



Dancing Raisins

Leading questions:

- Can you give an example of something sinking? Something floating?
- Why do you think some things float and other things sink?

What to do:

1. Predict what you think will happen if you drop a few raisins into a glass of water.
 - Try it and explain what you think is happening.
 - What do you think causes what you see?
2. Now try dropping some raisins into the glass of bubbly soda.
 - Watch for a minute and describe what you see. What forces are acting on the raisin?
 - What do you think causes the raisins to rise?
 - Why do you think the raisins fall after they reach the surface?

Summary:

Buoyancy is the **upward force** a liquid exerts on an objects. It works against **gravity**, which is the force that causes everything to fall. The water does not have enough **buoyancy** to lift the raisins. In the soda, the bubbles attach to the raisins to increase the buoyancy and overcome the force of **gravity**. At the surface, some of the bubbles pop and gravity becomes the stronger force.

Other things you can try; Check out the lava lamp and the buoyancy tube.



Dancing Raisins

(Guide)

Leading questions:

- Can you give examples of something sinking? And something floating?

Talk: to students about their answers (why, how, give more examples...).

- Why do you think some things float and other things sink?

Explain: Something will float (for example in water) when the space it takes up (its volume) has less mass (weighs less) than the water it displaces; it is **more buoyant**. The **buoyant force** ↑ is greater than the force of **gravity** ↓.

Show examples: a cork in water, plastic in water

What to do:

- Predict what you think will happen if you drop a few raisins into a glass of water.

- Try it and explain what you think is happening.
- What do you think causes what you see?

Explain: the raisin will sink in water because the force of **gravity** ↓ is greater than the **↑ buoyant force** of the water.

- Now try dropping some raisins into the glass of bubbly soda.

- Watch for a minute and describe what you see.
- What do you think causes the raisins to rise?

Explain: the raisins rise because they are covered in bubbles from the soda then more buoyant. The **buoyant force** ↑ (from the bubbles) is greater the force of **gravity** ↓.

- Why do you think the raisins fall after they reach the surface?

Explain: the bubbles pop at the surface; then, the force of **gravity** ↓ is greater than the **↑ buoyant force** of the soda.

Summary:

The lava lamp and the density tube work the same way as the raisins; the more buoyant (less dense) object or material will rise in a less buoyant (more dense) material.

WATER

SODA

Set-up Guide and Suggestions

Glass with water, glass with soda

PREDICT, Add raisins to a glass of water; to a glass of soda

Observe action, surface of raisins

Compare coming up, going down

What force causes them to rise; causes them to sink?

Note to us:

Cups, raisins, waste jar, spoon, wider base glasses, ginger ale, 10 min time limit activity

Sodas: What works: Ginger Ale, ...What doesn't work, diet tonic water, club soda.