Montoursville Area School District Financial Philosophy, Synopsis and Strategy

Christina Bason Superintendent January 2017



Why do you need Savings?

- Loss of Job
- Unexpected Emergencies
- Health Impairment
- Accident
- [®] Taking care of adult children/adult parents

Developing Personal Best Practice Income – Expenses = <u>Savings</u>

Developing District Best Practice Assets – Liabilities = <u>Fund Balance</u>

Types of Fund Balance

- Restricted Fund Balance
- Assigned/Nonspendable Fund Balance-inventory and commodities that are in existence at the point of determination.
- Committed Fund Balance-board motion to commit for specific purposes.
- Unassigned Fund Balance-funds maintained to hedge against outside variables.

Why does a district need a Fund Balance? What should the Fund Balance be for MASD?

- Pennsylvania State Budget not released on time (42% of district revenue comes from the state) other subsidies not released almost fifty percent of the time.
 - 2014-2015- PA budget enacted 99 days late
 - 2015-2016- PA budget enacted 9 months

Source: Scolforo M.; Levy M.; Pennsylvania Budget Impasse Ends: Wolf Won't Veto; Associated Press, March 24, 2016

 New Pennsylvania Funding Formula with "worst case scenario" (\$25,000), best case scenario where Basic Education Subsidies increase by \$100 Million nets Montoursville \$46,000.

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				ACTUAL ENROLLMENT 2,004		^{ي:}
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 Pennsylvania revenues being \$600 Million lower than projections for 2016-2017.

Source: Associated Press; GOP Eyes Big State Budget Changed in Lean Budget Year; NBC JACTV; January 2, 2017

 Retirement contributions originally projected to stop increasing past .33 cents/payroll dollar will now increase past .36 cents/payroll dollar.

Source: Pennsylvania School Employees Retirement System

 Pennsylvania state contributions to public education continue to decrease while local tax increases continue to attempt to make up the difference.

Pennsylvania's school districts continue to be highly dependent on the local wealth of their communities to support students' academic achievement due to insufficient state funding. Almost every state pays a larger percentage of overall public education costs than Pennsylvania does. On average, other states contribute 45 percent of total education funding, but Pennsylvania contributes only 36 percent. This low state share means that Pennsylvania's local school districts must pay 55 percent of all public education costs, compared to the national average of 44 percent. As a result, Pennsylvania's state share of PK-12 education funding ranks 45th in the nation. *Source: US Census Bureau 2014*

Source: Pennsylvania School Funding Project; Pennsylvania's Historic School Funding Problem; 2017

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 Special education student numbers growing along with mandated educational programs for this population.

2014-2015-227 2015-2016-241 2016-2017-264

Source: Bradford, Lycoming and Sullivan Tioga Intermediate Unit #17 Annual December 1st count

Transportation costs-flooding and special needs students

School Year	Actual Transportation Expenditures	Special Education Portion	Special Education % of Total
2009-2010	\$966,877	\$165,624.58	17.12%
2010-2011	\$1,043,630.44	\$190,504.54	18.25%
2011-2012	\$1,175,920.83	\$224,813.41	19.12%
2012-2013	\$1,112,435.68	\$191,429.06	17.21%
2013-2014	\$1,045,038.32	\$177,053.18	16.94%
2014-2015	\$1,081,673.47	\$179,606.01	16.60%
2015-2016	\$1,142.402.10	\$233,438.51	20.43%

 Added publicly funded cyber school choice, charter school choice, vouchers and new federal Secretary of Education, Betsy DeVos.

Source: Richmond, E.; The Atlantic; January 10, 2017

Source: Nazaryan, A.; Betsy DeVos is Coming for Your Public Schools; Newsweek; January 10, 2017



- Annual health care increases.
- Potential economic changes to the local business community such as large business closures or layoffs.

MASD Fund Balance at 6-30-2016

Fund Balances

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0810	Nonspendable Fund Balance	36,776
0820	Restricted Fund Balance	
0830	Committed Fund Balance	1,160,550
0840	Assigned Fund Belence	
	Unassigned Fund Balance	1,532,417
lai Fujic	d Balances	\$2,731,743
I Liabii	d Balances Ities, Deferred InHows Of Resources And Fund Bal	ances \$6,755,110



2016-2017 Budget

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REVENUE FROM LOCAL SOURCES	10,706,710
0111 Gurroni Real Estate Taxes	30,008
6112 Interim Real Ecters	17,900
6113 Public Utility Rocky Taxes	30.090
6114 Payments in Lieu of Curront Taxes - State / Local	
6150 Current Act 511 Taxes - Propertional Assessments	3,700,000
6400 Delinguencies on Texos Levied / Assessed by the LEA	531,000
6600 Earrings on Investments	10,000
8700 Revenues from LEA Activities	52,000
6600 Revenues from Informediary Sources / Pass-Thuruph Funds	Z23,000 3,000
6910 Rentale	72,000
6940 Tullion from Patrons	20,000
8990 Refunds and Other Miscellaneous Revenue	
REVENUE FROM LOCAL SOURCES	16,394,710
REVENUE FROM STATE SOURCES	
7110 Basic Education Funding	7,213,24
7271 Special Education lunds for School-Aged Pupits	1,261,30
7310 Transportation (Pupil and Nonshiblic/CS)	472,00
7320 Ronlai and Sinking Fund Poymenis / Building Raimbursementi Subsky 7330 Health Services (Madical, Dental, Narsa, Act 25)	438,80 35,00
7340 State Property Tax Reduction Allocation	511,28
7010 State Flopeny Fox Characterity and Medicare Taxes	475,00
7820 State Share of Refirement Contributions	1,839,20
REVENUE FROM STATE SOURCES	12,246,63
REVENUE FROM FEDERAL SOURCES	
8514 NCL9, Title (- Improving the Academic Achievement of Intelligent and the second s	272,49
0516 NGLD, Title II - Proporing, Training and Recruiting High Quality Teachers and Principals	46,90
8810 School-Based Acress Medicald Rainbursement Procisin (SBAP) Rokaliki/sements (Access)	30,00
REVENUE FROM FEDERAL SOURCES	371,39
TOTAL ESTIMATED REVENUES AND OTHER BOURCES	28,012,73



2016-2017 Budget

016-2017 FL	aneral Fund Budget (PDE-2026)	Estimated Expenditures and Other Financing Uses: Budget Summary
EA : 117415103 Tinled 6/3/2018		page + 1 of 1
Descriptio	uà de la companya de	Amount
1000 ins	rucion	
	1100 Regular Programs - Elementally / Secondary 1200 Special Programs - Elementary / Secondary 1300 Vocational Education 1400 Other Instructional Programs - Elementary / Secondary	13,321,955 3,023,215 297,960 139,100
Total Ins	ruction	.16702,230
2000 50	oport Services	
	2100 Support Services - Students 2200 Support Services - Instructional Staff 2300 Support Services - Administration 2400 Support Services - Pupil Health	794,820 1,399,460 1,855,050 367,660
	2500 Support Services - Business 2600 Operation and Maintedance of Plant Services	· 435,090 2,829,380
	2700 Stutient Transportation Services	1,108,900
Total Su	port Services	6,791,380
	eration of Non-Instructional Services	
	3200 Student Activities	672,460
Total Op	erstion of Non-Amstructional Services	1
	er Expenditures and Financing Uses 5200 Intentind Transfers - Out \$900 Budgetary Reserve	. 3, 378,620 400,000
Tatal (DU	er Expenditures and Financing Uses	3,778,620 30,024,719
	matod Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	30.024.710

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MASD Financial Position projection for 6-30-2017

Over expended by (\$2,011,980) must come from Fund Balance \$2,731,743

Fund Balance estimate at 6-30-2017 = \$719,763

Philosophical Strategy

It is important to keep in mind the short-term nature of fund balance monies as a revenue source. Any ongoing need for funds supplied from the fund balance in a given year will require a double tax increase the following year if revenues have to be obtained from local funds: once to replace the fund balance monies from the previous year and second amount to shift the source of funding over to local taxes...Consequently, revenues from the fund balance are best used for one-time expenditures...

Source: Hartman, William T., School District Budgeting, 1999, Scarecrow Education Publishing



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School Year	Revenue		Expenditure	Fund Balance
2009-2010	\$24,334,813	;	\$24,062,736	\$3,834,100
2010-2011	\$24,953,691		\$23,328,305	\$5,463,032
2011-2012	\$24,373,414	k	\$25,420,897	\$4,415,549
2012-2013	\$25,493,072	2	\$25,389,656	\$4,518,965
2013-2014	\$26,160,490)	\$26,298,892	\$4,380,563
2014-2015	\$26,684,639)	\$27,384,752	\$3,680,450
2015-2016	\$28,066,717	7	\$29,014,427	\$2,731,743
	School Year 1	Expenses Inc.	% Revenues Inc.	6
	2009-2010	*	*	
	2010-2011	-3.1%	2.5%	
	2011-2012	9.0	-2.3%	
	2012-2013	-0.1%	4.6%	
	2013-2014	3.6%	2.6%	
	2014-2015	4.1%	2.0%	
	2015-2016	6.0%	5.2%	

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MASD Best Practices

- 2016-2017 are being reviewed and budgets reduced to try to alleviate the deficit
- Current expenditures will equal current revenues
- All expenditures will be prioritized through zero based budgeting
- All revenues will be reviewed to ensure accuracy
- * Fund balance will be developed for specific needs
- [®] Board members will be kept up-to-date as to our progress

Closing Statements

- We will enhance our financial strategies in order to develop a stable structure that safeguards the current educational systems as well as develops new educational systems that prepare our students for a global society.
- We will work with every board member to ensure their education as well as transparency of all tax dollars.
- ^a We will collaborate with our staff to develop an organizational culture that cultivates "out of the box" thought processes and replaces the industrialized "because we have always done it that way" philosophies in order to continue being a top-ranked school district.