APUSH Unit 1 Reading Guide: Chapters 1 & 2(p3-46)

Key Terms:

Encomienda Conquistadors Treaty of Tordesillas Corn Civilizations

Mesoamerican Civilizations Aztecs/Maya/Aztec Slash & Burn agriculture Nomadic

Hunter-gatherers Silk Road Crusades Reconquista(Spain) Protestant

Reformation/Counter-Reformation Columbian Exchange New World vs. Old World

Ghana, Mali & Songhai Trans-Saharan Trade Puritans Genocide/Smallpox

matriarchal societies St. Augustine, Fl "Gold, Glory & God" Mestizos/Mullatos/Zambos

Three Sisters(Agriculture) African Slave Trade Iroquois/Iroquois Confederacy/Five Nations

Algonquians Pueblo Indians/Hopi/Anaszi Plains Indians/Sioux/Comanche Catholic Missions

West Indies Northwest Passage Defeat of Spanish Armanda Moundbuilders/Cahokia

Key People:

Christopher Columbus: Henry the Navigator: Hiawatha: Vasco da Gama:

Hernan Cortes: Francisco Pizzaro: Montezuma: Francis Drake:

Henry Hudson: Amerigo Vespucci: Ferdinand Magellan: Jacques Cartier:

Samuel De Champlain: John Cabot: Queen Elizabeth: Isabella & Ferdinand:

Central Questions:

Native American Experience

- 1. What allowed for early humans to migrate to the Americas? How many people do they believe were in the Americas prior to European contact?
- 2. How did the Aztecs build such a large empire in Central Mexico?
- 3. What allowed for large populations to emerge in the Mississippi Valley?
- 4. Who were the major tribes of the Eastern Woodlands? What were their key features? Where were they located?
- 5. What made the Great Lakes tribes more mobile?
- 6. What changed the lifestyles and habits of the Plains Indians?
- 7. What breakthrough allowed for the development of Indian communities in the Southwest? What was their key architectural feature?

Western Europe: Edge of the Old World

- 1. What was the typical hierarchy found in Western Europe? What institutions help the majority of power in society?
- 2. What were some of the challenges faced by serfs in Western Europe?
- 3. What revolutionized commerce in Europe? How did this change begin to alter the traditional hierarchy of Europe?
- 4. How did the Crusades increase European desire for goods from Asia?
- 5. How did the Catholic Church respond to the Protestant Reformation? How did this shape the settlement of the New World?

West and Central Africa: Origins of the Slave Trade

- 1. What resource was abundant in West Africa and allowed for civilizations in the area to flourish?
- 2. How did trading in West Africa change following the 15th Century?
- 3. What outside religion became highly influential in West Africa?

Exploration & Conquest

- 1. What innovations and individuals spurred Portuguese exploration?
- 2. What was the ultimate goal of the Portuguese exploration? What were common items traded?
- 3. What interactions did the Portuguese have with Africa?
- 4. Explain the nature and size of the African Slave Trade? How did the Portuguese slave trade evolve over time?
- 5. What actions did Spain take to expand the power and influence of Spain?
- 6. What factors contributed to the success of the Spanish Conquistadors? What Mesoamerican empires did they conquer?
- 7. What were the effects of the Spanish arrival in the Americas on the native population?
- 8. What crop took hold in the Portuguese colonies? Who provided a majority of the labor?

Spain's Tribute Colonies:

- 1. What reward was given to the Spanish Conquistadors? What was an unattended consequence of all the gold pulled out of the colonies?
- 2. What were common items involved in the Columbian Exchange? What parts of the world were involved?
- 3. Why caused the initial tension between the Spanish and English? What actions of Elizabeth I angered the Spanish? What was the ultimate outcome of the conflict between the Spanish & English?