Listening Notes

Instruments I hear: (circle)

Violin   Drum   Harp   Trumpet

Saxophone   Piano   Clarinet   Xylophone

Flute   Guitar   Other:_____

The tempo is:

Fast   Medium   Slow   Getting Faster   Getting Slower

The dynamic is:

Quiet   Medium   Loud   Getting Louder   Getting Quieter

The melody:

Moves upward   Moves downward   Stays on the same note

The style is:

Jazz   Pop   Classical   Country   Rock & Roll

Gospel   Opera   Other:_____

Other things I notice:

_____

_____

This week we are going to do fractured fairy tales! A fractured fairy tale is a well known story that has been changed or "fractured" to be different. The video Yeh-Shen is a fractured fairy tale from Cinderella. As you watch, compare and contrast the two fairy tales.

Watch the Video: Yeh-Shen
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=HYvh5QZRKjE

Respond to the questions below after you watch the story of Yeh-Shen:

Describe what happens at the beginning of the story and include the main characters.	How does the character change based on events in the story? What are those events?	How does the story end?

Write about a time you were a **spender** (you spent your money as soon as you got it on something you really wanted), a **saver** (you put your money in a savings account or piggy bank to buy something big), and a **giver** (you used your money to help someone in need).

Then choose one of the three examples you wrote about, and share how it felt to spend, save, or give.

Writing MONEY AMOUNTS #12

Write the amount of money described below in dollars and cents.

1. Seven hundred sixty-four dollars and forty cents = _____

2. Two hundred fifty dollars and twenty-seven cents = _____

3. One hundred thirteen dollars and ninety-two cents = _____

4. Eighty-three dollars and thirty-eight cents = _____

5. Five hundred ten dollars and seventy-two cents = _____

6. Eight hundred forty-nine dollars and sixteen cents = _____

7. Nine hundred thirty-five dollars and sixty-one cents = _____

8. Eleven dollars and seventy-nine cents = _____

9. Five hundred twenty-eight dollars and thirty cents = _____

10. Four hundred fifty-eight dollars and forty-four cents = _____

11. One hundred eighty dollars and ninety-three cents = _____

12. Nineteen dollars and fifty-two cents = _____

Words with *ow, ou*

Word Bank

couch	crowd	crown	found	frown
howl	mouth	ouch	round	shout

Write a word from the box that matches each clue.

1. A part of your face _____

2. A sound a dog might make _____

3. A large group of people _____

4. A long seat for sitting _____

5. To yell loudly _____

6. Something a queen has _____

7. The shape of a ball _____

8. The face a grouch makes _____

9. What you say when you get hurt _____
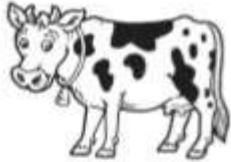
10. Got something you were looking for _____

Words with *ow, ou*

Sort the Spelling Words by the spellings *ow* and *ou*.

Spelling Words
Basic Words
1. cow
2. house
3. town
4. shout
5. down
6. mouse
7. found
8. loud
9. brown
10. ground
11. pound
12. flower
Review Words
13. out
14. now

ow Words

1. _____

2. _____

3. _____

4. _____

5. _____

6. _____

ou Words

7. _____

8. _____

9. _____

10. _____

11. _____

12. _____

13. _____

14. _____

Write the Spelling Words that rhyme with each given word.

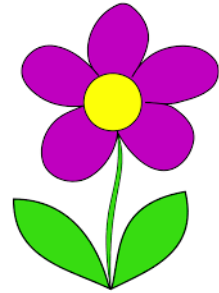15. how, _____, _____

16. blouse, _____, _____

17. clown, _____, _____, _____

18. bound, _____, _____, _____

Four Seasons

Spring

    The fields are rich with daffodils,
    A coat of clover cloaks the hills,
    And I must dance, and I must sing
    To see the beauty of the spring.

Summer

    The earth is warm, the sun's ablaze
    It is a time of carefree days;
    And bees abuzz that chance to pass
    May see me snoozing in the grass.

Fall

    The leaves are yellow, red, and brown,
    A shower sprinkles softly down;
    The air is fragrant, crisp, and cool,
    And once again I head back school.

Winter

    The birds are gone, the world is white,
    The winds are wild, they chill and bite;
    The ground is thick with slush and sleet,
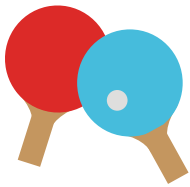   And I can barely feel my feet.

The last is done, the next is here,
The same as it is every year;
Spring – then sunshine – autumn – snow
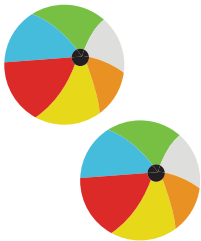That is how each year must go.

Toy Store

Sally and her friends are at the toy store. Answer each problem about **making change**. Show your work!
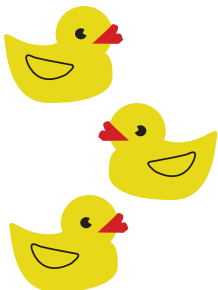
Sally has 65 cents. If she buys a teddy bear for 32 cents, how much change will she get back?

Alex has 82 cents. If he buys a ping–pong ball set for 64 cents, how much change will he get back?

Devon has 76 cents. Each beach ball costs 35 cents. If he buys two beach balls, how much change will he get back?

Maria has 98 cents. She wants to buy three rubber ducks. Each rubber duck costs 32 cents. Does she have enough money?