## Stratford School District Art Grades K-2 August 2022

## **Essential Questions**

- What is a shape? What is the difference between a shape and a line?
- Can you see shapes in complicated figures (people, animals, trees, rocks, etc)?
- How do you start a drawing of a person, animal or landscape? What do you look for to begin?
- How do artists work? How do artists use various tools and techniques? How do artists learn from trial and error? How can creative risks be encouraged? How can a positive mindset help me grow as an artist and learner?

How do artists use various tools and techniques? ● How do artists learn from trial and error? ● How can the elements of art help me to represent ideas and improve aesthetic qualities in artworks? ● How can an artist improve/refine their work?

Core Content Objective		Instructional Actions		
Concepts	Skills & Enduring Understandings	Activities/*Strategies	Assessment	

- \*Mediums, artistic styles and techniques can be unique to specific or multiple cultured.
  \*Culture, societies, genres, and eras influence art. \*Visual art can be a representation of an individual's response to the world.
- \*Creative problems are solved by using the elements of art and principles of design. \*Art can be individually and collaboratively created and presented in multiple arrangements.

Introduction to the Art Room ● Introduction of available supplies

- Review of rules and routines ●
  Introduction lessons using growth
  mind, creativity and problem
  solving skills. Use a variety of
  courses such as imagination and
  creative process to inspire and
  transform ideas into artistic
  expressions. \*Works of art can be
  accessed through analysis of
  function, craftsmanship and
  originality.
- \*Art is a universal language.

  \*Visual communication through art crosses cultural and language barriers throughout time.

Introduce students to rules and routines.

Free draw/centers activity to practice rules and routines
Kindergarten practices drawing lines and shapes. Kindergarten makes line sculptures • 1st Grade practices cutting geometric and organic shapes while studying Henri Matisse. • 2nd Grade creates a narrative collage. Students view multiple collage artists, create 3 sketches for ideas, and choose from a variety of materials to

--- ● Kindergarten learns to mix primary and secondary colors. ● 1st Grade chooses colors to create a

cut and glue. -----

Formative Assessments -Analyzing students work -Strategic questioning - Thinkpair-share - Classroom polls -Thumbs up, Thumbs down

Summative Assessment -Exhibitions of student work -Portfolios

- \*Informal assessment identifying common and distinctive characteristics of artwork.
- \*Informal assessment identifying significant contributions of various artists and cultures throughout history.

Informal assessment of creative use of information and resources provided. \*Informal assessment identifying the elements of at and principles of design. \*Informal assessment of student self-evaluation.

- \*Artwork is evaluated using an analysis of the elements of the elements of art and principles of design.
- \* Context influences the way we make and evaluate art.
- \*The elements of art and principles of design can be used in infinite variety as personal responses to creative problems. \*there are many types of aesthetic arrangements for the
- exhibition of art.
  Creating or assembling gallery exhibitions requires good time management and creative problem solving skills. \*The elements of art and principles of design are universal in nature.
  Decoding simple contextual clues requires evaluation mechanisms, such as rubrics to sort fact from opinion. \*Share visual art vocabulary with other subjects.
- \*Levels of proficiency can be accessed through an analysis of the application of the elements of art and the principles of design.

  \*Artist and individuals do disagree about the relative merits of artwork.
- Forming, integration and refinement of aesthetic components, principles and process creates purpose, meaning and artistic quality in artworks. Introduction to integrating elements of art to represent ideas in artworks. •

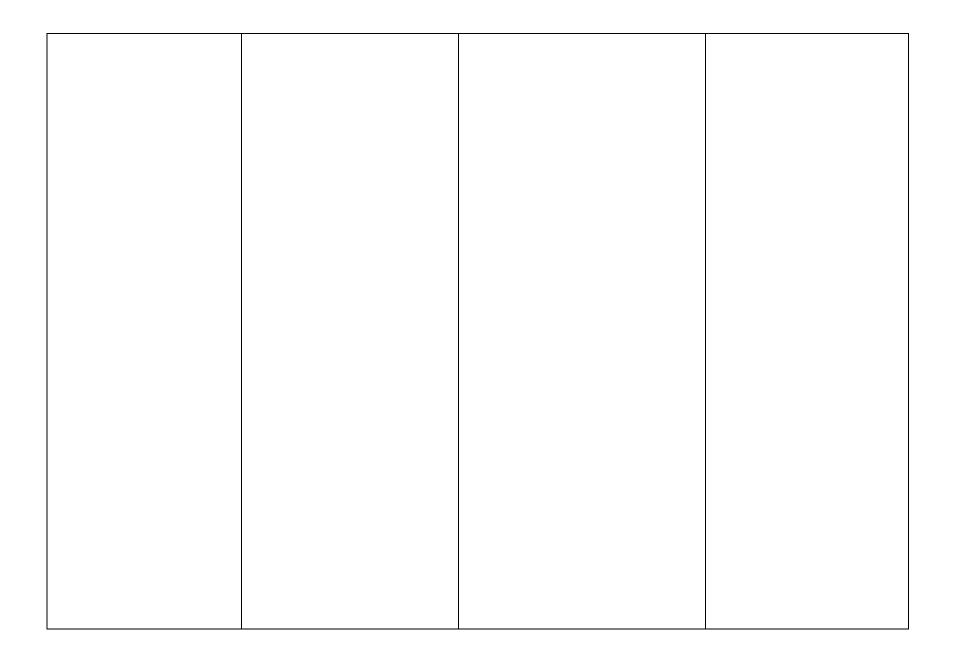
- pattern. 1st grade has a color mixing challenge using limited, teacher selected colors
- 2nd Grade mixes tints and shades Kindergarten makes texture rubbings.
- 2nd grade creates textures through printmaking with various objects. • 1st grade learns about implied texture by drawing/painting furry animals. Students will learn about the lives and works of an influential artist. Students will make artwork in the style of that artist. Suggested famous artists; Kandinsky, Da Vinci, Matisse, Van Gogh, Monet, Klimt, Pollock, Okeefe, Degas, Kusama, Picasso, Goldsworthy, Seurat, Klee, Kahlo, Mondrian, Dali. • Suggested lesser known artists; Ted Harrison, Alma Thomas, Hanoch Piven, Luke Egan, Claes Oldenburg, Dale Chihuly, Romero Britto, Sandra Silberzweig, Wayne Thiebaud, Pete Cromer, Jen Stark, Henry Rousseau, David Hockney, James Rizzi, Alexander Calder
- Students will study a specific culture and their style of art. Students will incorporate their own ideas and create a work of art using the same materials, ideas, or styles studied. Suggested media and corresponding cultures; Ceramic pots- mexico and asia Weaving- Kente Cloth, Native

Brainstorming ideas with support. Older students develop and sketch multiple ideas. • With support, make improvements based on teacher suggestions. With support self-reflect, revisit and improve upon work over multiple days. • Share process and final artwork with peers.

american, Mayan, Peru Pattern/cloth design- Adinkra Origami- Asia Gyotaku fish printing- Asia beading/jewelry making Mask Making- African

Puppetry -Italy marionettes, Vietnamese water puppets Musical instruments- Australia Alebrijes-Mexico Tree of life- Mexico Mosaics-Greece, Roman Empire, Spain Stained glass- Rome, Middle East Symetric tiles- Middle East

- Kindergarten focuses on product design. Book "If I built a car".
   Study landscaping and design imaginary buildings or play spaces.
   First grade makes a project in response to climate change. (Andy Goldsqworthy, Zaria Forman-ice paintings, Courtney Mattison-coral, Study or endangered animals in New Jersey)
   1st grade makes a symmetrical piece of art.
- 1st grade creates props and background for their play, "bugz". •2nd grade collaborates with STEAM. Create light up art with Led lights and robot maps. •2nd grade makes poppy paintings to go along with memorial day, grade wide presentation.



Students will work independently or collaboratively on a narrative artwork. Students will work with support to brainstorm ideas about a relevant topic; interests inspired by an artist, grade level studies, personal interests or experiences.

Kindergarten: Identify and produce directional lines such as horizontal, vertical and diagonal. First grade: Identify and produce straight lines using a ruler, curvy lines and zigzag lines. Second grade: Identify and produce detail and contour lines.4 K-2 Art Curriculum Guide 37 2. Kindergarten: Identify and produce geometric and organic shapes. First grade: Identify and produce the center of shapes and the concepts of corners. Second grade: Use shape to create scale and distance by manipulating the relationship of two or more shapes. 3. Kindergarten: Identify primary and use primary colors to produce secondary colors via the mixing process. First grade: Identify and produce cool and warm colors. Second grade: Identify and produce complementary and monochromatic compositions. 4. Kindergarten: Identify and produce a grey scale order. First grade: Identify and produce tins and shades of color. Second grade: Identify and produce

optical weight using value. 5. Kindergarten: Produce form with clay and identify top, bottom, and sides. First grade: Create a three dimensional sculpture using found objects and a variety of fastening materials. Second grade: Create a 3- dimentional sculpture out of paper. 6. Kindergarten: Identify and produce texture, using rubbings. First grade: Identify and produce texture on a clay form. Second grade: Identify and produce texture through lines to create common objects such as bricks, grass, and wood. 7. Kindergarten: Identify and produce emphasis, using size. First grade: Identify and produce emphasis, using color. Second grade: Identify and produce emphasis, using form. 8. Kindergarten: Identify and produce a symmetrical composition. First grade: Identify and produce an asymmetrical composition. Second grade: Identify and produce a balanced composition using color. 9. Kindergarten: Identify and produce rhythm through repeating printed shapes. First grade: Identify and produce rhythm through weaving. Second grade: Identify and produce rhythm through musical painting. 10. Kindergarten: Understand body proportions and draw with assistance a human body. First grade:

Understand facial proportions and produce a variety of faces with a variety of expressions. Second grade: Create a realistic and wellproportioned self-portrait in conjunction with an abstract selfportrait. 11. Kindergarten: Balance and use the entire page in every project to create unity and harmony. First grade: Understand the concept of horizon. Draw, paint, collage using the concept that the "sky meets the ground". Second grade: Understand the concept of space and composition by positioning and overlapping objects. Use shade and shadow to create the unity. Third grade: creating a composition with unity and harmony on the computer using KidPix. Resources/Technology Elements of Art and Principles of Design

Targeted NJSLS 1.2 All			