Chapter 36 Animal Behavior

Innate Behavior

Inherited behaviors - fight-or-flight behaviors
Behavior – any response to stimuli
Territoriality – feeding grounds, mates, shelter, breeding area
Circadian rhythms – 24 hour cycle of behavior
Hibernation- state of reduced metabolism – avoid cold harsh winters
Estivation- state of reduced metabolism – avoid hot harsh summers

Learned Behavior

Habituation – lack of response due to repeated exposure to stimuli w/no punishment or reward
Imprinting – forming a social attachment during a critical time in life
Trial-and-error learning – reward/punishment causes learning
Motivation – an internal need causes learning
Conditioning – Pavlov's Dogs – learning by association
Insight – use previous experience to respond to <u>new stimuli</u>
Communication – exchange of information that results in a change in behavior
Language – the use of symbols to represent ideas