

$$3. (1, 1)$$

$$4. (5, 6)$$

$$5. (-9, -11)$$

$$6. (19, 16)$$

$$7. (2, 1)$$

$$10. (-17, 5)$$

$$11. (5, 6)$$

$$12. (-6, 10)$$

$$13. (4, 4)$$

Word Problem Day!

Today we will go over the even problems for notes and your homework will be the odd problems:)

What kind of monkey can fly?

2. The difference between two numbers is 16.
Five times the smaller is the same as 8 less than twice the larger. Find the numbers.

big smaller

$$\underline{X - Y = 16}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 5y = 2x - 8 \\ -2x \quad -2x \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -2x + 5y = -8 \\ (2) \quad X - Y = 16 \quad (2) \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -2x + 5y = -8 \\ 2x - 2y = 32 \\ \hline 3y = 24 \\ \underline{-3} \quad 3 \\ y = 8 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} X - 8 = 16 \\ + 8 \quad + 8 \\ \hline X = 24 \end{array}$$

$$\boxed{(24, 8)}$$

Smaller = 8
 Larger = 24

4. Two records ^R and three tapes ^T cost \$31. Three records and two tapes cost \$29. Find the cost of each record and each tape.

$$\begin{array}{l} (-3) \quad 2R + 3T = \$31 \\ (2) \quad 3R + 2T = 29 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -6R - 9T = -93 \\ 6R + 4T = 58 \\ \hline -5T = -35 \\ \hline -5 \quad -5 \end{array}$$

$$T = 7$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{Tapes} = \$7 \\ \text{Records} = \$5 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2R + 3(7) = 31 \\ 2R + 21 = 31 \\ \hline -21 \quad -21 \\ \hline 2R = 10 \\ \hline \frac{2R}{2} = \frac{10}{2} \\ R = 5 \end{array}$$

6. A group of students go out for lunch. If two have hamburgers and five have hot dogs, the bill will be \$8.00. If five have hamburgers and two have hot dogs, the bill will be \$9.50. What is the price of a hamburger?

x = hamburgers
 y = hot dogs

$$(-2) \quad 2x + 5y = 8.00$$

$$(5) \quad 5x + 2y = 9.50$$

$$-4x - 10y = -16.00$$

$$25x + 10y = 47.50$$

$$\frac{21x}{21} = \frac{31.50}{21}$$

$$x = \$1.50 \text{ hamburger}$$

8. A shipment of TV sets, some weighing 30 kg each and the others weighing 50 kg each, has a total weight of 880 kg. If there are 20 TV sets all together, how many weigh 50 kg?

$$x = 30 \text{ Kg}$$
$$\boxed{y = 50 \text{ Kg}}$$

$$30x + 50y = 880$$

$$(-30) \quad x + y = 20 \quad (-30) \quad \leftarrow$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 30x + 50y = 880 \\ -30x - 30y = -600 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\frac{20y}{20} = \frac{280}{20}$$

$$\boxed{y = 14 \text{ TV's weighing } 50 \text{ Kg}}$$

2. Ms. Lynch has 21 coins in nickels and dimes. Their total value is \$1.65. How many of each coin does she have?

$$\begin{aligned} (-.05) \quad n + d &= 21 (-.05) \\ .05n + .10d &= 1.65 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \downarrow \qquad \qquad \downarrow \\ -.05n + -.05d = -1.05 \\ .05n + .10d = 1.65 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} .05d = .60 \\ \hline .05 \quad .05 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} d = 12 \text{ dimes} \\ n = 9 \text{ nickels} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} n + d = 21 \\ n + 12 = 21 \\ \hline 12 \quad -12 \\ \hline n = 9 \end{array}$$

4. The total value of the \$1 bills and \$5 bills in a cash box is \$124. There are 8 more \$5 bills than \$1 bills. How many of each are there?

$$x = \$1$$

$$y = \$5$$

$$1x + 5y = 124$$

$$\boxed{x + 8} = \boxed{y} \quad \leftarrow \text{substitution}$$

$$x + 5(x + 8) = 124$$

$$x + 5x + 40 = 124$$

$$6x + 40 = 124$$

$$-40 \quad -40$$

$$\frac{6x}{6} = \frac{84}{6}$$

$$x = 14 \text{ one dollar bills}$$

$$y = x + 8 = \underline{14} + 8 = \underline{22} \text{ five dollar bills}$$

6. Joe Lick bought some 20-cent and 25-cent stamps. He bought 32 stamps in all, and paid \$7.40 for them. How many stamps of each kind did he buy?

$$x = 20¢ \text{ Stamps}$$

$$y = 25¢ \text{ Stamps}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} (-.20) \quad x + y = 32 \quad (-.20) \quad \leftarrow \\ \underline{.20x + .25y = 7.40} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -.20x - .20y = -6.40 \\ \underline{.20x + .25y = 7.40} \\ \hline .05y = 1.00 \\ \underline{.05} \quad \underline{.05} \end{array}$$

$$y = 20 \rightarrow 25¢ \text{ stamps}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} x + y = 32 \\ x + 20 = 32 \\ \underline{-20 \quad -20} \end{array}$$

$$x = 12 \rightarrow 20¢ \text{ stamps}$$

8. Romeo bought a mixture of 20-cent, 35-cent, and 50-cent valentines. The number of 20-cent valentines was 1 more than twice the number of 35-cent valentines, and the number of 50-cent valentines was 2 less than the number of 35-cent ones. If he spent \$4.20 all together, how many valentines of each kind did he buy?

$$\rightarrow X = 20¢$$

$$\rightarrow Y = 35¢$$

$$Z = 50¢$$

$$\begin{array}{|c|c|} \hline X & 2Y + 1 \\ \hline Z & Y - 2 \\ \hline \end{array} \longleftrightarrow \begin{array}{l} x = 2(4) + 1 = 8 + 1 = 9 \\ z = 4 - 2 = 2 \end{array}$$

$$.20X + .35Y + .50Z = 4.20$$

$$.20(2Y + 1) + .35Y + .50(Y - 2) = 4.20$$

$$\underline{.4Y} + \underline{.2} + \underline{.35Y} + \underline{.5Y} - \underline{1} = 4.20$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 1.25Y - .8 = 4.20 \\ \quad \quad \quad + .8 \quad \quad + .8 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 1.25Y = 5.00 \\ \underline{1.25} \quad \underline{1.25} \end{array}$$

$$Y = 4 \quad (35¢ \text{ val})$$

$$X = 9 \quad (20¢ \text{ val})$$

$$Z = 2 \quad (50¢ \text{ val})$$

Homework: Complete the odd problems on both "What kind of Monkey can fly?" and "How did the doe win the bid animal race?"