

Chapter 6

MASSACHUSETTS in the AMERICAN REVOLUTION

Lesson 1: Trouble Brews (Pages 108-114)

Trouble With England (Read pages 108-112)

1. A _____ is when people fight to replace one government with a different government.
2. To raise money, the British taxed the colonists. A tax is _____

3. Four things the British taxed are _____, _____, _____ and _____.
4. The colonists did not have a say in what _____ or _____ were passed in England.
5. England would not let the colonists send _____ to government meetings.
6. The colonists thought it unfair that England made rules for them without letting them vote. They said, " _____!"
7. Three things the colonists did to **protest** against the taxes are:

8. A massacre is (page 190) _____.
9. The first to be killed was a free black man named _____.
10. Those who wanted independence were called _____.
11. Those who were loyal to England were called _____.

12. During the _____ the colonists dressed like Indians, marched down to the wharf, boarded the tea ships and dumped tea into Boston Harbor.

Teamwork! (Read pages 112-114)

13. Leaders from the colonies formed the _____, a group of representatives who met to work out a problem.

14. Two things the people of Massachusetts did to get ready for war were _____ and _____.

15. Colonists who could be ready in a few minutes to fight the British were called _____.

Lesson 2: The Fighting Begins (Pages 115-123)

"The British Are Coming!" (Read pages 115-119)

1. Paul Revere worked as an _____ for the Patriots.

2. One April night, Revere had to ride to Lexington to warn _____ and _____ that the British were coming to arrest them.

3. Two other riders, _____ and _____ also rode to warn the people of Lexington and Concord.

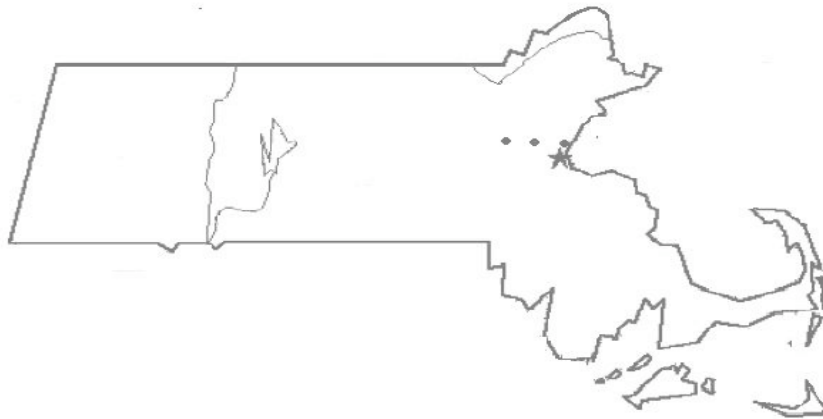
4. When the British soldiers marched to Lexington and Concord, the _____ were waiting for them on Lexington Green.

5. The Battle of Lexington and Concord took place on April 19th, this date is now a state holiday called _____.

6. At the Battle of Bunker Hill, the colonists did not have much gunpowder, so they had to make it last. In order to do this, their leader told them, “_____”
_____!

7. Label the map to show the following:

- Boston
- Charlestown
- Lexington
- Concord



The Declaration of Independence (Read pages 120-123)

8. The colonists sent a letter to the whole world stating that they wanted to break away from England and start their own country. This letter was called _____

9. The Declaration of Independence was written by _____.

10. The Declaration of Independence was approved on (date) _____.

Lesson 3: Famous Patriots (Pages 124-137)

Choose one famous Patriot and fill out biography report (separate page).

Lesson 4: A New Nation (Pages 138-142)

Results of the Revolution/Government for the People (page 138)

1. With help from _____, the colonists won the war against the British.

2. The colonies were now free _____ with governments of their own.
3. In 1787 the leaders wrote _____ a document outlining the basic laws by which our country would be governed.

The Bill of Rights (Read page 140)

4. People liked the new Constitution, but they wanted a document that listed their _____.

5. The ten amendments (changes) that were added to the Constitution are called _____.

6. The 1st Amendment guarantees certain freedoms. They are:

Freedom of _____

Freedom of _____

Freedom of _____

Freedom of _____

A Symbol of Our Nation--The United States Flag (Read page 141-142)

7. In 1776, _____ sewed the first American flag.
8. The flag had (number) _____ stars and (number) _____ stripes, each star and stripe stood for _____.
9. There are rules about how to use the flag. The rules help people _____.
10. When the flag is taken down it is always folded into a _____ because that was the shape of the hats worn by _____.