Chapter 4 Study Guide	Name:
	provides for local action in system of government, and strength through unity.
2the national and state governmen	_ powers are those that are exercised by both ts.
3. A(n)prepare a constitution.	directs any area desiring statehood to
4. States must honor the legality	y of one another's civil laws because of the
5constitutions and state laws.	governments derive their power from state
6. The power to coin money is an of the national government.	power
7. Citizens who commit a crime in escape prosecution are to be retu	n one state and then flee to another state to urned to the original state under
8. Theguarantee a republican form of g	requires the national government to overnment for every state.
	cises, andpowers.
10. Theagainst foreign invasion, guarante each state's legal existence and p	government must protect the states e a republican form of government, and recognize ohysical boundaries.
11. From the state's point of view an advantage over grants in aid phow the money could be spent.	v, had rograms because there were fewer restrictions on

12. Agreements states enter into with both foreign nations and other states wit the consent of Congress are					
13. The division of power between a nation characteristic of					
14. Local governments are a subunit of	government				
15. In the case ofbased on the Supremacy Clause.	, the Supreme Court ruling was				
16. Theand court decisions must generally be hono	provides that state laws				
17. Funds given to a state by the national attached are examples of	=				
18. The US has a that system was implied in the Constitution	•				
19. The Clause because overtime, it has stretched					
20. According to the Supremacy Clause, w order of the "ladder of laws" in the US, fr					
21. A law passed by Congress directing an called a(n)					
22. Money given to a private cancer resealis an example of a					
23. An exception of the regular observance that states cannot enforce other states _					

24.	ł. The	gives states the right to
req	quire out of state students to pay higher tuition of a students.	_
siu	are students.	
	5. The powers specifically granted to the national e called power	_
26.	The Elastic Clause gives the federal government	nt its
	wers.	
27.	7. In	, the Supreme Court upheld
•	plied powers (loose construction), the supremacy vernment's authority to create a bank.	of national law, and the federal
	3. Inspecting food and drugs, providing public worws are all powers	
29. ——	9. Powers possessed by both state and federal go	vernments are known as
). The relationship that began between state gover vernment during the Great Depression is known a	
	. The procedure for returning an accused person ime is known as	_
32.	2. The Framers created the	in order
to p	prevent tyranny by dividing the powers of the go	vernment.
	3. The power to pass a law requiring schools to op ssion for 200 days is a	
	l. The power to try persons accused of a crime is wer.	a
	5. The power to make/approve treaties with other wer.	r nations is a

37. The power to limit the purchase of liquor to those over the age of 25 is	36. pow	The power to establish a prison system is aer.
	37.	The power to limit the purchase of liquor to those over the age of 25 is