

FIRST PHOTOGRAPH

1826, Joseph Nicephore captured View from the Window at Le Gras, believed to be the first photograph ever captured.





DAGUERROTYPES

this process, invented by Louis Daguerre, used polished silver-plated copper, and mercury fuming and chemical treatment to create highly detailed images, and for the first time, pictures of people!

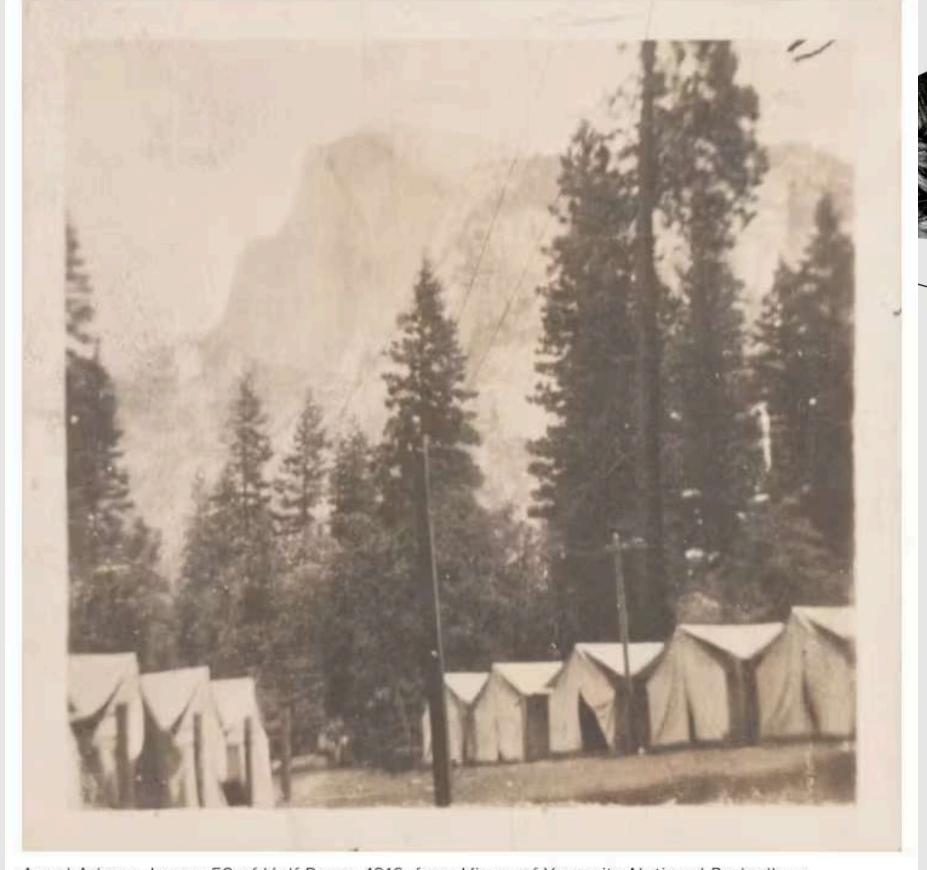




FILM & KODAK

Flexible roll film was invented in 1888, and the Kodak Brownie, the first snapshot camera available to the masses, was released in 1900.

Ansel Adams used a Kodak Brownie as a teenager in 1916 to take this photo in Yosemite National Park.



Ansel Adams, Image 59 of Half Dome, 1916, from Views of Yosemite National Park album.

Center for Creative Photography, University of Arizona, Ansel Adams Archive.

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LEICA CAMERA

The Leica was developed in 1925 by Oscar Barnack, and was the first camera to use 35mm film (what we use still today in film cameras!)

This camera became the camera of choice for photojournalists and street photographers, as it was very lightweight and compact.



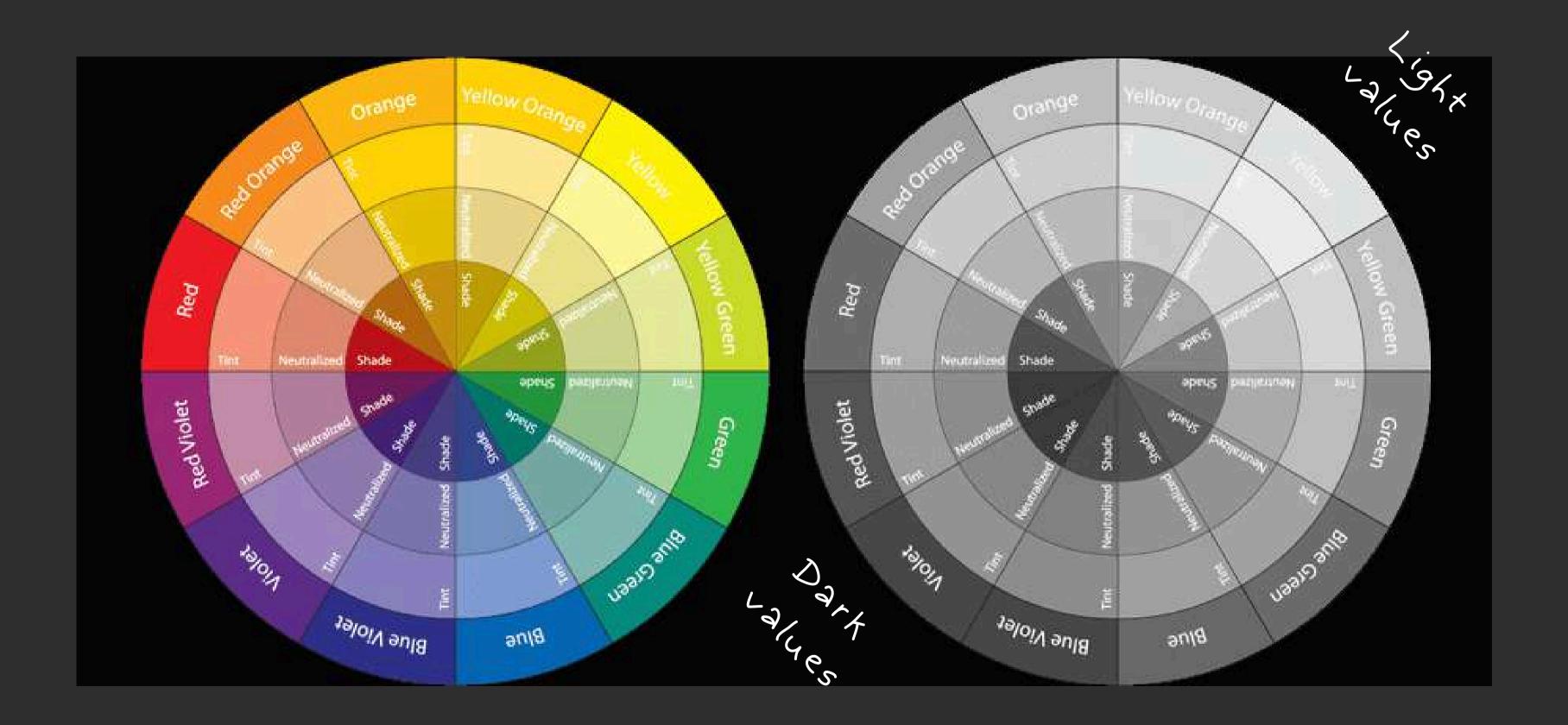
KEY IDEA: TONAL RANGE

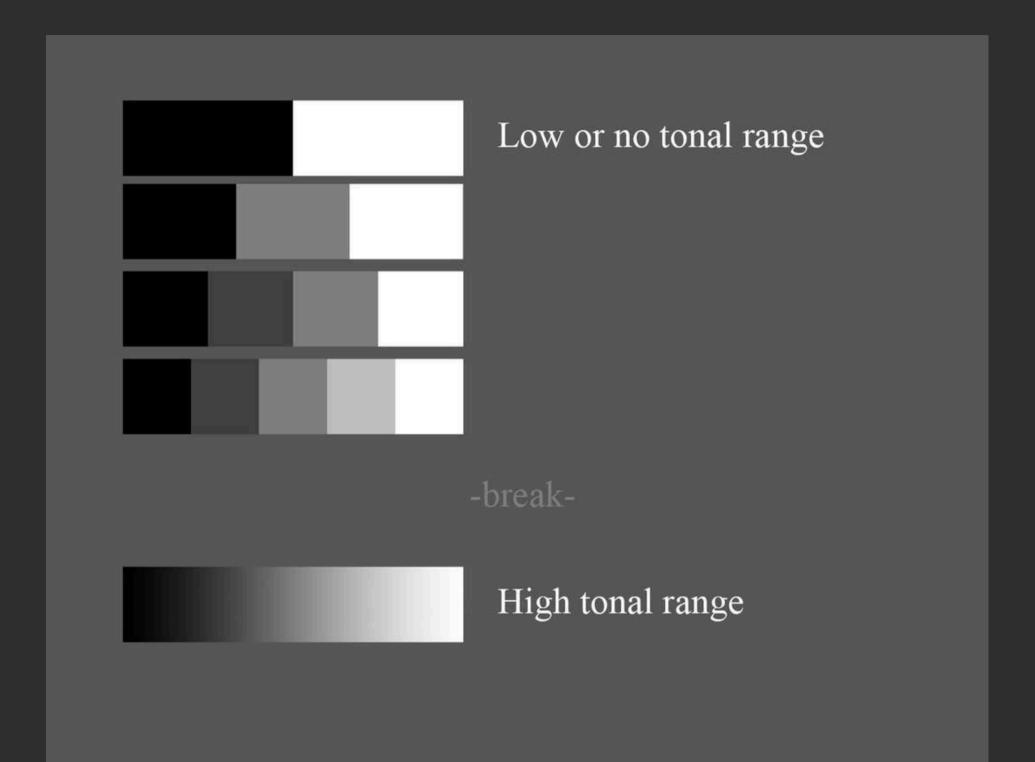
This is really important to understand to make black and white photos POP!

- Black & white images consist of tones or "shades" rather than colour
- **Tonal range** refers to the range of darkest to lightest areas in an image
- The more variety in darks and lights = wide tonal range
- In these photos, red and green colours have similar tonal value, whereas the yellow colours have lighter tone and stick out in black & white

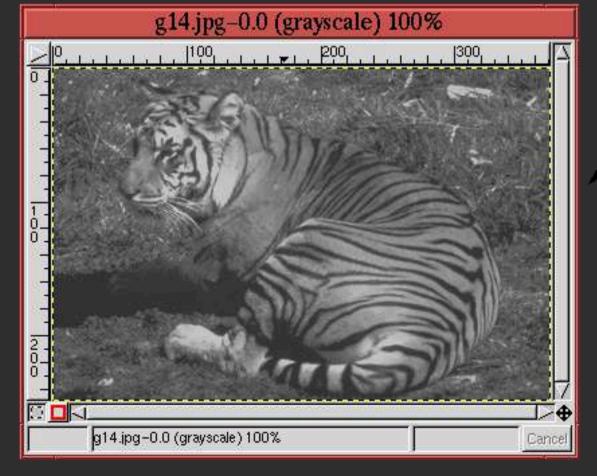




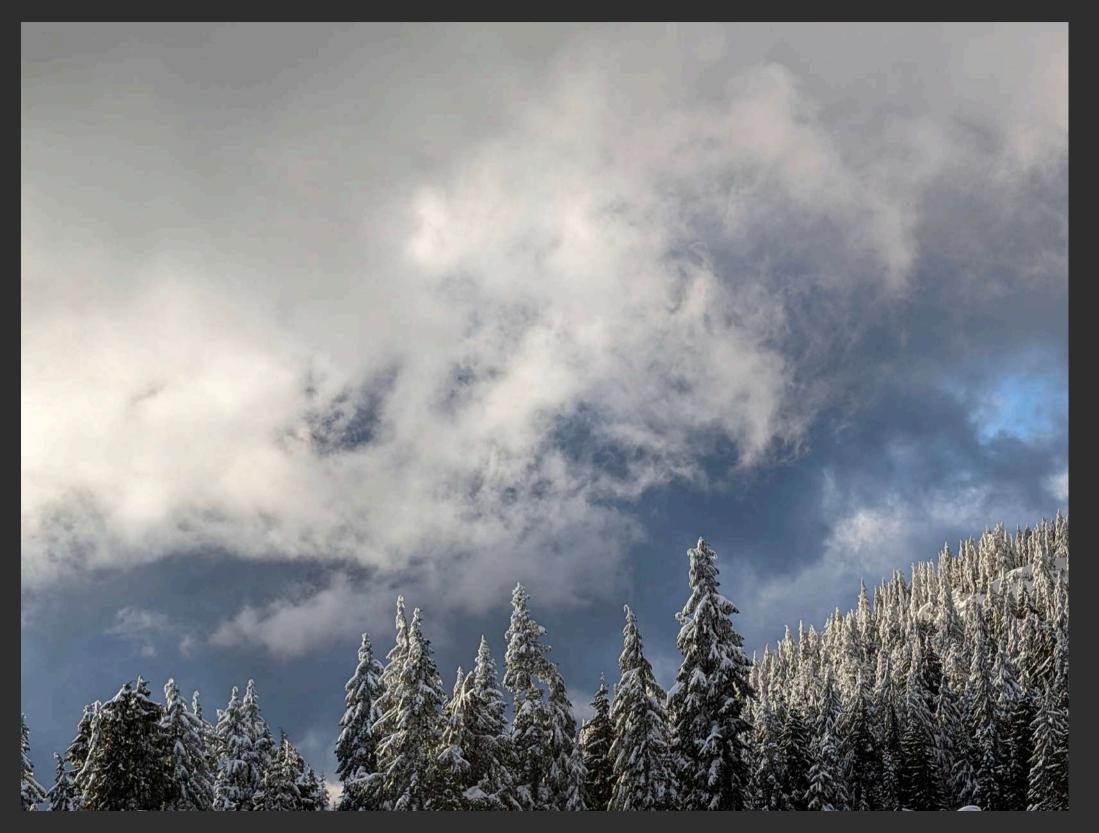


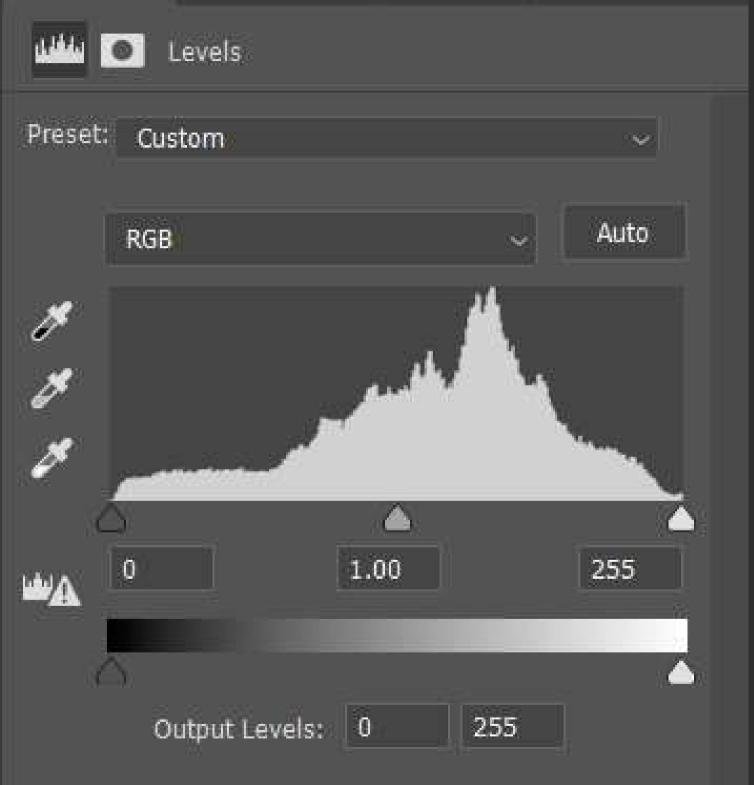




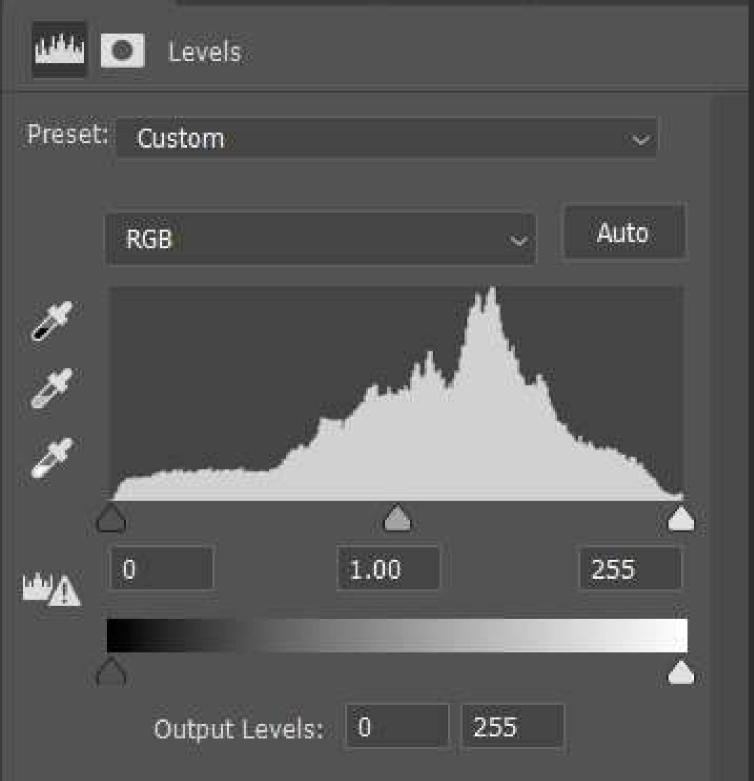


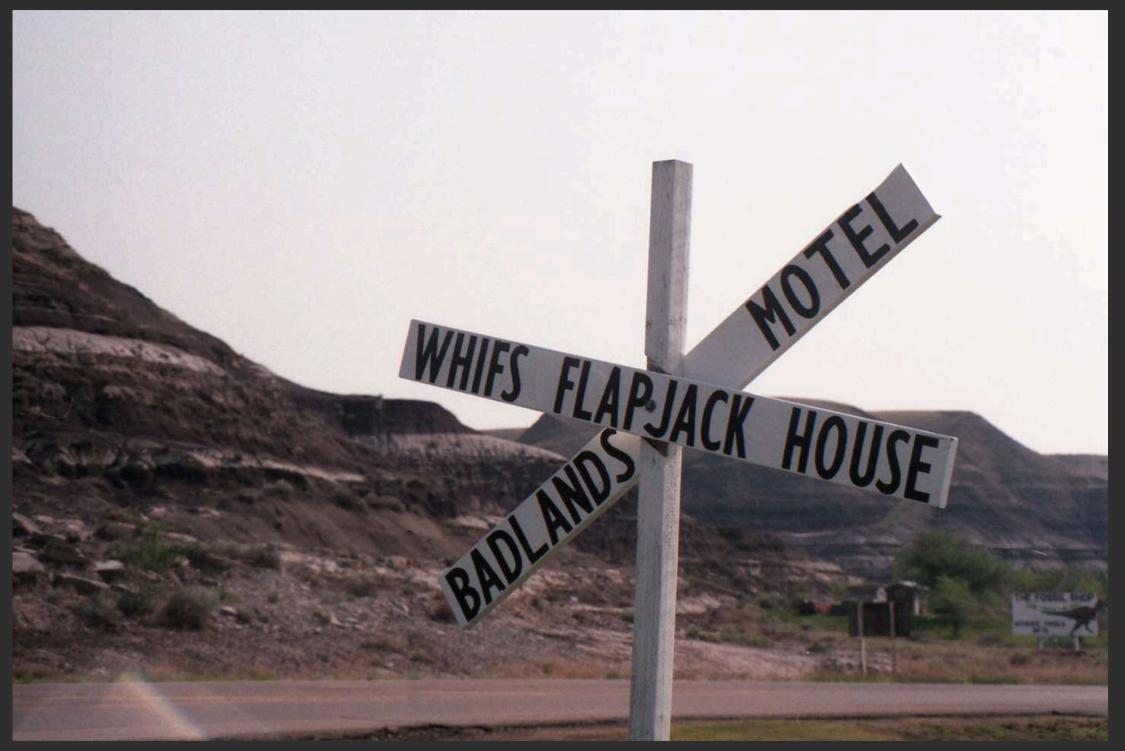
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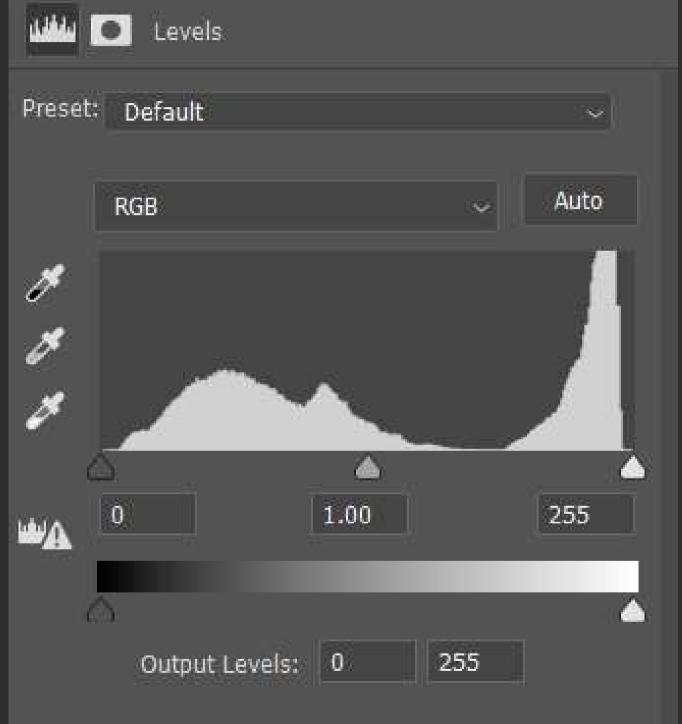


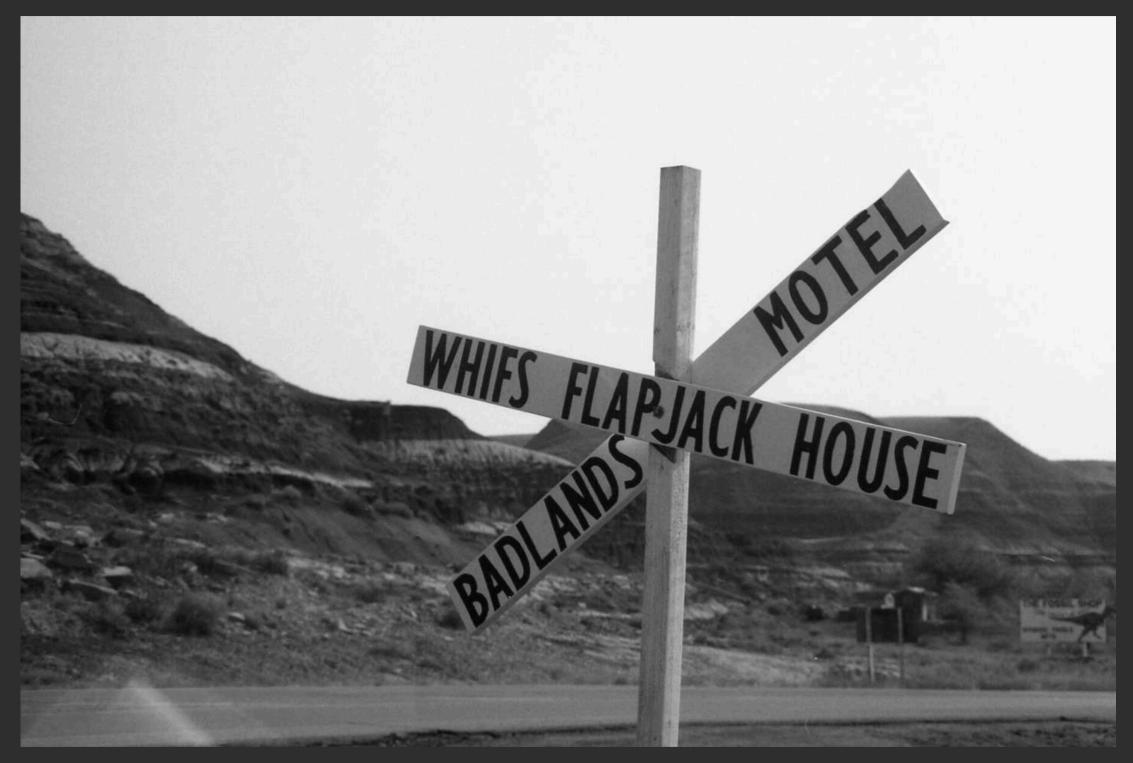


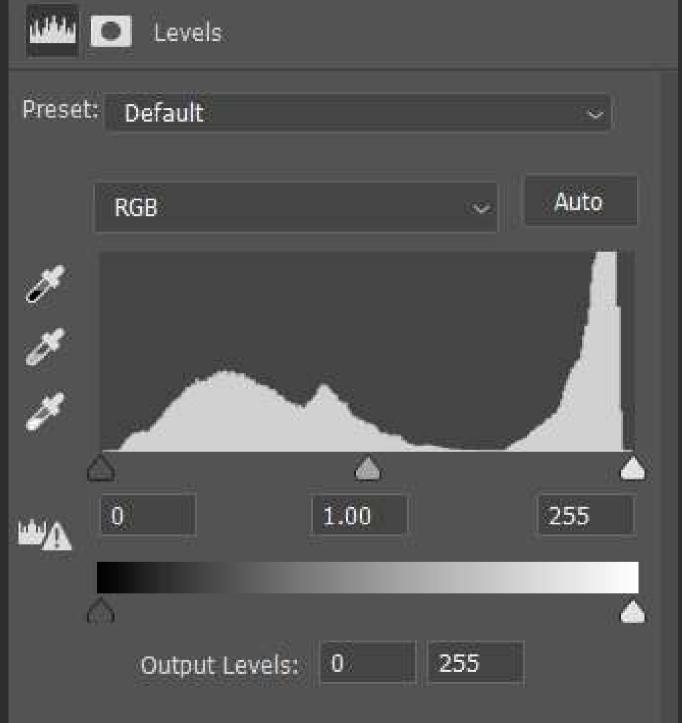




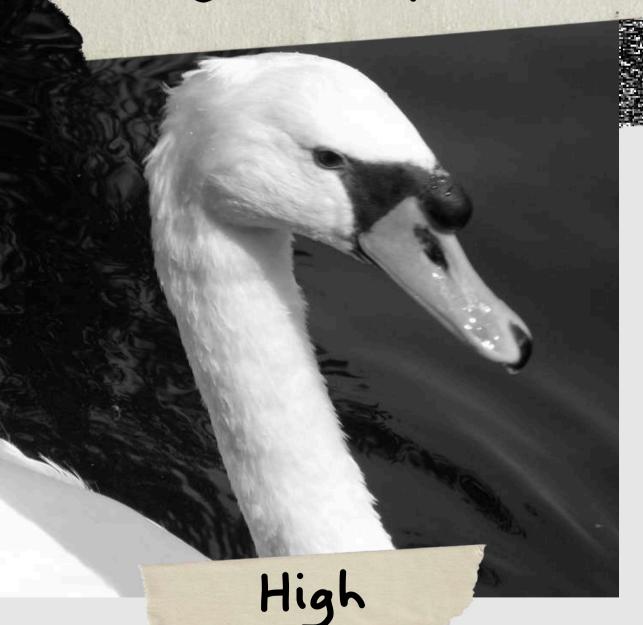


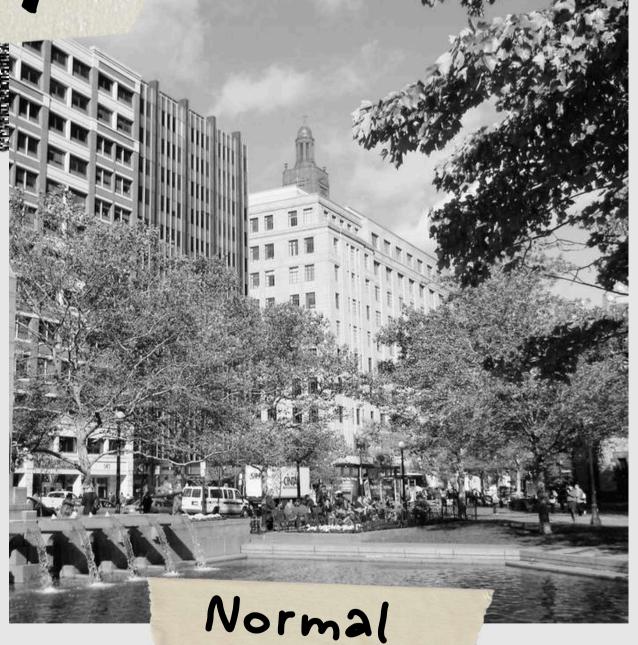


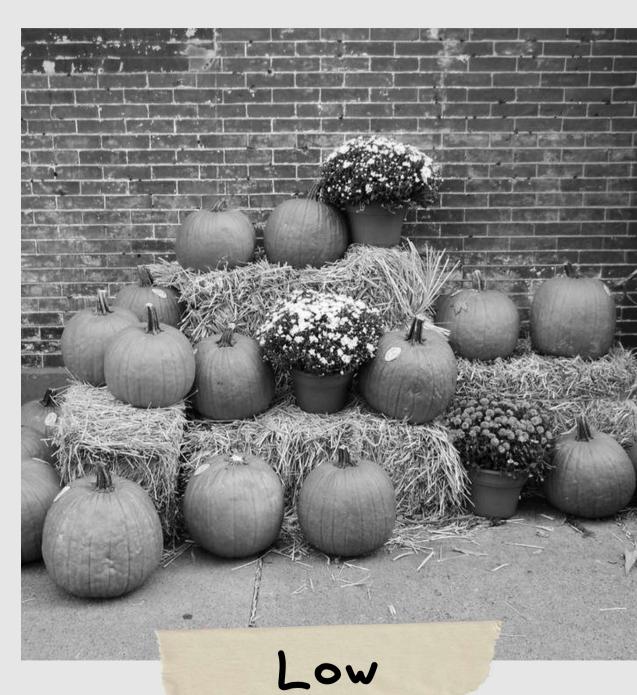












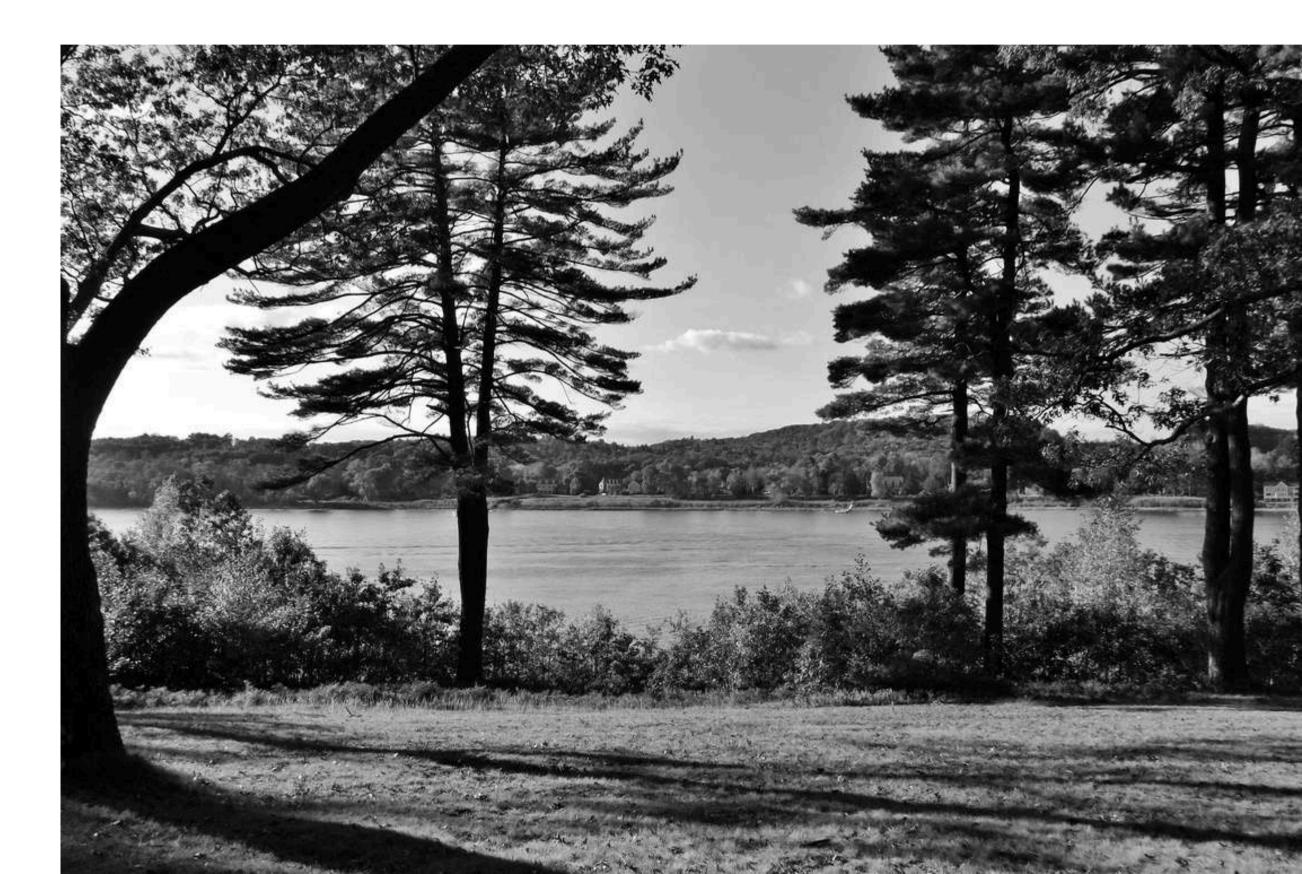
High, medium, or low contrast?



High, medium, or low contrast?



High, medium, or low contrast?



High, medium, or low contrast?



High, medium, or low contrast?







