MONITEAU SCHOOL DISTRICT

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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

MONITEAU SCHOOL DISTRICT

BUTLER COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

WITH REPORT BY CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

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Certified Public Accountant

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To the Management and Board of Education Moniteau School District

Independent Auditor's Report

Report on Financial Statements

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Moniteau School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Moniteau School District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinions.

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Opinions

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Moniteau School District, Butler County, Pennsylvania as of June 30, 2019 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages iii-ix and the other required supplementary information on pages 44 - 52, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Mark C. Turnley, CPA

February 1, 2020 New Brighton, Pennsylvania

MONITEAU SCHOOL DISTRICT Management Discussion and Analysis Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

The discussion and analysis of Moniteau School District's financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2019. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole. Readers should also review the financial statements and notes to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

The Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is an element of the reporting model adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in their Statement No. 34 Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments issued June 1999.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2018-2019 are as follows:

- Total General Fund Revenues increased \$531,588 from 2017-18 for a total of \$21,555,551. Local source revenues were \$7,591,601 (primarily real estate taxes) accounting for approximately 35.2.% of total revenues. State source revenues were \$13,826,831 accounting for approximately 64.1% of total revenues with Basic Education Subsidy representing 56.1% of that total.
- The flow-through of Pennsylvania State Gaming revenue and the State mandated method of accounting for these funds increased the appearance of state funding sources by \$604,716 resulting in a like decrease in the amount of local funding. This amount represents 2.8% of total revenues.
- Total General Fund Expenditures were \$22,156,562. Salaries and benefits account for approximately 65.4% of the Districts expenditures. Other fixed costs of operation such as student transportation, utilities, and contracted education costs account for approximately 29.5% of District expenditures. The remaining expenditures, approximately 4.2% are incurred for items such as educational materials, technology expenditures, student activities and other discretionary costs of operating and educational facility.
- The District ended the year with total general fund balances of \$5,650,203. The unassigned portion of the fund balance was \$1,570,961 (equal to approximately 7.0% of the 2019-2020 operating budget). The assigned portion of the fund balance was \$3,860,113, to be used as financial resources in future periods, possibly funding non-recurring fixed asset acquisitions, contributing toward capital improvement projects and providing for strategic financial planning through periods of revenue uncertainty. The District has historically been able to maintain a 7% of subsequent years budget, unassigned fund balance (formerly called unreserved/undesignated fund balance prior to Government Accounting Standards Board Statement # 54), reflecting the financially stable condition that has historically existed. The districts unassigned fund balance is within guidelines established by the Pennsylvania Department of Education.

MONITEAU SCHOOL DISTRICT

Management Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019 (Continued)

USING THE ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand Moniteau School District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate view of the School District's finances and longer-term view of these finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the School District's most significant funds. In the case of Moniteau School District, the General Fund is by far the most significant fund.

Reporting the School District as a Whole

Governmental-Wide Financial Statements

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the School District to provide programs and activities, the view of the School District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2018-2019?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities answer the question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the School District's net position and changes in net position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the School District as a whole, the financial position of the School District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the School District's property tax base, student enrollment, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the School District is divided into two distinct kinds of activities:

- Governmental Activities -- Most of the School District's programs and services are reported here including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation and extracurricular activities.
- Business-Type Activities -- These services are provided on a charge for goods or services basis to recover the expenses of the goods or services provided. The School District Food Service Fund is reported as a business activity.
- The Governmental-Wide Financial Statements can be found on pages 1 and 2 of this report.

MONITEAU SCHOOL DISTRICT Management Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019 (Continued)

Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the School District's major funds begins on page 3. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the School District's major funds. The School District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the School District's most significant funds. The School District's major governmental fund is the general fund.

Governmental Funds – Most of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements on pages 4 and 6.

Proprietary Funds – Proprietary funds use the same basis of accounting as business-type activities; therefore, these fund financial statements will essentially match the government-wide financial statements.

Governmental Activities

The District's total governmental activities liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded total assets and deferred outflows of resources as of June 30, 2019 by \$13,265,322 (net position – deficit). This was an increase of \$1,271,434 over June 30, 2018. Included in the liabilities recognized is the Districts proportionate shares of the Pennsylvania School Employees Retirement System (PSERS) overall net pension obligation and OPEB obligation. For the Moniteau School District, these liabilities stand at \$29,619,000 and \$7,847,557 respectively as of June 30, 2019.

The School District's revenues consist of local (taxes and other), 35.2 percent; and state and federal revenues (subsidies and grants), 64.3 percent.

The School District's program expenses are 54.7 percent instruction, 35.2 percent support services, 4.7 percent non-instructional-other, and 5.2 percent capital outlay/debt service.

The School District's reliance on state and local tax revenue is apparent. A decrease in state revenues would have a direct impact on the level of local revenue needed to meet program expenses.

Business-Type Activities

Business-type activities include the food service program. This program had revenue of \$337,306 and expenses of \$801,630. The Food Service Fund received federal and state subsidy support totaling \$537,600. Without support from the federal and state government, food service operations would require additional local revenue through increased pricing structure or from support from the District's General Fund. The Food Service department operated at a profit for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 requiring no support from the District's General Fund.

MONITEAU SCHOOL DISTRICT Management Discussion and Analysis

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019 (Continued)

The School District as a Whole

This Statement of Net Position provides the perspective of the School District as a whole.

	JUNE 30, 2019							
	GO\	/ERNMENTAL	BUS	INESS-TYPE			JUI	NE 30, 2018
	P	CTIVITIES	A	CTIVITIES		TOTAL		TOTAL
Current Assets	\$	8,909,373	\$	123,897	\$	9,033,270	\$	10,247,666
Capital Assets		21,298,133		3,210		21,301,343		22,254,325
Deferred Outflows of Resources		5,233,065		144,686		5,377,751		5,679,488
TOTAL ASSETS & DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	\$	35,440,571	\$	271,793	\$	35,712,364	\$	38,181,479
Current Liabilities	\$	3,976,259	\$	9,817	\$	3,986,076	\$	4,588,205
Long-term Liabilities		43,461,606		930,084		44,391,690		45,724,245
Deferred Inflows of Resources		1,268,028		20,400		1,288,428		525,991
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	48,705,893	\$	960,301	\$	49,666,194	\$	50,838,441
Net Investment in								
Capital Assets	\$	13,657,676	\$	3,210	\$	13,660,886	\$	13,667,467
Restricted		-		-		-		10,036
Unrestricted		(26,922,998)		(691,718)		(27,614,716)		(26,334,465)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	(13,265,322)	\$	(688,508)	\$	(13,953,830)	\$	(12,656,962)

The following table shows the revenues, expenses, and changes in net position for the fiscal year 2019 as compared to fiscal year 2018.

	JUNE 30, 2019							
	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES		TOTAL			6/30/2018 TOTAL
REVENUES					-			
Program Revenues:								
Charges for Services	\$	73,218	\$	337,306	\$	410,524	\$	500,052
Operating Grants and Contributions		5,725,940		537,600		6,263,540		6,031,828
Capital Grants and Contributions		433,641		-		433,641		438,255
General Revenues:								
Property and Other Taxes		6,594,358		-		6,594,358		6,456,380
Grants, Subsidies and Contributions		8,365,959		-		8,365,959		8,311,156
Investment Earnings		150,810		620		151,430		82,087
Miscellaneous Income		124,115		-		124,115		14,345
Gain/Loss on Fixed Assets		-		-		-		27,846
Transfers and Other		99,330		-		99,330		87,361
TOTAL REVENUES	\$	21,567,371	\$	875,526	\$	22,442,897	\$	21,949,310
EXPENSES								
Instruction	\$	13,268,448	\$	_	\$	13,268,448	\$	11,896,611
Instructional Student Support	,	1,578,462	•	-	,	1,578,462	•	1,532,414
Administrative and Financial Support		2,200,636		-		2,200,636		1,984,227
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		2,612,242		-		2,612,242		2,289,851
Pupil Transportation		1,867,102		-		1,867,102		1,670,153
Student Activities		547,764		-		547,764		469,285
Community Services		524,421		-		524,421		587,463
Interest on Long-term Debt		235,885		-		235,885		225,578
Capital Outlay		3,845		-		3,845		10,248
Food Services		· -		801,630		801,630		834,890
Transfers and Other		-		99,330		99,330		87,361
TOTAL EXPENSES	\$	22,838,805	\$	900,960	\$	23,739,765	\$	21,588,081
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$	(1,271,434)	\$	(25,434)	\$	(1,296,868)	\$	361,229

MONITEAU SCHOOL DISTRICT

Management Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019 (Continued)

School District Funds

Financial information related to the School District's major funds starts on page 3. These funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. All governmental funds had total revenues of \$21,555,551 and expenditures of \$22,156,562. The net decrease in fund balances was \$601,011.

General Fund Budget Highlights

The School District's budget is prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund. The School Board authorized any necessary Budget Transfers as of June 30, 2019 resulting from auditing and closing the 2018-2019 books. Ratification of necessary transfers is requested simultaneously with approval of the audited financial statements.

The revenue budget was \$21,534,982. Actual revenue of \$21,555,551 was higher than budget amounts by \$20,569. Local revenue was over budget by \$200,044, state revenue was under budget by \$236,207, federal revenue was over budget by \$3,551 and other financing sources was over budget by \$53,180.

The expenditure budget (exclusive of Operating Transfers and Budgetary Reserve) was \$21,677,103 compared to actual expenditures of \$22,122,722. This difference of \$445,617 is approximately .021% of the total budget.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2019, the District had \$21,301,343 (net of depreciation \$18,312,978) invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, construction in progress, furniture and equipment.

Debt Administration

As of July 1, 2017, the District had total general obligation bonds outstanding of \$9,580,000 from the General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2015, General Obligation Bonds, Series A of 2010, and General Bond Series B of 2010, (Note 9). The District made payments against principal of \$930,000. Ending outstanding debt as of June 30, 2019 was \$7,685,000. The District is scheduled to make principal payments on this debt totaling \$990,000 during the 2019-20 fiscal year.

The District also shares in Debt Obligations of the Butler County Area Vocational Technical School Authority (Authority). The Authority issued bonds during the 2015-2016 refunding previously issued bonds from 2010-2011 school year. The 2010-2011 Bond Issue was originally issued to finance major renovations projects at the Butler County Area Vocational Technical School. The District June 30, 2019 share of the underlying debt obligation of the Authority is \$615,028.

MONITEAU SCHOOL DISTRICT

Management Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019 (Continued)

Debt Administration (Continued)

Other long-term obligations include accrued vacation pay and sick leave for specific employees of the District, as well as retirement incentive and retiree health insurance obligations. More detailed information about our long-term liabilities is included in Notes 9 and 12 to the financial statements.

The District is in compliance with Government Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 75 (GASB 75), which requires information presented in these financial statements. Actuarial computations under GASB 75 are for purposes of fulfilling certain employer accounting requirements pertaining to Postemployment Benefits Plans. This evaluation is required every two fiscal years based on the number of participants in the plan and the total budget of the district. Revised evaluations may be required in the interim if there is significant modifications to applicable employee benefit provisions. The complete Actuarial Report for the Moniteau School District is on file at the District Administration Office.

For the Future

Projecting the financial outlook of a School District can be difficult due to various factors. Maintaining a year to year Fund Balance is essential to safeguard against unanticipated fluctuations in significant revenue sources and unanticipated costs. State support for education in the District, has historically accounted for approximately 2/3rds of revenue resources. With no continuity to a defined commitment to a funding mechanism for various state subsidies, long term projections can not be defined with certainty. This reality adversely affects the districts ability to plot a consistent educational course of action, having to plan on a year to year basis, contingent upon awaiting information from the State on what and how supporting funds will be forthcoming.

The ongoing publicity of the condition of the Pennsylvania State budget causes concern for Pennsylvania School Districts. A healthy Moniteau School District fund balance continues to provide a short-term buffer to assist in providing a non-permanent means of financial support for necessary educational expenditures. Decrease in state funding support and Act 1 limiting districts abilities to increase local real estate tax rates to support necessary educational expenditures could potentially erode the Districts Fund Balance.

Caution must be used in utilizing Fund Balances to assist in balancing operating budgets. Projections must indicate that revenues will meet expenditure needs, before Fund Balances are dissolved.

Continued uncertainty of the State and Federal Governments response to the current state of the economy is cause for concern due to the potential for a material impact on the Districts reliance on revenues from these sources.

The District does not expect significant growth in the near future given the residential nature of the local economy.

Major renovations and additions at both the Dassa McKinney Elementary School and the Moniteau Jr/Sr High (Administration) occurred in the first decade of the 21st century. The District's Board continues to maintain fiscal responsibility implementing long term facility plans. This approach continues a focus on long-range facility maintenance planning, maximizing the districts investment in its facilities. Major projects in conjunction with strategic Debt re-structuring are anticipated for the Summer of 2020.

MONITEAU SCHOOL DISTRICT Management Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019 (Continued)

For the Future (continued)

The District is in the process of re-visiting long range facility and financial plans in conjunction with their 2019-2022 Comprehensive Plan. With upcoming significant facility projects, the opportunity to restructure existing long term debt with the incurrence of additional manageable debt as required will contribute to the pursuit of District stability.

The uncertainty of the general effect of the over-all U.S., State and Regional economy will continue to provide a challenge for the district in budgeting. Special education costs are dependent on student needs and can fluctuate significantly on a year to year basis. Enrollment and/or withdrawal of severely handicapped students can cause this expenditure to fluctuate. Employee pension obligations and health care costs contribute significantly to staffing costs, an essential element in operating an educational institution. The District anticipates a second year of favorable experience as a participant in the self funded Midwestern Health Combine. Nonetheless, Health care costs continue to increase with no change to this reality in sight. Student enrollment in Cyber Charter Schools appears to have stabilized however the total associated cost remains as a significant District expense. While the district does prepare a budget with a modest reserve each year for unexpected emergencies, this expenditure is dependent upon actual experience during the fiscal year.

Stability and growth depend upon the general economic conditions, including the unemployment rate of the District's taxpayers. The cost of operations is anticipated to continue to increase, which will be funded to the extent possible with available revenue sources.

Percentage Comparison - Next Years Budgeted vs. Audit Year Actual

		Revenues	
	2019-20 Budgeted	2018-19Actual	2017-18 Actual
Local	34.0%	35.2%	34.6%
State	65.5%	64.1%	64.6%
Federal/Other	.5%	.7%	.8%
		Expenditures	
	2019-20 Budgeted	2018-19 Actual	2017-18 Actual
Instruction	53.8%	54.8%	54.6%
Support Services	15.1%	15.5%	15.8%
Operation & Maintenance of Plant	11.5%	11.3%	11.1%
Student Transportation	8.3%	8.4%	8.0%
Student Activities	2.2%	2.3%	2.2%
Community Services	2.1%	2.4%	2.8%
Debt Service / Capital Outlay/Othe	r 7.0%	5.3%	5.5%

Contacting the District Financial Management

The financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, parents, students, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or wish to request additional financial information, please contact John D'Amore, Business Manager/Board Secretary at Moniteau School District, 1810 West Sunbury Road, West Sunbury, Pennsylvania 16061. email - jdamore@moniteau.org

MONITEAU SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

	Governmental Activities			ness-Type ctivities		Total
ASSETS						
Current Assets:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,445,506	\$	96,892	\$	1,542,398
Investments		5,180,788		-		5,180,788
Taxes Receivable (net)		483,760		-		483,760
Internal Balances		78,888		(78,888)		-
Due From Other Governments		1,498,006		72,318		1,570,324
Other Receivables		3,296		7,899		11,195
Inventories		-		25,676		25,676
Prepaid Expenses		219,129				219,129
Total Current Assets	\$	8,909,373	\$	123,897	\$	9,033,270
Noncurrent Assets:						
Land	\$	14,882	\$	_	\$	14,882
Site Improvements (net)	Ψ	872,426	Ψ	_	Ψ	872,426
Building & Building Improvements (net)		19,795,059		_		19,795,059
Furniture & Equipment (net)		615,766		3,210		618,976
Total Noncurrent Assets	\$	21,298,133	\$	3,210	\$	21,301,343
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	30,207,506	\$	127,107	\$	30,334,613
						· · · · · ·
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred Interest on Refunding	\$	16,855	\$	-	\$	16,855
Deferred Outflows Related to OPEB		671,467		4,127		675,594
Deferred Outflows Related to Pension		4,544,743		140,559		4,685,302
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	5,233,065	\$	144,686	\$	5,377,751
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED						
OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	35,440,571	\$	271,793	\$	35,712,364
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities:	\$	624.940	œ		\$	624.940
Accounts Payable Panda Payable Current Parties	Ф	631,840	\$	-	Ф	631,840
Bonds Payable - Current Portion Accrued Interest		990,000		-		990,000
Accrued Salaries and Benefits		55,515		-		55,515 1 470 103
Unearned Revenue		1,479,193		9,817		1,479,193
Payroll Deductions and Withholdings		819,711		9,017		9,817 819,711
Total Current Liabilities	\$	3,976,259	\$	9,817	\$	3,986,076
Total Gulletti Elabitties	Ψ	3,910,233	Ψ	3,017	Ψ	3,300,070
Noncurrent Liabilities:						
Bonds Payable - Long-Term Portion (Net)	\$	6,667,312	\$	-	\$	6,667,312
Compensated Absences		254,887		2,934		257,821
Net Pension Liabililty		28,730,430		888,570		29,619,000
Net OPEB Obligation		7,808,977		38,580		7,847,557
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	\$	43,461,606	\$	930,084	\$	44,391,690
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	47,437,865	\$	939,901	\$	48,377,766
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred Inflows Related to Pension	\$	603,340	\$	18,660	\$	622,000
Deferred Inflows Related to OPEB	Ψ	664,688	*	1,740	Ψ	666,428
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	1,268,028	\$	20,400	\$	1,288,428
		,,		-,		,,
NET POSITION	_				_	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	13,657,676	\$	3,210	\$	13,660,886
Unrestricted		(26,922,998)		(691,718)	_	(27,614,716)
TOTAL NET POSITION (Deficit)	\$	(13,265,322)	\$	(688,508)	\$	(13,953,830)
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF						
RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION	\$	35,440,571	\$	271,793	\$	35,712,364

MONITEAU SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Net (Expense) Revenue and **Changes in Net Position Program Revenues** Operating Capital **Grants and** Charges for **Grants and** Governmental **Business-Type Functions/Programs** Expenses Services Contributions Contributions **Activities Activities** Total **Governmental Activities:** Instruction \$ 13,268,448 \$ \$ 3,601,697 \$ (9,666,751) (9,666,751)Instructional Student Support 1,578,462 243,930 (1,334,532)(1,334,532)Administrative and Financial Support Services 2,200,636 265,071 (1.935,565)(1.935,565)Operation and Maintenance of Plant Services 2,612,242 21,361 231,279 (2,359,602)(2,359,602)**Pupil Transportation** 1,867,102 1,331,644 (535,458)(535,458)Student Activities 547,764 51,857 52,319 (443,588)(443,588)Community Services 524,421 (524,421)(524,421)Captial Outlay 3,845 (3,845)(3,845)Interest on Long-Term Debt 235,885 433,641 197,756 197,756 **Total Governmental Activities** \$ 22,838,805 73,218 5,725,940 433,641 (16,606,006)(16,606,006)**Business-Type activities:** Food Service 801.630 337,306 537,600 \$ 73,276 73.276 \$ \$ **Total Business-Type Activities** 801,630 337,306 537,600 73,276 73,276 **Total Primary Government** \$ 23.640.435 410,524 6,263,540 \$ 433.641 \$ (16,606,006)\$ 73,276 \$ (16,532,730)**General Revenues:** Taxes: 5.473.557 5.473.557 Property Taxes, Levied for General Purposes (net) \$ 1.120.801 Other Taxes, Levied for General Purposes 1.120.801 Property Tax Relief Payment 604.716 604.716 Grants and Contributions - Unrestricted 7,761,243 7.761.243 **Investment Earnings** 150.810 620 151.430 Miscellaneous Income 124,115 124,115 Transfers between Governmental & Business-Type Activities 99,330 (99,330)15,235,862 **Total General Revenues** 15,334,572 (98,710)\$ (1,271,434)**Change in Net Position** (25,434)(1,296,868)Net Position — July 1, 2018 (Deficit) (11,993,888)(663.074)(12.656.962)(13,265,322)(688,508)Net Position — June 30, 2019 (Deficit) (13,953,830)

MONITEAU SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUND - GENERAL FUND JUNE 30, 2019

	GEN	ERAL FUND	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS			
ASSETS:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,445,506	\$	1,445,506		
Investments	·	5,180,788		5,180,788		
Due From Other Funds		78,888		78,888		
Taxes Receivable (net)		493,081		493,081		
Due From Other Governments		1,498,006		1,498,006		
Other Receivables		3,296		3,296		
Prepaid Expenses		219,129		219,129		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	8,918,694	\$	8,918,694		
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
LIABILITIES:						
Accounts Payable	\$	631,840	\$	631,840		
Accrued Salaries and Benefits		1,479,193		1,479,193		
Payroll Deductions and Withholdings		819,711		819,711		
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	2,930,744	\$	2,930,744		
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES:						
Delinquent Real Estate Taxes	\$	337,747	\$	337,747		
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES	\$	337,747	\$	337,747		
FUND BALANCES:						
Nonspendable	\$	219,129	\$	219,129		
Assigned		3,860,113		3,860,113		
Unassigned		1,570,961		1,570,961		
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	\$	5,650,203	\$	5,650,203		
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW OF						
RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$	8,918,694	\$	8,918,694		

MONITEAU SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 5,650,203
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources, and therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds. The cost of assets is \$39,537,166, and the accumulated depreciation is \$18,239,033.	21,298,133
Property and wage taxes receivable in the statement of net position, which will not be available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures, are deferred and not recognized as revenue in governmental funds.	328,426
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	4,544,743
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	671,467
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	(603,340)
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	(664,688)
Long term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds. Long-term liabilities at year end consist of:	
Bonds Payable (Net) \$ 7,657,312 Deferred Interest on Refunding (16,855) Accrued Interest on Debt 55,515 Net Pension Liability 28,730,430 Accrued Compensated Absences 254,887 Net OPEB Liability 7,808,977	(44,490,266)
TOTAL NET POSITION - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ (13,265,322)

MONITEAU SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUND - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	GEI	NERAL FUND	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS			
REVENUES						
Local Sources	\$	7,591,601	\$	7,591,601		
State Sources	Ψ	13,826,831	Ψ	13,826,831		
Federal Sources		37,789		37,789		
Total Revenues	\$	21,456,221	\$	21,456,221		
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>						
Instruction	\$	12,135,232	\$	12,135,232		
Support Services		7,795,960		7,795,960		
Noninstructional Services		1,030,788		1,030,788		
Capital Outlay		3,845		3,845		
Debt Service		1,156,897		1,156,897		
Total Expenditures	\$	22,122,722	\$	22,122,722		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
over Expenditures	\$	(666,501)	\$	(666,501)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Operating Transfers In	\$	99,330	\$	99,330		
Refund of Prior Year Receipts	•	(33,840)	•	(33,840)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	65,490	\$	65,490		
NET CHANCE IN FUND DAI ANCES	¢	(604.044)	¢	(604.044)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$	(601,011)	\$	(601,011)		
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1, 2018		6,251,214		6,251,214		
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30, 2019	<u>\$</u>	5,650,203	\$	5,650,203		

\$ (1,271,434)

MONITEAU SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILATION OF THE GOVERNMENT FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

TOTAL NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ (601,011)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense (\$1,071,877) exceeded capital outlays (\$119,812) during the fiscal year.	(952,065)
Governmental funds report district pension contributions as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension expense.	(584,014)
Repayment of bond and note principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	965,000
Bond discount costs are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, these costs are capitalized and amortized over the life of the note as interest expense.	(4,152)
Deferred interest on bond refundings is recognized in the government-wide financial statements when bonds are refunded and amortized over the life of the bond issue as interest expense.	(14,447)
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due.	8,451
In the statement of activities, certain operating expenses - compensated absences and retiree health benefits - are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (paid). This amount represents benefits paid in excess of the amounts earned for 2018-2019.	(101,017)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in governmental funds.	 11,821

CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

MONITEAU SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, BUDGET AND ACTUAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Budgeted			Actual		Variance with Final Budget Postive	
		Original		Final	(Bud	dgetary Basis)	(1	legative)
REVENUES								
Local Sources	\$	7,390,940	\$	7,391,558	\$	7,591,601	\$	200,043
State Sources		14,063,656		14,063,038		13,826,831		(236,207)
Federal Sources		34,238		34,238		37,789		3,551
Total Revenues	\$	21,488,834	\$	21,488,834	\$	21,456,221	\$	(32,613)
EXPENDITURES .								
Regular Programs	\$	8,850,643	\$	8,850,648	\$	8,636,733	\$	213,915
Special Programs	*	2,422,113	Ψ	2,422,113	Ψ	3,062,075	Ψ.	(639,962)
Vocational Programs		425,738		425,738		427,257		(1,519)
Other Instructional Programs		13,260		13,259		9,167		4,092
Pupil Personnel Services		569,846		569,844		563,834		6,010
Instructional Staff Services		657,478		657,478		665,976		(8,498)
Administrative Services		1,379,850		1,379,850		1,400,214		(20,364)
Pupil Health		202,673		202,673		194,935		7,738
Business Services		339,128		339,128		330,352		8,776
Operation & Maintenance of Plant Services		2,424,150		2,424,150		2,507,481		(83,331)
Student Transportation Services		1,956,733		1,956,733		1,862,463		94,270
Central Services		307,345		307,345		256,934		50,411
Other Support Services		13,446		13,446		13,771		(325)
Student Activities		476,411		476,411		506,367		(29,956)
Community Services		451,392		451,392		524,421		(73,029)
Capital Outlay		30,000		30,000		3,845		26,155
Debt Service (Principal & Interest)		1,156,897		1,156,897		1,156,897		-
Total Expenditures	\$	21,677,103	\$	21,677,105	\$	22,122,722	\$	(445,617)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	<u> </u>	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	<u> </u>					
over Expenditures	\$	(188,269)	\$	(188,271)	\$	(666,501)	\$	(478,230)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Operating Transfers In	\$	46,148	\$	46,150	\$	99,330	\$	53,180
Refund Prior Year Receipts	*	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	(33,840)	Ψ.	(33,840)
Budgetary Reserve		(405,564)		(405,564)		-		405,564
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	(359,416)	\$	(359,414)	\$	65,490	\$	424,904
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$	(547,685)	\$	(547,685)	\$	(601,011)	\$	(53,326)
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1, 2018		5,689,902		5,689,902		6,251,214		561,312
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30, 2019	\$	5,142,217	\$	5,142,217	\$	5,650,203	\$	507,986

MONITEAU SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	8	FOOD SERVICES
ASSETS		
Current Assets:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	96,892
Due from Other Governmental Units		72,318
Other Accounts Receivable		7,899
Inventories		25,676
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	\$	202,785
Noncurrent Assets:		
Furniture and Equipment	\$	3,210
TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS	\$	3,210
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	205,995
Deferred Outflows of Resources:		
Defferred Outflows Related to Pension	\$	140,559
Deferred Outflows Related to OPEB	•	4,127
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	144,686
TOTAL ASSETS & DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	350,681
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities: Unearned Revenue Due to Other Funds TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	\$ 	9,817 78,888 88,705
		-
Noncurrent Liabilities:		
Compensated Absences	\$	2,934
Net OPEB Liability (PSERS)		38,580
Net Pension Liability	_	888,570
TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES	\$	930,084
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	1,018,789
Deferred outflows of Resources:		
Defferred Inflows Related to Pension	\$	18,660
Defferred Inflows Related to OPEB		1,740
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	20,400
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	3,210
Unrestricted		(691,718)
TOTAL NET POSITION (Deficit)	\$	(688,508)
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF		
RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION	\$	350,681

MONITEAU SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	FOOD	SERVICES
OPERATING REVENUES	•	
Food Services Revenue	\$	337,306
Total Operating Revenues	\$	337,306
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Salaries	\$	234,901
Employee Benefits		169,823
Purchased Property Service		23,234
Supplies		371,761
Depreciation		916
Other Operating Expenditures		995
Total Operating Expenses	\$	801,630
OPERATING INCOME/(LOSS)	\$	(464,324)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Earnings on Investments	\$	620
State Sources		84,314
Federal Sources		453,286
Transfer to General Fund		(99,330)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	\$	438,890
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$	(25,434)
NET POSITION - JULY 1, 2018 - (Deficit)		(663,074)
NET POSITION - JUNE 30, 2019 (Deficit)	\$	(688,508)

MONITEAU SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	S	FOOD ERVICES
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		_
Cash Received from Users	\$	335,026
Cash Payments to Employees for Services		(306,705)
Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services		(343,778)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	(315,457)
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
State Sources	\$	79,561
Federal Sources		334,243
Interfund transfers		(99,330)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Non-Capital Financing Activities	\$	314,474
(, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		,
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Earnings on Investments	<u>\$</u> \$	620
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	\$	620
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$	(363)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - JULY 1, 2017		97,255
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - JUNE 30, 2018	\$	96,892
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(464,324)
ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Depreciation		916
Donated Commodities		51,478
(Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows of Resources		5,210
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable		(2,316)
(Increase) Decrease in Inventories		734
Increase (Decrease) in Advance from Other Funds		80,030
Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows of Resources		6,480
Increase (Decrease) in Net Pension Liability		4,020
Increase (Decrease in Net OPEB Liability		2,100
Increase (Decrease) in Unearned Revenue		36
Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences		179
Total Adjustments	\$	148,867
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	(315,457)

NONCASH NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:

During the year, the District received \$51,478 of food commodities from the U.S. Department of Agriculture

MONITEAU SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	ACTIVITY FUNDS	
ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	63,769
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	63,769
LIABILITIES	•	00 700
Other Current Liabilities	\$	63,769
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	63,769

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Moniteau School District was established under the authority of an act of the state legislature that designated a school board as the governing body. This district serves the surrounding municipalities which include the Townships of Cherry, Clay, Concord, Marion, Venango and Washington, and the Boroughs of Cherry Valley, Eau Claire and West Sunbury. The School District operates under a locally-elected nine member Board form of government and provides educational services as mandated by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and selected federal agencies. The Board of Education has complete authority over the operations and administration of the School District's activities.

The financial statements of the Moniteau School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). The most significant of the School District's accounting policies are as follows:

REPORTING ENTITY

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the Moniteau School District consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. Generally accepted accounting principles defines component units as legally separate entities that are included in the School District's reporting entity because of the significance of their operating or financial relationships with the School District. Based on the application of these criteria, the Moniteau School District has no component units.

The School District is associated with two jointly governed organizations (Note 12) and one public entity risk pool (Note 13). These organizations are:

- Jointly Governed Organizations:
 Butler County Area Vocational-Technical School
 Mid-Western Intermediate Unit IV
- Public Entity Risk Pool:
 Midwestern Health Combine

BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND MEASUREMENT FOCUS

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – The statement of net position (Exhibit A) and the statement of activities (Exhibit B) display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the School District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND MEASUREMENT FOCUS (Continued)

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. That is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliations (Exhibit D and F) with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities (Exhibit B) presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the District's business-type activities (food service operations) and for each function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, and grants, subsidies and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the School District. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which the business-type activity or government function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – Fund financial statements report detailed information about the School District. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Major funds represent the School District's most important funds and are determined based on percentages of assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. For the Moniteau School District, the General Fund is always considered a major fund. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are segregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets and current liabilities, and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances, which reports on the sources (revenues and other financing sources) and uses (expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources.

All proprietary fund types are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net position. The statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net position presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the School District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

Fiduciary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus.

FUND ACCOUNTING

The School District uses funds to report on its financial position and the results of its operations during the year. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain school district functions or activities. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Funds are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Fund categories are defined as follows:

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

FUND ACCOUNTING (Continued)

<u>Governmental Funds</u> – Governmental funds focus on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The School District does not currently maintain any non-major governmental funds. The following are the School District's major and non-major governmental funds:

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND:

GENERAL FUND - The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources not required to be accounted for in some other fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended according to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Public School Code.

<u>Proprietary Funds</u> - used to account for activities similar to those found in the private sector, where the determination of net income is necessary and useful to sound financial administration. Goods or services from such activities can be provided either to outside parties (enterprise funds) or to other departments or agencies within the School District (internal service funds). The School District's major and sole enterprise fund is its Food Service Fund, which accounts for the financial transactions related to the food service operations of the District.

Fiduciary Funds – Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the School District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the School District's own programs. Agency funds are custodial in nature and do not involve measuring income or any other results from operations. The District maintains an Agency Fund which accounts for various student organization activity accounts administered by the District on behalf of the various student organizations. The District does not currently maintain any private-purpose trust funds.

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported in the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Government funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds use the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the School District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year-end.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND MEASUREMENT FOCUS (Continued)

Revenue resulting from non-exchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, includes property taxes, grants and contributions. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenues from grants and contributions are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be 'available' before it can be recognized.

The management of the Moniteau School District has determined that the revenues most susceptible to accrual (measurable and available) at June 30, 2019 under the modified accrual basis are 1) delinquent real estate taxes collected by the District from the Butler County Tax Claim Bureau within 60 days following the close of the fiscal year, 2) certain Act 511 taxes, 3) federal and state subsidies earned in the fiscal year 2018-2019, and 4) other miscellaneous revenues earned in fiscal year 2018-2019 but received subsequent to June 30, 2019. On the governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the 'available' period have been reported as 'deferred inflows of resources'.

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. The primary expenditures deemed susceptible to accrual at June 30, 2019, are those for which the Board of Education's intention was to expense these items as budgeted for the 2018-2019 official budget, and for which the District has incurred an obligation during 2019, but has not paid as of June 30, 2019.

Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and additional pension and OPEB expenses related to GASB 68 and GASB 75, are not recognized in governmental funds but are included as part of expenses in the government-wide statement of activities. Unused donated commodities are reported as unearned revenue.

BUDGETS

In June of 2018, the Moniteau School District adopted its fiscal year June 30, 2019 annual budget for the general fund totaling \$22,082,669 in accordance with the provisions of the Pennsylvania School Code. The budget is prepared utilizing the modified accrual method of accounting. Budgetary transfers among various expenditure line items can be performed by the District, as approved by the Board of Education, only during the last nine months of the fiscal year. The original and adjusted budgetary amounts are reflected in these financial statements (Exhibit G). All annual appropriations of the general fund lapse at fiscal year-end.

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

For the purposes of these basic financial statements, cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposit accounts and any other highly liquid, short-term investments, with original maturity terms of less than three months.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

INVESTMENTS

Under Section 440.1 of the Pennsylvania Public School Code of 1949, as amended, and PA Act 10 of 2016, Moniteau School District is permitted to invest funds consistent with sound business practices in the following types of investments:

- I. Obligations of (a) the United States of American or any of its agencies or instrumentalities backed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America, (b) the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or any of its agencies or instrumentalities backed by the full faith and credit of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, or (c) of any political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or any of its agencies or instrumentalities backed by the full faith and credit of the political subdivision.
- **II.** Deposits in savings accounts, time deposits and share accounts of institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) to the extent that such accounts are so insured and, for any amounts above the insured maximum, provided that approved collateral, as provided by law, is pledged by the depository.
- **III.** U.S. government obligations, short-term commercial paper issued by a public corporation, and banker's acceptances.

Investment accounts in the governmental funds include deposits pooled for investment purposes with the Pennsylvania Local Government Investment Trust (PLGIT).

There were no deposit and investment transactions during the year that were in violation of state statues.

SHORT-TERM INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as 'due from/to other funds' on the governmental funds balance sheet. For the purposes of the government-wide statement of net position, governmental interfund receivables and payables have been eliminated. Amounts due between governmental activities and business-type activities, if any, are presented as off-setting internal balances on the statement of net position.

INVENTORIES

Inventories on the government-wide statement of net position (Exhibit A) and the proprietary fund statement of net position (Exhibit H) are recorded at a combination of actual cost and fair value on a first-in first-out basis. This inventory consists of purchased food and supplies and donated commodities from the U.S. Department of Agriculture as part of the food service program. The School District does not inventory the cost of such items as books and supplies, but rather records these items as expenditures in the governmental funds and an expense in the government-wide statement of activities at the time of purchase.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEPRECIATION

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position. Capital assets used by the proprietary fund are reported in both the business-type activity column of the government-wide statement of net position and on the proprietary fund statement of net position.

All capital assets are recorded at cost (or estimated historical cost). Donated fixed assets are recorded at fair value at the time of receipt. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$1,500. The cost of infrastructure is included as part of site improvements in the government-wide statement of net position. Routine repair and maintenance costs that do not add to the value of the asset or extend its useful life are charged as an expense in the government-wide statement of activities.

All reported capital assets, except land and construction in progress, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

CATEGORY	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
Site Improvements	5-30 Years
Buildings and Improvements	7-40 Years
Furniture and Equipment	3-15 Years
Vehicles	10 Years

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund are determined by its measurement focus. Capital assets purchased by governmental funds are recorded as expenditures in the fund financial statements (Exhibit E). The results of capitalizing fixed assets net of depreciation on the government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities, as opposed to recording these same assets as an expenditure in the fund financial statements (Exhibit E), is reflected in the required reconciliations of fund balance to net position (Exhibit D) and the changes in fund balances to the changes in net position (Exhibit F).

LONG-TERM DEBT FINANCING COSTS

Bond issue costs are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund financial statements in the year paid. The School District did not incur bond issuance costs during the 2018-2019 fiscal year.

COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The School District reports compensated absences in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statements. Sick leave benefits are accrued for members of the Moniteau Education Association and confidential secretaries at the rate of 25% of their regular pay, for a maximum of 160 accumulated sick leave days, under conditions as provided in the collective bargaining agreement. Members of the Moniteau Educational Support Personnel Association are entitled to accumulate unused sick days to a maximum of 150 days at the rate of \$15.00 per day for full-time employees and \$7.50 per day for part-time employees. District administrators and the Superintendent are entitled to accumulate 12 sick days per year.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

COMPENSATED ABSENCES (Continued)

The entire compensated absences liability of \$257,821 is shown as a non-current liability in the government-wide statement of net position. For governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recorded as expenditures when paid, rather than accrued when earned, as the likelihood of payment in the immediate fiscal year with available expendable resources is not assured.

PENSIONS

For the purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public School Employees' Retirement System (PSERS), and additions to/deductions from PSERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PSERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investment assets are reported at fair value. More information on pension activity is included in Note 10.

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

For the purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public School Employees' Retirement System (PSERS), and additions to/deductions from PSERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PSERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investment assets are reported at fair value. More information on other postemployment benefits activity is included in Note 11.

ACCRUED LIABILITIES AND LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements. For the business-type activities, these obligations and all similar obligations are reported again on the proprietary fund financial statement of net position (Exhibit H).

In general, payables and accrued liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported on the governmental fund financial statements regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, the non-current portion of compensated absences and retiree health benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they will be paid with current, expendable, available financial resources. In general, liabilities that mature or come due for payment during the fiscal year are considered to have been be paid with current available financial resources. Notes and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due. The District's General Fund is typically used to liquidate long-term liability obligations.

The results of recognizing these long-term obligations as liabilities on the government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities, as opposed to recording these same obligations as an expenditure in the fund financial statements (Exhibit E) only when paid, is reflected in the required reconciliations of fund balance to net position (Exhibit D) and the changes in fund balances to the changes in net position (Exhibit F).

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

UNEARNED REVENUE

Unearned revenue arises when the District receives resources before it has legal claim to them. This occurs when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the School district has a legal claim to the resources, the unearned revenue liability is removed and revenue is recognized.

DEFERRED OUTFLOWS AND INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

In addition to assets and liabilities, the statement of net position and/or the balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows and/or inflows of resources. These separate financial statement elements represent a decrease and/or increase in net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow and/or inflow of resources (expense/expenditure or income/revenue) in the current period.

NET POSITION

Net position is classified into three categories according to external donor or legal restrictions or availability of assets to satisfy District obligations. Net position is classified as follows:

- Net Investment in Capital Assets This component of net position consists of capital assets net
 of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by the outstanding balances of debt that is attributable
 to the acquisition, construction and improvement of the capital assets, plus deferred outflows of
 resources less deferred inflows of resources related to those assets.
- Restricted Net Position –This component of net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows related to those assets.
- Unrestricted Consists of net position that does not meet the definition of 'restricted' or 'net investment in capital assets'.

When an expense is incurred that can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources (net position), the School District's policy is to first apply the expense toward restricted resources and then toward unrestricted resources.

FUND EQUITY

In the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds (Exhibit C), fund balances are reported in specific categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on any entity's fund balance more transparent in accordance with GASB No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- Non-spendable fund balance amounts that are not in spendable form (such as prepaid expenses) or are required to be maintained intact. The non-spendable fund balance at 6/30/19 is \$219,129.
- Restricted fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and high levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

FUND EQUITY (Continued)

- Committed fund balance amount constrained to specific purposes by the School District itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint.
- Assigned fund balance amounts the School District intends to use for a specific purpose; intent
 can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body
 delegates the authority. At June 30, 2019, the management of the Moniteau School District
 assigned \$3,860,113 of fund balance to be used as financial resources for future periods.
- Unassigned fund balance amount that are available for any purpose

Act 48 of 2003 prohibits school districts from increasing real property taxes for the school year 2006-2007 or any subsequent school year, unless the school district has adopted a budget for such school year that includes an estimated ending unassigned fund balance which is not more than a specified percentage of the district's total budgeted expenditures. For the Moniteau School District, estimated ending unassigned fund balance must not exceed 8% of total budgeted expenditures.

The School District establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of an ordinance or resolution. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund. The Board of Education has given authority to assign fund balance to the Business Manager.

When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the District's general policy to spend the committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts and then unassigned amounts.

ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires the District's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

OPERATING REVENUES AND EXPENSES

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary fund. For the Moniteau School District, these revenues are food service charges for lunch and breakfast service. Operating expenses are the necessary costs incurred to provide the aforementioned food service. Non-operating revenues of the District's food service proprietary fund are 1) investment earnings and 2) state and federal subsidies, including donated commodities, received from the U.S. Department of Agriculture. The District's food service proprietary fund had \$99,330 in non-operating expenses during the fiscal year. This amount was a transfer to the General Fund.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

ADOPTION OF GASB PRONOUNCEMENTS

The requirements of the following GASB Statements were adopted for the School District's 2018-2019 financial statements. Except where noted, the adoption of these pronouncements did not have a significant impact on the School District's financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 83, 'Certain Asset Retirement Obligations'. The primary objective of this Statement is to provide financial statement users with information about 'asset retirement obligations' (ARO) that were not addressed in GASB Standards by establishing uniform accounting and financial reporting requirements for these obligations.

GASB Statement No. 88, 'Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements'. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve consistency in the information that is disclosed in notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements, and to provide financial statement users with additional essential information about debt.

PENDING GASB PRONOUNCEMENTS

In January of 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 84, 'Fiduciary Activities'. The primary objective of this Statement is to enhance the consistency and comparability of fiduciary activity reporting by state and local governments. This Statement also is intended to improve the usefulness of fiduciary activity information primarily for assessing the accountability of governments in their roles as fiduciaries. The provisions of this Statement are effective for the School District's June 30, 2020 financial statements.

In June of 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 87, 'Leases'. The primary objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases; enhancing the comparability of financial statements between governments; and also enhancing the relevance, reliability (representational faithfulness), and consistency of information about the leasing activities of governments. The provisions of this Statement are effective for the School District's June 30, 2021 financial statements.

In June of 2018, the GASB issued Statement No. 89, 'Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the end of a Construction Period'. The primary objectives of this Statement are (a) to enhance the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and, (b) to simplify accounting for certain interest costs. The provisions of this Statement are effective for the School District's June 30, 2021 financial statements.

In August of 2018, the GASB issued Statement No. 90, 'Majority Equity Interests (an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61'. The primary objectives of this Statement are to improve consistency in the measurement and comparability of the financial statement presentation of majority equity interests in legally separate organizations and to improve the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. The provisions of this Statement are effective for the School District's June 30, 2020 financial statements.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

PENDING GASB PRONOUNCEMENTS (Continued)

In May of 2019, the GASB issued Statement No. 91, 'Conduit Debt Obligations'. The primary objectives of this Statement are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. The provisions of this Statement are effective for the School District's June 30, 2022 financial statements.

The effects of implementing the aforementioned GASB Statements on the School District's financial statements have not yet been determined.

NOTE 2 - CASH DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

CASH DEPOSITS:

At June 30, 2019, the Moniteau School District had the following carrying values on its cash and cash equivalents accounts:

	BANK	CARRYING	
	BALANCE	VALUE	
General Fund	\$ 1,530,650	\$ 1,445,506	
Enterprise Fund	96,842	96,892	
Agency Fund	63,989	63,769	
TOTAL	\$ 1,691,481	\$ 1,606,167	

The difference between the bank balance and carrying value represents year-end reconciling items such as deposits in transit and outstanding checks. The Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) coverage threshold for government accounts is \$250,000 per official custodian. This coverage includes checking and savings accounts, money market deposits accounts, and certificates of deposit.

Custodial Credit Risk:

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a separate policy for custodial credit risk in addition to the requirements of State Law. As of June 30, 2019, \$1,441,481 of the District's bank balance total is exposed to custodial credit risk as this amount represents uninsured deposits collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution or by its trust department or agent, but not in the School District's name. In accordance with Act Number 72-1971 Session of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, the aforementioned deposits, in excess of \$250,000 are collateralized by securities pledged to a pooled public funds account with the Federal Reserve System.

NOTE 2 - CASH DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

INVESTMENTS:

The fair value and maturity term of the District's investment as of June 30, 2019 is as follows:

	No Stated			
	Fair Value Maturity		Maturity	Credit Rating
Governmental:				
PLGIT	\$	5,180,788	\$ 5,180,788	AAAm

Investments held in external investment pools such as PLGIT are not subject to the provisions of fair value measurements as they are recorded at amortized cost and/or cost.

The purpose of the Pennsylvania Local Government Investment Trust (PLGIT) is to enable governmental units to pool their available funds for investments authorized under the Intergovernmental Cooperation Act of 1972. The funds operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2(a) 7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. The funds use amortized cost to report net position to compute share prices. These funds maintain net asset values of \$1 per share. Accordingly, the fair value of the position in these funds is the same as the value of these shares. These funds are rated by nationally recognized statistical rating organization as shown above. PLGIT does not put any limitations or restrictions on withdrawals.

Custodial Credit Risk:

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral security that are in the possession of an outside party. PLGIT has the characteristics of open-end mutual funds and is not exposed to custodial credit risk because its existence is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. These Trusts purchase only money market instruments of the type in which PA Local Governments are permitted to invest funds and comply with all regulations.

Interest Rate Risk:

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates may adversely affect the value of the investments. The School District has a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk:

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The School District's investments in authorized instruments that not backed by the full faith and credit of the federal or state government are limited to those with the highest two (2) credit ratings available for such instruments issued by the recognized organization.

Concentration of Credit Risk:

In order to limit the District's exposure to loss of principal due to market changes in interest rates, investments of this type shall be limited to not more than 10% of District funds available for investment on any single date.

NOTE 3 - PROPERTY TAXES

The Moniteau School District levies property taxes July 1 of each fiscal year. The tax millage assessment for the 2018-2019 fiscal year was 90.62 mills, which represents \$90.62 of revenue for every \$1,000 of assessed property value. Taxpayers are entitled to a 2% discount if taxes are paid prior to October 1. Collections beginning December 1 are assessed a 10% penalty. Unpaid taxes are submitted to the Butler County Tax Claim Bureau for collection. Tax collectors are required under Act 169 of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to submit a reconciliation of their tax duplicate to the District by January 15th of the year following levy. The final tax collector reconciliations reflected \$387,419 in unpaid 2018 property taxes, which represents 7.0% of the total assessed property taxes (\$5,524,776) for the current fiscal year.

Taxes receivable as shown in the government-wide statement of net position includes property taxes of \$456,740 net of an allowance for doubtful accounts of \$9,321. Management estimates that, approximately 2% of delinquent property taxes receivable will be uncollectible based on past collection experience.

For purposes of the governmental fund financial statements, the above property taxes receivable includes \$337,747 of property taxes which although measurable, do not meet the available criteria to finance current fiscal year operations. Accordingly, this amount is equally off-set as a credit to deferred inflows of resources in the fund financial statements.

The effect of recognizing property tax revenue when taxes are levied, as opposed to when they are received using the 'measurable and available' criteria under the modified accrual basis of accounting, is reflected in the required reconciliations of fund balance to net position (Exhibit D) and the changes in fund balances to the changes in net position (Exhibit F).

Taxes receivable are comprised of the following at June 30, 2019:

	GO\	/ERNMENT			
		WIDE		FUND	
	FII	NANCIAL	FINANCIAL		
	STA	TEMENTS	STATEMENTS		
Delinquent Property Taxes, Net	\$	456,740	\$	466,061	
Per Capita Taxes		45		45	
Wage Taxes and LST Taxes		13,697		13,697	
Deed Transfer Taxes		13,278		13,278	
	\$	483,760	\$	493,081	

NOTE 4 – DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

The amount of 'due from other governments', as reflected on the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental funds balance sheet, is comprised of the following:

Commonwealth of Pa. State Subsidies	\$ 1,140,903
Intermediate Unit Reimbursements	334,602
Tuition/Transportation - Other LEA's	16,766
Federal Subsidies	5,735
	\$ 1,498,006

NOTE 5 – OTHER RECEIVABLES

The amount of 'other receivables', as reflected on the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental funds balance sheet, is comprised of other miscellaneous funds of \$11,195 due the School District at June 30, 2019.

NOTE 6 – UNEARNED REVENUE

Unearned revenue of the District's proprietary fund as of June 30, 2019 is comprised of \$9,817 in prepaid student lunch balances.

NOTE 7 – INTER-FUND OBLIGATIONS AND TRANSFERS

Inter-fund receivables and payables as reflected on the governmental funds balance sheet (Exhibit C) and the proprietary fund statement of net position (Exhibit H) are as follows:

	REC	EIVABLE	P/	AYABLE
General Fund	\$	78,888	\$	-
Food Service Fund				78,888
	\$	78,888	\$	78,888

Governmental type 'inter-fund' obligations have been eliminated in the government-wide statement of net position. Inter-fund obligations between governmental activities and business-type activities are shown net on the statement of net position as part of the line-item 'internal balances'. The School District transferred \$99,330 from the Cafeteria Fund to the General Fund for cafeteria expenses paid out of the General Fund.

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of the governmental and business-type fixed asset activity for the 2018-2019 fiscal year was as follows:

		Balance 7/1/2018		Additions		De	eductions		Balance 6/30/2019
Governmental Activities					_				
Land	\$	14,882	\$		-	\$	-	\$	14,882
Site Improvements	•	1,472,219			-	•	8,426	•	1,463,793
Buildings and Improvements		35,767,141			-		-		35,767,141
Furniture and Equipment		2,774,256		119,81	2		602,718		2,291,350
	\$	40,028,498	_	119,81	2	\$	611,144	\$	39,537,166
Less: Accumulated Depreciation									
Site Improvements	\$	(560,999)) \$	(38,79	4)	\$	(8,426)	\$	(591,367)
Building and Improvements		(15,126,194)	(845,88	8)		-		(15,972,082)
Furniture and Equipment		(2,091,106)	(187,19	6)		(602,718)		(1,675,584)
	\$	(17,778,299) \$	(1,071,87	(8)	\$	(611,144)	\$	(18,239,033)
Governmental Activities									
Capital Assets, Net	\$	22,250,199		(952,06	6)	\$	-	\$	21,298,133
		Balance 7/1/2018	Ad	dditions	ı	Dedu	ctions		llance 0/2019
Business-Type Activities									
Furniture and Equipment	\$	77,155	\$	-	\$		- 9	\$	77,155
Less: Accumulated									
Depreciation		(73,029)		(916)			_		(73,945)
Business-Type Activities		, , ,		, /	_				, , ,
Capital Assets, Net	\$	4,126	\$	(916)	\$		<u> </u>	\$	3,210

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction	\$ 722,071
Instructional Student Support	96,372
Administrative and Financial Support Services	126,857
Operation and Maintenance of Plant Services	98,720
Transportation	2,808
Student Activities	25,050
	\$ 1,071,878

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS – SERIES A OF 2010

On June 24, 2010, the Moniteau School District issued General Obligation Bonds – Series A of 2010 in the amount of \$4,575,000. The purpose of General Obligation Bonds, Series A of 2010 was to currently refund a portion of the School District's General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2005 and to pay all costs of the issuance of the bonds. The bonds were issued in denominations of \$5,000 with interest payable on March 1 and September 1 each year through maturity. Interest rates on Series A range between 2.0 and 3.4% with the bonds scheduled to mature on September 1, 2020. The bonds provide for early redemption options as detailed in the official statement of issue.

GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS - SERIES OF 2015

On January 26, 2015, the Moniteau School District issued General Obligation Bonds – Series of 2015 in the amount of \$7,955,000. The purpose of the bond issue was to refund, on a current refunding basis, a portion of the School District's General Obligation Bonds, Series C of 2010 and to pay all costs of the issuance of the bonds. The bonds were issued in denominations of \$5,000 with interest payable on March 1 and September 1 each year through maturity. Interest rates on the bonds range between .4 and 2.375% with the bonds scheduled to mature on March 1, 2026. The bonds provide for early redemption options as detailed in the official statement of issue.

A summary of the Moniteau School District's general obligation bonds outstanding at June 30, 2019 is as follows:

YEAR END JUNE 30,	P	2010 A RINCIPAL	Р	2015 RINCIPAL	TOTAL ITEREST	TOTAL SENERAL BLIGATION BONDS
2020	\$	520,000	\$	470,000	\$ 166,546	\$ 1,156,546
2021		535,000		485,000	139,601	1,159,601
2022		-		1,090,000	120,806	1,210,806
2023		-		1,110,000	99,006	1,209,006
2024		-		1,130,000	76,806	1,206,806
2025-2026		-		2,345,000	 80,938	 2,425,938
	\$	1,055,000	\$	6,630,000	\$ 683,703	\$ 8,368,703

In connection with the School District's various general obligation bond issues, the District paid approximately \$54,346 in bond discounts. These costs are being amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the bond issue. The unamortized amount of bond discount totaling \$27,688 is reflected as a component of 'Bonds Payable – Long-Term Portion (Net)' in the governmental activities column on the government-wide statement of net position. Amortization expense for the year ended June 30, 2019 was \$4,152. This amount was charged to the 'Interest on Long-Term Debt' expense category in the statement of activities.

In connection with the General Obligation Bond Issue - Refunding Series of 2010 the School District entered into irrevocable trust agreements with J.P. Morgan Trust Company to purchase U.S. Government Securities in an amount sufficient to fully service the defeased Series of 2001 Obligation Bond Issue debt as they mature or are called. For financial reporting purposes, these bonds are considered defeased and therefore removed as a liability from the District's financial statements.

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

The difference between the District's defeased debt and the reacquisition price (amount deposited with escrow agent for refunding purposes) totaling \$220,318, is considered 'deferred interest' and is being amortized over the life of the new bond issue. The remaining amount of deferred interest on refunding totaling \$16,855 is reflected as a component of 'Deferred Outflows of Resources' in the governmental activities column on the government-wide statement of net position. Total amortization of \$14,447 for 2018-2019 was charged to the 'Interest on Long-Term Debt' expense category in the statement of activities.

LEASE RENTAL DEBT - BUTLER COUNTY AREA VOCATIONAL TECHNICAL SCHOOL AUTHORITY

In December of 2015, the Butler County Area Vocational Technical School Authority issued School Lease Revenue Bonds, Series of 2015 in the amount of \$7,735,000 for the purpose of 1) currently refunding all of the outstanding School Lease Revenue Bonds, Series of 2010 in the aggregate amount of \$7,250,000, and 2) to pay costs and expenses related to the issuance of the bonds. The Moniteau School District, along with five other school districts, guaranteed the payment of this note by authorizing the incurrence of lease rental debt. At June 30, 2019, the Moniteau School District's share of the total balance is \$615,028 which is 8.73% of the School Lease Revenue Bonds.

A summary of the Moniteau School District's lease rental debt outstanding at June 30, 2019 is as follows:

YEAR END					
JUNE 30,	PRII	NCIPAL	IN	ITEREST	TOTAL
2020	\$	22,262		19,276	\$ 41,538
2021		22,262		18,830	41,092
2022		23,135		18,386	41,521
2023		23,571		17,922	41,493
2024		24,008		17,422	41,430
2025-2029		129,643		77,248	206,891
2030-2034		150,594		55,660	206,254
2035-2039		179,838		27,190	207,028
2040		39,715		1,440	 41,155
	\$	615,028	\$	253,374	\$ 868,402

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

The following represents the changes in the district's long-term liabilities during the 2018-2019 fiscal year:

	Balance 7/1/2018		Additions R		Reductions		Balance 6/30/2019	Due Within One Year		
General Obligation Bonds	\$	8,650,000	\$	-	\$	965,000	\$	7,685,000	\$	990,000
Compensated Absences		272,315		3,547		18,041		257,821		-
Net Pension Liability		29,485,000		134,000		-		29,619,000		-
Net OPEB Liability		8,313,770		70,000		536,213		7,847,557		-
	\$	46,721,085	\$	207,547	\$	1,519,254	\$	45,409,378	\$	990,000

NOTE 10 – PENSION PLAN

The Moniteau School District participates in the Public School Employees' Retirement System (PSERS). PSERS is a component unit of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. A brief description of the plan, and summary of the plan's provisions, are as follows:

Plan Description

PSERS is a governmental cost-sharing multiple-employer defined-benefit plan that provides retirement benefits to public school employees of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The members eligible to participate in the System include all full-time public school employees, part-time hourly public school employees who render at least 500 hours of service in the school year, and part-time per diem public school employees who render at least 80 days of service in the school year in any of the reporting entities in Pennsylvania. PSERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.psers.state.pa.us.

Benefits Provided

PSERS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Members are eligible for monthly retirement benefits upon reaching (a) age 62 with a least 1 year of credited service; (b) age 60 with 30 or more years of credited service; or (c) 35 or more years of service regardless of age.

Act 120 of 2010 (Act 120) preserves the benefits of existing members and introduced benefit reductions for individuals who become new members on or after July 1, 2011. Act 120 created two new membership classes, Membership Class T-E (Class T-E) and Membership Class T-F (Class T-F). To qualify for normal retirement, Class T-E and Class T-F members must work until age 65 with a minimum of three years of service or attain a total combination of age and service that is equal to or greater than ninety-two with a minimum of thirty-five years of service. Benefits are generally equal to 2% or 2.5%, depending upon membership class, of the member's final average salary (as defined in the Code) multiplied by the number of years of credited service. For members whose membership started prior to July 1, 2011, after completion of five years of service, a member's right to the defined benefits is vested and early retirement benefits may be elected. For Class T-E and Class T-F members, the right to benefits is vested after ten years of service.

NOTE 10 - PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Benefits Provided (Continued)

Participants are eligible for disability retirement benefits after completion of five years of credited service. Such benefits are generally equal to 2% or 2.5%, depending upon membership class, of the member's final average salary (as defined in the Code) multiplied by the number of years of credited service, but not less than one-third of such salary nor greater than the benefit the member would have had at normal retirement age. Members over normal retirement age may apply for disability benefits.

Death benefits are payable upon the death of an active member who has reached age 62 with at least one year of credited service (age 65 with at least three years of credited service for Class T-E and Class T-F members) or who has at least five years of credited service (ten years for Class T-E and Class T-F members). Such benefits are actuarially equivalent to the benefit that would have been effective if the member had retired on the day before death.

Contribution Rates

Member Contributions - Active members who joined the System prior to July 22, 1983, contribute at 5.25% (Membership Class TC) or at 6.5% (Membership Class TD) of the member's qualifying compensation. Members who joined the System on or after July 22, 1983 and who were active or inactive as of July 1, 2001, contribute 6.25% (Membership Class TC) or at 7.5% (Membership Class TD) of the members qualifying compensation. Members who joined the System after June 30, 2001 and before June 1, 2011, contribute at 7.5% (automatic Membership Class TD). For all new hires and for members who elected Class T-D membership, the higher contribution rates began with service rendered on or after January 1, 2002. Members who joined the System after June 30, 2011 automatically contribute at the Membership Class T-E rate of 7.5% (base rate) of the member's qualifying compensation. All new hires after June 30, 2011, who elect Class T-F membership, contribute at 10.30% (base rate) of the member's qualifying compensation. Membership Class T-E and Class T-F are affected by a 'shared risk' provision in Act 120 of 2010 that in future years could cause the Membership Class T-E contribution rate to fluctuate between 7.50% and 9.50% and Membership Class T-F contribution rate to fluctuate between 10.3% and 12.30%.

Employer Contributions – Contributions required of employers are based upon an actuarial valuation. For fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the rate of employer's contribution was 32.60% of covered payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the employer were \$2,772,302 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of</u> Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the School District reported a liability of \$29,619,000 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by rolling forward the System's total pension liability as of June 30, 2017 to June 30, 2018. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was calculated utilizing the employer's one-year reported covered payroll as it relates to the total one-year reported covered payroll. At June 30, 2018 (the measurement date), the School District's proportion was .0617% which was an increase of .002% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

NOTE 10 - PENSION PLAN (Continued)

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)</u>

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Moniteau School District recognized pension expense of \$3,427,194. At June 30, 2019, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		 rred Inflows Resources
Difference between expected and			_
actual experience	\$	238,000	\$ 458,000
Changes in assumptions		552,000	-
Net difference between projected and			
actual investment earnings		145,000	-
Changes in proportions		978,000	164,000
Contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date		2,772,302	 -
	\$	4,685,302	\$ 622,000

The \$2,772,302 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the measurement year ended June 30, 2019.

Other amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Measurement	Reporting	
Date	Date	
Year ended	Year ended	
June 30,	June 30,	 Amount
2019	2020	\$ 936,000
2020	2021	616,000
2021	2022	(148,000)
2022	2023	(113,000)

NOTE 10 - PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability as of June 30, 2018 was determined by rolling forward the System's total pension liability as of the June 30, 2017 to June 30, 2018 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

- Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal level % of pay
- Investment return 7.25%, includes inflation at 2.75%
- Salary growth Effective average of 5.00%, comprised of inflation of 2.75% and 2.25% for real wage growth and for merit or seniority increases
- Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Mortality Tables for Males and Females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2015 Mortality Improvement Scale

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study that was performed for the five-year period ending June 30, 2015.

Investment Asset Allocation

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested plan assets is established and may be amended by the Board. Plan assets are managed with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the pension.

	Target	Long-Term Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Global public equity	20.0%	5.20%
Fixed Income	36.0%	2.20%
Commodities	8.0%	3.20%
Absolute return	10.0%	3.50%
Risk parity	10.0%	3.90%
Infrastructure/MLP's	8.0%	5.20%
Real estate	10.0%	4.20%
Alternative investments	15.0%	6.70%
Cash	3.0%	0.40%
Financing (LIBOR)	-20.0%	0.90%
	100%	

The above was the Board's adopted asset allocation policy and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2018.

NOTE 10 - PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the School's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the net pension liability, calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.25%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

	Current					
	1% Discount				1%	
		Decrease		Rate	Increase	
		6.25%		7.25%	8.25%	
School District's proportionate share of						
the net pension liability	\$	36,715,000	\$	29,619,000	\$ 23,619,000	

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about PSERS' fiduciary net position is available in PSERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found on the System's website at www.psers.pa.gov.

NOTE 11 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSION

PSERS – HEALTH INSURANCE PREMIUM ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

General Information about the Health Insurance Premium Assistance Program

PSERS provides Premium Assistance which, is a governmental cost sharing, multiple-employer other postemployment benefit plan (OPEB) for all eligible retirees who quality and elect to participate. Employer contribution rates for Premium Assistance are established to provide reserves in the Health Insurance Account that are sufficient for the payment of Premium Assistance benefits for each succeeding year. Effective January 1, 2002 under the provisions of Act 9 of 2001, participating eligible retirees are entitled to receive premium assistance payments equal to the lesser of \$100 per month or their out-of-pocket monthly health insurance premium.

NOTE 11 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSION (Continued)

PSERS - HEALTH INSURANCE PREMIUM ASSISTANCE PROGRAM (Continued)

Premium Assistance Eligibility Criteria

Retirees of the System (PSERS) can participate in the Premium Assistance program if they satisfy the following criteria:

- Have 24 ½ or more years of service, or
- Are a disability retiree, or
- Have 15 or more years of service and retired after reaching superannuation age, and
- Participate in the HOP or employer-sponsored health insurance program

Plan Description

Moniteau School District employees participate in the PSERS – Health Insurance Premium Assistance program, which is a governmental cost sharing, multiple-employer other postemployment benefit plan (OPEB) for all eligible retirees who qualify and elect to participate. The members eligible to participate in the System include all full-time public-school employees, part-time hourly public school employees who render at least 500 hours of service in the school year, and part-time per diem public school employees who render at least 80 days of service in the school year in any of the reporting entities in Pennsylvania. PSERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.psers.state.pa.us.

Benefits Provided

Participating eligible retirees are entitled to receive premium assistance payments equal to the lesser of \$100 per month or their out-of-pocket monthly health insurance premium. To receive premium assistance eligible retirees must obtain their health insurance coverage through either their school employer or PSER's Health Options Program. As of June 30, 2018, there were no assumed future benefit increases to participating eligible retirees.

Contributions

The District's contractually required contribution for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 was 0.83% of covered payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. During the 2018-2019 fiscal year, the Moniteau School District contributed \$70,583 to the premium assistance program.

OPEB Liability, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2019, the District reported a liability of \$1,286,000 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by rolling forward the System's total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2017 to June 30, 2018. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was calculated utilizing the employer's one-year reported covered payroll as it relates to the total one-year reported covered payroll. At June 30, 2018 (the measurement date), the district's proportion was 0.0617%, which is an increase of .002% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

NOTE 11 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSION (Continued)

PSERS – HEALTH INSURANCE PREMIUM ASSISTANCE PROGRAM (Continued)

OPEB Liability, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2019, Moniteau School District recognized OPEB expense of \$63,528. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	 red Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Difference between projected and				
actual investment earnings	\$ 8,000	\$	-	
Changes in proportions	37,000		9,000	
Difference between expected and				
actual experience	2,000		-	
Changes in assumptions	20,000		49,000	
Contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date	 70,583			
	\$ 137,583	\$	58,000	

The \$70,583 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulted from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability for the measurement year ended June 30, 2019.

Other amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Measurement	Reporting		
Date	Date		
Year ended	Year ended	Amo	ortization
June 30,	June 30,	A	mount
2019	2020	\$	-
2020	2021		-
2021	2022		-
2022	2023		(1,000)
2023	2024		(1,000)
Thereafter	Thereafter		11,000

NOTE 11 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSION (Continued)

PSERS – HEALTH INSURANCE PREMIUM ASSISTANCE PROGRAM (Continued)

Actuarial assumptions

The Total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2018, was determined by rolling forward the System's Total OPEB Liability as of June 30, 2017 to June 30, 2018 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

- Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal level % of pay
- Investment Return 2.98% based on the S&P 20 Year Municipal Bond Rate.
- Salary Increases Effective average of 5.00%, comprised of inflation of 2.75% and 2.25% for real wage growth and for merit or seniority increases.
- Premium Assistance reimbursement is capped at \$1,200 per year.
- Assumed Healthcare cost trends were applied to retirees with less than \$1,200 in premium assistance per year.
- Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Mortality Tables for Males and Females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2015 Mortality Improvement Scale.
- Participation rate:
 - Eligible retirees will elect to participate Pre age 65 at 50%
 - Eligible retirees will elect to participate Post age 65 at 70%

The following assumptions were used to determine the contribution rate:

- The results of the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016 determined the employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2018.
- Cost Method: Amount necessary to assure solvency of Premium Assistance through the third fiscal year after the valuation date.
- Asset Valuation method: Market Value
- Participate Rate: 63% of eligible retirees are assumed to elect premium assistance.
- Mortality rates and retirement ages were based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Annuitant Tables with age set back 3 for both males and females for healthy annuitants and for dependent beneficiaries. For disabled annuitants, the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Tables with age set back 7 years for males and 3 years for females for disabled annuitants. (A unisex table based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Annuitant with age set back 3 years for both genders assuming the population consists of 25% males and 75% females is used to determine actuarial equivalent benefits.)

Investment Asset Allocation

Investments consist primarily of short-term assets designed to protect the principal of plan assts. The expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using the OPEB asset allocation policy and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each asset class.

The OPEB plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested plan assets is established and may be amended by the Board. Under the program, as defined in the retirement code, employer contribution rates for Premium Assistance are established to provide reserves in the Health Insurance Account that are sufficient for the payment of Premium Assistance benefits for each succeeding year.

NOTE 11 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSION (Continued)

PSERS – HEALTH INSURANCE PREMIUM ASSISTANCE PROGRAM (Continued)

Investment Asset Allocation (Continued)

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return		
Cash	5.9%	0.03%		
US Core Fixed Income	92.8%	1.20%		
Non-US Developed Fixed	1.3%	0.40%		
	100%			

The above was the Board's adopted asset allocation policy and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2018.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the Total OPEB Liability was 2.98%. Under the plan's funding policy, contributions are structured for short term funding of Premium Assistance. The funding policy sets contribution rates necessary to assure solvency of Premium Assistance through the third fiscal year after the actuarial valuation date. The Premium Assistance account is funded to establish reserves that are sufficient for the payment of Premium Assistance benefits for each succeeding year. Due to the short-term funding policy, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be sufficient to meet projected future benefit payments, therefore the plan is considered a "pay-as-you-go" plan. A discount rate of 2.98% which represents the S&P 20-year Municipal Bond Rate at June 30, 2018, was applied to all projected benefit payments to measure the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB liability to changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability, calculated using the discount rate of 2.98%, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (1.98%) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.98%) than the current rate:

		1%		rent Discount	1%		
		Decrease 1.98%		Rate	Increase 3.98%		
				2.98%			
Net OPEB Liability	\$	1,463,000	\$	1,286,000	\$	1,140,000	

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB liability to changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

Healthcare cost trends were applied to retirees receiving less than \$1,200 in annual Premium Assistance. As of June 30, 2018, retirees Premium Assistance benefits are not subject to future healthcare cost increases. The annual Premium Assistance reimbursement for qualifying retirees is capped at a maximum of \$1,200. As of June 30, 2017, 93,380 retirees were receiving the maximum amount allowed of \$1,200 per year. As of June 30, 2017, 1077 members were receiving less than the maximum amount allowed of \$1,200 per year. The actual number of retirees receiving less than the \$1,200 per year cap is a small percentage of the total population and has a minimal impact on Healthcare Cost Trends as depicted below.

NOTE 11 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSION (Continued)

PSERS – HEALTH INSURANCE PREMIUM ASSISTANCE PROGRAM (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB liability to changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates (Continued)

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the District as of the June 30 2018 measurement date, calculated using current Healthcare cost trends as well as what the District net OPEB liability would be if its health cost trends were 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

		Current						
			Trend		1%			
		Decrease	Rates			Increase		
Net OPEB Liability	\$	1,286,000	\$	1,286,000	\$	1,287,000		

OPEB plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about PSERS' fiduciary net position is available in PSERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found on the System's website at www.psers.pa.gov.

DISTRICT- POST-RETIREMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFIT PLAN

The Moniteau School District provides post-retirement healthcare benefits, in addition to those described in Note 10, for employees who elected early retirement under prior and current collective bargaining agreements. The early retirement program was established by the authority of The Moniteau School District Board of Education.

The collective bargaining agreement between the District and the Moniteau Education Association (MEA) during the period July 1, 1995 through June 30, 2000 entitles eligible employees to health insurance, prescription and dental benefits to age 65. During the term of the current collective bargaining agreement (July 1, 2010 to June 30, 2014), eligible employees with twenty (20) years of employment as defined by the PSERS (Note 10), ten (10) of which are with the Moniteau School District, are entitled to choose between a cash incentive payment or health care benefits.

The cash incentive payment is in lieu of health care benefits and is calculated based on a formula as described in the agreement. As an alternative option to the cash incentive payment, eligible retired employees and their spouses can elect to receive ten (10) years of managed health care coverage through the District.

The plan is unfunded and does not issue a publicly available financial report. These benefits are accounted for in accordance with GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions.

NOTE 11 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSION (Continued)

DISTRICT- POST-RETIREMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFIT PLAN (Continued)

FUNDING POLICY

The contribution requirements of plan members and the School District are established and may be amended by the Moniteau Board of Education. The plan is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, i.e. premiums are paid to fund the health care benefits provided to current retirees. There are no assets that have been segregated and restricted to provide for retiree medical benefits. During the 2018-2019 fiscal year, the Moniteau School District paid premiums of approximately \$574,159 for 33 participants. Total retiree contributions made by plan members were \$51,099 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Participant Data

Employees covered by benefit terms as of the July 1, 2018 actuarial valuation were as follows:

	PARTICIPANT DATA
Active employees	151
Retirees	33
Total	184

OPEB Liability, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The District's total OPEB liability of \$6,561,557 was measured as of July 1, 2018, and was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of July 1, 2018. As the District's OPEB Plan is unfunded, the total OPEB liability is equal to the net OPEB liability. The July 1, 2018 valuation reflected the following change in total OPEB liability:

Balance at July 1, 2017	\$ 7,097,770
Changes for the year:	470.000
Service cost	470,683
Interest	225,844
Changes of benefit terms	16,455
Differences between expected and	
actual experience	(196, 262)
Changes in assumptions or other inputs *	(401,308)
Benefit payments	(651,625)
Net Changes	(536,213)
Balance at June 30, 2018	\$ 6,561,557

For the year ended June 30, 2019, Moniteau School District recognized OPEB expense of \$697,997.

NOTE 11 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSION (Continued)

DISTRICT- POST-RETIREMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFIT PLAN (Continued)

OPEB Liability, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

At June 30, 2019, the District report deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	 rred Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Benefit Payments subsequent to the Measurement Date - (7/1/18) Difference between expected and	\$ 538,011	\$	-	
actual experience	-		181,165	
Changes in assumptions	 		427,263	
	\$ 538,011	\$	608,428	

The \$538,011 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulted from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability for the measurement year ended June 30, 2019.

Other amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Measurement Date	Reporting Date		
Year ended	Year ended	Am	ortization
June 30,	June 30,		Amount
2019	2020	\$	(51,133)
2020	2021		(51,133)
2021	2022		(51,133)
2022	2023		(51,133)
2023	2024		(51,133)
Thereafter	Thereafter		(352,763)

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs to Calculate the Total OPEB Liability

Notes to required supplementary information on pages 49-52 describe the actuarial assumptions and other inputs to calculate the total OPEB liability.

NOTE 11 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSION (Continued)

DISTRICT- POST-RETIREMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFIT PLAN (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following is the Total OPEB Liability to the District, as well as the Total OPEB Liability using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current discount rate:

	Current					
	1%			Discount		1%
		Decrease 1.98%		Rate 2.98%		Increase
						3.98%
Total OPEB Liability	\$	7,102,270	\$	6,561,557	\$	6,053,933

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following is the Total OPEB Liability to the District, as well as the Total OPEB Liability using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Current						
				Trend		1%		
				Rates			Increase	
Total OPEB Liability	\$	5,738,217	\$	6,561,557	_	\$	7,557,758	

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs to Calculate the Total OPEB Liability

Notes to required supplementary information on pages 49-52 describe the actuarial assumptions and other inputs to calculate the total OPEB liability.

NOTE 12 – JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

BUTLER COUNTY AREA VOCATIONAL TECHNICAL SCHOOL

The Moniteau School District, in conjunction with six other Western Pennsylvania School Districts, fund the operating and capital budget of the Butler County Area Vocational Technical School. The technical school is designed to teach students trade related professions. Each district's share of the operating budget is based on its average daily membership. Each district's share of the capital budget is based on the ratio of the district's market valuation to the total market valuation of all participating districts. The Butler County Area Vocational Technical School issues separate financial statements annually which can be obtained by contacting the Vo-Tech directly.

NOTE 12 – JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS (Continued)

MIDWESTERN INTERMEDIATE UNIT IV

The Moniteau School District participates with 26 other School Districts located in the Counties of Butler, Lawrence and Mercer in the Midwestern Intermediate Unit IV (IU IV). The IU IV was established in 1971 by Act 102 of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to function as a regional educational service agency for 27 school districts, as well as nonpublic schools and other institutions, located within the aforementioned counties. The IU IV provides services relative to curriculum development, continuing education, educational planning, instructional materials, pupil personnel, state and federal agency liaison and managerial oversight. The Midwestern Intermediate Unit IV is governed by a thirteen (13) member board appointed by the 27 participating school districts on a rotating basis. The School District contributed \$19,324 for operating contributions and transportation recovery costs to IU IV through state subsidy withholdings for the year ended June 30, 2019. Midwestern Intermediate Unit IV issues separate financial statements annually which can be obtained by contacting the IU IV directly.

NOTE 13 - RISK MANAGEMENT

GENERAL INSURANCE CLAIMS

The Moniteau School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to tort; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims for these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past three years.

HEALTH INSURANCE

The Moniteau School District is a member of the Midwestern Health Combine. The Consortium is a public entity risk pool designed to administer health and medical insurance risks on a pooled risk basis. The Consortium elected to finance these health care benefits using a self-insured approach known as an Administrative Service Contract (ASC) arrangement. Under this arrangement, the consortium contracts for an insurer (Highmark Blue Cross/Blue Shield) to settle the payment for benefits at their provider discounted contract amounts plus a fee for administration rather than paying for benefits at non-discounted claims rates. The Reschini Group performs billing and collection services for the Consortium's deposit (medical) and premium (supplemental) amounts. Billing administration is provided through Crown Benefits Administration who also monitors and submits to Highmark all enrollment and eligibility changes for all coverages. Contributions from participating schools are determined annually in advance by the Consortium's operating committee. These contributions are based on amounts required to fund anticipated benefits and claims, as well as operational costs. The monthly payments of each member are determined by the terms of the medical benefit chosen by such members.

Participating school districts are permitted to withdraw from the Consortium, and are entitled to a vested interest in the Consortium fund balance after settlement of all claims related to that District over a period of 12 months from the date of withdrawal. As of June 30, 2019, the total Consortium net assets reflected a balance of \$13,067,498.

NOTE 14 – CONTINGENCIES

STATE AND FEDERAL SUBSIDIES

The Moniteau School District's state and federally funded programs are subject to program compliance audits by various governmental agencies. The audit scopes of these program compliance audits are different than the scope of financial audits performed by an outside, independent certified public accounting firm. The District is potentially liable for any expenditure disallowed by the results of these program compliance audits. Management is not aware of any material items of noncompliance which would result in the disallowance of program expenditures.

LEGAL MATTERS

The Moniteau School District, in the normal course of operations, is party to various legal matters normally associated with school districts such as real estate tax assessment appeals, personnel wage and benefits, student education and athletics, construction projects, and other miscellaneous legal matters. The District is not aware of any current claims, litigation or assessments against the District that would adversely impact the financial position of the District as of the date of this report.

NOTE 15 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has determined that there are no events, subsequent to June 30, 2019 through the February 1, 2020 'Independent Auditor's Report' date, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued, that require additional disclosure in the financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

MONITEAU SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF SCHOOL DISTRICT'S CONTRACTUALLY REQUIRED CONTRIBUTIONS DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Contractually Required Contributions	\$ 2,772,302	\$ 2,607,378	\$ 2,340,964	\$ 2,080,840	\$ 1,589,429	\$ 1,228,445	\$ 907,436
Contribution in relation to the contractually required contribution	(2,772,302)	(2,607,378)	(2,340,964)	(2,080,840)	(1,589,429)	(1,228,445)	(907,436)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's covered payroll	\$ 8,545,188	\$ 8,307,168	7,946,090	7,804,868	7,575,905	7,486,237	7,356,727
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	32.44%	31.39%	29.46%	26.66%	20.98%	16.41%	12.33%

This schedule is intended to illustrate information for a ten (10) year period. Information for that ten year period will be presented as information becomes available.

Note: Beginning in 2018 with the implementation of GASB 75, contributions as reported above reflect the pension portion of the contribution only. The premium assistance (OPEB) portion of the contribution is reflected on a separate RSI schedule. Prior year contributions reflect both the pension and premium assistance amounts combined.

MONITEAU SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF SCHOOL DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

JUNE 30,

As of the measurement date of June 30,	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0617%	0.0597%	0.0603%	0.0589%	0.0587%	0.0573%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 29,619,000	\$ 29,485,000	\$ 29,883,000	\$ 25,513,000	\$ 23,234,000	\$ 23,456,000
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 8,307,168	\$ 7,946,090	\$ 7,804,868	\$ 7,575,905	\$ 7,486,237	\$ 7,356,727
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	356.55%	371.06%	382.88%	336.77%	310.36%	318.84%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	54.00%	51.84%	50.14%	54.36%	57.24%	54.39%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date, which is June 30 of the preceding fiscal year. This schedule is intended to illustrate information for a ten (10) year period. Information for that ten year period will be presented as information becomes available.

MONITEAU SCHOOL DISTRICT

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF SCHOOL DISTRICT'S CONTRACTUALLY REQUIRED OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS

PSERS PLAN

<u>JUNE 30,</u>

	 2019	2018		2017	
Contractually Required Contributions	\$ 70,583	\$	68,183	\$	64,702
Contribution in relation to the contractually required contribution	 (70,583)		(68,183)		(64,702)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$		\$	-
District's covered payroll	8,545,188		8,307,168		7,946,090
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	0.83%		0.82%		0.81%

This schedule is intended to illustrate information for a ten (10) year period. Information for that ten year period will be presented as information becomes available.

MONITEAU SCHOOL DISTRICT

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF SCHOOL DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY

PSERS PLAN

JUNE 30,

As of the measurement date of June 30,	2018	2017	2016
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.0617%	0.0597%	0.0603%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 1,286,000	\$ 1,216,000	\$ 1,299,000
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 8,307,168	\$ 7,946,090	\$ 7,804,868
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	15.48%	15.30%	16.64%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	5.56%	5.73%	N/A

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date, which is June 30 of the preceding fiscal year. This schedule is intended to illustrate information for a ten (10) year period. Information for that ten year period will be presented as information becomes available.

MONITEAU SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - OPEB JUNE 30, 2019

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

	2019	2018		
Service cost	\$ 470,683	\$	461,676	
Interest	225,844		181,921	
Changes of benefit terms	16,455		-	
Differences between expected and actual	(196,262)		-	
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	(401,308)		(67,157)	
Benefit payments	(651,625)		(704,932)	
Net change in net OPEB liability	(536,213)	`	(128,492)	
Net OPEB liability - beginning of year	 7,097,770		7,226,262	
Net OPEB liability - end of year	\$ 6,561,557	\$	7,097,770	
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 7,984,719	\$	7,687,812	
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	82.18%		92.32%	

NOTE 1 - FACTORS AND TRENDS USED IN THE ACTUARIAL VALUATION FOR PSERS PENSION BENEFITS

Changes in Benefit Terms

With the passage of Act 5, Class T-E and T-F members are now permitted to elect a lump sum payment of member contributions upon retirement.

Changes in Assumptions used in the Measurement of PSERS' Total Pension Liability Beginning June 30, 2018

None

<u>Changes in Assumptions used in the Measurement of PSERS' Total Pension</u>
<u>Liability Beginning June 30, 2017</u>

None

<u>Changes in Actuarial Assumptions used in Calculations of Actuarially Determined</u>
<u>Contributions</u>

None

NOTE 2 - FACTORS AND TRENDS USED IN THE ACTUARIAL VALUATION FOR THE PSERS POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSION BENEFITS (OPEB)

Changes in Benefit Terms

None

<u>Changes in Assumptions used in the Measurement of PSERS' Total OPEB Liability Beginning June 30, 2018</u>

The discount rate decreased from 3.13% to 2.98%.

NOTE 2 - FACTORS AND TRENDS USED IN THE ACTUARIAL VALUATION FOR THE PSERS POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSION BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

<u>Changes in Assumptions used in the Measurement of PSERS' Total OPEB Liability</u> Beginning June 30, 2017

The discount rate increased from 2.71% to 3.13%.

<u>Changes in Actuarial Assumptions used in Calculations of Actuarially Determined</u>
Contributions

None

<u>Actuarial Assumptions used in Calculations of Actuarially Determined</u> Contributions

The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine contribution rates reported in the OPEB required supplementary schedules:

- The results of the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016 determined the employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2018.
- Cost Method: Amount necessary to assure solvency of Premium Assistance through the third fiscal year after the valuation date
- Asset Valuation Method: Market value
- Participation Rate: 63% of eligible retirees are assumed to elect premium assistance
- Mortality rates and retirement ages were based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Annuitant Tables with age set back 3 for both males and females for healthy annuitants and for dependent beneficiaries. For disabled annuitants, the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Tables with age set back 7 years for males and 3 years for females for disabled annuitants. (A unisex table based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Annuitant Tables with age set back 3 years for both genders assuming the population consists of 25% males and 75% females is used to determine actuarial equivalent benefits.)

NOTE 3 - FACTORS AND TRENDS USED IN THE ACTUARIAL VALUATION FOR THE RETIREE OPEB SCHOOL PLAN

Changes in Benefit Terms

Administrators (excluding current Business Manager) now receive coverage until Medicare age without limitation on duration of coverage.

Changes in Assumptions

The discount rate changed from 3.13% to 2.98%. The trend assumption was updated. It is now assumed that 75% of employees are married and have a spouse covered by the plan at retirement.

ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS USED IN CALCULATIONS OF ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTIONS

The total OPEB liability was determined as of the July 1, 2018 actuarial valuation using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

- Discount rate 2.98% based on S & P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index at 7/1/18.
- Salary increases An assumption for salary increases is used only for spreading contributions over future pay under the entry age normal cost method. For this purpose, salary increases are composed of a 2.5% cost of living adjustment, 1% real wage growth, and for teachers and administrators a merit increase which varies by age from 2.75 to 0%.
- Withdrawal Rates of withdrawal vary by age, gender and years of service. Rates for new employees start at 22.9% for both men and women and decrease with age and service.
- Mortality Separate rates are assumed preretirement and postretirement using the rates assumed in the PSERS defined benefit pension plan actuarial valuation.
- Disability No disability assumed.
- Retirement Assumed retirement rates are based on PSERS plan experience and vary by age, service and gender.
- Percent of eligible retirees electing coverage in plan 100% of retirees who receive a subsidy are assumed to elect coverage. 10% of retirees who never receive a subsidy are assumed to elect coverage.
- Percent married at retirement 75% of employees are assumed to be married and have a spouse covered by the plan at retirement. Non-spouse dependents are deemed to be immaterial.
- Spouse age Wives are assumed to be two years younger than their husbands.
- Per capita claims cost making use of weighted averages for various plan design, the per capita claims cost for medical and prescription drug is based on the expected portion of the group's overall cost attributed to individuals in the specified age and gender brackets. Dental and vision costs are assumed to not vary with age or gender.
- Retiree contributions retiree contributions are assumed to increase at the same rate as the Health Care Cost Trend Rates.

NOTE 3 - FACTORS AND TRENDS USED IN THE ACTUARIAL VALUATION FOR THE RETIREE OPEB SCHOOL PLAN (Continued)

ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS USED IN CALCULATIONS OF ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTIONS (Continued)

- Health Care Cost Trend Rate 6.0% in 2018, and 5.5% in 2019 through 2021. Rates gradually decrease from 5.4% in 2022 to 3.8% in 2075 and later based on the Society of Actuaries Long-Run Medical Cost Trend Model.
- Actuarial Value of Assets Equal to the market value of assets.
- Actuarial cost method Entry age normal
- Participant data based on census information as of July 2018.