Science Biology: Honors Unit 5: The Cell

	 All living organisms are made of cells.
	 There are prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells.
Essential	 Cell structures perform specific functions.
Understandings	 Materials move in and out of cells.
	 Cells vary in specialization.
	What is the cell theory?
Essential	What are the characteristics of prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells?
Questions	What are the functions of the major cell structures?
	How does the plasma membrane maintain homeostasis?
	How are living organisms organized?
	 All living organisms are made of cells.
Essential	 There are prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells.
Knowledge	 Cell structures perform specific functions.
	 Materials move in and out of cells.
	 Cells vary in specialization.
	■ <u>Terms</u> :
	 microscopy, cell plasma membrane, cell wall, cytoplasm,
	nucleus, prokaryote, eukaryote, organelle, chromatin,
	chromosome, nucleolus, nuclear envelope, cytoskeleton,
Vocabulary	microtubules, microfilaments, ribosome, endoplasmic
	reticulum, mitochondria, Golgi apparatus, lysosome,
	vacuole, chloroplast, osmosis, hypnotic solution, hypertonic
	solution, isotonic solution, plasmolysis, cytolysis, diffusion,
	active transport, endocytosis, exocutosis, passive transport,
	tissue, organ, organ system, cancer
	 Use a microscope correctly.
	 Identify different types of cells.
Essential	 Differentiate between prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells.
Skills	 Differentiate between plant and animal cells.
	 Measure items precisely and accurately.
	 Correctly organize data into analytical format.

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Related Maine Learning Results	 Science B. The Skills and Traits of Scientific Inquiry and Technological Design B1.Skills and Traits of Scientific Inquiry Students methodically plan, conduct, analyze data from, and communicate results of in-depth scientific investigations, including experiments guided by a testable hypothesis. e. Use a variety of tools and technologies to improve investigations and communications. E. The Living Environment E3.Cells Students describe structure and function of cells at the intracellular and molecular level including differentiation to form systems, interactions between cells and their environment, and the impact of cellular processes and changes on individuals. a. Describe the similarities and differences in the basic functions of cell membranes and of the specialized parts within cells that allow them to transport materials, capture and release energy, build proteins, dispose of waste, communicate, and move. b. Describe the relationship among DNA, protein molecules, and amino acids in carrying out the work of cells and how this is similar among all organisms. c. Describe the role of regulation and the processes that maintain an internal environment amidst changes in the external environment. f. Describe the process of metabolism that allows a few key biomolecules to provide cells with necessary materials to perform their functions.
Sample	 Microscope Lab – comparing plant and animal cells
Lessons	Diffusion Lab
and	Create cell model
Activities	
Sample	Quiz Chapter Test
Classroom	Chapter Test
Assessment Methods	 Lab Reports

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	<u>Publications:</u>
Sample	 Biology - Kenneth Miller and Joseph Levine
Resources	Videos:
	 <u>Cycles of Life</u>