Evaluating Definite Integrals More Practice

Name:

AP Calculus

Evaluate each definite integral below. Remember: If you use u-substitution, find the new limits of integration.

1)
$$\int_{0}^{2} 2x^2 \sqrt{x^3 + 1} dx$$

2)
$$\int_{-1}^{1} x(x^2+1)^3 dx$$

3)
$$\int_{0}^{2} x \sqrt[3]{4 + x^{2}} dx$$

$$4) \int_{1}^{5} \frac{x}{\sqrt{2x-1}} \, dx$$

$$\int_{0}^{4} \sqrt{x} dx = \int_{0}^{k} y^{2} dy$$

Find the exact value of k that solves the equation (the answer will have a radical symbol in it)

6) Say in words what the main difference between a definite integral and an indefinite integral is.