

Calculators allowed (1, 2)

1. (2002 exam) The rate at which people enter an amusement park on a given day is modeled by the function E defined by

$$E(t) = \frac{15600}{(t^2 - 24t + 160)}$$

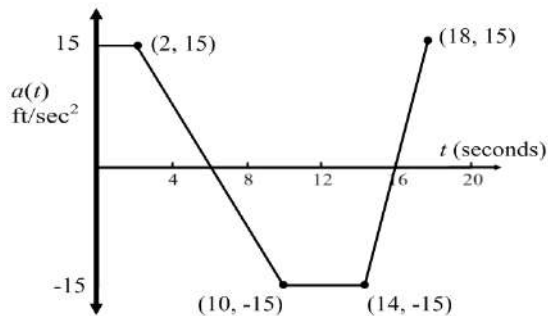
The rate at which people leave the same amusement park on the same day is modeled by the function L defined by

$$L(t) = \frac{9890}{(t^2 - 38t + 370)}$$

Both $E(t)$ and $L(t)$ are measured in people per hour and time t is measured in hours after midnight. These functions are valid for $9 \leq t \leq 23$, the hours during which the park is open. At time $t = 9$, there are no people in the park.

- How many people have entered the park by 5:00 P.M. ($t = 17$)? Round your answer to the nearest whole number.
- The price of admission to the park is \$15 until 5:00 P.M. ($t = 17$). After 5:00 P.M., the price of admission to the park is \$11. How many dollars are collected from admissions to the park on the given day? Round your answer to the nearest whole number.
- Let $H(t) = \int_9^t (E(x) - L(x)) dx$ for $9 \leq t \leq 23$. The value of $H(17)$ to the nearest whole number is 3725. Find the value of $H'(17)$, and explain the meaning of $H(17)$ and $H'(17)$ in the context of the amusement park.
- At what time t , for $9 \leq t \leq 23$, does the model predict that the number of people in the park is a maximum?

2. (2001 exam) A car is traveling on a straight road with velocity 55 ft/sec at time $t = 0$. For $0 \leq t \leq 18$ seconds, the car's acceleration $a(t)$, in ft/sec², is the piecewise linear function defined by the graph below.

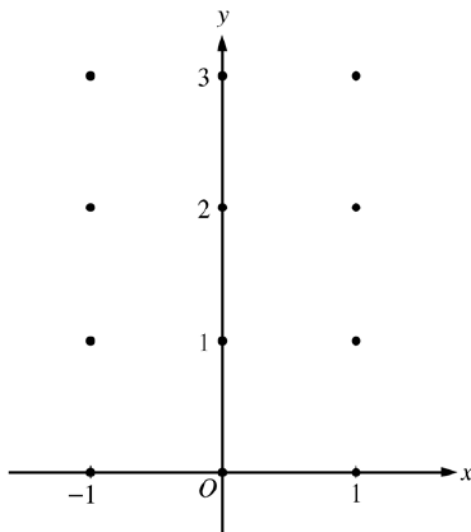


- Is the velocity of the car increasing at $t = 2$ seconds? Why or why not?
- At what time in the interval $0 \leq t \leq 18$, other than $t = 0$, is the velocity of the car 55 ft/sec? Why?
- On the time interval $0 \leq t \leq 18$, what is the car's absolute maximum velocity, in ft/sec, and at what time does it occur? Justify your answer.
- At what times in the interval $0 \leq t \leq 18$, if any, is the car's velocity equal to zero? Justify your answer.

Calculators are not allowed (3, 4)

3. (2004 exam) Consider the differential equation $\frac{dy}{dx} = x^4(y - 2)$.

- (a) On the axes provided, sketch a slope field for the given differential equation at the twelve points indicated.



- b) While the slope field in part (a) is drawn at only twelve points, it is defined at every point in the xy -plane. Describe all points in the xy -plane for which the slopes are negative.
- c) Find the particular solution $y = f(x)$ to the given differential equation with the initial condition $f(0) = 0$.

4. Let h be a function defined for all $x \neq 0$ such that $h(4) = -3$ and the derivative of h is given by

$$h'(x) = \frac{x^2 - 4}{x}$$

- (a) Find all values of x for which the graph of h has a horizontal tangent, and determine whether h has a local maximum, a local minimum, or neither at each of these values. Justify your answers.
- (b) On what intervals, if any, is the graph of h concave up? Justify your answer.
- (c) Write an equation for the line tangent to the graph of h at $x = 8$.
- (d) Does the line tangent to the graph of h at $x = 8$ lie above or below the graph of h for $x > 8$? Why?