	S	City High School Geography	
1st Quarter	2 nd Quarter	3 rd Quarter	4 th Quarter
Assessment Type	Assessment Type	Assessment Type	Assessment Type
Bundle #/Standards	Bundle #/Standards	Bundle #/Standards	Bundle #/Standards
Best Practice Methods Reading as a Process			
Similarities and Differences Summarizing and Note Taking Homework and Practice	Similarities and Differences Summarizing and Note Taking Homework and Practice	Similarities and Differences Summarizing and Note Taking Homework and Practice	Similarities and Differences Summarizing and Note Taking Homework and Practice
Nonlinguistic Representation Cooperative Learning Advance Organizers			
Cues, Questioning Goal Setting	Cues, Questioning Goal Setting	Cues, Questioning Goal Setting	Cues, Questioning Goal Setting
Read Aloud Independent Reading Time			

Essential Outcomes Basic Geography

- 1. Students will be able to understand and apply the earth's grid system.
 - Learning Goals:
 - A. Students will understand and apply Longitude and Latitude basics.
 - B. Students will understand how to use different types of maps, recognizing the different types of projections will distort them.
- 2. Students will understand the ways in which the earth's physical processes are dynamic and interactive. *Learning Goals*
 - A. Students will demonstrate how plate movements have created mountains, volcanoes, and earthquakes.
 - B. Students will understand that changes in human perception can result in an altered environment.
 - C. Students will understand how the layers of the earth play a role in plate tectonics.
- 3. Students will understand the diversity of weather and climate in different regions of the earth. *Learning Goals*
 - A. Students will understand that location will affect weather and climate.
 - B. Students will know how the earth and space dictate weather and climate.
 - C. Students will explain how vegetation and biodiversity affect climate patterns.
- 4. Students will understand how humans can threaten the environment and how the environment can threaten humans.

Learning Goals

- A. Students will analyze ways in which humans affect and are affected by their physical environment.
- B. Students will understand how the natural environment can play a major part in the lives of humans.
- C. Students will understand and identify how humans adapt to physical changes in the environment.
- D. Students will understand the difference between renewable and non-renewable resources and how technology affects them.
- E. Students will explain how deforestation and the development of oil fields have adversely affected society.

5. Students will understand how natural disasters and natural changes affect particular regions and may have global impact.

Learning Goals

- A. Students will understand the economic repercussions of a natural disaster.
- B. Students will understand how changes in the environment affect food production.
- 6. Students will understand the positive and negative impacts of tourism.

Learning Goals

- A. Students will understand how tourism impacts a regions economy.
- B. Students will understand that policies are needed for travel and how government regulations control travel.
- C. Students will explain how tourism is the economic lifeline for certain region

Basic Geography Bundle #1 – Earths Grid System

Standard Indicator: The World in Spatial Terms

- 1.1 Eain the Earth's grid system, and be able to locate places using degrees of latitude and longitude.
- 1.2 Demonstrate that, as an attempt to represent the round Earth on flat paper, all maps distort, and be able to evaluate the distortion associated with any given projection.

Declarative K	nowledge	Procedura	l Knowledge
Concepts	Students will be able to understand and apply the earth's grid system.	Processes	1. Reading Process
Organizing Ideas	 Students will understand and apply Longitude and Latitude basics. Students will understand how to use different types of maps, recognizing the different types of projections will distort them. 		
Details	 Map projection distorts information about Earth. Recognize different types of maps. Identify longitude and latitude 	Skills	 Differentiate between lines of latitude and longitude. Find where a line of latitude intersects with a line of
Vocabulary	- grid system - map distortion - latitude - map projection - longitude - equator - physical map - Prime Meridian		longitude. 3. Read maps using longitude and latitude

Basic Geography Bundle #2 – Natural Disasters

Standard Indicator: 2: Places and Regions 3: Physical Systems 6: Uses of Geography

- 2.3- Give examples of how places and regions change over time.
- 2.4- Give examples and analyze ways in which people's changing views of places and regions reflect cultural change.
- 2.8- Identify a region where disasters occur frequently, and give examples of how international efforts bring aid to this region.
- 3.6-Integrate understandings concerning the physical processes that shape the Earth's surface and result in existing land forms: plate tectonics, mountain building, erosion, and deposition.
- 3.9- Explain the safety measure people can take in the event of an earthquake, a tornado, or a hurricane.
- 6.2 Analyze the possible effects of natural disasters on the local community.

Declarativ	e Knowledge			Procedu	ıral K	nowledge
Concepts		ow natural disasters and natural ne ways in which the earth's ph		Processes	1. 2.	Reading Process Writing Process
Organizing Ideas	2. Students will examine regi	nat places and people can chang ions where disasters occur frequency plate movements have created	iently.			
Details	Effects of disasters economic - soc environmental Safety measures	natural changes ial sasters Identify the different saf		Skills	1. 2.	Compare types of natural disasters. Compare community/national responses
Vocabulary	erosion tornado earthquakes blizzard population tsunami	monsoon glaciers weather irrigation climate drought Greenhouse Effect	hurricane global warming deforestation dams deposition			

Basic Geography Bundle #3 – Weather/Climate

Standard Indicator 3: Physical Systems

Recall and apply knowledge concerning Earth/sun relationships, including "reasons for seasons" and time zones.

Explain the differences between weather and climate.

Identify and account for the distribution pattern of the world's climate.

Declarative I	Knowledge			Procedura	l Kno	wledge
Concepts	Students will understand the earth.	ents will understand the diversity of weather and climate in different regions of the			1. 2.	Writing Process Reading Process
Organizing	1. Students will understa	and that location will affe	ect weather and climate.	-		
Ideas	 Students will that rocation will affect weather and climate. Students will know how the earth and space dictate weather and climate. Students will explain how vegetation and biodiversity affect climate patterns. 					
Details	 2. As elevation increases 3. As latitude increases te 4. Temperature and precipile determining climate. 5. There are five basic climate. 5. tropical - high 	temperature decreases. emperature decreases. pitation are the two most important factors in mate regions. hland - mid latitude h latitude lobal warming		Skills	1. 2.	Compare how temperature and precipitation determine climate. Compare the characteristics of the basic climate regions
Vocabulary	equator Arctic Circle poles Antarctic Circle	weather tilt equinox	rotation revolution precipitation climate			

Basic Geography Bundle #4 – Human Influence on Environment

Standard Indicator: 5: Environment and Society 6: Uses in Geography

- 5.1 Identify human-caused threats to the world's environment.
- 5.2 Identify ways in which occurrences in the natural environment can be a hazard to humans.
- 5.5 Examine the characteristics of major global environmental change.
- 5.7 Evaluate how and why the ability of Earth to feed its people has changed over time.
- 6.10 Consider the possible consequences of a world temperature increase.

Declarative 1	Knowledge	Procedural Knowledge		
Concepts	Students will understand how humans can threaten the environment and how the environment can threaten humans.	Processes 1. Reading Process 2. Writing Process		
Organizing Ideas	 Students will analyze ways in which humans affect and are affected by their physical environment. Students will understand how the natural environment can play a major part in the lives of humans. Students will understand and identify how humans adapt to physical changes in the environment. Students will understand the difference between renewable and non-renewable resources and how technology affects them. Students will explain how deforestation and the development of oil fields have adversely affected society. 			
Details	1. Identify human threats to the environment. - atmospheric and surface pollution - oil spills - deforestation - urban sprawl - species extinction - salinization - agricultural run-off - over fishing - global warming Identify occurrences in the natural environment that are hazardous to humans. - Earthquakes - lightening triggered fires - volcanic eruptions - hurricanes - tornadoes - flooding - solar radiation - tsunamis 3. Identify Earth's changes which affects the ability to feed its people - soil depletion - flooding - erosion - droughts	Skills 1. Compare how different human actions cause environmental issues.		

-	Vocabulary	Atmospheric Pollution	Deforestation	salinization
	v ocabalal y	Surface Pollution	Earthquake	urban sprawl
		agricultural run-off	solar radiation	Global Environmental Change
				Global Warming
			over-fishing	
			species extinction	

Basic Geography Bundle #5 - Tourism

Standard Indicator: 6 The Uses of Geography

6.9 – Assess the growing worldwide impact of tourism. Consider the multiple effects of tourism on developing countries, and develop guidelines for Americans who travel as tourists in other countries.

Declarative l	Knowledge	Procedural	Knowledge
Concepts	Students will understand the positive and negative impacts of tourism.	Processes	 Reading Process Writing Process
Organizing Ideas	 Students will understand how tourism impacts a regions economy. Students will understand that policies are needed for travel and how government regulations control travel. Students will explain how tourism is the economic lifeline for certain region 		
Details	 How certain cities or states economic lifeline relies on tourism. How government regulations control travel and tourism. How tourism can strain an infrastructure. Identify climate impact 	Skills	 Demonstrate the ability to make travel arrangements Compare different government policies for different regions
Vocabulary	Infrastructure Tourism Government Policy Passports Visa Currency		

Assessment Planning Guide – Bun	idle #1				
Essential Outcome:					
Summative Assessment:					
Describe Assessment and Timeline	Method	Knowledge	Types of Reasoning/Analysis	Performance Skills	Product
Formative #1:					
Timeline:					
Formative #2:					
Timeline:					
Formative #3:					
Timeline					

Essential Outcome:					
Summative Assessment:					
Describe Assessment and Timeline	Method	Knowledge	Types of Reasoning/Analysis	Performance Skills	Product
Formative #1:			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
Timeline:					
Formative #2:					
Timeline:					
Formative #3:					
Timeline					

Essential Outcome:					
Summative Assessment:					
Describe Assessment and Timeline	Method	Knowledge	Types of Reasoning/Analysis	Performance Skills	Product
Formative #1:			J v		
Timeline:					
Formative #2:					
Timeline:					
Formative #3:					
Timeline					

Essential Outcome:					
Summative Assessment:					
Describe Assessment and Timeline	Method	Knowledge	Types of	Performance	Product
Describe Assessment and Timenne	Method	Knowledge	Types of Reasoning/Analysis	Skills	Froduct
Formative #1:					
Timeline:					
Formative #2:					
Timeline:					
Formative #3:					
Timeline					

Essential Outcome:					
Summative Assessment:					
Describe Assessment and Timeline	Method	Knowledge	Types of Reasoning/Analysis	Performance Skills	Product
Formative #1:			3		
Timeline:					
Formative #2:					
Timeline:					
Formative #3:					
Timeline					