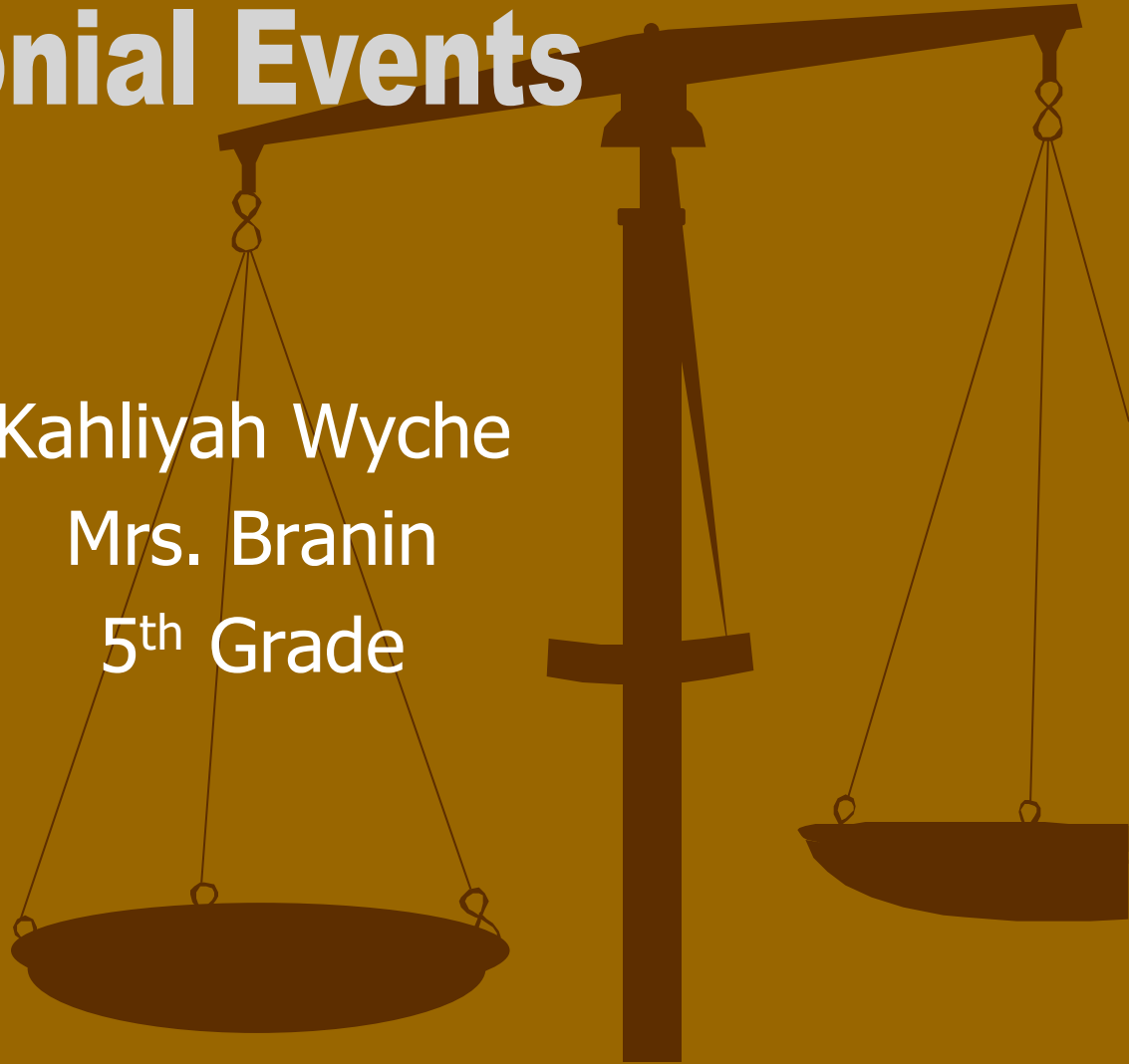


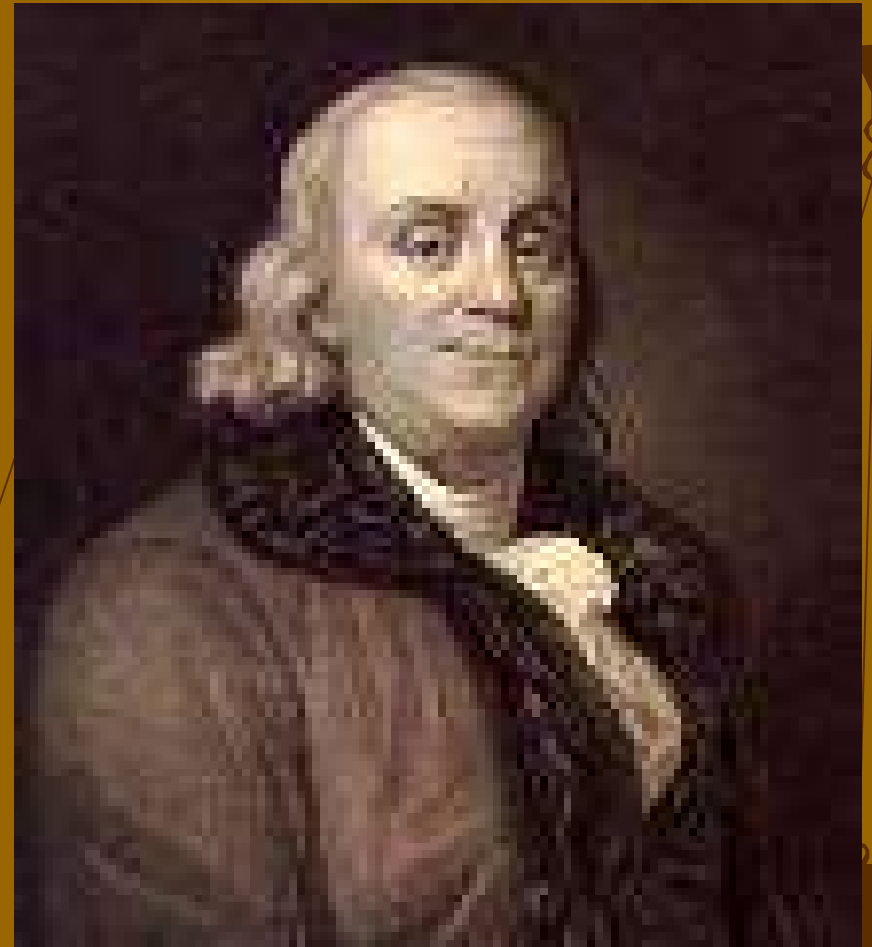
# Timeline of Colonial Events

Kahliyah Wyche  
Mrs. Branin  
5<sup>th</sup> Grade



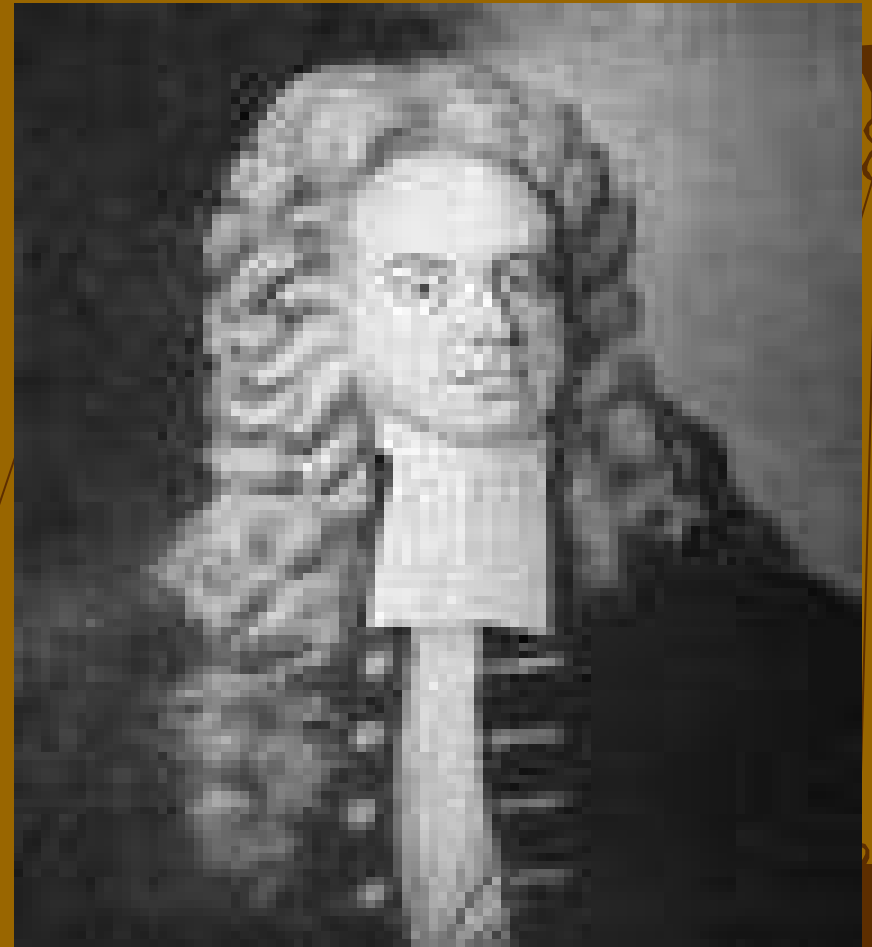
# 1729

- Ben Franklin founds Philadelphia's first newspaper.
- Ben was born in Boston, in 1706.
- He went to the printing shop to publish the Pennsylvania Gazette when he was 12.



# 1735

- Trial of John Peter Zenger
- The Zenger trial is a remarkable story of divided Colony, the beginnings of a free press.



# 1739

- Stone slave rebellion in South Carolina.
- Phillis Wheatley was the first important African American poet.
- She was kidnapped at 8 and became a poet as she got older.



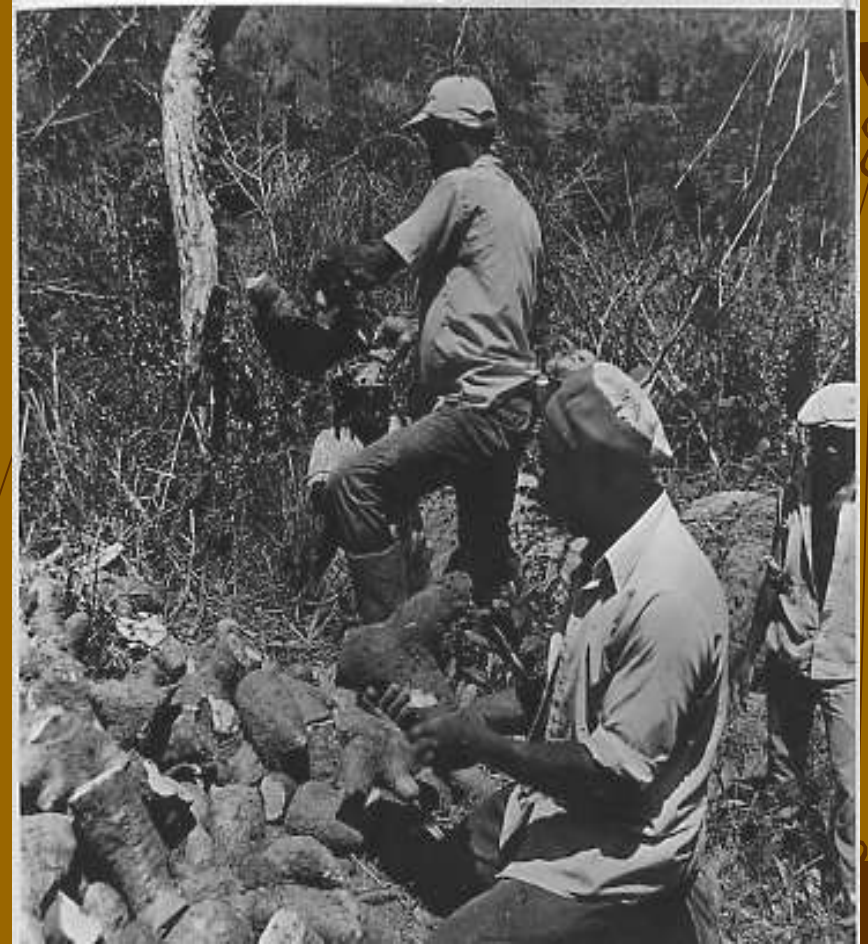
# 1744

- Eliza Lucas Pinckney successfully grows indigo
- Southern plantations grew tobacco, rice, indigo, which they sold to buyers in England and elsewhere in America



# 1750

- The colonies have 250,000 enslaved persons.
- Some enslaved people were Africans.
- Enslaved means to be reduced from slavery.



# 1760

- More Europeans arrive in the colonies.
- By 1770, more than 2 million people lived and worked in Great Britain's 13 North American colonies.
- Colonists from all over Europe were welcomed in the Middle Colonies.
- Europeans who settled in the Middle Colonies included: Dutch, German, Scottish, Irish, Portuguese, Swedish, and English immigrants.





# 1775

- Philadelphia is the largest colonial city.
- Philadelphia was a land settled between 1600s and 1700.





# 1720-1765

## The Colonial Economies

- Agriculture-is the business of farming which was the way of life for most people.
- Industry-was to compete with the English.
- Free Enterprise-is a system that people can start any businesses they want.



# 1750-1170

## Colonial Governments

- Assembly-you would have a assembly in the House of Burgesses.
- Legislation-is the making or passing laws.
- Delegates-are like members, lawyers, or merchants.

