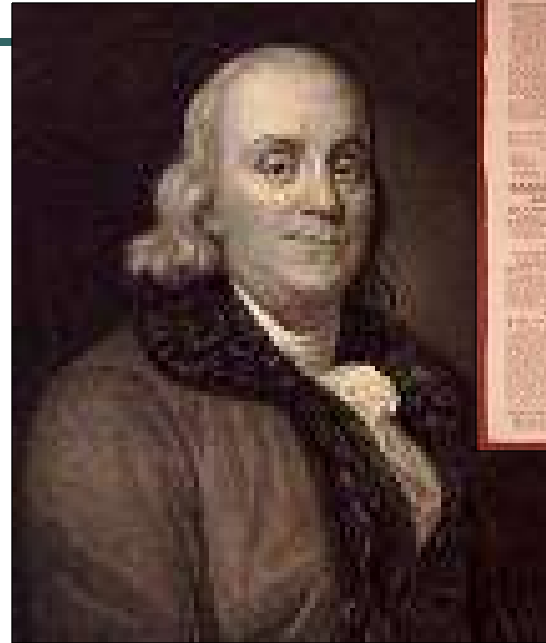


Timeline of Colonial Events

- Sebastian
- Mrs. Branin
- 5th Grade

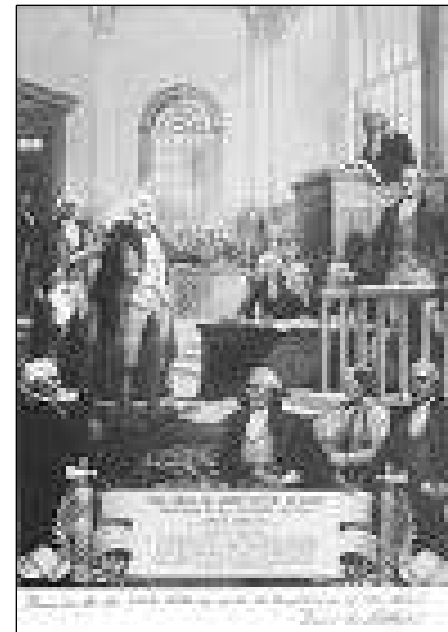
1729

- Ben Franklin establishes Philadelphia's first newspaper.
- He is a very important and one of the most famous Philadelphians.



1735

- Trial of John Peter Zenger.
- The Zenger trial is a remarkable story of a divided Colony, the beginnings of a free press.



1739

- Stone slave rebellion in South Carolina.
- They went on a rampage and killed 30 colonists.
- This this rebellion may have been caused by the Security Act.



1744

- Eliza Lucas Pinckney successfully grows indigo.
- Southern plantations grew tobacco, rice, and indigo, which they sold to buyers in England and elsewhere in America.



1750

- The colonies have 250,000 enslaved persons.
- They forced them to work long and hard for no money or land.
- They were given harsh treatment.



1760

- More Europeans arrive in the colonies.
- By 1770 more than two million people lived and worked in Great Britain's American colonies.
- Colonists from all over Europe were welcomed to the Middle Colonies. Europeans who settled in the Middle Colonies included Dutch, German, Scottish, Swedish, Irish, Portuguese, and English immigrants.



1775

- Philadelphia is the largest colonial city.
- Ben Franklin helped establish Philadelphia.
- He established the first public library, fire department, and more.



1720-1765

The Colonial Economies

- Agriculture- is the business of farming.
- Industry-are all the businesses that make one kind of product or provide one kind of service.
- Free Enterprise-means people can start any business they want.



1750-1770

- Assembly-is a law making body.
- Legislation-is the making or passing of laws.
- Delegates-are members of the assembly.
- Laws had to be approved by British government.

