Name		Date			Block		
Chapter 12 – Alcohol							
Place the correct term from each word bank in the appropriate space in each paragraph.							
Lesson 1 – Why Alcohol Is Harmful							
Work Bank -	depressant	developing	skills	deaths	illegal		
	peer pressure	Alternatives	Alc	ohol d	older		
	is a	drug that is prod	uced by a	chemical re	eaction in fruits,		
vegetables and grains. It is a, a drug that slows							
down the body's functions and reactions. Alcohol can affect the way you feel, think and							
act. A teen's body and mind are still growing and							
It is for anyone under the age of 21 to drink alcohol, and yet							
one-third of all teen traffic are related to alcohol. Some teens					hol. Some teens		
drink alcohol because of or because it provides							
relief from stress. Others drink out of curiosity or a desire to feel or look							
There are many reasons not to drink. Choosing not to use alcohol is a healthy choice.							
There are positive alternatives to drinking are							
other ways of thinking or acting. Playing sports, learning new							
or discovering new talents are all alternatives to drinking.							

## **Lesson 2 – Short-Term Effects of Alcohol Use**

intoxication slurred

Word Bank -

	Blood A	Alcohol Content (BAC)	consciousnes	s reaction time	
	liver	Alcohol poisoning	relaxation	coordination	
Your bod	y responds	quickly to alcohol. If yo	our stomach is em	ipty, alcohol can reach you	ır
brain in le	ess than a	minute and slow your _		This is	ŝ
the body'	's ability to	respond quickly and ap	propriately to sit	uations. Your	
breaks do	own alcoho	ol once it enters the bloc	odstream, but car	only process it in small	
amounts.	Alcohol th	nat is not processed by t	he liver causes _		
which me	eans a pers	on's mental and physica	al abilities have b	een impaired by alcohol.	
			is a meas	ure of the amount of alcoh	ıol
mood cha	anges, low	ered inhibition, difficulty	y concentrating, s	slow reaction time and poo	or
		Medium an	nounts produce _	spee	ch,
stumbling	g, drowsine	ess, moody or aggressive	e behavior, diffic	ulty remembering and dou	ble
vision. La	rge amour	nts produce vomiting, di	fficulty breathing	, a drop in blood pressure	
and a loss	s of		a	nd/or coma.	
		is a dar	ngerous conditior	that results when a perso	n
drinks ex	cessive am	ounts of alcohol over a	short period of ti	me. The effects of alcohol	
vary, dep	ending on	a person's	and body	size, general health, whet	her
				rink and if there are other	
drugs in t	heir syster	m. Alcohol can also caus	e people to have		
behavior.	It can also	lead to		, a condition in which t	he
		he nutrients it needs to			

gender violent

malnutrition

## Lesson 3 – Long-Term Effects of Alcohol Use

Word Bank	- cirrho	sis n	nemory	fetal alcohol synd	drome (FA	S) acid
	stomach	sexual	Driving	while Intoxicated	(DWI)	cancer
	alcohol pois	oning	inhibition	binge drinkin	g fat	ty liver
Alcohol is a	bsorbed by ti	ssues linir	ng the mout	h and		, and
				drink excessive ar		
much great	er risk for dev	eloping n	nouth and t	hroat		Alcohol
irritates the	stomach lini	ng and inc	creases the	amount of		_ there. Alcohol
can also cau	ıse			_, a condition in w	hich fats b	ouild up in the
liver and ca	nnot be brok	en down.	A life-threa	tening problem als	o associat	ed with heavy
alcohol use	is		, which	is a disease charac	cterized by	scarring and
eventual de	estruction of t	he liver. [	Damage can	also occur to the l	orain and	central nervous
system, res	ulting in		, m	ovement, vision an	d hearing	problems.
				means	that you a	are driving with
a BAC of 0.0	08% or more.	DWI can	have long-to	erm consequences	such as, b	eing involved in
a fatal car a	ccident and/	or losing o	Iriving privi	eges for life. Some	teens exp	periment with
			, the	e consumption of a	large qua	ntity of alcohol
in a very sh	ort period of	time. The	dangers of	binge drinking incl	ude death	, drowning,
drunk drivir	ng,			_, pregnancy and b	eing a vict	tim of violence.
Alcohol low	ers a person'	s		, a co	nscious o	r unconscious
restraint or	his or her be	haviors o	r actions. Th	nis can also lead to		
activity and	an unplanne	d pregnar	ncy. Female	s that drink alcoho	l during pı	egnancy are
putting the	ir child at a ris	sk for				
a group of a	alcohol-relate	d hirth de	facts that in	nclude hoth nhysic	al and ma	ntal problems

## Lesson 4 – Alcoholism & Alcohol Abuse

Word Bank -	blackouts	enablers	st	ress	alcoholic	
Alcohol a	Alcohol abuse		family m	embers	Tolerance	
malnourished		Alcoholism	ism control F		Physical dependence	
		is a progress	sive, chroni	c disease	involving a mental	
and physical ne	ed for alcohol.	Alcoholism devel	ops over a	period of	time and a person	
with this chroni	c disease is cal	led an		An ald	coholic usually	
displays five ma	ijor symptoms:	denial,		, lo	oss of control,	
tolerance and p	hysical depend	lence			is a process in which	
your body need	ls more and mo	ore of a drug to ge	t the same	effect.		
		is a type	of addiction	n in whic	h the body itself feels	
a direct need fo	or a drug. Some	people exhibit			, a pattern	
of drinking that	results in one	or more well-defir	ied behavio	ors with in	a twelve-month	
period. These p	eople are not p	physically depende	nt on the o	Irug. Ther	e are four stages of	
alcoholism. In s	tage one, the p	erson drinks for re	elief from _		or	
fatigue and experiences an increased tolerance to alcohol. In stage two, the person may						
experience short-term memory loss,					or feelings of guilt.	
In stage three, the alcoholic loses and cannot predict wha				not predict what will		
happen. The pe	erson may fail t	o keep promises a	nd lose int	erest in e	verything except	
alcohol. In the	final stage, the	alcoholic may be	intoxicated	for long	periods of time, have	
strange fears ar	nd faulty thinki	ng, be			_ and have	
hallucinations.	Alcoholism aff	ects the			and	
friends of alcoh	olics also. Som	etimes family men	nbers beco	me		
or persons who	create an atm	osphere in which t	he alcoholi	c can con	nfortably continue	
his or her unacc	ceptable behav	ior.				

## Lesson Five – Getting Help for Alcohol Abuse

Word Bank -

Alcoholics Anonymous (AA)

Withdra	wal	headaches	Al-Anon	risks		
Detoxific	ation	intervention	counseling	Alateen		
People who are strug	gling with alcoh	ol use, abuse and a	ddiction need help	. Sometimes		
an is used where family and friends meet with the						
problem drinker and	try to get drinke	er to agree to seek h	nelp. An alcoholic's	first step to		
	, or th	e process of learnin	g to live an alcohol	l-free life, is		
understanding that h	e or she has a p	roblem with alcoho	l and can never dri	nk again.		
A	is a return to the use of a drug after attempting to stop.					
Many alcoholics will e	experience with	drawal symptoms s	uch as			
tiredness, mood swings and nausea is the						
physical and psychological reactions that occur when someone stops using an addictive						
substance. To fully recover, an alcoholic must follow a number of steps that include						
dmission,, detoxification and resolution.						
		is the physical ¡	orocess of freeing t	the body of an		
addictive substance. Recovering alcoholics can find support from groups such as						
			The families	of alcoholics		
sometimes also need assistance to recover from the effects of living with alcoholism.						
	is a non-profi	t organization that	teaches family and	l friends about		
alcoholism, helps them understand how they have been affected and teaches them skills						
for coping with the p	roblems alcohol	ism creates		is another		
group that is specially	designed to he	lp teens deal with a	alcoholic parents.	Alcohol use		
can damage physical, mental, emotional and social health. The best way to avoid the						
asso	ciated with alco	hol use or abuse is t	to choose to be alc	ohol free.		

relapse

recovery