· /	Date:	Period:
	ACTIVITY #4: PACE YOURSELF	
rpose:		
is activity is an example of ferent methods will be used a	inexpensive ways to collect and analyze and compared.	some data about motion. Two
aterials and Procedures:		
let's borrow the music depart	ne. Expensive stopwatches are out because artment's metronome. The metronome repea clock of some kind available, how can we	eats its motion in a very regular
Write down the idea you	and your partner developed.	
Discuss as a group to see many ticks should be tim	what kinds of ideas are available. Discussed.	s the limitations that dictate how
Write down different idea	s that you heard in the discussion.	
Pick one of the methods	and use it to determine the time that elap	ses between ticks. Make a data
	and use it to determine the time that elap and explain how you decided what the time	
table in the space below a		interval is between ticks.
What do you have to do t	and explain how you decided what the time	n ticks?

If a metronome is not available, you can set up a simple pendulum and clap to the beat of the pendulum.

how you can use the tick pattern to study something about your rate of walking. e down one idea that you two thought about and discussed.
t other equipment do you need to use to carry out your idea?
t other equipment do you need to use to carry out your idea? cribe the kind of motion that you think would be the easiest to study for the first try.
cribe the kind of motion that you think would be the easiest to study for the first try.
uss with the class what the motion should be like for this first exercise and some methods that event groups think they would like to try to measure the motion.
me that you would like to compare the results from one group to another. What considerations to be discussed before you begin in order to do that? Why?
n a team of four to six and collect enough data to convince the class that you have measured ething about the rate of motion of one of the people in your group. Attach your data, analysis, conclusion. Title it, One Person's Rate of Motion.
g your paper work to the class discussion to share with the group. Listen to the other group rts and write a note about the best method one of the groups used.
why you think that it was one of the best methods.
pack to the metronome. We found the time between repeating events. This is called the period
e metronome.
at do you have to do differently to find the number of events (i.e., ticks) that occur in a given eval of time?
uss with your partner and write down a method that could be used to find the number of ticks given interval of time (i.e., frequency) of the metronome using the same setting that you used the previous motion analysis exercise.

	frequency of the metronome and walk with a constant gait. Discuss how you could measure the pace-length (i.e., gait) of the walker.		
15.	Write down a method to use to measure pace-length.		
	Collect sufficient data to determine the pace-length of your walker. Attach your data chart, the analysis of your data, and the value you have determined. Title it, <u>One Walker's Pace-length</u> .		
	If your walker's pace frequency is the same as the frequency of the metronome, then how can you use the pace-length data with the pace frequency to determine how fast the person is walking? What is the person's rate of motion?		
16.	Describe what you would do mathematically to find the person's speed using the pace-frequency (f) and the pace-length (L) and explain why it works.		
17.	Determine the value of the walker's speed. Show your mathematical method.		
Con	clusion:		
18.	Look at the purpose of the activity. Write a conclusion describing two ways to collect and analyze data about motion. Include a comment on the limitations of each method and which one you think is more reliable. If you do not think there is a more reliable method, then explain why you think that there is no difference.		

Compare your results with the class results in the large group discussion. Then meet with your group of four to six again. Have someone in your group match his or her pace rate with the