







MATCH the MEANINGS

Base Word:

use

Highlight the word in each sentence that contains the base word. Read the sentence. Determine which meaning best defines the word you underlined. Drag the letter to each box.

It was a clear misuse of the sewing machine when baby Luke climbed on it and pretended it was a horse.

The crayons were small, but they were still usable.

The cup with a hole in the bottom was completely useless.

- A. without use
- B. to use something in the wrong way

C. able to be used

A

B



DAILY, DOSE, OF, EDITING





Draw a line under each of the FIVE mistakes.

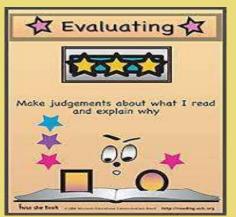
we ate turkey, mash potatoes and creamed spinach but we need a nap



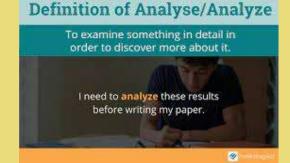
Rewrite the sentence with the corrections made.

STRENGTHEN & ELABORATE
Use part of the sentence, but make some changes. Use more detail to make it stronger.





Students will read, organize, and use evidence from the text to analyze the theories about yellow fever transmission and evaluate which claims are supported by evidence and which claims are not.



Open the Vocab App.



Discredited- That <u>discredited</u> the idea that yellow fever was somehow spread by touch

When she showed up to school the next day, the rumor that she moved was discredited.

Prefix-dis







We'll read chapter 4 together, and then you will partner read chapter 5. Continue to answer the questions with the people in your row while you are reading.

Dr. Reed's team puts together a working

in blood and tissue samples from yellow fever

The team is told that U.S. soldiers are dving of

laboratory at Camp

Dr. Reed's team searches for

patients and victims.

a mysterious illness at

READING Select Text: Some Answers More Questions



Dr. Agramonte autopsies a U.S. soldier and	
discovers that he died of	
•	
Dr. Reed and Dr. Agramonte diagnose 35	
with yellow fever.	
One	
in a locked guardhouse dies of yellow fever.	

Use information from the text to help you complete the following statements. Drag each answer option into the correct blank.

# A. prisoner B. yellow fever	
: C. U.S. soldiers : D. Columbia	
# E. Pinar del Rio	
:: F: Bacillus icteroides	

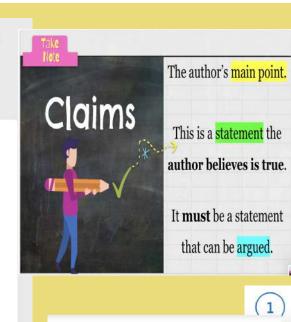


We just read a complex section of text. As medical detectives, it is vital that we keep our ideas organized to understand how claims and/or arguments are supported. Now we will slow down, zoom in, and figure out exactly what we know based on the facts.

1. What specific claim is being presented in the text? Select the sentence that explains the yellow fever theory that Dr. Reed's team is testing.

(From The Secret of the Yellow Death: A True Story of Medical Sleuthing, Ch. 4 "Going Nowhere," paragraph 3)

"The problem seemed simple. A If *Bacillus icteroides* caused yellow fever, it ought to be found in the bodies of yellow fever victims. All Reed and his colleagues had to do was look. BSo, as the warm July days sped past, the four doctors searched for *Bacillus icteroides* in blood samples that had been taken from live yellow fever patients. They also tried to find the bacteria in blood and bits of tissue that had been taken from the dead. With delicate hoops made from platinum wire they streaked infected blood onto gelatin-filled plates and popped these cultures in the incubator to see if warmth and the gelatin food would make Dr. Giuseppe Sanarelli's mysterious bacteria grow. They tried to grow the bacteria by placing tiny samples of the livers, spleens, kidneys, intestines, and hearts of yellow fever victims in the test tubes filled with bouillon that bacteria liked to eat. But nothing much grew in the tubes or on the plates. And no matter how carefully the men looked through their microscopes, they couldn't find a single sample of *Bacillus icteroides*. (4, 3)



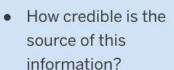
Select Text: Investigation at

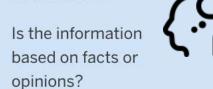
Camp Columbia

1. How did the team investigate their theory? What did they learn? Use the information from the passage to trace how the resulting evidence supports or opposes the claim that *Bacillus icteroides* causes yellow fever.

What the Team Did (Investigation)	What the Team Learned (Result)
"the four doctors searched for Bacillus cteroides in blood samples that had been taken from ive yellow fever patients."	No Bacillus icteroides

Assessing Evidence



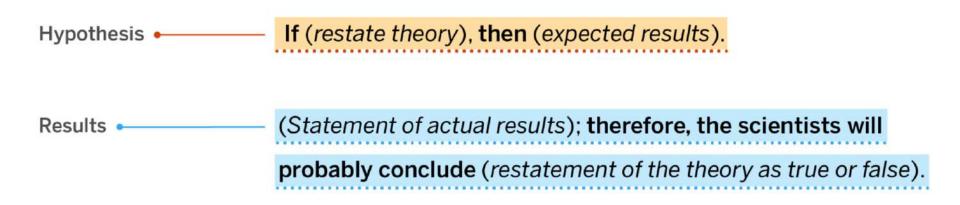


 How important is this information to add support for this idea?



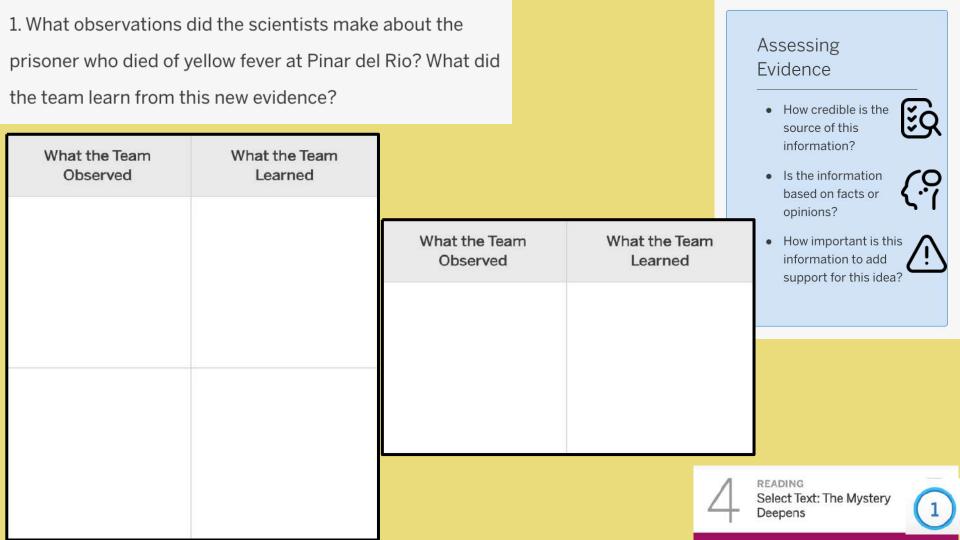


Summarize findings:



- What do you think is the most relevant evidence that the team learned from their investigation?
 - You can use this format to help you explain how the resulting evidence supports or does not support the claim that *Bacillus icteroides* causes yellow fever.

PARTNER
Select Text: Investigation a
Camp Columbia



What They Observed: The dead prisoner had not been near yellow fever patients before or during his imprisonment.

What They Learned: A person could catch yellow fever even if they had not been near someone who was already infected.

What They Observed: The dead prisoner had never touched contaminated materials.

What They Learned: A person could catch yellow fever even if they had not had contact with contaminated materials.

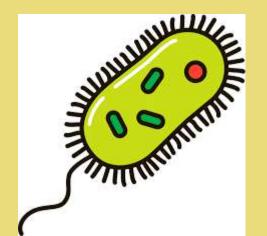
What They Observed: None of the eight cellmates who breathed the same air as the dead prisoner caught yellow fever.

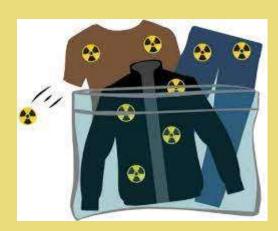
What They Learned: Yellow fever did not pass from person to person through the air.

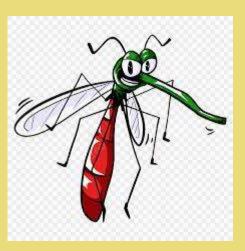
Consider the evidence you and the team have collected to support or refute each theory of yellow fever transmission.

Raise your hand...

- if you have found some strong evidence that the bacteria *Bacillus icteroides* is (or is not) the source of yellow fever transmission.
- if you have found some strong evidence that contaminated clothing is (or is not) the source of yellow fever transmission.
- if you have found some strong evidence that mosquitoes are the source of yellow fever transmission.







Formative Assessment (Independent)

Which theory of yellow fever transmission is most supported by the evidence?

The bacteria Bacillus icteroides is the source of yellow fever transmission.

Contaminated clothing is the source of yellow fever transmission.

Mosquitoes are the source of yellow fever transmission. **SENTENCE STARTERS** Explain one piece of evidence that show whi claim is most supported by the evidence.

Use at least 1 of these related vocabulary

words in your response: contaminated, bacte

germ(s), hypothesis, infected, yellow fever. You may choose to use one or two of the

started writing. The claim ____ is most supported by th

following sentence starters to help you get

The text says, "____ This proves the theory about because

evidence because _____.