Civil Rights and Liberties G Study G	uide Name:		
Chapter 19			
	be added to the		
Constitution before they would ratif	^F y it.		
2. The Amendmer Constitution.	nt declares that rights exist beyond those listed in the		
Constitution.			
3. The	is used by the Supreme Court to decide if state aid stablishment of religion.		
to parochial schools amounts to an e	stablishment of religion.		
4. In	the Supreme Court said words can be weapons.		
5. Wearing an armband with a peace	·		
	clause of the Amendment requires		
states to honor the first amendmen	т.		
7. The government cannot stop the would be an example of	publication of most newspaper articles because doing so		
8. The	guarantees that the freedoms in		
the Bill of Rights are covered by the			
9. The	clause is intended to separate church and state.		
10. The	says school religious groups can meet		
at school just like other student org	panizations.		
11. The	rule says speech can be outlawed if		
it is likely to lead to a criminal act.	, ,		
12.	protects freedom of the press.		
13. Because of the	clause, Amish children cannot be		
forced to attend school beyond the	8 th grade.		
14. The	clause gives people the right to believe		
whatever they choose to believe in n	natters of religion.		

15. Laws against	have been upheld by the Supreme
Court if they urge people to overthrow the	
16. In deciding cases involving laws against	sedition, the Supreme Court has developed the rule.
Chapter 20 17Amendments.	are found in both the 5^{th} and 14^{th}
18. Inprivacy.	the Supreme Court upheld the idea of right to
19. The purpose of theagainst terrorism.	is to guard the nation
20. A law that applies to a crime committee	
21. Therights before questioning.	says police must tell a suspect about his/her
22. If a defendant requests adecide the case.	trial, a judge will hear and
23. Inlaw in favor of a woman's right to privacy.	the Supreme Court struck down a Texas
24. A(n)search private homes.	is a blanket search warrant used to
	the Supreme Court struck down all of he death penalty because the laws gave too much ether to impose the death penalty.
26. A(n)	requires the police to bring a e/she should not be released.
27. The main reason the Constitution dealt	specifically with the crime of was that the Framers knew this charge could be
used for political reasons	

	of the	is to deter police
misconduct.		
29. The guarantee aga	inst	protects a person from being
tried twice for the sam	ne crime.	
30. The	Amendment forbids slavery an	d most forms of involuntary
servitude.		
	erson, police must have	to believe the
person is involved in cr	minal activity or a warrant .	
32. The only crime spe	cifically defined in the Constitution is	5
Chapter 21		
 Working women hat to discrimination in the 	ve largely focused on the issue of workplace.	in regard
34. The largest minori	ty group in the US today is	·
35. In		the Supreme Court ruled separate
but equal school facilit	ies to be unconstitutional.	
36. State laws that re	quired segregation by race were calle	d
37. Alan Bakke challen	ged affirmative action on the grounds	s of
38. The	sever	rely restricted Asian immigration
for about 80 years.		
39	segregation occu	ırs when families of the same race
decide to live in the sai	me community.	
40. A person who is bo	rn in the US is a citizen according to	··
41. The major problem	caused by	(not illegal aliens) is they
are a financial burden d	on many states.	

42.The major cause of	segregation in the US has most
often been housing patterns.	
43. The legal process by which a person can voluntarily given	ve up his/her citizenship is
44. The general response to integration in the South was	a policy called
45. According to the rules ofbecome a US citizen by being born to American citizens.	a person can
46. With, the Feeffects of past discrimination.	ederal Government hopes to overcome
47segregation actions.	n was the result of government laws o
48. Thepublic accommodations and hiring practices.	outlaws discrimination in
49. One test that the Supreme Court uses to determine to between groups of people is the	-
50. Which part of the Constitution declares that a person birth or naturalization?	•