Step 3: Chapter 4 Guided Worksheet (Created by Parisa Watson)						
N	ame: Period Date					
Directions: As you read the chapter, fill in the blanks on the guided worksheet.						
FI	ELD NOTE—PRESERVING CULTURE					
1.	The Tata family are members of the ethnic group and religion. They are followers					
	of the religion and came to India from between the eighth and tenth					
	centuries.					
2.	Despite the fact that the Parsi make up only 0.00046% of the population, they control a					
	share of the Indian economy.					
3.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
	and practices. The Parsi religion only recognizes members of children born to					
	Parsi parents.					
4.	The Parsi have high literacy rates and many women choose not to or have					
	late, reducing the fertility rate.					
W)	HAT ARE LOCAL AND POPULAR CULTURES?					
5.	A is a group of belief systems, norms and values practiced by a people.					
	Although the definition is simple, the concept of culture is actually quite					
6.	The idea is that is small, incorporates a homogeneous population, is					
	typically rural, and is cohesive in cultural traits.					
7 is usually large, incorporates heterogeneous populatio						
	typically urban, and experiences quick changes.					
8.	is a limiting concept because it requires the creation of a list of					
	characteristics and search for cultures that meet that list. The chapter chooses the concept of					
	over folk culture. It consists of a group of in a particular					
9.	place who see themselves as a community and share experiences and customs.					
9.	includes things a group of people construct, such as art,					
10	houses, clothing, sports, dance and foods.					
10.	includes the beliefs, practices, aesthetics, and values of a					
	group of people. What members of a local culture produce in their material culture reflects the and of their nonmaterial culture.					
11	Fashion is an example of diffusion. The order of the fashion world begins					
	with the runways of major fashion cities, including London,, Paris and New York.					
	These cities act as, or points of origin.					
	or points of origin.					

H	DW ARE LOCAL CULTURES SUSTAINED?					
12.	In the 1800s into the 1900s, the U.S. government had a policy of This					
	attempted to make American Indians into ""					
13.	Local cultures are sustained through, a practice that a group of people					
	routinely follow. To sustain a local culture, people must maintain their					
14.	A local culture can also work to avoid, the process by which					
	other cultures adopt customs and knowledge and use them for their own benefit.					
15.	The Hutterites differ from the Amish in that they They					
	speak The Hutterites live in the following states and Canadian					
	provinces:					
16.	The Makah American Indians wanted to hunt They wanted to hunt them with					
	but were instead forced to use					
17.	"Little Sweden" in Lindsborg, Kansas, is an example of, or seeking out the					
	regional culture reinvigorating it in response to the uncertainty in the modern world.					
18.	Some local cultures are able to practice their customs in large cities by constructing					
	. Runners of the New York City Marathon can see them in					
	Brooklyn, as they pass through Mexican neighborhoods as well as					
	neighborhoods.					
19.	involves taking an object that was not previously sold and making					
	it something that is sold on the world market.					
20.	. When this occurs, it can lead to the development of an image of, whic					
	amounts to cultural stereotyping. The city of, Missouri, capitalizes on a local					
	culture in the Ozarks.					
21.	The Irish Beer Pub is part of the brand of Dublin, Ireland. The company has					
	built over 400 pubs in countries around the world.					
НО	W IS POPULAR CULTURE DIFFUSED?					
22.	During the twentieth century, the pace of diffusion has to months, weeks,					
	days and in some cases even At the same time, the extent of					
	diffusion has					
23.	Transportation and communication have altered Time-space					

compression explains how quickly innovations diffuse and refers to how interlinked two

25. _____ happens when people start to produce an aspect of popular culture for themselves and make it their own. This is visible through _____ in countries

places are through _____ and _____.

24. The Dave Matthews Band is an example of _____ diffusion as they started in

such as France.

26.	. While sports such as,,	_ and	are historically popular				
	in the United States, su						
	fighting are gaining appeal.						
27.	. Popular media from the and	diffuse qu	ickly. Most video games				
	are created in						
HC	HOW CAN LOCAL AND POPULAR CULTURES BE SEEN IN THE CULTURAL						
LANDSCAPE?							
28.	3 describes the loss of uniqueness of place in the cultural landscap						
	as places look more alike. Places can begin to blend together and have similar						
	styles, can leave a distinctive landscape stamp on faraway places, and idealized						
	are often borrowed in places such as Chicago,						
	Singapore, and Johannesburg are examples of this	2					
29.	. Reading signs is an easy way to see cultural landso	THE CONTRACT OF THE CONTRACT O					
	businesses in Rome such as	1. · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
	has various structures to evoke diff		(FA)				
30.	. The idea that what happens at one scale is not inc						
	known as the When		scale alter regional,				
2.5	national, or global processes, it is called						
31.	Founders and early followers of the Church of Jes						
	created the landscape of the Amer						
	because of to freely practice the	ir Th	ney eventually migrated to				
	present-day						
Stet	p 4: Remember to fill out World Region Map Shee	te.					
Go to the Student Companion Website to print out the sheets: www.wiley.com/college/							
Fou	<u>uberg</u>						
Stet	ep 5: Practice Quiz						
	,		3				
Cha	apter 4: Local Culture, Popular Culture, and Cul	tural Landscapes	•				
Multiple Choice Questions							
1.	How do the Hutterites differ from the Amish?						
	A. Hutterites wear clothing that is less traditional	al than the Amish	1				
	B. the Amish wear clothing that is less traditions						
	C. Hutterite children will attend regular public s						
	D. Hutterites readily accept technologies that he		ral work				
	E. the Amish readily accept technologies that he						