u> ote <u>v</u> ote	/v/ /b/	vote boat	rice vice	/v/ /n/	vice nice	pave rave	/r/ /g/	rave gave	hook cook	/k/ /b/	cook book
Substituting hand motion: Teacher holds a lightly pound your fists together when you s			he thumbs, o	ut in front to	show the who	le word. Rigi	ht fist is the	first sound, left	fist is the re	st of the wor	d. Pull the fist	away that rep			920
Letter Naming Teacher holds up flashcards one at a time out of alphabetical order. The students and teacher say the letters' name and sound. Provide multiple sounds for vowels.	Card Pack: Letters A - Z Show the flashcards and say, "Letter(s) is/are; Sound is / Sounds are"		Card Pack: Letters A - Z 1. Letter names only 2. Sounds only (for speed and accuracy) Show only lower case letters, if possible.			Card Pack: Letters A - Z Show the flashcards and say, "Letter(s) is/are; Sound is / Sounds are"			Card Pack: Letters A - Z 1. Letter names only 2. Sounds only (for speed and accuracy) Show only upper case letters, if possible.			Card Pack: Letters A - Z Show the flashcards and say, "Letter(s) is/are; Sound is / Sounds are			
Language Awareness								Little Boy Bl	lue						
Nursery Rhyme Practice: Students recite nursery rhymes line by line, echoing the teacher. Teacher can have the rhyme written out and track print while the rhyme is said together. Review rhyme and highlight rhyming words on Friday.	100	Little Boy Blune blow your	2	cor The s	Little Boy Blue ne blow your heep's in the ne cow's in the	horn. neadow;	The s	Little Boy Blume blow your heep's in the ne cow's in the re's the little boks after the sh	horn. neadow; corn. oy who	Little Boy Blue, come blow your horn. The sheep's in the meadow; the cow's in the corn. Where's the little boy who looks after the sheep? He's under the haystack			Little Boy Blue, come blow your horn. The sheep's in the meadow; the cow's in the corn. Where's the little boy who looks after the sheep? He's under the haystack		

Skills

Substituting Initial Phonemes

fast asleep.

Friday

100 High Frequency Words, page 1

Read the words:

List 1	List 2	List 3
than	have	over
about	there	ride
back	any	don't
after	into	said
I'm	just	that
been	little	one
big	make	with
came	before	five
away	two	their
your	four	what
who	mother	but
when	where	here
them	very	going
because	could	our
from	were	three

100 High Frequency Words, page 2

Read the words:

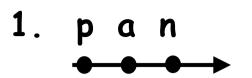
List 4		List 5	
want	take	books	sleep
able	dad	good	love
bad	hide	help	much
give	almost	city	stay
today	dog	write	name
week	anything	top	new
something	home	room	paper
bus	down	under	rain
year	become	fast	door
can't	end	hill	fun
tell	behind	know	sky
across	fish	use	both
world	why	let	time
cat	car	place	

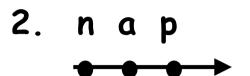
Read the words:

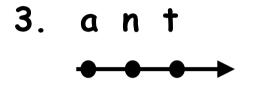
all	girl	not	she
are	got	now	sit
as	had	of	then
ball	has	or	they
be	her	out	this
boy	him	play	too
by	his	put	us
come	how	ran	was
day	if	read	went
did	jump	run	will
eat	look	sat	yes
for	man	saw	
get	mom	say	

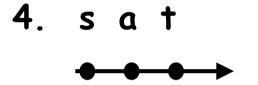
Name:_

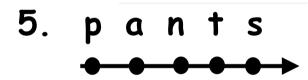
Read and Circle

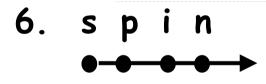




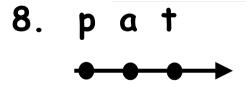


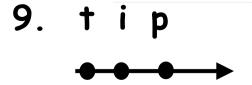










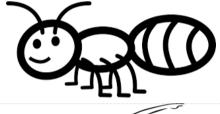




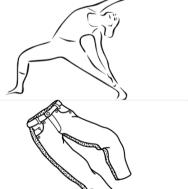












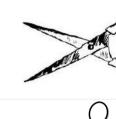


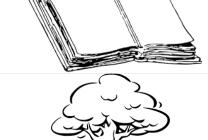




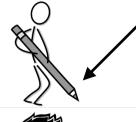




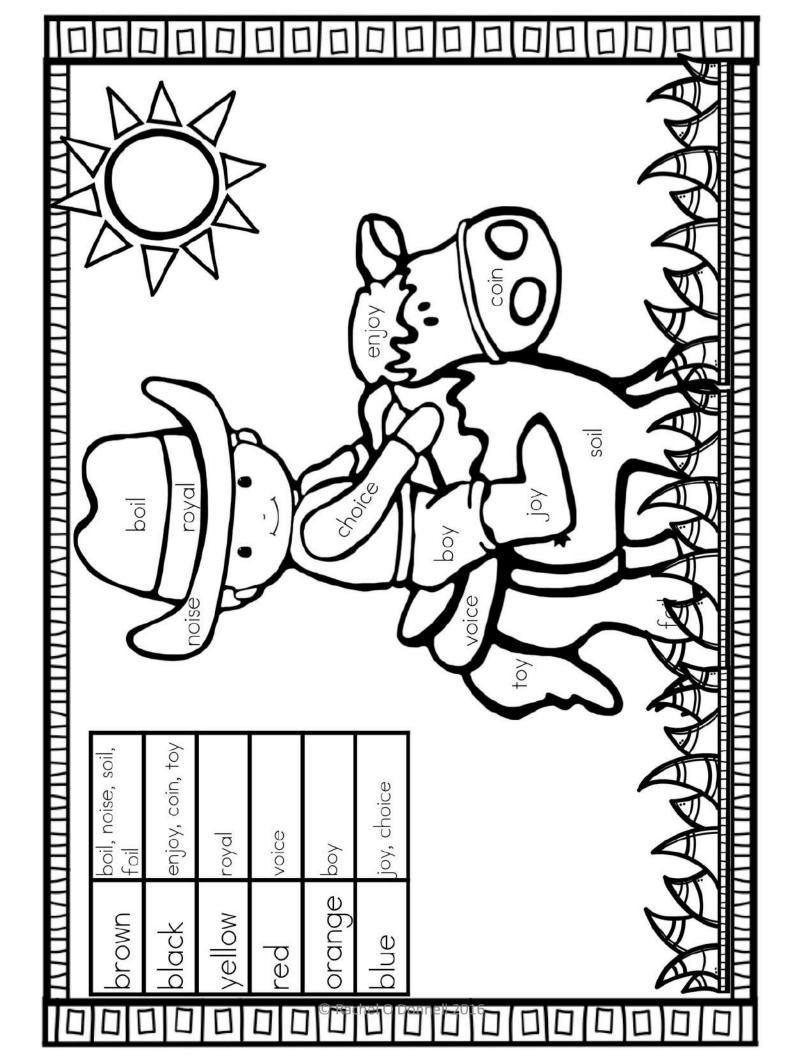






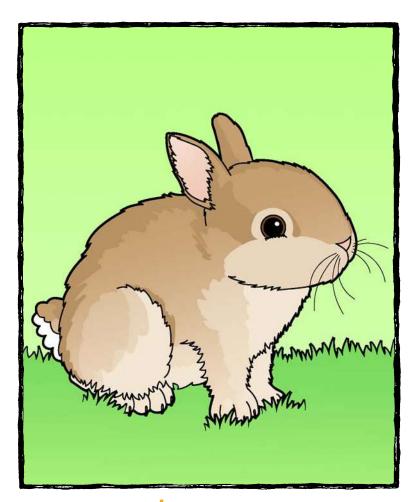






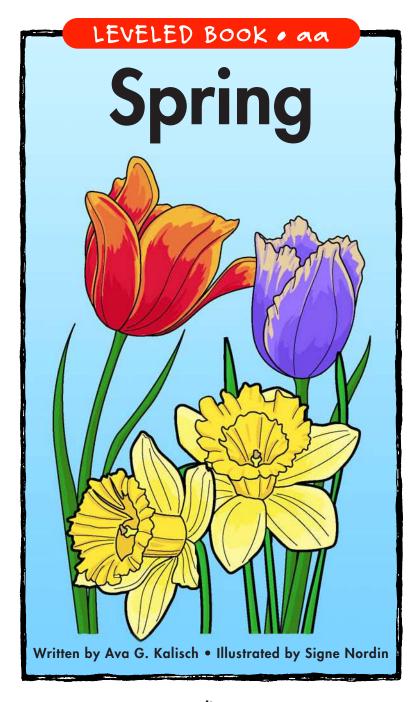
Spring

A Reading A-Z Level aa Leveled Book Word Count: 16



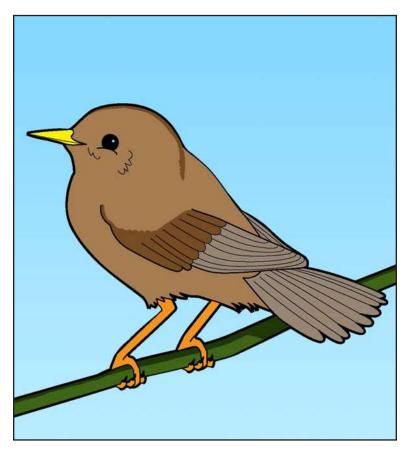


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Spring



Written by Ava G. Kalisch Illustrated by Signe Nordin

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Correlation

LEVEL aa		
Fountas & Pinnell	Α	
Reading Recovery	1	
DRA	A-1	

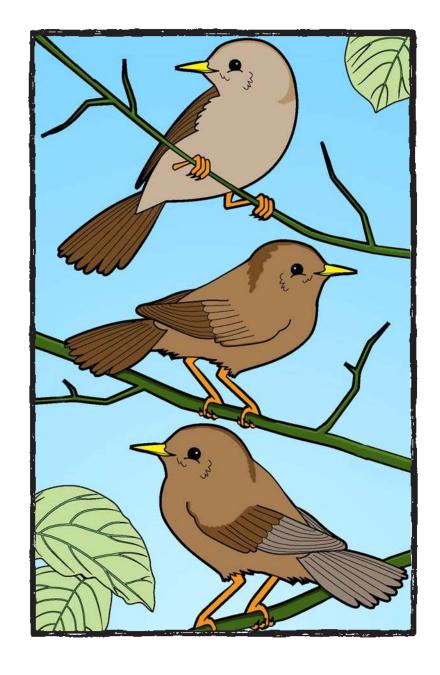


The ball.



The bikes.

Spring • Level aa 3 4



The birds.

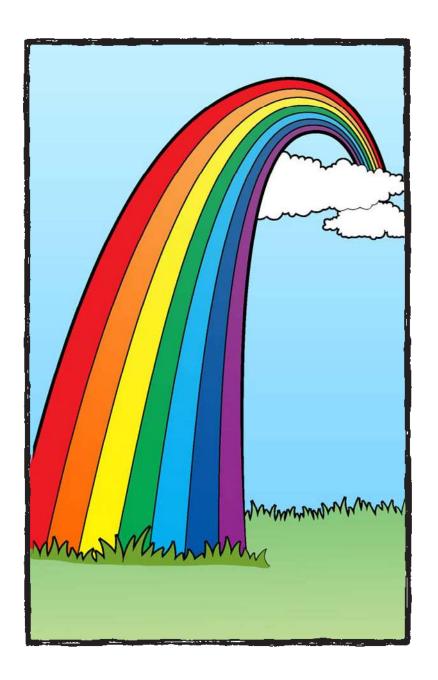


The flowers.

Spring • Level aa 5

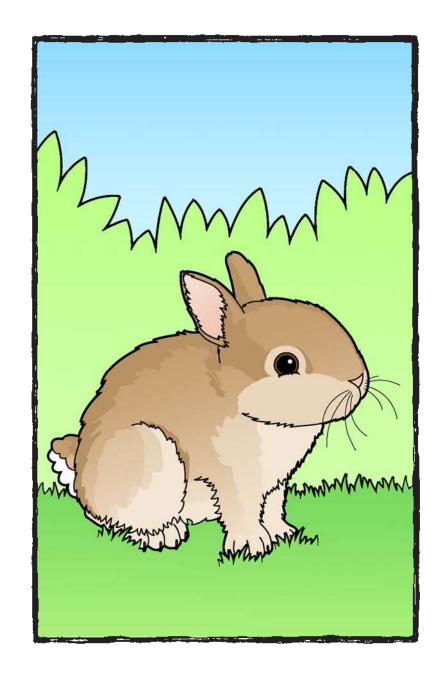


The rain.



The rainbow.

Spring • Level aa 7 8



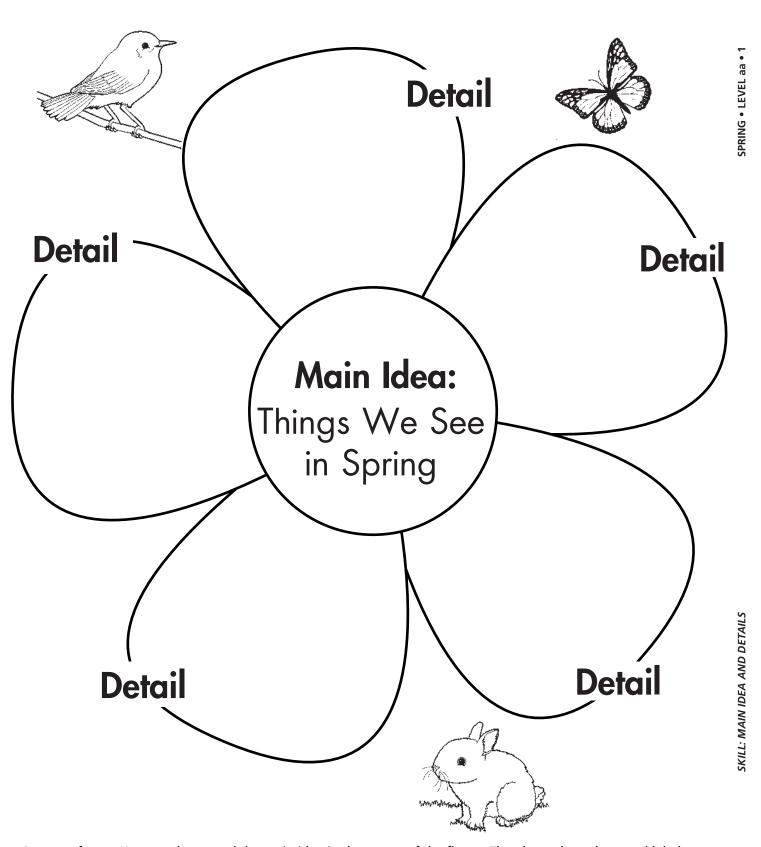
The bunny.



The spring.

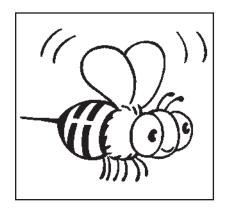
Spring • Level aa 9 10

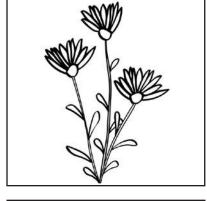


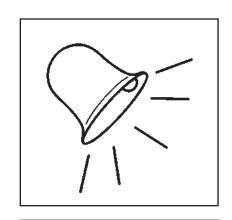


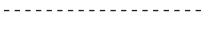
Instructions: Have students read the main idea in the center of the flower. Then have them draw and label the details in the petals.



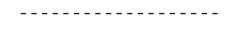


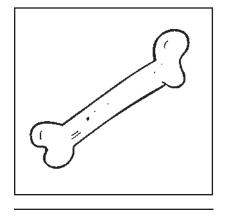


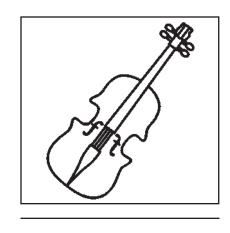


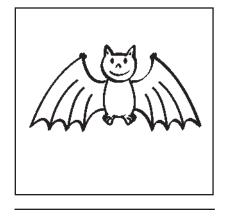




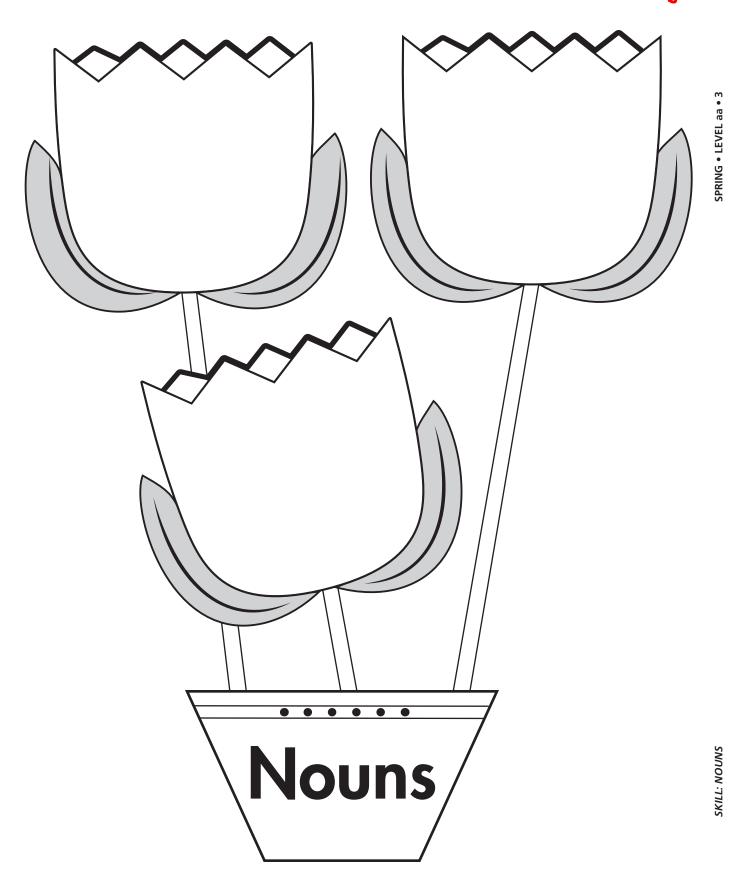




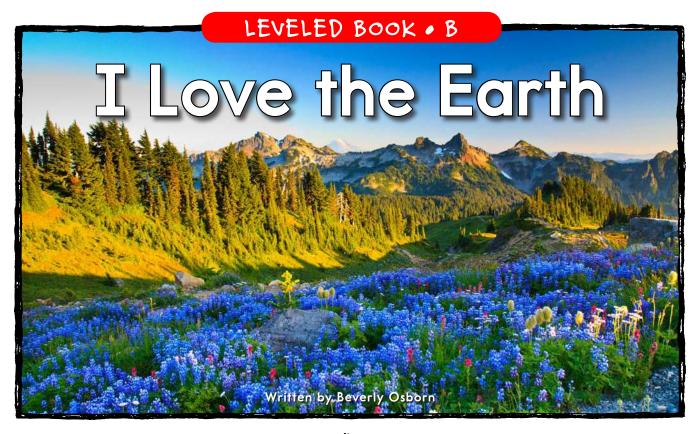




Instructions: Say the name of each picture aloud with students. Have them write *Bb* under the pictures that begin with the initial consonant /b/ sound.



Instructions: Have students draw a picture that represents a naming word, or noun, in each of the three flowers. Encourage them to label their drawings with the nouns.



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I Love the Earth

A Reading A–Z Level B Leveled Book • Word Count: 48





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I Love the Earth



Written by Beverly Osborn

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Correlation			
TEAET B			
В	Fountas & Pinnell		
7	Reading Recovery		
7	DRA		

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I love the Earth.

I love the tall trees.



h



I love the bright flowers.

I love the green hills.





I love the high mountains.

I love the long rivers.

8





I love the deep lakes.

I love the big oceans.





I love the dry deserts.

I love the Earth!



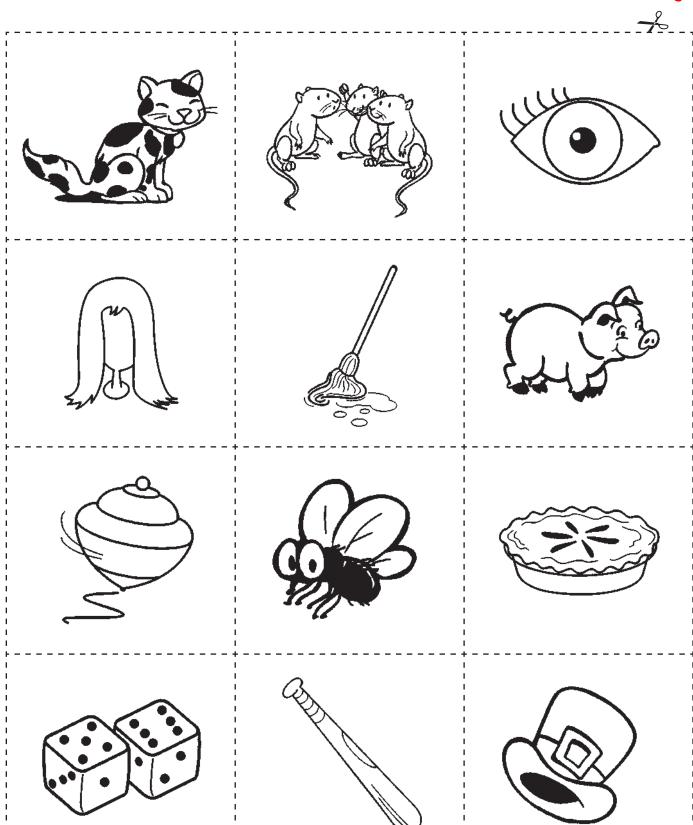
71



Instructions: Have students draw circles on a piece of paper and label those circles with the groups created by the class. Then have them sort the picture cards into the best classification circle.

I LOVE THE EARTH • LEVEL B • 2

SKILL: RHYME



Instructions: Name each picture with students. Then have them cut out the pictures and match them into pairs that rhyme. Next, have students choose one of the pictures and think of new words that rhyme with that image. Have students write three or more rhyming words on a separate sheet of paper.







I LOVE THE EARTH • LEVEL B • 3

____ see the mountains. ____ smell flowers.





SKILL: PRONOUN I

____ love the river.

__ climb trees.

Instructions: Discuss each picture with students. Have them fill in the blank with the pronoun *I* and read each sentence.







father

sleepy

happy

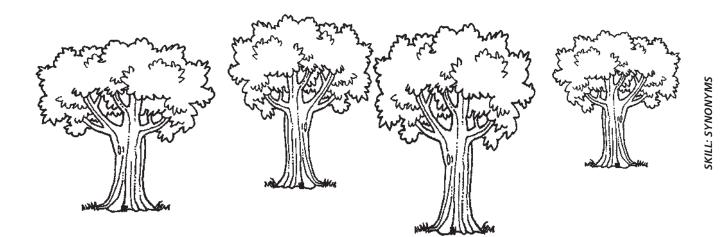
dad

stone

glad

rock

tired



Instructions: Read the words together as a group. Have students draw lines to connect the synonyms.



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New Again

A Reading A-Z Level C Levelled Book • Word Count: 62





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New Again



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New Again

Q Learning A-Z

Written by Keith and Sarah Kortemartin



We can make old things into new things.

New Again ● Level C 3





We can make a bucket into a drum.

New Again • Level C

We can make two cans into a telephone.



9

5



We can make paper into an aeroplane.

New Again ● Level C 7

We can make a bottle into a sprinkler.

8





We can make a box into a fort.

New Again • Level C

$\quad \text{What can you make with old things?} \quad \text{$^{\circ}$}$



Instructions: Read the main idea to the children. Have the children record the details by drawing a picture in each of the boxes and labelling it with key words.



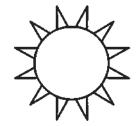


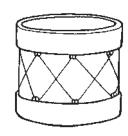
New Again • Level C • 2

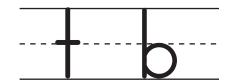


bucket







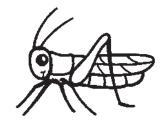






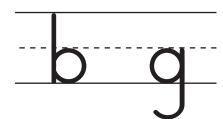












kill: Short Vowe

Instructions: Have the children add the letter u to complete each word. Then, have the children read the words to a partner.

- 1) She plays in the water.
- 2 We can make a box into a fort.
- 3 Who is making the sock puppet?
- 4 The paper aeroplane is light.
- ⑤ What can you make with old things?



- 8 Can you hear on that telephone made out of cans?

My	Sentence:			

Instructions: Have the children listen and read along as you read the sentences aloud. Have the children circle all sentences that are declarative. Then, have the children write an original declarative sentence on the lines provided.



RSU 57

- Waterboro
- Alfred
- Lyman
- Line
- Shapleigh
- Massabesic Middle
- Massabesic High

SPECIALS

LEARNING MENU SPECIALS

KINDERGARTEN

1

PE - Flip A Coin Workout: Student copy of Flip a Coin Workout 2

PE - W.O.W (Workout of the Week): Wednesdays with Mrs. Person at 11:00: rsu57.zoom.us/j/298414629 3

PE - Head's, Shoulder's, Knees and Toes Challenge, click this link to try it: <u>Heads</u> <u>Shoulders Challenge.mp4</u>

③

4

Art - My Dream House

Kindergarten Learning Board Week of April 21, 28 5

Art - Kandinsky Abstract Art

<u>Kindergarten Learning</u> <u>Board Week of April 21, 28</u> 6

(-)

Art - Collagraph

Kindergarten Learning Board Week of April 21, 28

7

Music - Oscillator: Make a pattern with the <u>Oscillator</u>. Can you make your voice sound like that? Make sure you use a gentle, high, light voice. Try patterns with all of the different robots. Which one is your favorite? musiclab.chromeexperimen

ts.com/Oscillators/

8

Music - Steady Beat: Listen to a song, and march to the steady beat! Where else can you put the steady beat on your body? What song did you listen to? 9

Music - Sound Walk: Take a walk, and notice what sounds you hear. You can write them out as a list, or draw a picture of the sounds you hear.

Sound Walk Directions and Extension

IU

Library - Choose a favorite story and create puppet characters (using spoons, popsicle sticks, socks, etc..) then act out a puppet show of the story. Make it digital: Record yourself acting out part of the story with your puppets and share with your librarian.

11

SEL - The Invisible String: finding connection, even when we can not be together.

safeYouTube.net/w/MJY7

12

SEL

Feelings Scavenger Hunt





Name: _____



Flip a Coin Workout

Directions: Find any coin, flip it in the air (with some flare), how does it land? Follow the chart to see which exercise you can complete!

Flip#	Heads	Tails		
1	Jog in Place: 1 minute	20 Jumping Jacks		
2	Plank: 30 seconds	8 Push-ups		
3	10 Squat Jumps	Wall Sit: 30 seconds		
4	15 Crunches	10 Sit-ups		
5	High Knees: 30 seconds	Invisible Jump Rope: 1 minute		
6	20 Small Arm Circles (both ways)	20 BIG arm circles (both ways)		
7	Mountain Climbers: 30 seconds	10 Burpees		
8	20 Squat Jumps	20 Calf (heel) Raises		
9	20 Sumo Squats	10 Plank Toe Touches		
10	20 Plank Jacks	Butt Kicks: 30 seconds		

Name: _____

Sound Walk

Take a walk outside, and notice what you hear. You can write them down, or draw pictures.

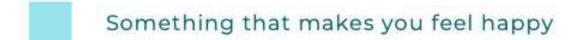
Have you done this activity already, but want to do it again? Here are some ways to make it a little different:

- 1. Take the same walk, but listen for different sounds.
- 2. Take the same walk, but at a different time of day. Do you hear other sounds?
- 3. Take a walk somewhere else. Do you hear the same sounds as the other walk you took? Do you hear any new sounds?

Don't forget to tell your music teacher all the sounds you heard!

SCAVENGER HUNT

Self-Awareness Edition





Something that you are proud of



Something you like to do when feeling silly



Something that reminds you of someone who makes you feel loved



Something you do or use to calm down when feeling mad



Something that tells about a time you were brave



Something or someone that you feel grateful for



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SCAVENGER HUNT







Something that would make a teacher, friend, or family member feel happy



Something you can do or say that would make others feel silly and laugh



Something to show something you've done or said to make friends or family feel loved



Something you've seen others do or use to calm down when feeling mad



Something you can share that will make someone else feel curious



Something you can say or do when you see others feeling sad



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Please choose from <u>ONE</u> of the following lessons to work on over the course of <u>two or three half-hour weekly sessions.</u>

My Dream House

Week 1: Collect your materials!

Materials:

- Small paper bag
- newspaper or scrap paper filling
- construction paper
- cardboard
- scissors
- glue
- stapler or tape
- crayons or markers

Watch the video about Ellery, a boy who wants to be an architect:

https://safeYouTube.net/w/9ZS5

Make a 3-Dimensional dream house! Use a piece of cardboard as your base. You can turn this base into your yard. Color the paper bag the color that you want your house to be. Fill the paper lunch bag with a wadded up newspaper about $\frac{2}{3}$ full, fold the top over and staple or tape closed. Glue or tape your house to your base.

Week 2: Cut and glue construction paper or cardboard scraps to the outside of the bag, add a roof, windows, a door and other details to make it look like your dream house





Wassily Kandinsky Abstract Art

Kandinsky was an artist who created abstract paintings often while listening to music. An abstract artwork is one in which the subject matter is not recognized immediately. Kandinsky used color, line, and shape in his work. Your abstract artwork will use color, line, and shape also.

Week 1 & 2: (This may take more than a half hour, which is your weekly expectation for time on Art. You can choose to stop after a half hour and continue to work on your art piece the following week.)

You may use crayons, markers, or paint for your colors.

- 1. On your paper either trace one geometric shape five times on your paper, the shapes can overlap, not touch, go off the paper partially, etc. It is your choice
- 2. Add four lines that go across the paper, they can touch, overlap the shapes, but they must go across the paper. Remember all the line types that we have learned about in class: zig zag, curved, wavy, straight, spiral, curly, broken, thick, thin, jagged.
- 3. Outline the lines and shapes that you have drawn with a black marker or crayon.
- 4. Color in three shapes and leave two shapes white!
- 5. Add color to the background, think about soft and loud colors!





Collagraph Printmaking

A Collagraph is a method of creating a print (or a stamp) to make artwork. They can easily be made by using a simple piece of cardboard or wood as a base and gluing objects on top to create a design. This design is then used to create prints by painting and stamping the collagraph onto paper. Here are some examples of what collagraphs look like:



Week 1: Collect your materials! You can use foam stickers, yarn, puzzle pieces, cardboard (both as a base and scraps of cardboard to glue onto your base!), dried beans, pipe cleaners, bottle caps, etc.

Create your collagraph! Create a design by gluing your objects to your cardboard to create a "stamp". Let the glue dry before using it!

Week 2: Use your collagraph as a stamp to create some prints! Apply paint to your collagraph stamp. You can stamp it on one paper and create a symmetrical design or you can use multiple paper to stamp your design.