

CH7 Review HW
page 475
#s 5-23 (odd)
WP's #s 11 and 24
#s 25-30

7 CHAPTER REVIEW

Chapter Review 475

7.1 Solve Linear Systems by Graphing

pp. 427-433

EXERCISES

Solve the linear system by graphing. Check your solution.

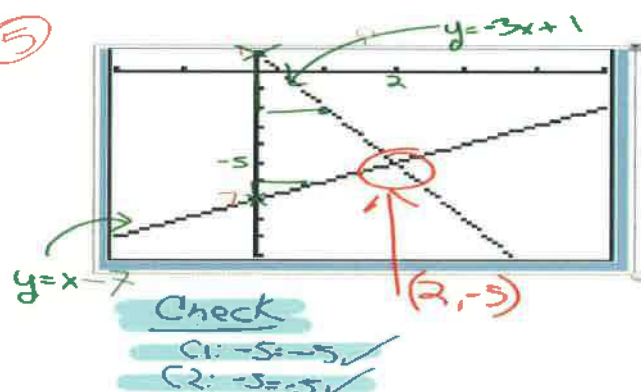
5. $y = -3x + 1$
 $y = x - 7$

$(2, -5)$

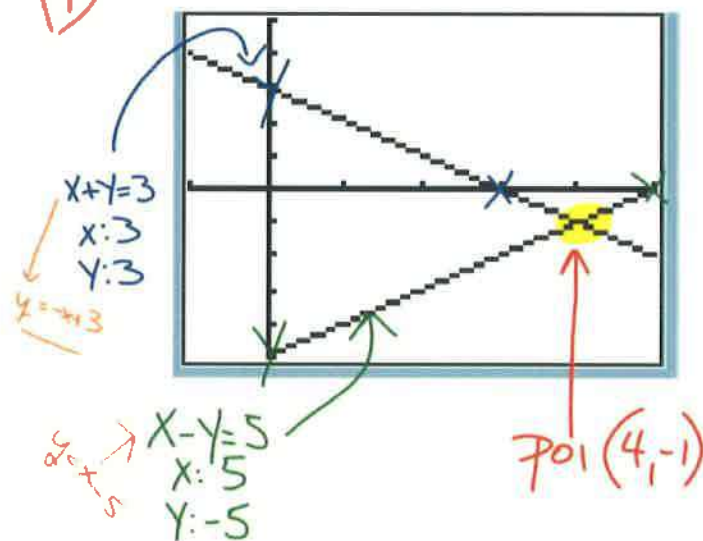
7. $x + y = 3$
 $x - y = 5$

$(4, -1)$

⑤



⑦



7.2 Solve Linear Systems by Substitution

EXERCISES

Solve the linear system using substitution.

9. $x = 4y - 9$

$x - y = 4$

$+y \quad +y$

① Isolate x

$\rightarrow x = y + 4$

③ FIND x

$x = 1 + 4$

$x = 5$

② substitute

$(y + 4) + 4y = 9$

$5y + 4 = 9$

$-4 \quad -4$

$\frac{5y}{5} = \frac{5}{5}$

$y = 1$

④ Check in orig EQ

$C: 5 + 4(1) = 9$

$9 = 9 \checkmark$

$C: 5 - 1 = 4$

$4 = 4 \checkmark$

11. ART Kara spends \$16 on tubes of paint and disposable brushes for an art project. Each tube of paint costs \$3, and each disposable brush costs \$.50. Kara purchases twice as many brushes as tubes of paint. Find the number of brushes and the number of tubes of paint that she purchases.

KI: • paint \$3 • Spent \$16
 • brush \$.50 • bought twice as many brushes

 $x = \# \text{ paints}$ $y = \# \text{ brushes}$

EQ's: $3x + .50y = 16$

$2x = y$

Solve (substitution is the easiest method)

$3x + .50(2x) = 16$

$4x = 16$

$x = 4$

FIND y : $y = 2x = 2(4)$

$y = 8$

Kara bought 4 paints and 8 brushes

7.3 Solve Linear Systems by Adding or Subtracting

EXERCISES

Solve the linear system using elimination.

$$\begin{array}{r}
 \textcircled{1} \\
 13. \quad 4x - 5y = 14 \\
 \quad -4x + y = -6 \\
 \hline
 -4y = 8 \\
 \quad y = -2
 \end{array}$$

② FIND X:

$$\begin{array}{r}
 4x - 5(-2) = 14 \\
 4x + 10 = 14 \\
 \quad -10 \quad -10 \\
 \hline
 4x = 4 \\
 \quad x = 1
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l}
 \textcircled{3} \text{ Check: } C: 4(1) - 5(-2) = 14 \\
 \quad \quad \quad 14 = 14 \checkmark \\
 \quad \quad \quad C: -4(1) + (-2) = -6 \\
 \quad \quad \quad -6 = -6 \checkmark
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 15. \quad 9x - 2y = 34 \rightarrow 9x - 2y = 34 \\
 -1(5x - 2y - 10) \rightarrow -5x + 2y = -10 \\
 \hline
 4x = 24 \\
 \quad x = 6
 \end{array}$$

FIND Y:

$$\begin{array}{r}
 9(6) - 2y = 34 \\
 54 - 2y = 34 \\
 \quad -2y = -20 \\
 \quad y = 10
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l}
 C: 9(6) - 2(10) = 34 \\
 \quad \quad \quad 34 = 34 \checkmark \\
 C: 5(6) - 2(10) = 10 \\
 \quad \quad \quad 10 = 10 \checkmark
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l}
 17. \quad 4y = 11 - 3x \\
 \quad 3x + 2y = -5
 \end{array}$$

① PUT IN STANDARD FORM

$$\begin{array}{r}
 \textcircled{2} \quad 3x + 4y = 11 \\
 -1(3x + 2y = -5) \rightarrow -3x - 2y = -5 \\
 \hline
 2y = 16 \\
 \quad y = 8
 \end{array}$$

③ FIND X:

$$\begin{array}{r}
 3x + 2(8) = -5 \\
 3x + 16 = -5 \\
 \quad -16 \quad -16 \\
 \hline
 3x = -21 \\
 \quad x = -7
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l}
 \textcircled{4} \text{ Check: } C: 4(8) = 11 - 3(-7) \\
 \quad \quad \quad 32 = 32 \checkmark
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l}
 C: 3(-7) + 2(8) = -5 \\
 \quad \quad \quad -5 = -5
 \end{array}$$

7.4 Solve Linear Systems by Multiplying First

EXERCISES

Solve the linear system using elimination.

$$\begin{aligned} 19. \quad & (x + 6y = 28) \times -2 \longrightarrow \\ & 2x - 3y = -19 \longrightarrow \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & -2x - 12y = -56 \\ & 2x - 3y = -19 \\ \hline & -15y = -75 \\ & \frac{-15y}{-15} = \frac{-75}{-15} \end{aligned}$$

$$y = 5$$

FIND X:

$$\begin{aligned} x + 6(5) &= 28 \\ x + 30 &= 28 \\ \hline x &= -2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} C: -2 + 6(5) &= 28 \\ 28 &= 28 \checkmark \end{aligned}$$

$$C: 8(4) - 7(5) = -3$$

$$-3 = -3 \checkmark$$

$$\begin{aligned} C: 2(-2) - 3(5) &= -19 \\ -19 &= -19 \checkmark \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} C: 6(4) - 5(5) &= -1 \\ -1 &= -1 \checkmark \end{aligned}$$

FIND X:

$$\begin{aligned} 8x - 7(5) &= -3 \\ 8x - 35 &= -3 \\ + 35 &+ 35 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{8x}{8} = \frac{32}{8} \quad x = 4$$

$$\frac{-2y}{-4} = \frac{-10}{-2} \quad y = 5$$

$$\begin{aligned} 23. \quad & 11x = 2y - 1 \\ & 3y = 10 + 8x \end{aligned}$$

↓ PUT IN STD FORM

$$\begin{aligned} 8(11x - 2y &= -1) \longrightarrow 88x - 16y = -8 \\ 11(-8x + 3y &= 10) \longrightarrow -88x + 33y = 110 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{17y}{17} = \frac{102}{17}$$

$$y = 6$$

FIND X:

$$\begin{aligned} 11x &= 2(6) - 1 \\ 11x &= 11 \\ \frac{11x}{11} &= \frac{11}{11} \quad x = 1 \end{aligned}$$

$$C: 11(1) = 2(6) - 1$$

$$11 = 11 \checkmark$$

$$\begin{aligned} C: 3(6) &= 10 + 8(1) \\ 18 &= 18 \checkmark \end{aligned}$$

24. **CAR MAINTENANCE** You pay \$24.50 for 10 gallons of gasoline and 1 quart of oil at a gas station. Your friend pays \$22 for 8 gallons of the same gasoline and 2 quarts of the same oil. Find the cost of 1 quart of oil.

KI: You PAY \$24.50 10 gal gas 1 qt oil
 FRIEND PAYS \$22 8 gal gas 2 qt oil

$x = \text{Cost of gas } (\$/\text{gal})$

$y = \text{Cost of oil } (\$/\text{qt})$

EQ's: $(10x + 1y = \$24.50) \times -2 \rightarrow -20x - 2y = -49$ $\downarrow$
 $8x + 2y = \$22 \rightarrow 8x + 2y = 22$
 $\begin{array}{r} -20x - 2y = -49 \\ 8x + 2y = 22 \\ \hline -12x = -27 \\ -12x = -27 \\ \hline -12x = -27 \\ -12x = -27 \end{array}$

FIND Y:

$$8(2.25) + 2y = 22$$

$$18 + 2y = 22$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 18 + 2y = 22 \\ -18 \quad -18 \\ \hline 2y = 4 \\ \frac{2y}{2} = \frac{4}{2} \end{array} \quad \boxed{y = \$2}$$

Cost of gas is \$2.25/GAL
 and oil is \$2/QT

7.5 Solve Special Types of Linear Systems

EXERCISES

Tell whether the linear system has one solution, no solution, or infinitely many solutions. Explain.

25. $\begin{cases} x - 2y = 3 \\ 1.5x - 3y = 0 \end{cases}$

$$\begin{aligned} &\swarrow \\ 1.5(2y-3) - 3y &= 0 \\ 3y - 4.5 - 3y &= 0 \\ -4.5 &\neq 0 \end{aligned}$$

25) NO SOLUTION

26. $\begin{cases} x + y = 8 \\ x + 11 = y \end{cases}$

$$\begin{aligned} &\downarrow \\ -x + y &= 8 \\ x - y &= -8 \\ \hline 0 &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

INFINITE SOLUTIONS

27. $\begin{cases} 4x - 2y = 6 \\ 4x - 2y = 10 \end{cases}$

$$\begin{aligned} &\xrightarrow{x-1} \\ 4x - 2y &= 6 \\ -4x - 2y &= -10 \\ \hline 0 &\neq -4 \end{aligned}$$

NO SOLUTION

7.6 Solve Systems of Linear Inequalities

pp. 466-472

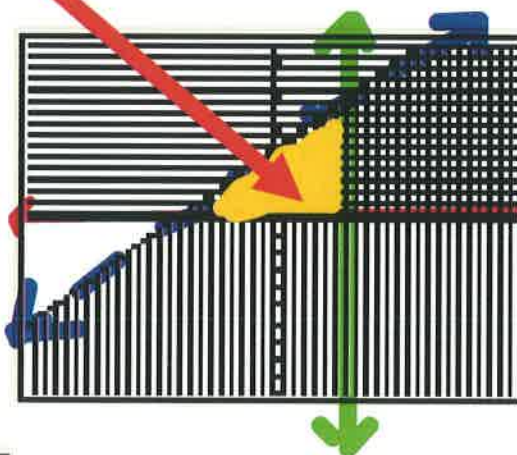
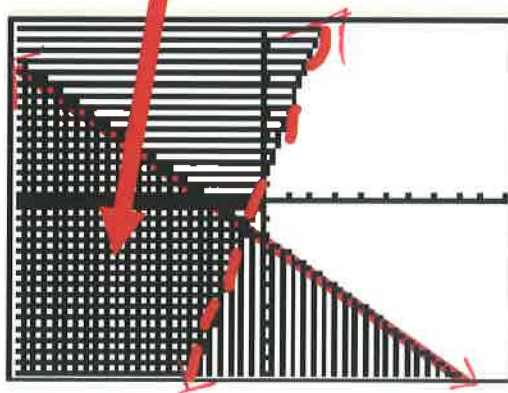
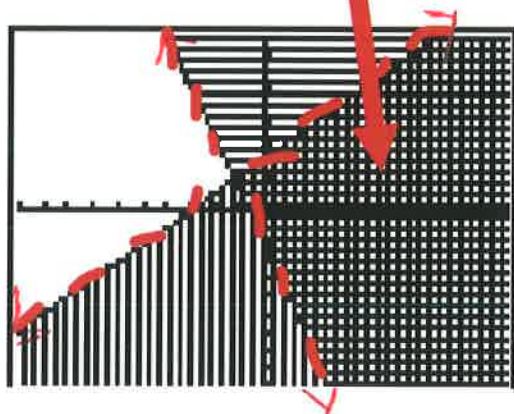
EXERCISES

Graph the system of linear inequalities.

28. $y < x + 3$
 $y > -3x - 2$

29. $y \leq -x - 2$
 $y > 4x + 1$

30. $y \geq 0$ (red dot)
 $x \leq 2$ (green dot)
 $y < x + 4$ (blue dot)



REVIEW SYSTEMS

① GRAPHING - Solution is POINT.

② Substitution - USE WHEN IT IS EASY TO
ISOLATE 1 VARIABLE. Ex: $x = y + 1$
 $2x + 4y = 10$ } Substitute INTO OTHER EQ

③ ELIMINATION

(A) ADDITION - 1 VAR HAS OPPOSITE COEF Ex: $\begin{cases} 2x + y = 10 \\ 2x - 4y = 10 \end{cases}$

(B) SUBTRACTION - 1 VAR HAS SAME COEF $\begin{cases} 2x + y = 10 \\ 2x - 5y = 1 \end{cases} \xrightarrow{-1} \begin{cases} 2x + y = 10 \\ -2x + 5y = -1 \end{cases}$

(C) MULT. - MULT 1 OR BOTH EQ'S
SO THAT 1 VARIABLE HAS OPPOSITE COEFF'S.

Classwork: CH7 Review WP page 479 #28 and
page 475 #'s 6, 8, 10, 14, 20, 22

WP pg 479 #28 PRACTICE WP

① KE

<u>CARRIE</u>	<u>DAVE</u>
150 miles	120 miles
\$215	\$176

① DEFINE VAR

X = TRUCK \$ RENTAL
 Y = \$ PER MILE

③ SYSTEM EQ

$$C: X + 150Y = 215$$

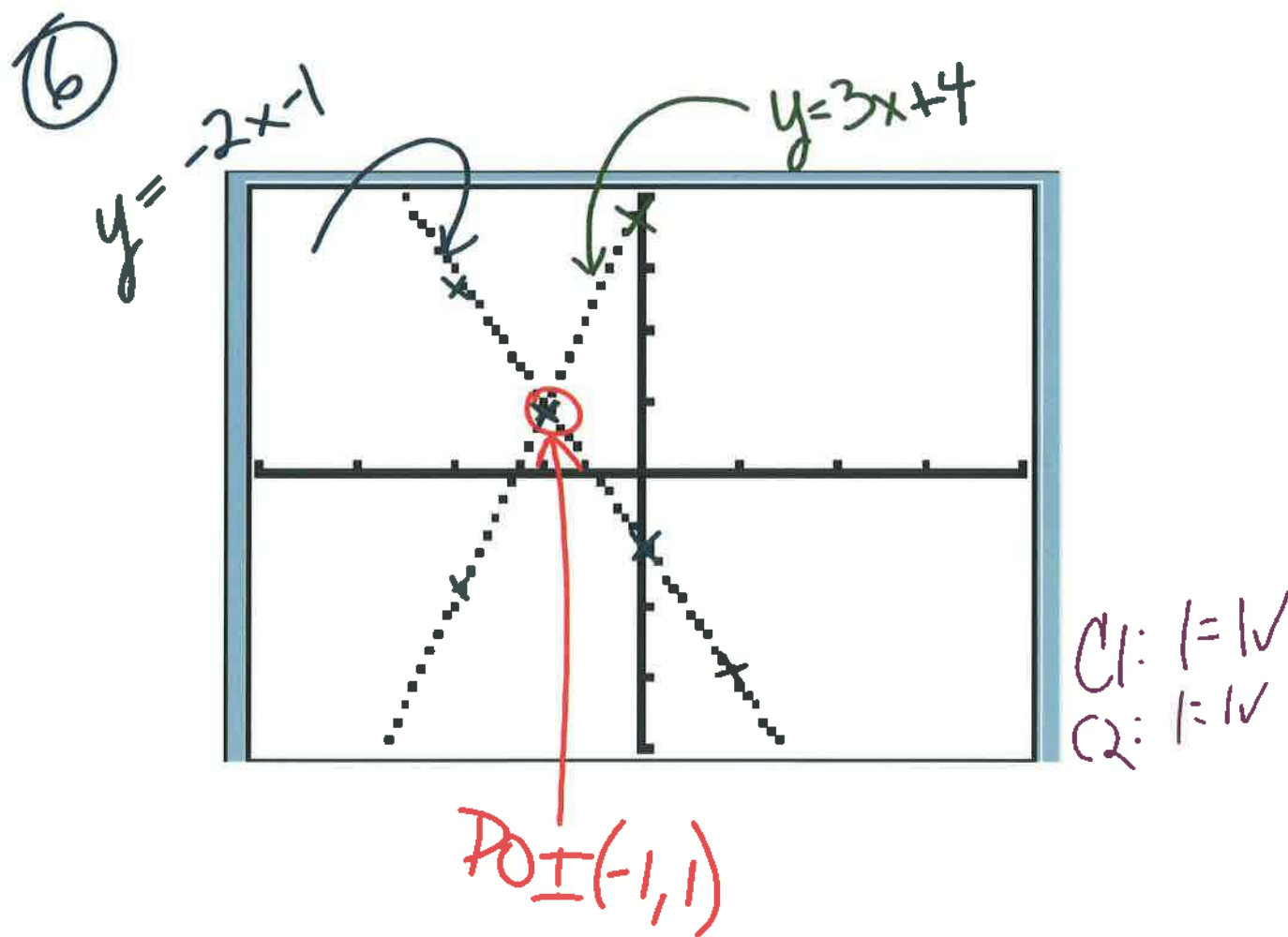
$$D: X + 120Y = 176$$

② SOLVE

$$\begin{array}{r} X + 150Y = 215 \\ -X - 120Y = -176 \\ \hline 30Y = 39 \\ \frac{30Y}{30} = \frac{39}{30} \\ Y = 1.3 \end{array} \quad \left| \begin{array}{l} X + 150(1.3) = \\ X = 20 \end{array} \right.$$

② ANSWER

**\$20 FOR THE TRUCK
 AND \$1.30 per mile**



7.2 Solve Linear Systems by Substitution**EXERCISES**

Solve the linear system using substitution.

$$\begin{cases} y = 2x - 7 \\ x + 2y = 1 \end{cases}$$

$$x + 2(2x - 7) = 1$$

$$x + 4x - 14 = 1$$

$$5x = 15$$

$$x = 3$$

$$y = 2(3) - 7$$

$$y = -1$$

$$\begin{cases} 2x + y = -15 \\ x + 5y = 6 \end{cases}$$

$$y = -5x + 6$$

$$2x + (5x + 6) = -15$$

$$7x = -21$$

$$x = -3$$

$$y = 5(-3) + 6$$

$$y = -9$$

14. $\begin{cases} x + 7y = 12 \\ 2x + 7y = 18 \end{cases} \xrightarrow{x-1} \begin{cases} x + 7y = 12 \\ 2x - 7y = -18 \end{cases}$

$3x = -6$

$x = -2$

$y = 2$

22. $\begin{cases} 5x - 3y = -2 \\ 3x + 2y = 14 \end{cases}$

$\downarrow$

$\begin{cases} 5x - 3y = -2 \\ 3x + 2y = 14 \end{cases}$

$$\begin{array}{r} 20x - 38y = 7 \\ -4x - 7y = 8 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} \times 4 \rightarrow 12x - 20y = -28 \\ \times 3 \rightarrow -12x + 21y = 24 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -9y = -4 \\ y = -4 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3x - 5(-4) = -7 \\ -20 \quad -20 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3x = -27 \\ x = -9 \end{array}$$