Essential Understandings	• Writing is a form of communication that involves being engaged in behaviors that contribute to the clear and effective expression of ideas, stories, opinions, and information.
Essential Questions	 How do we communicate through writing? What are the behaviors that contribute to effective writing? What are the phonics, word analysis skills, grammar and language conventions students need to write and speak clearly and effectively?
Essential Knowledge	 Writers write for a variety of purposes. Grade-level vocabulary, language conventions and mechanics contribute to proficient writing.
Vocabulary/Content	 Vocabulary, poetry, information, fiction, narrative, story, opinion, nonfiction, true story, author, illustration, illustrator, details, cover, table of contents, captions, labels, diagrams, beginning, middle, end, author's purpose, punctuation, spacing, capital letters, lower case letters, stamina, focus, revise, details, checklist, writing tools, rereading, title, word wall, letter, word, sentence, speech bubbles
Essential Skills	 With guidance and support from adults, respond to questions and suggestions from peers and add details to strengthen writing as needed. With guidance and support from adults, explore a variety of digital tools to produce and publish writing, including in collaboration with peers. Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about <i>kindergarten topics and texts</i> with peers and adults in small and larger groups. Describe people, places, things, and events and with prompting and support, provide additional detail. Add drawings or other visual displays to descriptions as desired to provide additional detail. Speak audibly and express thoughts, feelings, and ideas clearly. Use words and phrases acquired through conversations, reading and being read to, and responding to texts. Demonstrate grade level appropriate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.

	Unit 2: Building Writing Habits
Related	Writing-Kindergarten
Maine Learning	• W.K.5
Results	 With guidance and support from adults, respond to questions and suggestions from peers and add details to strengthen writing as needed. W.K.6
	With guidance and support from adults, explore a variety of digital tools to produce and publish writing, including in collaboration with peers.
	Speaking and Listening-Kindergarten
	SL.K.1Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners
	about kindergarten topics and texts with peers and adults in small and larger groups.
	.SL.K.1.A Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions (e.g., listening to
	others and taking turns speaking about the topics and texts under
	discussion).
	.SL.K.1.B Continue a conversation through multiple exchanges.
	SL.K.4 Describe people, places, things, and events and with prompting and support, provide additional detail.
	.SL.K.5 Add drawings or other visual displays to descriptions as desired to provide additional detail.
	Speak audibly and express thoughts, feelings, and ideas clearly .
	Language-Kindergarten
	.L.K.1 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English
	grammar and usage when writing or speaking.
	.L.K.1.A Print many upper- and lowercase letters.
	L.K.1.B Use frequently occurring nouns and verbs.
	.L.K.1.C Form regular plural nouns orally by adding /s/ or /es/ (e.g., dog, dogs; wish, wishes).

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L.K.1.D Understand and use question words (interrogatives)
(e.g., who, what, where, when, why, how).
.L.K.1.E Use the most frequently occurring prepositions (e.g., to, from,
in, out, on, off, for, of, by, with).
L.K.1.F Produce and expand complete sentences in shared language
activities.
.L.K.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English
capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.
L.K.2.A Capitalize the first word in a sentence and the pronoun I
L.K.2.B Recognize and name end punctuation.
L.K.2.CWrite a letter or letters for most consonant and short-vowel
sounds (phonemes).
L.K.2.D Spell simple words phonetically, drawing on knowledge of
sound-letter relationships.
L.K.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-
meaning words and phrases based on kindergarten reading and
content.
.L.K.4.A Identify new meanings for familiar words and apply them
accurately (e.g., knowing <i>duck</i> is a bird and learning the verb to <i>duck</i>).
L.K.4.B Use the most frequently occurring inflections and affixes
(e.g., -ed, -s, re-, un-, pre-, -ful, -less) as a clue to the meaning of an
unknown word.
L.K.5
With guidance and support from adults, explore word relationships and
nuances in word meanings.
L.K.5.A
Sort common objects into categories (e.g., shapes, foods) to gain a
sense of the concepts the categories represent.
L.K.5.B
Demonstrate understanding of frequently occurring verbs and
adjectives by relating them to their opposites (antonyms).
Identify real-life connections between words and their use (e.g., note

	Unit 2: Building Writing Habits
	places at school that are colorful).
	.L.K.5.D
	Distinguish shades of meaning among verbs describing the same
	general action (e.g., <i>walk, march, strut, prance</i>) by acting out the
	meanings.
	.L.K.6
	Use words and phrases acquired through conversations, reading and
	being read to, and responding to texts.
Sample Activities	Read a variety of books with labels.
	 Share writing about our playground (label pictures, stretch out words, write letter sounds)
	 Read How To books and use shared writing to write a How To
	book (make a PB&J)
	Partner work – one child reads their story and the listener asks a
	question that could help the writer revise their story
	Cloze activities
	Make a class book (ex. Brown Bear, Brown Bear)
	 Interactive writing Handwriting development using fine motor tools such as clay,
	 Handwriting development using fine motor tools such as clay, sticks, tracing, wikki stix, etc.
Sample	Writing rubric
Classroom	Regular review of student writing folders
Assessment	Conference and observations notes
Methods	High frequency word automaticity
	Writing prompts
	Letter sound fluency Formed and informed ab convertion
	Formal and informal observation Publications:
Sample	Units of Study for Teaching Writing by Lucy Calkins
Resources	 Interactive Writing – How Language and Literacy Come
	<i>Together, K-2</i> by McCarrier, Pinnell, Fountas
	Words Their Way
	Kindergarten Phonics by Fountas and Pinnell
	• The Complete Year in Reading and Writing by Karen McNally
	and Pam Allyn
	Trait Crate Kindergarten by Ruth Culham
	About the Authors by Katie Wood Ray
	Webbing with Literature by Karen D'Angelo

• Reading and Writing for Kindergarten by Dorothy P. Hall
 <u>Suggested Texts:</u> Creak! Said the Bed by Phyllis Root Library Mouse by Daniel Kirk Rocket Writes a Story by Tad Hills We Are in a Book! By Mo Willems Mo Willem's Books Lunch by Denise Flemming The Stinky Cheese Man by Jon Scieszka