Summit Public Schools Summit, New Jersey World Language Department Grade Levels: 11th or 12th grade Advanced Placement Literature & Culture Curriculum Full year course

Overview:

The AP Spanish Literature and Culture course is designed to provide students with a learning experience equivalent to that of a college/university survey course in literature written in Spanish. This thematically based course introduces students to the formal study of a representative body of texts from Peninsular Spanish, Latin American, and U.S. Hispanic literature, including short stories, novels, poetry, drama, and essays, ranging from the Medieval period to the present.

Students develop proficiencies across the three modes of communication (interpretive, interpersonal, and presentational) in the range of Intermediate High to Advanced Mid of the American Council on the Teaching of Foreign Languages' (ACTFL) *Proficiency Guidelines*.

Through careful examination of the required readings and other texts, students work to hone their critical reading and analytical writing skills. Literature is explored within the contexts of its time and place, and students gain insights on the many voices, historical periods, and cultures represented in the required readings and other texts. The course also includes a strong focus on cultural, artistic, and linguistic connections and comparisons, which is supported by the exploration of various media (art, music, film, articles, and literary criticism). Emphasis is placed on approaching the study of literature through global, historical, and contemporary cultural contexts.

The course is founded on a required reading list, created by the College Board, of 38 titles from the 14th century to the contemporary period, including works that are linguistically and thematically challenging. The ultimate goal is for students to read critically, think deeply, and write analytically to demonstrate their understanding of the representative texts and to apply what they have learned from the required texts to others.

Course Themes:

There are six required course themes in AP Spanish Literature and Culture which aim to provide a basis for making contextual connections among works of different genres, periods, movements, and techniques. Instruction overlaps the themes within the units instead of creating units that are organized around just one theme.

Theme 1: Las sociedades en contacto

Organizing Concepts:

- 1. La asimilación y la marginación
- 2. La diversidad
- 3. Las divisiones socioeconómicas & El imperialismo
- 4. El nacionalismo y el regionalismo

Essential Questions:

1.¿De qué manera las perspectivas de una cultura afectan la representación de eventos históricos?

2. ¿Cómo los miembros de una minoría cultural se resisten (o se asimilan) a las costumbres y las perspectivas de la mayoría dominante?

3. ¿Cómo se representan en obras literarias de distintos períodos y diversas culturas las relaciones entre grupos socioculturales (clases sociales, grupos étnicos, etc.)?

Sample Groupings of Required Readings:

A. Anónimo, Lazarillo de Tormes;

Dragún, *El hombre que se convirtió en perro* (Las divisiones socioeconómicas)

B. Cortés, "Segunda carta de relación";

León-Portilla, Visión de los vencidos;

Martí, "Nuestra América";

Darío, "A Roosevelt" (El imperialismo)

Theme 2: La construcción del género

Organizing Concepts:_____

- 1. El machismo
- 2. Las relaciones sociales
- 3. El sistema patriarcal
- 4. La sexualidad
- 5. La tradición y la ruptura_____

Essential Questions:

1. ¿Cómo revela la literatura los cambios en la percepción de los géneros masculino y femenino?

2. ¿De qué manera han servido los factores socioculturales como instrumentos de cambios (o no) en la representación de los géneros?

3. ¿Cómo ha cambiado la representación de lo femenino (voces femeninas, personajes femeninos) a lo largo de la historia de la literatura?

Sample Groupings of Required Readings:

A. Pardo Bazán, "Las medias rojas";

Burgos, "A Julia de Burgos";

Morejón, "Mujer negra";

Allende, "Dos palabras"

(La tradición y la ruptura)

B. Sor Juana, "Hombres necios que acusáis";

Storni, "Peso ancestral"

Julia de Burgos, "A Julia de Burgos (El sistema patriarcal)

Theme 3: El tiempo y el espacio

Organizing Concepts:

- 1. El carpe diem y el memento mori
- 2. El individuo en su entorno
- 3. La naturaleza y el ambiente
- 4. La relación entre el tiempo y el espacio
- 5. El tiempo lineal y el tiempo circular
- 6. La trayectoria y la transformación

Essential Questions:

1. ¿Cómo presentan las literaturas de distintas culturas los conceptos del tiempo y el espacio?

2. ¿De qué manera los autores se valen del tiempo y el espacio para construir una variedad de estados de ánimos o sentimientos (p. ej. la desorientación, la nostalgia, el remordimiento)?

3. ¿Cómo se relacionan la representación del espacio y el manejo del tiempo en una obra literaria?

Sample Groupings of Required Readings:

A. Quevedo, "Miré los muros de la patria mía";

Machado, "He andado muchos caminos";

Neruda, "Walking around"

(El individuo en su entorno)

B. Garcilaso, Soneto XXIII ("En tanto que de rosa y azucena");

Góngora, Soneto CLXVI ("Mientras por competir con tu cabello");

Bécquer, Rima LIII ("Volverán las oscuras golondrinas")

(El carpe diem y el memento mori; La trayectoria y la transformación)

Theme 4: Las Relaciones interpersonales

Organizing Concepts:

- 1. La amistad y la hostilidad
- 2. El amor y el desprecio
- 3. La comunicación o falta de comunicación
- 4. El individuo y la comunidad.
- 5. Las relaciones de poder
- 6. Las relaciones familiares.

Essential Questions:

1. ¿De qué manera se transforma el/la protagonista de una obra a consecuencia de sus relaciones con otros personajes?

2. ¿De qué manera los individuos contribuyen o perjudican al bienestar de la familia o la comunidad?

3. ¿Cómo influye el contexto sociocultural en el desarrollo de las relaciones interpersonales?

Sample Groupings of Required Readings:

A. Quiroga, "El hijo";

Rulfo, "No oyes ladrar los perros"

(Las relaciones familiares)

B. García Lorca, La casa de Bernarda Alba;

Rivera, . . . y no se lo tragó la tierra

(Las relaciones de poder; La comunicación o la falta de comunicación)

Theme 5: La Dualidad del Ser

Organizing Concepts:

- 1. La construcción de la realidad
- 2. La espiritualidad y la religión
- 3. La imagen pública y la imagen privada
- 4. La introspección
- 5. El ser y la creación literaria

Essential Questions:

- 1. ¿Qué preguntas plantea la literatura acerca de la realidad y la fantasía?
- 2. ¿Cómo influye el contexto sociocultural o histórico en la expresión de la identidad?

3. ¿Cuál es el significado de la vida (para un personaje, para un autor) y cómo se relaciona esto con las creencias o ideas en cuanto a la muerte?

Sample Groupings of Required Readings:

A. Borges, "Borges y yo";

Unamuno, San Manuel Bueno, mártir

(La imagen pública y la imagen privada)

B. Cervantes, Don Quijote;

Cortázar, "La noche boca arriba";

García Márquez, "El ahogado más hermoso del mundo"

(La construcción de la realidad)

Theme 6: La creación literaria

Organizing Concepts:

- 1. La intertextualidad / La metaficción
- 2. La literatura autoconsciente
- 3. El proceso creativo
- 4. El texto y sus contextos

Essential Questions:

- 1. ¿Qué factores motivan a los escritores a crear sus obras literarias?
- 2. ¿De qué manera la intertextualidad contribuye al significado de una obra literaria?

3. ¿Cómo influye en la experiencia de los lectores la presencia de la literatura misma como tema de una obra literaria?

Sample Groupings of Required Readings:

A. Don Juan Manuel, *Conde Lucanor*, Exemplo XXXV ("De lo que aconteció a un mozo que casó con una mujer muy fuerte y muy brava");

Anónimo, Lazarillo de Tormes

(La literatura autoconsciente)

8. Borges, "Borges y yo";

Cervantes, Don Quijote

(El proceso creativo)

UNIT 1: La época medieval

7.1 World Languages Advanced Low by the End of Grade12

Interpretive Mode of Communication

Advanced Low learners understand main ideas and supporting details on some new, concrete topics from a variety of more complex texts that have a clear, organized structure. These texts include narrative, descriptive and straightforward persuasive materials. They can make inferences and derive meaning from context and linguistic features. Advanced Low learners comprehend texts pertaining to real-world topics of general interest to the target language communities and those that represent national and international issues. They can comprehend paragraph discourse found in stories, literary works, personal and work-related correspondence, oral presentations, news reports, and other concrete topics.

Interpersonal Mode of Communication

Advanced Low learners participate actively and fluently in conversations about a range of topics both autobiographical and those that concern concrete events. They tell stories in the past, summarize information, compare and contrast ideas and facts, and narrate with detail. Advance Low learners can talk about present, past, and future events with increasing accuracy and fluency.

Presentational Mode of Communication

Advanced Low learners participate actively and fluently in discussions about a range of topics both autobiographical and those that concern concrete events. They clearly express complex ideas and personal points of view about topics of interest. They use paragraph-length discourse when summarizing information, comparing and contrasting ideas and fact, and narrating and descripting a range of ideas. Advanced Low learners speak and write across present, past, and future time frames with increasing accuracy and fluency.

Big ideas: Medieval Spanish literature reflects the historical and linguistic reality of the period. Medieval Spanish was very different from contemporary Spanish. Instructor will

 support students with the language patterns unknown to them for comprehension of the texts. Emphasis will be placed on the oral traditions of the period along with the art and architecture. Literary works: 1. Conde Lucanor. Exemplo XXXV ("De lo que aconteció a un mozo que se casó con una mujer muy fuerte y muy brava") / Don Juan Manuel 2. "Romance de la pérdida de Alhama / Anónimo 			
Essential Questions What provocative questions will foster inquiry, understanding, and transfer of learning?	Enduring Understandings What will students understand about the big ideas?		
 How are the diverse cultures and religions of the time period represented in the literary works? [¿Cómo se representan las diversas culturas y religiones de la época en las obras literarias?] 	 Students will understand (that): 1. Medieval Spanish (linguistically) differed from contemporary Spanish. 2. Different cultures co-existed in Medieval Spain. (Muslim, Jewish and Christian). 3. The political system of Medieval Spain 		
 In which ways do perspective or point of view affect the representation of historical events? [¿De qué manera la perspectiva o el punto de vista afecta la representación de eventos históricos?] 	 impacted everyday life, literature and economic opportunities. 4. Opportunities in Medieval times were limited by gender and socio-economic status. 5.Marriage as a path to upward social and economic mobility. 		
3. What aspects of Medieval literature are still evident in modern literature and life? ¿Qué aspectos de la literatura medieval todavía se reflejan en la literatura y la vida de hoy en día?	6. The concept of "enseñar deleitando".7. The importance of El Romancero in the development of Spanish literature.8. Authors use identifiable literary devices to enrich their works.		
 4. What literary resources are used in these works? ¿Qué recursos literarios se utilizan en estas obras? 			
Areas of Focus: Proficiencies (New Jersey Student Learning Standards)	Lessons		

Students will:	Instructional Focus / Activities:
Students will.	-
	1. Students illustrate the story from <i>Conde</i>
7.1.AL.IPRET.1: Identify main ideas and	Lucanor using six drawings to demonstrate an
significant details in a range of oral, viewed,	understanding of the text with an emphasis on
and written texts.	the cultural elements. Students will then pair
7.1.AL.IPRET.2: Interpret spoken and	up to retell the story in Spanish using their
written language and nuances of culture, as	windowpane drawings.
expressed by speakers of the target language,	
in some formal and informal settings.	2. Students will use different highlighter colors
in some formar and informar settings.	to mark the names of important characters,
7.1.AL.IPRET.3: Analyze the use of verbal	settings, and other key elements of the texts.
and non-verbal etiquette in the target	settings, and other key clements of the texts.
culture(s) and in one's own culture to	
develop an understanding of how cultural	3. Pair up students and assign a different
·	stanza from the poem "Romance de la pérdida
perspectives are reflected in cultural products	de Alhama". They will interpret the stanza
and cultural practices.	and explain its meaning to the class.
7.1.AL.IPRET.4: Demonstrate an	
understanding of most content of other	4. Define, identify and find appropriate
academic disciplines.	examples of the following literary devices in
7.1.AL.IPRET.5: Analyze a literary or	the works.
informational text including theme, author's	uie works.
purpose and tone, inferences.	M
7.1.AL.IPRET.6: Analyze a radio/television	Metacuento
program, movie, or podcast for theme,	Moraleja
purpose and tone, and inferences.	Hipérbole
7.1.AL.IPRET.7: Infer the meaning of some	Fábula
unfamiliar words and phrases in academic	In medias res
and formal contexts.	Verso octósilabo
7.1.AL.IPRET.8: Analyze elements of the	Estribillo
target language that do not have a	Rima asonante
comparable linguistic element in English. 7.1.AL.IPRET.9: Differentiate facts from	Voz poética
	Tradición oral
opinions by accurately answering most	Polifonía
questions that require inferring implied	Politonia
meanings.	
7.1.AL.IPRET.10: Collect, share, and analyze	Instructional Strategies:
data related to global issues including climate	
change.	Interpretative:
7.1.AL.PRSNT.1: Create and deliver	• Read / listen to and comprehend
research-based presentations to a target	literary texts.
language audience, either electronically or in	 Identify or describe literary elements,
person using short paragraphs.	voices, and stylistic figures.
7.1.AL.PRSNT.2: Create a research-based	. 0
analysis of a current global problem/issue	• Identify cultural products, practices or
showing cultural perspectives associated with	perspectives.
the target culture(s) and another world	
culture.	

7.1.AL.PRSNT.3: Offer and support opinions and use persuasive language when presenting ideas and information. 7.1.AL.PRSNT.4: Use language creatively in writing for personal, career, or academic purposes using connected sentences in paragraph-level narration and description. 7.1.AL.PRSNT.5: Compare and contrast the structural elements and/or cultural perspectives found in culturally authentic materials with those found in selections in English. 7.1.AL.PRSNT.6: Analyze here polyzed

7.1.AL.PRSNT.6: Analyze how cultural perspectives about climate change over time, and compare with changing perspectives in one's own culture.

Career-Ready Practices

CRP1: Act as a responsible and

contributing citizen and employee.

CRP2: Apply appropriate academic and technical skills.

CRP3: Attend to personal health and financial well-being.

CRP4: Communicate clearly and effectively and with reason.

CRP5: Consider the environmental, social and economic impacts of decisions.

CRP6: Demonstrate creativity and innovation.

CRP7: Employ valid and reliable research strategies.

CRP8: Utilize critical thinking to make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.

CRP9: Model integrity, ethical leadership and effective

management.

CRP10: Plan education and career paths

• Explain the relationship between cultural products, practices and perspectives of the target cultures.

Interpersonal:

- Present information in descriptive form.
- Create a thesis that states the purpose of studied works
- Use a variety of vocabulary appropriate to literary analysis.
- Present and organize information logically.
- Create and deliver oral presentations related to course content in a variety of formats.
- Use pronunciation that is comprehensible to the audience in oral communication.

Presentational:

- Discuss texts and contexts in a variety of interactive oral forms
- Discuss texts and contexts in a variety of interactive written formats.
- Participate in literary discussions and presentations individually and in group settings.

aligned to personal goals. CRP11 : Use technology to enhance productivity. CRP12 : Work productively in teams while using cultural global competence.	
Differentiation	Assessments
 Interdisciplinary Connections: Students will become aware of early European history leading up to Medieval times. Students will learn about the feudal system and the social structure of the Medieval era. (History) Students will learn about the characteristics of stained glass windows typical of European architecture and will try to 	 Formative Assessments: Daily reading quizzes dealing with the historical background of both works. Quiz about the life and historical importance of Don Juan Manuel. Quiz about the characteristics of the <i>Romances</i>. Personal Progress check 1 (Multiple choice & Free Response) from the College Board's AP Classroom.
 architecture and will try to replicate them when illustrating the main scenes from Conde Lucanor. (Art) Students will listen to a Mudejar rendering of Ay de Mi Alhama. They will learn about the different instruments used and their Muslim and Jewish influence. (Music) Technology Integration: Platforms such as Kahoot, FlipGrid, Goformative, Blooket, Google Apps, Padlet, Quizizz, Quizlet and Youtube 	 Summative Assessments, Projects and Celebrations: Presentational Writing: Students will write a comparative essay about the religious and cultural diversity of Spain in the Middle Ages as seen in both works. Presentational Speaking: Create a multimedia presentation about the role of women in Medieval times as evidenced in the text and compare to the role of women in Spanish society today.

Media Liter	acy Integrati	on:	
• Stude	ents will explo	re, analyze and	
	pret information		
authentic video, audio and print			
resources about Medieval cultural			
products, practices and			
perspectives.			
	ze a radio podo	ast for theme.	
	ose and tone, an		
Global Pers			
Stude	ents will under	stand the	
impo	rtance of Al-A	Andalus in the	
-	im Empire and		
	1	evelopment of	
	ern Spain.	÷	
	erstand the con	ncept of	
	iage varies by o	1	
	oossible to lear		
1	other cultures		
Sensory Supports	Graphic Supports	Interactive Supports	
Real Life Objects	Charts	In pairs or partners	
Manipulatives	Graphic Organizers	In triands or small groups	
Pictures	Tables	In a whole group	
Illustrations	Graphs	Using cooperative group	
Magazines & Newspapers	Timelines	Structures	
Physical activities	Number lines	Internet / Software support	
Videos & Flim		In the home language	

roadcasts		With mentors
Models & Figures		
Intervention	Strategies	
	i	
Accommodations	Interventions	Modifications
Allow for verbal responses	Multi-sensor y techniques	Modified tasks / expections
Repeat / confirm directions	Increase task structure (e.g. directions, checks for understandin g, feedback)	Differentiated materials
Permit response via computer or electronic device	Increase opportunities to engage in active academic responding	Individualized assessments tools based on student need
Audio books	Utilize pre-reading strategies and activities previews, anticipatory guides, and semantic mapping	Modified assessment grading

Recursos Literarios:

https://www.retoricas.com/2009/06/principales-figuras-retoricas.html Serie Isabel RTVE: <u>http://www.rtve.es/alacarta/videos/isabel/</u>

Conde Lucanor

Slideshare: <u>https://www.slideshare.net/CCBB/don-juan-manuel-el-conde-lucanor</u> Obra completa: <u>http://www.cervantesvirtual.com/obra-visor/el-conde-lucanor--0/html/</u> Quizlet: <u>https://quizlet.com/149676426/el-conde-lucanor-flash-cards/</u>

<u>Ay de mi Alhama</u>

Mudejar songs: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=2rS6Cdqm0Vw</u>

Unit 2: El siglo XVI

7.1 World Languages Advanced Low by the End of Grade12

Interpretive Mode of Communication

Advanced Low learners understand main ideas and supporting details on some new, concrete topics from a variety of more complex texts that have a clear, organized structure. These texts include narrative, descriptive and straightforward persuasive materials. They can make inferences and derive meaning from context and linguistic features. Advanced Low learners comprehend texts pertaining to real-world topics of general interest to the target language communities and those that represent national and international issues. They can comprehend paragraph discourse found in stories, literary works, personal and work-related correspondence, oral presentations, news reports, and other concrete topics.

Interpersonal Mode of Communication

Advanced Low learners participate actively and fluently in conversations about a range of topics both autobiographical and those that concern concrete events. They tell stories in the past, summarize information, compare and contrast ideas and facts, and narrate with detail. Advance Low learners can talk about present, past, and future events with increasing accuracy and fluency.

Presentational Mode of Communication

Advanced Low learners participate actively and fluently in discussions about a range of topics both autobiographical and those that concern concrete events. They clearly express complex ideas and personal points of view about topics of interest. They use paragraph-length discourse when summarizing information, comparing and contrasting ideas and fact, and narrating and descripting a range of ideas. Advanced Low learners speak and write across present, past, and future time frames with increasing accuracy and fluency.

Big Ideas:

Literary works from the Spanish Renaissance—opening a period also known as the Golden Age—are the focus of Unit 2. The 16th century is also the era when the colonial period began in the Americas. Students will read works written on both sides of the Atlantic. This is an important moment in literature because the language develops from its medieval rudimentary forms into an art form. Students will become familiar with the characteristics of several different genres and be able to make comparisons to works introduced in the previous unit.

Literary works:

- 1. Lazarillo de Tormes, Anónimo
- 2. Visión de los vencidos: "Los presagios según los informantes de Sahagún", Miguel León- Portilla
- 3. "Segunda carta de relación", Hernán Cortés
- 4. Visión de los vencidos: "Se ha perdido el pueblo mexica", Miguel León Portilla
- 5. Soneto XXIII, "En tanto que de rosa y azucena", Garcilaso de la Vega
- 6. Visión de los vencidos: "Los presagios según los informantes de Sahagún", Miguel León- Portilla
- 7. "Segunda carta de relación", Hernán Cortés

Essential Questions W hat provocative questions will foster inquiry, understanding, and transfer of learning?	Enduring Understandings W hat will students understand about the big ideas?
 In which ways did the historical, social, and geopolitical context affect the literature of the sixteenth century? ¿De qué manera afecta el contexto histórico, sociocultural o geopolítico la creación literaria del siglo XVI? How do the respective cultures of individual writers affect the representation of events or the story of a text? ¿Cómo afecta la cultura de los escritores en la representación de eventos o de la historia en un texto? How can one identify a trustworthy source? ¿Cómo es posible saber si un narrador es fidedigno? 	Students will understand that -The Spanish Renaissance has specific characteristics that can be identified in all works studied. -The circumstances in which the texts were written reflect the historical, geopolitical and socio cultural context of the era. -The impact of the "discovery" of the American continent in the historical era. -The importance of primary source materials. -Literature can reflect the ideology and ideals of a particular era. -Historical events affect the way in which nations and cultures view themselves and others. -Primary source materials use literary devices to describe and tell a specific perspective of history.

 4. Which literary characteristics are identifiable in the works? ¿Qué recursos literarios podemos identificar en las obras? 5. What are the identifiable characteristics of the Renaissance in Spanish culture, literature, art, and architecture? ¿Cuáles son las características del Renacentismo identificables en la cultura española, en literatura, pintura y arquitectura? 6. How did culture clash impact daily life in Spain and the American territories? ¿Cuál fue el impacto del choque de culturas en la realidad diaria de España y de los territorios americanos? 	-History can be interpreted differently depending on the point of view of the writer. -A sonnet has specific characteristics that dictate its composition and interpretation.
Areas of Focus: Proficiencies (New Jersey Student Learning Standards)	Lessons
(New Jersey Student Learning	Lessons Instructional Focus / Activities: 1. Students will create summaries of the

technical skills. CRP3 : Attend to personal health and financial well-being. CRP4 : Communicate clearly and effectively and with reason. CRP5 : Consider the environmental, social and economic impacts of decisions. CRP6 : Demonstrate creativity and innovation. CRP7 : Employ valid and reliable research strategies. CRP8 : Utilize critical thinking to make sense of problems and persevere in solving them. CRP9 : Model integrity, ethical leadership and effective management. CRP10 : Plan education and career paths aligned to personal goals. CRP11 : Use technology to enhance productivity. CRP12 : Work productively in teams while using cultural global competence.	 Endecasílabo Cromatismo Símbolo Hipérbaton Instructional Strategies: Interpretive Paraphrase the literary text Identify points of view Make distinctions between voices and the author's perspective in order to establish differences in meaning. Identify the theme in a text. Identify the literary movement to which a text belongs. Explain how a text reflects or challenges perceptions of a majority / minority culture Interpersonal Literary discussions and presentations. (Fishbowl format) Literary discussions online based on a prompt. Socratic seminars based on unit's themes. Presentational Create a thesis that states a purpose. Use a variety of vocabulary appropriate for literary analysis in both written and oral form. Develop and fine tune grammatical and syntactic structures in written language.
Differentiation	Assessments

	ng scientific rea	asons to	Sample Assessments: Formative Assessments:
	the events desc	cribed in the	-Daily quizzes on biographical readings.
Presagios / Augurios.			-Group quizzes on identification of literary
	g about Italian		terms.
	art as exemplified by Boticelli. (Art		-Creation of original examples of literary
History	·		terms for class review.
Technology In	ntegration		-Homework quizzes from Albert (Guide to
• Platform	ns such as Kah	oot, FlipGrid,	AP Exam)
Goform	native, Blooket,	Google Apps,	-Azulejo Online short answer practices.
Padlet, (Quizizz, Quizle	et and Youtube	-Personal Progress Check 2. Multiple
Media Literac	y:		Choice and Free response. Includes 20
• Student	s will explore, a	analyze and	multiple choice questions, an essay on text
	t information f		analysis of a single test and a short answer
-	udio and print		text explanation.
	VI century cul		
	s and perspecti	-	Summative Assessments, Projects and
-	a radio podcast		Celebrations:
	and tone, and in		-Essay #1 Literary analysis of a single text.
Global Perspe			-Essay #2 Compare a text to an artistic
 Students will discuss the impact of the "discovery" of the American continent in the rest of the world. Students will research the exchange of commodities, people, ideas and diseases between the Americas and Europe and immediate and long term impact. https://www.khanacademy.org/humanities/us-history/precontact-and-early-colonial-era/old-and-new-worlds-collide/a/the-columbian-exchange-ka http://clic.cengage.com/uploads/f7056a454 225a5ec1e80cd3b44c2cc2e_2_5078.pdf 		American f the world. the exchange le, ideas and americas and e and long <u>g/humanities/</u> <u>ly-colonial-era</u> <u>a/the-columbi</u>	representation.
<u>225a5ec1e60cd</u>	<u>5044C2CC2e_2</u>	<u>.5078.put</u>	
Supports for E	English Langu	age Learners	
Sensory Supports	Graphic Supports	Interactive Supports	
Real Life Objects	Charts	In pairs or partners	

Manipulatives	Graphic Organizers	In triands or small groups
Pictures	Tables	In a whole group
Illustrations	Graphs	Using cooperative group
Magazines & Newspapers	Timelines	Structures
Physical activities	Number lines	Internet / Software support
Videos & Flim		In the home language
Broadcasts		With mentors
Models & Figures		
I		I
ntervention S	trategies	
	diaceg	
	1	
Accommodations	Interventions	Modifications
Allow for verbal responses	Multi-sensor y techniques	Modified tasks / expections
Repeat / confirm directions	Increase task structure (e.g. directions, checks for understandin g, feedback)	Differentiated materials
Permit response via computer or electronic device	Increase opportunities to engage in active academic responding	Individualized assessments tools based on student need
Audio books	Utilize pre-reading	Modified assessment grading

<u>Lazarillo de Tormes</u>

Film: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=upmlKYQuwNc</u> Slideshare: <u>https://www.slideshare.net/pedrojesus1963/lazarillo-de-tormes-2013</u> <u>https://www.slideshare.net/carlosarrvid/lazarillo-de-tormes-tratados-y-analisis-de-los-perso</u> <u>najes</u>

Video Summaries of each chapter: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=U_iYU2wO7Ac</u> Escenas con actividades: <u>http://www.tinglado.net/tic/manuel/lazarillo/lazarillo.html</u>

Segunda Carta de Relación

Documental / Hernán Cortés, un hombre entre Dios y el diablo: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=23qjsN1xFlU

Video de encuentro entre culturas: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=OihZi0mvemU</u> Prezi: <u>https://prezi.com/doqqfn-fpdtk/segunda-carta-de-relacion/</u>

Visión de los vencidos

Los hijos del sol, los hombres del maíz.<u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=1t1iZcTnfM4</u> Historia de Tlaxcala: <u>https://www.historiacultural.com/2012/08/cultura-tlaxcalteca.html</u> Los presagios en nahualt: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=PihJ1TR6tSA</u> Los presagios funestos: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=upffreFIR_M</u> León-Portillo: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=tfVCxMPb0t8</u> Cronología de la conquista: <u>http://conquistamex.blogspot.com/2006/11/cronologia-de-la-conquista.html</u> <u>http://ttmhistory.blogspot.com/2009/04/presagios-del-fin-de-un-imperio.html</u>

<u>Salmo XXIII</u>

Comentario del soneto ppt <u>https://es.slideshare.net/agarciayedra/comentario-del-soneto-xxiii</u> Slideshare PP: <u>https://slideplayer.es/slide/21424/</u> El nacimiento de Venus / Botticelli: <u>https://www.uffizi.it/en/artworks/birth-of-venus</u>

Unit 3: El siglo XVII

7.1 World Languages Advanced Low by the End of Grade12

Interpretive Mode of Communication

Advanced Low learners understand main ideas and supporting details on some new, concrete topics from a variety of more complex texts that have a clear, organized structure. These texts include narrative, descriptive and straightforward persuasive materials. They can make inferences and derive meaning from context and linguistic features. Advanced Low learners comprehend texts pertaining to real-world topics of general interest to the target language communities and those that represent national and international issues. They can

comprehend paragraph discourse found in stories, literary works, personal and work-related correspondence, oral presentations, news reports, and other concrete topics.

Interpersonal Mode of Communication

Advanced Low learners participate actively and fluently in conversations about a range of topics both autobiographical and those that concern concrete events. They tell stories in the past, summarize information, compare and contrast ideas and facts, and narrate with detail. Advance Low learners can talk about present, past, and future events with increasing accuracy and fluency.

Presentational Mode of Communication

Advanced Low learners participate actively and fluently in discussions about a range of topics both autobiographical and those that concern concrete events. They clearly express complex ideas and personal points of view about topics of interest. They use paragraph-length discourse when summarizing information, comparing and contrasting ideas and fact, and narrating and descripting a range of ideas. Advanced Low learners speak and write across present, past, and future time frames with increasing accuracy and fluency.

Big Ideas:

For Peninsular Spanish literature, the 17th century was the pinnacle of artistic production and comprised the second half of the Golden Age. However, it also marked the beginning of the decline of the Spanish empire. In this unit, students will encounter complex metaphors, syntax, and advanced vocabulary. Writers of this period employed these complexities as a way to criticize their social reality in a form of *desengaño*, or disillusionment. This provided the opportunity to question commonly held traditions and perspectives.

Students will practice comparing themes from these works to those in nonrequired texts, texts from previous units, and artwork from the same period. They will identify intermediate-level literary terms and explain how and/or why they are being used in the texts. Students will write essays comparing the uses and effects of literary figures and rhetorical devices, as well as comparing a theme that the works have in common. They will practice writing short-answers comparing artwork from the period to texts that share a common theme. Due to the variety of genres in this unit, students will practice writing essays in which they analyze the characteristics of the genre of one of the works by commenting on the work's structural and stylistic features.

Literary works:

- 1. Soneto CLXVI, "Mientras por competir con tu cabello", Luis de Góngora
- 2. Salmo XVII, "Miré los muros de la patria mía", Francisco de Quevedo
- 3. "Hombres necios que acusáis", Sor Juana Inés de la Cruz

4. Don Quijote, (Primera parte, capítulos 1-5, 8 y 9, Segunda parte, Ca	pítulo 74),
Miguel de Cervantes	

5. El burlador de Sevilla y convidado de piedra, Tirso de Molina

Essential Questions What provocative questions will foster inquiry, understanding, and transfer of learning?	Enduring Understandings W hat will students understand about the big ideas?
 How does intertextuality contribute to the meaning of a literary text? ¿De qué manera la intertextualidad contribuye al significado de una obra literaria? How does a character transform as a result of their relationship with other characters? ¿Cómo se transforma un personaje a consecuencia de sus relaciones con otros personajes? How are cultural perspectives and practices of the seventeenth century, in terms of gender roles, revealed in the literature? ¿Cómo revela la literatura las perspectivas y las prácticas culturales en las relaciones entre los hombres y las mujeres del siglo XVII? Which are the predominant literary elements in theater of the Golden Age. ¿Cuáles son los elementos literarios predominantes en el teatro del Siglo de Oro? 	 Students will understand that -The gender roles of the era are present in the studied works. -The political and economic decline of the 17th century Spanish empire influenced the writings of the time. -Specific characteristics can be identified in the different genres being studied. -The major role of religion in the literature of the period. -The use of literature to both entertain the public and also teach moral and social norms. -The development of the modern novel through the study of Don Quijote. -The importance of the theatre as a way for culture and moral norms to be communicated to the masses. -Identify stylistic features (structure, setting, timeframes, characters, style, point of view, tone) of literary works. -Make distinction between voices and the author's perspective in order to establish differences in meaning.
Areas of Focus: Proficiencies (New Jersey Student Learning Standards)	Lessons
Students will:	Instructional Focus / Activities:

 7.1.AL.IPRET1: Identify main ideas and significant details in a range of oral, viewed, and written texts. 7.1.AL.IPRET2: Interpret spoken and written language and nuances of culture, as expressed by speakers of the target language, in some formal and informal settings. 7.1.AL.IPRET3: Analyze the use of verbal and non-verbal etiquette in the target culture(s) and in one's own culture to develop an understanding of how cultural perspectives are reflected in cultural products and cultural practices. 7.1.AL.IPRET4: Demonstrate an understanding of most content of other academic disciplines. 7.1.AL.IPRET5: Analyze a literary or informational text including theme, author's purpose and tone, inferences. 7.1.AL.IPRET6: Analyze a radio/television program, movie, or podcast for theme, purpose and tone, and inferences. 7.1.AL.IPRET7: Infer the meaning of some unfamiliar words and phrases in academic and formal contexts. 7.1.AL.IPRET8: Analyze elements of the target language that do not have a comparable linguistic element in English. 7.1.AL.IPRET10: Collect, share, and analyze data related to global issues including climate change. 7.1.AL.PREST10: Create and deliver research-based presentations to a target language audience, either electronically or in person using short paragraphs. 	 Students will listen to texts (poetry) or fragments of texts to unravel syntax and identify literary figures. Students will incorporate text annotations to better understand themes and sub themes in the readings. Students will change the perspective (character genre, location, historical era) in one of the texts and recreate scenes. Students will compare three sonnets (Garcilaso, Góngora, Quevedo) to identify common elements and also understand the different styles and messages communicated by the authors. The class will read aloud specific scenes from Tirso de Molina to better understand the experience of the audiences of the day and the dramatic impact of the work. Students will view chosen scenes from Don Quijote and El burlador de Sevilla in film form. Students will discover the impact of certain literary figures beyond their times by exploring the <i>arquetipos</i> of Don Juan and Don Quijote through history to the present time. Students will draw each of the stanzas in Quevedo's poem to better visualize the progression from the general to the private in the poem. Students will define and identify the following literary terms and devices in the works. Apóstrofe Gradación Enumeración Octosílabo
research-based presentations to a target language	Gradación
audience, either electronically or in person using	Enumeración
7.1.AL.PRSNT.2: Create a research-based	Octosilabo
analysis of a current global problem/issue	Retruécano
showing cultural perspectives associated with the	Paradoja
target culture(s) and another world culture.	Antítesis
7.1.AL.PRSNT.3: Offer and support opinions	Tono
and use persuasive language when presenting	Aliteración
ideas and information.	Parodia
7.1.AL.PRSNT.4: Use language creatively in	Sátira
writing for personal, career, or academic	Intertextualidad

	 Create and deliver oral presentations related to course content. Self monitor and adjust language production in oral and written communication and presentations based on instructor feedback. Present and organize information logically and in essay form. Incorporate vocabulary appropriate for literary analysis in oral and written form.
Differentiation	Assessments
 Interdisciplinary Connections: Students will expand their study of archetypes to works written in English. They will explore the influence of Spanish literature from the Golden Age in British and American literature. Technology Integration: Platforms such as Kahoot, FlipGrid, Goformative, Blooket, Google Apps, Padlet, Quizizz, Quizlet and Youtube Media Literacy Integration: Students will explore, analyze and interpret information from authentic video, audio and print resources about XVII century cultural products, practices and perspectives. Analyze a radio podcast for theme, 	 Sample Assessments: Formative Assessments: Daily quizzes on biographical readings. Group quizzes on identification of literary terms. Group quizzes to identify characteristics of literary movements and eras (Ex. Barroco vs. Renacentismo) Creation of original examples of literary terms for class review. Homework quizzes from Albert (Guide to AP Exam) Azulejo Online short answer practices. Personal Progress Check 3 from AP Classroom. 20 Multiple choice questions. 2 Free response questions (Short answer: Text & Art Comparison. Essay: Analysis of a single text)
 Finally e a facto podeast for theme, purpose and tone, and inferences. Global Perspectives: The themes present in the literature will be explored from a multicultural approach since the majority of the AP Literature class comes from immigrant families or are immigrants themselves. 	 Summative Assessments, Projects and Celebrations: Essay #1 Comparative essay of the two sonnets in unit. Essay #2 -Text and art comparison, incorporating literary devices.

• Student	ts will discuss th	ne poem
	ores necios que	-
	out its relevance	
	l the countries of	
backgro	ound in terms.	
• Student	ts will discuss th	ne idea of
1 0	·	ntages of being
	gher social class	
	olay "El burlado	
	ated to ideas of	
US and	Latin America	n countries.
Supports for	English Langı	190e Learners
		age Deallers
Sensory Supports	Graphic Supports	Interactive
		Supports
Real Life Objects	Charts	In pairs or
		partners
Manipulatives	Graphic	In triands or
	Organizers	small groups
Pictures	Tables	In a whole group
Illustrations	Graphs	Using
		cooperative group
		group
Magazines & Newspapers	Timelines	Structures
Physical activities	Number lines	Internet / Software support
ucuvines		software support
Videos & Flim		In the home language
Broadcasts		With mentors
Models &		
Figures		
Intermention	Stratopios	
Intervention S	strategies	
Accommodations	Interventions M	odifications
Thecommodutions		

Allow for verbal responses	Multi-sensor y techniques	Modified tasks / expections
Repeat / confirm directions	Increase task structure (e.g. directions, checks for understandin g, feedback)	Differentiated materials
Permit response via computer or electronic device	Increase opportunities to engage in active academic responding	Individualized assessments tools based on student need
Audio books	Utilize pre-reading strategies and activities previews, anticipatory guides, and semantic mapping	Modified assessment grading

Luis de Góngora

Slideshare: https://www.slideshare.net/mdpc/luis-de-gngora https://www.bxscience.edu/ourpages/auto/2009/9/2/40509212/G_ngora.pdf

Francisco de Quevedo

Slideshare Análisis:

https://apcentral.collegeboard.org/pdf/ap04-span-lit-carlo-q-34689.pdf?course=ap-spanish _literature-and-culture

Góngora vs Quevedo: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=JgvLR-K6190</u>

Sor Juana Inés de la Cruz

Slideshare: <u>https://www.slideshare.net/mgarciagravi/hombres-necios-que-acusis-8163249</u> <u>https://www.slideshare.net/mgarciagravi/hombres-necios-que-acusis-8163249?next_slidesh</u> ow=2

Film: Yo, la peor de todas

http://userpage.fu-berlin.de/vazquez/vazquez/pdf/guia%20para%20la%20pelicula.pdf Biografía radiada: https://radialistas.net/yo-la-peor-de-todas/

Miguel de Cervantes

Enlace a todos los capítulos de Don Quijote: <u>http://cervantes.uah.es/quijote/httoc.htm</u> Series Don Quijote, RTVE a la carta:

http://www.rtve.es/alacarta/videos/el-quijote/quijote-capitulo-1/3573734/

<u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ZAOIITBbHzY</u> Quijote por Julio Iglesias: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=oTara4qFRWY</u>

<u>Tirso de Molina</u>

Obra de teatro completa en RTVE: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=mSLOmfjMb7g</u> Versión de Chespirito: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=TOC3B8zLfWk</u> Slideshare: <u>https://www.slideshare.net/nidree/tirsodemolina</u>

Unit 4: La literatura romántica, realista y naturalista

7.1 World Languages Advanced Low by the End of Grade12

Interpretive Mode of Communication

Advanced Low learners understand main ideas and supporting details on some new, concrete topics from a variety of more complex texts that have a clear, organized structure. These texts include narrative, descriptive and straightforward persuasive materials. They can make inferences and derive meaning from context and linguistic features. Advanced Low learners comprehend texts pertaining to real-world topics of general interest to the target language communities and those that represent national and international issues. They can comprehend paragraph discourse found in stories, literary works, personal and work-related correspondence, oral presentations, news reports, and other concrete topics.

Interpersonal Mode of Communication

Advanced Low learners participate actively and fluently in conversations about a range of topics both autobiographical and those that concern concrete events. They tell stories in the past, summarize information, compare and contrast ideas and facts, and narrate with detail. Advance Low learners can talk about present, past, and future events with increasing accuracy and fluency.

Presentational Mode of Communication

Advanced Low learners participate actively and fluently in discussions about a range of topics both autobiographical and those that concern concrete events. They clearly express complex ideas and personal points of view about topics of interest. They use paragraph-length discourse when summarizing information, comparing and contrasting ideas and fact, and narrating and descripting a range of ideas. Advanced Low learners speak and write across present, past, and future time frames with increasing accuracy and fluency.

Big Ideas:

In this unit, the first two works represent romanticism, which was a reaction to neoclassicism. Neoclassicism prioritized order, symmetry, and objectivity; unity was valued

over creativity. Works reflecting romanticism value individual rights, creativity, the breaking away from norms, and idealism. The later two works in the unit reflect characteristics of the two concurrent Spanish literary movements that were reactions to romanticism during the later part of the 19th century: realism and naturalism. These works provide acute descriptions of reality that employ regional references and dialects. They often portray characters from the lower and middle classes dealing with common social problems from the period. Naturalist works include a pessimistic tone, however, contrasting with romanticism's idealism.

Students will initially approach the texts for comprehension. With careful attention to the literary features of each text, students will then interpret the author's implied message, also taking into account the text's cultural perspectives, products, and practices. Utilizing this skill, students will be able to interpret any ambiguities and nuances and discover main and secondary themes in the works.

Literary works:

- 1. "En una tempestad", José María Heredia
- 2. Rima LIII, "Volverán las oscuras golondrinas", Gustavo Adolfo Bécquer
- 3. "Las medias rojas", Emilia Pardo Bazán

Essential Questions What provocative questions will foster inquiry, understanding, and transfer of learning?	Enduring Understandings W hat will students understand about the big ideas?
1. ¿De qué manera los autores utilizan el tiempo y el espacio para construir un estado de ánimo o un sentimiento?	Students will understand that -El Romanticismo, El Realismo & El Naturalismo can all be identified by specific characteristics found in the literary works. -The structural format of a poem can also be
2. ¿Cómo se representan las características de un movimiento o período literario en la literatura?	used as a characteristic to situate it in a given literary movement. -Literary pieces from this period of time reflect the political and ideological upheaval of the era.
3. ¿De qué manera se transforma el/ la protagonista a consecuencia de su relación con otros personajes y/o con su ambiente?	 -Latin America was in the midst of fighting for independence from Spain. -The Latin American colonies had become a place of opportunity for European immigrants fleeing poverty and oppression at home.

 4. ¿Cómo podemos conectar un texto a un movimiento literario específico? 5. ¿Cuáles son los elementos necesarios para escribir un ensayo analítico bien organizado? 6. ¿Cuál es el impacto del cambio climático en la fuerza y frecuencia de las tormentas tropicales o huracanes en el caribe? 	-Historical events can be represented in literature an allegorical form. -Climate change is increasing the strength and frequency of storms in the Caribean region.
Areas of Focus: Proficiencies (New Jersey Student Learning Standards)	Lessons
Students will:	 Instructional Focus / Activities: 1. Students will listen to "En una tempestad" before reading it. They will note the emotions that Heredia transmits in his poem. 2. Students (pairs) will research the characteristics of a tropical storm / hurricane and they will match them to specific lines
 7.1.AL.IPRET.1: Identify main ideas and significant details in a range of oral, viewed, and written texts. 7.1.AL.IPRET.2: Interpret spoken and written language and nuances of culture, as expressed by speakers of the target language, in some formal and informal settings. 7.1.AL.IPRET.3: Analyze the use of verbal and non-verbal etiquette in the target culture(s) and in one's own culture to develop an understanding of how cultural perspectives are reflected in cultural products and cultural practices. 7.1.AL.IPRET.4: Demonstrate an understanding of most content of other academic disciplines. 7.1.AL.IPRET.5: Analyze a literary or informational text including theme, author's purpose and tone, inferences. 7.1.AL.IPRET.6: Analyze a radio/television program, movie, or podcast for theme, purpose and tone, and inferences. 7.1.AL.IPRET.7: Infer the meaning of some 	 from the poem. 3. Students will brainstorm in small groups about the possible connections between an approaching storm and a revolution. 4. Students will play "Pictionary" by sketching a representation of one of the images from the poem and having classmates find the image and interpret it for the class. 5. Students will listen to Salmo LIII in two different versions and then discuss which reading is more appropriate in their opinion. 6. In groups of 4, students will attempt to analyze Salmo LIII and share their results with the rest of the class. 7. Students will read and analyze two more poems by GAB (Rima XI and Rima XXI and then perform a dramatized reading for the entire class.

unfamiliar words and phrases in anodomic and	9 Stadoota will define and it of a
unfamiliar words and phrases in academic and formal contexts.	8. Students will define and identify the
7.1.AL.IPRET.8: Analyze elements of the target	following literary terms and devices in the works.
language that do not have a comparable linguistic	
element in English.	Heptasílabo
7.1.AL.IPRET.9: Differentiate facts from	Poema No estrófico
opinions by accurately answering most questions	Metonimia
that require inferring implied meanings.	Apóstrofe
7.1.AL.IPRET.10: Collect, share, and analyze	Prosopopeya
data related to global issues including climate	Paralelismo
change.	Encabalgamiento
7.1.AL.PRSNT.1: Create and deliver	Pie quebrado
research-based presentations to a target language audience, either electronically or in person using	Exclamaciones
short paragraphs.	Descripción
7.1.AL.PRSNT.2: Create a research-based	Ambiente
analysis of a current global problem/issue	Atmósfera
showing cultural perspectives associated with the	Narrador Omnisciente
target culture(s) and another world culture.	Regionalismos
7.1.AL.PRSNT.3: Offer and support opinions	Sinestesia
and use persuasive language when presenting	Lester diamat Company in a
ideas and information.	Instructional Strategies:
7.1.AL.PRSNT.4: Use language creatively in	Interpretive
writing for personal, career, or academic	• Summarize the plot of a literary text.
purposes using connected sentences in paragraph-level narration and description.	• Identify or describe literary elements,
7.1.AL.PRSNT.5: Compare and contrast the	voices and stylistic figures.
structural elements and/or cultural perspectives	• Relate texts to genres, periods,
found in culturally authentic materials with those	movements and techniques.
found in selections in English.	• Identify the features of a literary
7.1.AL.PRSNT.6: Analyze how cultural	genre
perspectives about climate change over time, and	• Identify linguistic features of the time
compare with changing perspectives in one's own	and place in which a text was written.
culture.	 Identify information from other
Caroor Poady Practices	disciplines related to course content.
Career-Ready Practices	
CRP1 : Act as a responsible and contributing	Interpersonal
citizen and employee.	• Work with peers to brainstorm and
CRP2 : Apply appropriate academic and	share ideas.
technical skills.	• Work with peers to peer-edit and give
CRP3 : Attend to personal health and	oral and written feedback on
financial well-being.	formative assessments.
CRP4 : Communicate clearly and effectively	• Collaborate with peers in group
	quizzes.
and with reason.	• Participate in class discussions about
CRP5 : Consider the environmental, social	unit's themes.

 and economic impacts of decisions. CRP6: Demonstrate creativity and innovation. CRP7: Employ valid and reliable research strategies. CRP8: Utilize critical thinking to make sense of problems and persevere in solving them. CRP9: Model integrity, ethical leadership and effective management. CRP10: Plan education and career paths aligned to personal goals. CRP11: Use technology to enhance productivity. CRP12: Work productively in teams while using cultural global competence. 	 Participate in "Pictionary" game. Listen to classmates contributions and give appropriate responses. Presentational Participate in performance of Becquer's poems. Organize information and concepts in presentations with a logical and coherent progression of ideas. In written work, use a variety of vocabulary appropriate to literary analysis. Produce a comprehensible written work by observing the writing conventions of the target language. Create a multimedia presentation about the impact of climate change on tropical storms/hurricaines in the Caribean region.
Differentiation	Assessments
 Interdisciplinary Connections Students will study the current statistics in Spain and the US dealing with "violencia de género". Students will compare them and come up with a public service poster in Spanish to help victims of domestic abuse. Technology Integration: Platforms such as Kahoot, FlipGrid, Goformative, Blooket, Google Apps, Padlet, Quizizz, Quizlet and Youtube Media Literacy Integration: Students will explore, analyze and interpret information from authentic video, audio and print resources about XVIII century cultural products, practices and perspectives. 	 Formative Assessments: Daily quizzes on biographical readings. Group quizzes on identification of literary terms. Individual quizzes to identify characteristics of literary movements. (<i>Romanticismo</i>, <i>Realismo</i>, <i>Naturalismo</i>) Creation of original examples of literary terms for class review. Homework quizzes from Albert (Guide to AP Exam) Azulejo Online short answer practices. Personal Progress Check 4 from AP Classroom. 20 Multiple choice questions. 2 Free response questions (Short answer: Text Explanation) Essay: Text comparison

Global Perspe • Studen of emig	ts will learn abo gration both in Bazán's time and	offerences. Not the realities the Galicia of	 Summative Assessments, Projects and Celebrations: Essay # 1 Analysis of a single text in relation to its corresponding period and with clear references to the appropriate literary terms used by the author. Essay # 2 Comparison of one of the studied works with another work by the same author or same literary period. Include main themes, the author's implicit message and characteristics of literary period or movement.
Supports for	English Langu	age Learners	
Sensory Supports	Graphic Supports	Interactive Supports	
Real Life Objects	Charts	In pairs or partners	
Manipulatives	Graphic Organizers	In triands or small groups	
Pictures	Tables	In a whole group	
Illustrations	Graphs	Using cooperative group	
Magazines & Newspapers	Timelines	Structures	
Physical activities	Number lines	Internet / Software support	
Videos & Flim		In the home language	
Broadcasts		With mentors	
Models & Figures			
Intervention S	Strategies		
Accommodations	Interventions M	odifications	

Allow for verbal responses	Multi-sensor y techniques	Modified tasks / expections
Repeat / confirm directions	Increase task structure (e.g. directions, checks for understandin g, feedback)	Differentiated materials
Permit response via computer or electronic device	Increase opportunities to engage in active academic responding	Individualized assessments tools based on student need
Audio books	Utilize pre-reading strategies and activities previews, anticipatory guides, and semantic mapping	Modified assessment grading

<u>José María Heredia</u>

Slideshare: <u>https://www.slideshare.net/AmberHernandez/jose-m-heredia-en-una-tempestad</u> https://docs.google.com/presentation/d/1jkHPyv6RsIw6YoTp-nKfz6-zGQgmxAMxXmZ 9eQ_jZRM/edit#slide=id.p4

Biografía en video: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=sWlGGxRW77M</u> The shipwreck of the Minotaur: <u>https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/HMS_Minotaur_(1793)</u>

Gustavo Adolfo Bécquer

Slideshare:

https://www.slideshare.net/AmberHernandez/volveran-las-oscuras-golondrinas-to-use?next_slideshow=1_

Recursos literarios: http://roble.pntic.mec.es/eard0005/becquer/huracan.htm

Rimas y poesía: <u>http://roble.pntic.mec.es/eard0005/becquer/index.html</u>

Audio Rima LIII: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=yo94FAUMH0Q

Audio Rima LIII: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=T_T3Hjdy39Y

<u>Emilia Pardo Bazán</u>

Cuento Audio: <u>https://albalearning.com/audiolibros/bazan/ct1-lasmediasrojas.html</u> Análisis: <u>https://www.monografias.com/trabajos35/las-medias-rojas/las-medias-rojas.shtml</u> Video de una clase colombiana con análisis:

http://espanolsinmisterios.blogspot.com/2011/09/recurso-para-el-ap-spanish-literature_23. html

Canción, Malo por Bebe: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=90GqAf3zJ8s</u> Slideshare:

<u>https://www.slideshare.net/AndresPlazas1/presentation1-10975572?next_slideshow=1</u> Slideshare, análisis de la violencia:

https://www.slideshare.net/adalramos9/anlisis-de-la-violencia-1

Unit 5: La Generación del 98 y el Modernismo

7.1 World Languages Advanced Low by the End of Grade12

Interpretive Mode of Communication

Advanced Low learners understand main ideas and supporting details on some new, concrete topics from a variety of more complex texts that have a clear, organized structure. These texts include narrative, descriptive and straightforward persuasive materials. They can make inferences and derive meaning from context and linguistic features. Advanced Low learners comprehend texts pertaining to real-world topics of general interest to the target language communities and those that represent national and international issues. They can comprehend paragraph discourse found in stories, literary works, personal and work-related correspondence, oral presentations, news reports, and other concrete topics.

Interpersonal Mode of Communication

Advanced Low learners participate actively and fluently in conversations about a range of topics both autobiographical and those that concern concrete events. They tell stories in the past, summarize information, compare and contrast ideas and facts, and narrate with detail. Advance Low learners can talk about present, past, and future events with increasing accuracy and fluency.

Presentational Mode of Communication

Advanced Low learners participate actively and fluently in discussions about a range of topics both autobiographical and those that concern concrete events. They clearly express complex ideas and personal points of view about topics of interest. They use paragraph-length discourse when summarizing information, comparing and contrasting ideas and fact, and narrating and descripting a range of ideas. Advanced Low learners speak and write across present, past, and future time frames with increasing accuracy and fluency.

Big Ideas:

The Spanish-American War of 1898 is the historical event that forms the backbone of the works in this unit. The war marked the culmination of the period of decline for the Spanish empire, as the remaining Spanish colonies gained independence and Spain was left to search for a new identity. This is exemplified in the works of the Generation of 98, a group of authors writing around 1898 who philosophically explored social problems facing society at the time. *El Modernismo*, in contrast, marked the birth of a new American literary movement. The first stage of *Modernismo* embraced free verse poetry, creativity, beauty, elegance, and the abstract, while the second stage shifted to political commentary.

Students will discuss how or why a text presents a key literary aspect (theme, literary term, genre, period/ movement, or context). In the discussions, students will support their observations with relevant, well-chosen textual examples to illustrate their points. Students will listen to audio clips that discuss relevant aspects of the studied texts. Students will compare common themes shared between studied texts and artwork in relation to period, movement, genre, and/or technique.

At his point students will review and reuse previously studied works by comparing their key characteristics with the new works from this unit. Students will use graphic organizers and/or templates to fill out for each work so students can jot down pertinent information.

Literary works:

- 1. San Manuel Bueno, mártir, Miguel de Unamuno.
- 2. "He andado muchos caminos", Antonio Machado
- 3. "Nuestra América", José Martí
- 4. "A Roosevelt", Rubén Darío
- 5. "El hijo", Horacio Quiroga

Essential Questions W hat provocative questions will foster inquiry, understanding, and transfer of learning?	Enduring Understandings What will students understand about the big ideas?
 ¿De qué manera los individuos contribuyen o perjudican al bienestar de la comunidad? ¿Cómo influye el contexto sociocultural o histórico en la expresión de la identidad? ¿Qué efecto tiene el uso de una mezcla de imágenes históricas y mitológicas en una obra literaria? ¿Qué tipo de elementos literarios utilizan los autores modernistas en sus obras? 	Students will understand that -El Modernismo is expressed in two different forms: to express political ideals and to talk about beauty for beauty's sake. -El existencialismo is an important component in the work of Miguel de Unamuno. -doubts about religion and new scientific discoveries are present in the minds of writers from this era. -The fear of American imperialism is expressed in the poetry and essay writings in this unit, in relation to the work of Latin American writers. -The texts in this unit are closely related to global issues taking place at the beginning of the 20th century.
Areas of Focus: Proficiencies (New Jersey Student Learning Standards)	Lessons
Students will:	Instructional Focus / Activities: 1. Students will read the short novel "San Manuel Bueno, martir" independently and

 7.1.AL.IPRET.1: Identify main ideas and significant details in a range of oral, viewed, and written texts. 7.1.AL.IPRET.2: Interpret spoken and written language and nuances of culture, as expressed by speakers of the target language, in some formal and informal settings. 7.1.AL.IPRET.3: Analyze the use of verbal and non-verbal etiquette in the target culture(s) and in one's own culture to develop an understanding of how cultural perspectives are reflected in cultural products and cultural practices. 7.1.AL.IPRET.4: Demonstrate an understanding of most content of other academic disciplines. 	 will answer guiding questions about the plot while identifying the main themes. 2. Students will use a jigsaw approach to understand "Nuestra America". Individual students will interpret specific paragraphs and explain their significance to the rest of the class. 3. Students will carefully annotate the text ("Nuestra America") to familiarize themselves with the messages being communicated. 4. Students will listen to songs based on Machado's poetry to get a better understanding of the tone and feeling of the author's work.
 7.1.AL.IPRET.5: Analyze a literary or informational text including theme, author's purpose and tone, inferences. 7.1.AL.IPRET.6: Analyze a radio/television program, movie, or podcast for theme, purpose and tone, and inferences. 7.1.AL.IPRET.7: Infer the meaning of some unfamiliar words and phrases in academic and formal contexts. 7.1.AL.IPRET.8: Analyze elements of the target language that do not have a comparable linguistic element in English. 7.1.AL.IPRET.9: Differentiate facts from opinions by accurately answering most questions that require inferring implied meanings. 7.1.AL.IPRET.10: Collect, share, and analyze data related to global issues including climate change. 7.1.AL.PRSNT.1: Create and deliver research-based presentations to a target language audience, either electronically or in person using short paragraphs. 7.1.AL.PRSNT.2: Create a research-based analysis of a current global problem/issue showing cultural perspectives associated with the target culture(s) and another world culture. 7.1.AL.PRSNT.3: Offer and support opinions and use persuasive language when presenting ideas and information. 	 5. Students will compare the ideas expressed by Dario, Martí and Calle 13 in relation to imperialism and American intervention. 6. After reading each work, students will generate at least three different questions. As a class, students should elicit responses for classmates questions that demonstrate comprehension of the texts, as well as an analysis of the main themes. 7. Students will write a well-written paragraph about one of the texts, including a strong topic sentence. They will share that paragraph with another student, who will then write the concluding paragraph for a short answer. 8. Students will produce a detailed chronological report of the events taking place in "El hijo", in the style of a police report, about the death of the son 9. Students will define and identify the following literary terms and devices in the works. Ambigüedad Personaje Símil Metáfora Punto de vista
7.1.AL.PRSNT.4: Use language creatively in writing for personal, career, or academic	Trama Desdoblamiento

purposes using connected sentences in paragraph-level narration and description. 7.1.AL.PRSNT.5: Compare and contrast the structural elements and/or cultural perspectives found in culturally authentic materials with those found in selections in English. 7.1.AL.PRSNT.6: Analyze how cultural perspectives about climate change over time, and compare with changing perspectives in one's own culture. Career-Ready Practices CRP1 : Act as a responsible and contributing citizen and employee. CRP2 : Apply appropriate academic and technical skills. CRP3 : Attend to personal health and financial well-being. CRP4 : Communicate clearly and effectively and with reason. CRP5 : Consider the environmental, social and economic impacts of decisions. CRP6 : Demonstrate creativity and innovation. CRP7 : Employ valid and reliable research strategies. CRP8 : Utilize critical thinking to make sense of problems and persevere in solving them. CRP9 : Model integrity, ethical leadership and effective management. CRP10 : Plan education and career paths aligned to personal goals. CRP11 : Use technology to enhance productivity. CRP12 : Work productively in teams while using cultural global competence.	 Metaficción Yusxtaposición Alusión Metonimia Tono Antítesis Paradoja Verso libre Ambiente Fluir de conciencia Instructional Strategies Interpretive Identify perspective, attitude and tone. Relate texts to contemporary global issues. Explain how a text reflects or challenges perceptions of a majority / minority culture. Situate texts within the literary heritages of the target cultures. Interpersonal Generate questions after each text to share with the class. Respond to classmates' questions in an open forum. Write opening paragraph for a short answers questions about a text including a topic sentence. Complete classmate's short answer (second paragraph), taking into account classmate's topic sentence. Presentational Write both short answer and longer essays. Oral presentation to class using Jigsaw approach about Nuestra America.

	• Using a chosen technology platform, explain 5 of the images / symbols /mythological allusions to class.
Differentiation	Assessments
 Interdisciplinary Connections: Students will use their knowledge of American History to discuss the effect that policies such as Eminent Domain had in the rest of the world. Students can compare the poem "The road not taken" by Robert Frost to Antonio Machado's "He andado muchos caminos" Technology Integration: Platforms such as Kahoot, FlipGrid, Goformative, Blooket, Google Apps, Padlet, Quizizz, Quizlet and Youtube 	Formative Assessments: -Daily quizzes on biographical readings. -Individual quizzes on identification of literary terms. -Individual quizzes to identify characteristics of literary movements. (Modernismo, Existencialismo) -Homework quizzes from Albert (Guide to AP Exam) -Azulejo Online short answer practices. -Personal Progress Check 5 from AP Classroom. 20 Multiple choice questions. 2 Free response questions (Short answer: Text and Art Comparison) (Essay: Analysis of a single text)
 Students will explore, analyze and interpret information from authentic video, audio and print resources about end of XIX century cultural products, practices and perspectives. Analyze a radio podcast for theme, purpose and tone, and inferences. Global Perspectives: Students will review the biography and the personna of Theodore Rooselvelt both in the US and abroad. Students will discuss and analyze the role and impact of US international policies and interventions in Latin American countries from the perspective of Latin American writers. 	 Summative Assessments, Projects and Celebrations: Essay #1 - Students will write a well organized essay comparing Machado's poem "He andado muchos caminos" and a Sorolla painting. Essay # 2 - Students will write an analysis of "El hijo" by Quiroga, with emphasis on the literary devices used in the text to create a tone of desperation and fatality. Debate: As a final project they will exhibit a formal debate on Unamuno's self-conscious literature. How is San Manuel representative of Unamuno? or isn't it? What is the true public or private image?

Supports for 1	English Lang	uage Learners
Sensory Supports	Graphic Supports	Interactive Supports
Real Life Objects	Charts	In pairs or partners
Manipulatives	Graphic Organizers	In triands or small groups
Pictures	Tables	In a whole group
Illustrations	Graphs	Using cooperative group
Magazines & Newspapers	Timelines	Structures
Physical activities	Number lines	Internet / Software support
Videos & Flim		In the home language
Broadcasts		With mentors
Models & Figures		
Intervention S	Strategies	
Accommodations	Interventions M	Iodifications
Allow for verbal responses		Iodified tasks / xpections
Repeat / confirm directions	Increase task structure (e.g. directions, checks for understandin g, feedback)	
Permit response via computer or electronic device	opportunities a to engage in b	ndividualized ssessments tools ased on student eed

|--|

Recommended Texts and Additional Materials to Support Unit 5

<u>Miguel de Unamuno</u>

Obra completa / Genius:

https://genius.com/Miguel-de-unamuno-san-manuel-bueno-martir-annotated Slideshare: https://www.slideshare.net/AmberHernandez/san-manuel-bueno-analisis

Antonio Machado

Audio con visuales: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=zVlfgYTfd6A</u> Serrat canción: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=euy7ADb4MhI&&nohtml5=False</u> Canción visuales:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=VQygJTfsJm8&&nohtml5=False

Biografía video: https://vimeo.com/8057862

Sorolla paintings:

 $\label{eq:https://www.google.com/search?rlz=1C5CHFA_enUS805US814&biw=1408&bih=621&tbm=isch&sa=1&ei=0pl0XfCfDIOd_Qa-8bCoBw&q=sorolla&oq=sorolla&gs_l=img.1.0.0l10.9629.11472..13228...0.0..0.74.454.8.....0...1.gws-wiz-img....0.0i67.kP8b5d6goc0#imgrc=$

<u>José Martí</u>

Obra completa Ciudad Seva: <u>http://ciudadseva.com/texto/nuestra-america/</u> Reflexiones para un análisis literario: <u>https://www.ensayistas.org/curso3030/textos/ensayo/nuestra-america-r.htm</u> Prezi: https://prezi.com/sa2scdgirpre/nuestra-america/

Audio con visuales: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=t_u_PITPpuw</u>

<u>Rubén Darío</u>

Audio: <u>http://www.poesi.as/rd09025.htm</u> Slideshare: <u>https://www.slideshare.net/AmberHernandez/modernismo-y-a-roosevelt</u> Slideshare vocabulary & figuras: <u>https://www.slideshare.net/csdegocobachi/a-roosevelt-16311923</u>

<u>Horacio Quiroga</u>

El hijo vocabulario:

https://quizlet.com/1880029/el-hijo-sinonimos-en-espanol-flash-cards/ Obra completa Ciudad Seva: https://ciudadseva.com/texto/el-hijo/

Unit 6: Teatro y poesía del siglo XX

7.1 World Languages Advanced Low by the End of Grade12

Interpretive Mode of Communication

Advanced Low learners understand main ideas and supporting details on some new, concrete topics from a variety of more complex texts that have a clear, organized structure. These texts include narrative, descriptive and straightforward persuasive materials. They can make inferences and derive meaning from context and linguistic features. Advanced Low learners comprehend texts pertaining to real-world topics of general interest to the target language communities and those that represent national and international issues. They can comprehend paragraph discourse found in stories, literary works, personal and work-related correspondence, oral presentations, news reports, and other concrete topics.

Interpersonal Mode of Communication

Advanced Low learners participate actively and fluently in conversations about a range of topics both autobiographical and those that concern concrete events. They tell stories in the past, summarize information, compare and contrast ideas and facts, and narrate with detail. Advance Low learners can talk about present, past, and future events with increasing accuracy and fluency.

Presentational Mode of Communication

Advanced Low learners participate actively and fluently in discussions about a range of topics both autobiographical and those that concern concrete events. They clearly express complex ideas and personal points of view about topics of interest. They use paragraph-length discourse when summarizing information, comparing and contrasting ideas and fact, and narrating and descripting a range of ideas. Advanced Low learners speak and write across present, past, and future time frames with increasing accuracy and fluency.

Big Ideas

The first third of the 20th century was marked by World War I and the Spanish Civil War, forcing an artistic departure from *el Modernismo*. Works from this period are characterized by their questioning of daily life, their insistence upon defining identity, and experimentation with new literary forms and ideas.

The period can be subdivided according to artistic production. Vanguard authors attempted to break with all previous movements, experimenting with creativity and ingenuity while establishing free verse poetry as a principal form of expression and renewing the uses of metaphors and imagery. Afro-Caribbean poetry from the period includes auditory elements and neologisms and explores *mestizaje*. Surrealist works from the period juxtapose the unconscious with the conscious, making everyday situations illogical and unexplainable. The Theater of the Absurd uses absurd, impossible, and hyperbolic representations to highlight society's problems.

Literary works

1. La casa de Bernarda Alba, Federico García Lorca

- 2. El hombre que se convirtió en perro, Osvaldo Dragún
- 3. "Prendimiento de Antoñito el Camborio en el camino de Sevilla", Federico García Lorca
- 4. "Walking Around", Pablo Neruda
- 5. "Balada de los dos abuelos", NicolásGuillén
- 6. "Mujer negra", Nancy Morejón
- 7. "A Julia de Burgos", Julia de Burgos
- 8. "Peso Ancestral", Alfonsina Storni

Essential Questions What provocative questions will foster inquiry, understanding, and transfer of learning?	Enduring Understandings What will students understand about the big ideas?
 ¿Con qué intención presenta un autor o una autora problemas sociales en la literatura? ¿De qué manera la sociedad afecta la identidad personal de un individuo? ¿Cómo se presenta el nacionalismo (o la identidad nacional) en la literatura? ¿Qué elementos literarios contribuyen a la longevidad de una obra literaria? 	 Students will understand that -20th century literature speaks boldly about social justice issues facing Spain and Latin America. -Tradition is seen in a negative light during this period of time. -inequalities in gender relations are boldy discussed by female writers in this era. -Literature becomes a means of communicating new ideas dealing with machismo, womens' rights, political freedom, racism and socioeconomic disparities in society. -The loneliness of the individual is a main theme during this time. -Theatre is an important means of connecting ideas to the main public, through metaphorical representations of the injustices of the time.

Areas of Focus: Proficiencies (New Jersey Student Learning Standards)	Lessons
Students will:	Instructional Focus / Activities:
 7.1.AL.IPRET.1: Identify main ideas and significant details in a range of oral, viewed, and written texts. 7.1.AL.IPRET.2: Interpret spoken and written language and nuances of culture, as expressed by speakers of the target language, in some formal and informal settings. 7.1.AL.IPRET.3: Analyze the use of verbal and non-verbal etiquette in the target culture(s) and in one's own culture to develop an understanding of how cultural perspectives are reflected in cultural products and cultural practices. 7.1.AL.IPRET.4: Demonstrate an understanding of most content of other academic disciplines. 7.1.AL.IPRET.5: Analyze a literary or informational text including theme, author's purpose and tone, inferences. 7.1.AL.IPRET.7: Infer the meaning of some unfamiliar words and phrases in academic and formal contexts. 7.1.AL.IPRET.8: Analyze elements of the target language that do not have a comparable linguistic element in English. 7.1.AL.IPRET.10: Collect, share, and analyze data related to global issues including climate 	 Students will read La casa de Bernanrda Alba out loud, acting out key scenes. Students will attend a performance of La casa de Bernarda Alba in the Repertorio Español in NYC. Students will be introduced to the individual poems by listening to professional or author recordings of the pieces. Students will perform a reading (performance) of <i>El hombre que se convirtió en perro</i> for other students during the lunch block. Students will discuss the parallels found in the treatment of Antoñito el Camborio by the Guardia Civil to the Black Matters movement in contemporary USA. Students will work in groups of four to create a visual representation (in video form) of the poem <i>Walking Around</i>, incorporating all of the elements that Neruda mentions. It should include an introduction, voice over and an oral analysis of the themes. Students will conduct research about the history of the Afro-Cuban people. They will share their research with the class online to create a Quizlet document to review information for future classes. Students will compare the two poems by Morejón and Guillén, by means of a Socratic seminar. Dividing the class into two groups, each group will analyze one of two poems by

research-based presentations to a target language audience, either electronically or in person using short paragraphs. 7.1.A.L.PRSNT.2: Create a research-based analysis of a current global problem/issue showing cultural perspectives associated with the target culture(s) and another world culture. 7.1.AL.PRSNT.3: Offer and support opinions and use persuasive language when presenting ideas and information. 7.1.AL.PRSNT.4: Use language creatively in writing for personal, career, or academic purposes using connected sentences in paragraph-level narration and description. 7.1.AL.PRSNT.5: Compare and contrast the structural elements and/or cultural perspectives found in culturally authentic materials with those found in culturally authentic materials with those found in selections in English. 7.1.AL.PRSNT.6: Analyze how cultural perspectives about climate change over time, and compare with changing perspectives in one's own culture. Career-Ready Practices CRP1 : Act as a responsible and contributing citizen and employee. CRP2 : Apply appropriate academic and technical skills. CRP3 : Attend to personal health and financial well-being. CRP4 : Communicate clearly and effectively and with reason. CRP5 : Consider the environmental, social and economic impacts of decisions. CRP6 : Demonstrate creativity and innovation. CRP7 : Employ valid and reliable research strategies. CRP8 : Utilize critical thinking to make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.	 posted in the classroom and they will present their conclusions to the entire class. 10. Students will define and identify the following literary terms and devices in the works. Público Acto Tres unidades Tragedia Prefiguración Voz poética Verso blanco Verso blanco Verso blanco Verosimilitud Elementos auditivos Apartes Pie quebrado Instructional Strategies: Interpretive Situate textual language and registers within historical, social and geopolitical contexts. Relate texts to theory and practice found in a variety of media from the target cultures. Explain the significance of similar themes as features found between an artistic representation and a literary text. Interpretive or interactive or formats. Discuss texts and contexts in a variety of interactive written formats. Discuss texts and contexts in a variety of interactive written formats. Discuss texts and contexts in a variety of interactive written formats. Discuss texts and contexts in a variety of interactive written formats.
strategies.	
0	11 1

 CRP10: Plan education and career paths aligned to personal goals. CRP11: Use technology to enhance productivity. CRP12: Work productively in teams while using cultural global competence. 	 and coherent progression of ideas. Self-monitor and adjust language production in oral and written communications.
Differentiation	Assessments
 Interdisciplinary Connections: Students will learn about the impact of the slave trade in the Spanish colonies and the repercusions of this history in racial inequility in Cuba and in ther Caribbean countries. (History) Students will learn about the effects of the Spanish Civil War in Spain up to the present time, including the impact that many of the Spaniards exiled had in the development of Latin America in the 20th century. Technology Integration: Students will use technology for research and for creating class presentations in their chosen formats. Media Literacy Integratation: Students will explore, analyze and interpret information from authentic video, audio and print resources about XX century cultural products, practices and perspectives. Analyze a radio podcast for theme, purpose and tone, and inferences. 	 Formative Assessments: -Daily quizzes on biographical readings. -Individual quizzes on identification of literary terms. -Homework quizzes from Albert (Guide to AP Exam) -Azulejo Online short answer practices. -Personal Progress Check 6 from AP Classroom. 20 Multiple choice questions. 2 Free response questions (Short answer: Text and Art Comparison, Essay: Analysis of a single text) Summative Assessments, Projects and Celebrations: Essay #1 Identify the literary resources in three of the unit's poems. Essay #2 Write about the dynamics of power found in La casa de Bernardo Alba. El hombre que se convirtió en perro.

social n such as movem the cur Kong	ts will make con novements arou the Black Live nent, #metoo m rent movement	and the world s Matter novement or
Sensory Supports	Graphic Supports	Interactive Supports
Real Life Objects	Charts	In pairs or partners
Manipulatives	Graphic Organizers	In triands or small groups
Pictures	Tables	In a whole group
Illustrations	Graphs	Using cooperative group
Magazines & Newspapers	Timelines	Structures
Physical activities	Number lines	Internet / Software support
Videos & Flim		In the home language
Broadcasts		With mentors
Models & Figures		
Intervention S	Strategies	
	1	
Accommodations		lodifications
Allow for verbal responses		odified tasks /
Repeat / confirm directions		ifferentiated aterials

	directions, checks for understandin g, feedback)	
Permit response via computer or electronic device	Increase opportunities to engage in active academic responding	Individualized assessments tools based on student need
Audio books	Utilize pre-reading strategies and activities previews, anticipatory guides, and semantic mapping	Modified assessment grading

Recommended Texts and Additional Materials to Support Unit 6

Federico García Lorca:

Bernarda Alba:

https://genius.com/Federico-garcia-lorca-la-casa-de-bernarda-alba-acto-primero-annotated Antoñito audio: http://www.poesi.as/reci0336.htm

Genius:

https://genius.com/Federico-garcia-lorca-prendimiento-de-antonito-el-camborio-en-el-cami no-de-sevilla-annotated

Romancero gitano: <u>http://usuaris.tinet.cat/picl/libros/glorca/gl002500.htm</u>

Muerte / audio: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=VYmbs1w3Olg</u>

Muerte análisis:

http://bxscience.edu/ourpages/auto/2009/9/2/40509212/Romance%20Muerte%20de%2 0Anto_ito%20el%20Camborio.pdf

<u>Osvaldo Dragún</u>

Bio: https://www.biografiasyvidas.com/biografia/d/dragun.htm

Obra y preguntas de comprensión: <u>http://www.indiana.edu/~vida/doc/hombreperro.pdf</u> Genius:<u>https://genius.com/Osvaldo-dragun-historia-del-hombre-que-se-convirtio-en-perro-annotated</u>

Slideshare: https://es.slideshare.net/pmclaytor1/duel-hombre-que-se-convirti-en-perro

Nicolás Guillén

Análisis:

http://elblogdemara5.blogspot.com/2012/12/analisis-del-poema-balada-de-los-dos.html Audio en la voz del autor:

http://www.cervantesvirtual.com/portales/nicolas_guillen/237078_balada_abuelos/

Genius:

https://genius.com/Nicolas-guillen-balada-de-los-dos-abuelos-en-espanol-annotated Actividad de Práctica: <u>http://www.hw.com/academics/usforlang/Spanish/aplit/GuillenBalada.htm</u> Página con muchas actividades:<u>https://senorab1972.wordpress.com/2013/08/27/balada-de-los-dos-abuelos/</u>

<u>Pablo Neruda</u>

Poemas: <u>https://www.poemas-del-alma.com/pablo-neruda-walking-around.htm</u> Walking around recitado: <u>http://www.poesi.as/recipn35b005.htm</u> Bio:<u>http://www.los-poetas.com/a/bioneru.htm</u> Poema en español y en inglés: <u>https://allpoetry.com/Walking-Around-%28Original-Spanish%29</u> Sitio oficial: <u>https://fundacionneruda.org/home_neruda.html</u>

<u>Nancy Morejón</u>

Slideshare: <u>http://slideplayer.es/slide/3821436/</u> Poema escrito: <u>http://faculty.cord.edu/gargurev/morejon.htm</u> Genius: <u>https://genius.com/Nancy-morejon-mujer-negra-annotated</u> Lectura de autora: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=kmjsOuzXnRU</u> Video: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=babFgClvobg</u>

<u>Julia de Burgos</u>

Slideshare: <u>https://www.slideshare.net/AmberHernandez/a-julia-de-burgos-good-no-quiz</u> Genius: <u>https://genius.com/Julia-de-burgos-a-julia-de-burgos-annotated</u> Video con poema leído al final: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=TsA7mEZ-Lqc</u> Bio: <u>https://www.poemas-del-alma.com/julia-de-burgos.htm</u>

Alfonsina Storni

Slideshare: <u>https://www.slideshare.net/juanacalvo/biografia-de-alfonsina-storni</u> Colección Anti-princesas: <u>https://www.slideshare.net/587201522/alfonsina-storni-coleccin-antiprincesas</u> Análisis anotado: <u>https://press.rebus.community/aalh/chapter/peso-ancestral/</u> Audio: <u>https://albalearning.com/audiolibros/storni/peso.html</u>

Unit 7: El Boom Latinoamericano

7.1 World Languages Advanced Low by the End of Grade12

Interpretive Mode of Communication

Advanced Low learners understand main ideas and supporting details on some new, concrete topics from a variety of more complex texts that have a clear, organized structure. These texts include narrative, descriptive and straightforward persuasive materials. They can

make inferences and derive meaning from context and linguistic features. Advanced Low learners comprehend texts pertaining to real-world topics of general interest to the target language communities and those that represent national and international issues. They can comprehend paragraph discourse found in stories, literary works, personal and work-related correspondence, oral presentations, news reports, and other concrete topics.

Interpersonal Mode of Communication

Advanced Low learners participate actively and fluently in conversations about a range of topics both autobiographical and those that concern concrete events. They tell stories in the past, summarize information, compare and contrast ideas and facts, and narrate with detail. Advance Low learners can talk about present, past, and future events with increasing accuracy and fluency.

Presentational Mode of Communication

Advanced Low learners participate actively and fluently in discussions about a range of topics both autobiographical and those that concern concrete events. They clearly express complex ideas and personal points of view about topics of interest. They use paragraph-length discourse when summarizing information, comparing and contrasting ideas and fact, and narrating and descripting a range of ideas. Advanced Low learners speak and write across present, past, and future time frames with increasing accuracy and fluency.

Big Ideas:

In the 1960s and 1970s, literature by Latin American authors became widely popular and read around the world. The works from this period are well-known for employing the literary technique of magic realism, where the fantastical coexists with everyday realities. Many of them also express social criticisms. One of the distinguishing characteristics of the works are their vivid depictions of settings that allow readers to experience the sights, sounds, customs, and traditions of Latin America.

Literary works:

- 1. "Borges y yo", Jorge Luis Borges
- 2."El Sur", Jorge Luis Borges
- 3. "No oyes ladrar los perros", Juan Rulfo
- 4. "Chac Mool", Carlos Fuentes
- 5. "La noche boca arriba", Julio Cortazár
- 6. "La siesta del martes", Gabriel García Márquez
- 7. "El ahogado más hermoso del mundo", Gabriel García Márquez
- 8. "Dos palabras", Isabel Allende

Essential Questions What provocative questions will foster inquiry, understanding, and transfer of learning?	Enduring Understandings What will students understand about the big ideas?
 ¿Qué efecto tiene la mezcla del realismo con lo fantástico en la literatura? ¿Cómo se presenta la crítica social en la literatura? ¿Cómo afecta el uso del tiempo linear y/o el tiempo circular en una narración? ¿Cømo podemos identificar el realismo mágico en una obra de literatura? 	 Students will understand that -El Realismo Mágico in literature can be identified by a series of characteristics. -El Boom Lationamericano influenced literature all around the world. -The writers of this period / movements were looking for other ways of expressing themselves. -The way in which the Boom writers expressed themselves often went against the literary establishment. -Introspection was an important component of this literary era. -Writers in the era were critical of the society in which they lived and expressed those ideas in their work.
Areas of Focus: Proficiencies (New Jersey Student Learning Standards)	Lessons
 Students will: 7.1.AL.IPRET.1: Identify main ideas and significant details in a range of oral, viewed, and written texts. 7.1.AL.IPRET.2: Interpret spoken and written language and nuances of culture, as expressed by speakers of the target language, in some formal and informal settings. 7.1.AL.IPRET.3: Analyze the use of verbal and non-verbal etiquette in the target culture(s) and in one's own culture to develop an understanding of how cultural perspectives are reflected in cultural products and cultural practices. 7.1.AL.IPRET.4: Demonstrate an understanding of most content of other academic disciplines. 	 Instructional Focus / Activities: 1. Skimming/Scanning. Students will skim a text and quickly identify key words or phrases, identify the theme and name the genre or time period to which the text belongs. 2. After projecting an essay prompt, students will break into small groups to discuss possible responses, how to organize the essay, a thesis statement, and textual examples to support their arguments. They will then prepare an outline and each member of the group will complete an essay paragraph into one complete essay. 3. Split the class in half forming an inner and outer circle. Have the inner circle discuss and

 7.1.AL.IPRET.5: Analyze a literary or informational text including theme, author's purpose and tone, inferences. 7.1.AL.IPRET.6: Analyze a radio/television program, movie, or podcast for theme, purpose and tone, and inferences. 7.1.AL.IPRET.7: Infer the meaning of some unfamiliar words and phrases in academic and formal contexts. 7.1.AL.IPRET.8: Analyze elements of the target language that do not have a comparable linguistic element in English. 7.1.AL.IPRET.9: Differentiate facts from opinions by accurately answering most questions that require inferring implied meanings. 7.1.AL.IPRET.10: Collect, share, and analyze data related to global issues including climate change. 7.1.AL.PRSNT.1: Create and deliver research-based presentations to a target language audience, either electronically or in person using short paragraphs. 7.1.AL.PRSNT.2: Create a research-based analysis of a current global problem/issue showing cultural perspectives associated with the target culture(s) and another world culture. 7.1.AL.PRSNT.3: Offer and support opinions and use persuasive language when presenting ideas and information. 7.1.AL.PRSNT.5: Compare and contrast the structural elements and/or cultural perspectives found in culturally authentic materials with those found in culturally authentic	analyze one of the texts. Then have the outer circle summarize the discussion. The inner circle should comment on the themes, genre, use of literary figures and devices, and the relevant contexts found in the text. These same elements should be included in the outer circle's summaries. 4. Students will listen to a number of author interviews about literature to improve their interpretive skills in preparation for the Interpretive Listening section of the AP exam. (Allende, Cortázar, Fuentes) 5. Students will be introduced to "No oyes ladrar los perros" by a reading by the author. After the first reading, they will respond to a series of comprehension questions. 6. Students will define and identify the following literary terms and devices in the works. Ambigüedad Paradoja Narrador omnisciente Prefiguración Desdoblamiento Atmósfera Realismo mágico Personificación Suspenso Sinestesia Narrador observador Verosimilitud Hipérbole Crónica Trama Desenlace
Career-Ready PracticesCRP1: Act as a responsible and contributing citizen and employee.CRP2: Apply appropriate academic and	• Identify linguistic features representative of the time and place in which a text was written.

 technical skills. CRP3: Attend to personal health and financial well-being. CRP4: Communicate clearly and effectively and with reason. CRP5: Consider the environmental, social and economic impacts of decisions. CRP6: Demonstrate creativity and innovation. CRP7: Employ valid and reliable research strategies. CRP8: Utilize critical thinking to make sense of problems and persevere in solving them. CRP9: Model integrity, ethical leadership and effective management. CRP10: Plan education and career paths aligned to personal goals. CRP12: Work productively in teams while using cultural global competence. 	 Explain how behaviors and attitudes present in texts reflect sociocultural, geopolitical, and historical contexts. Situate textual language and registers within historical, social, and geopolitical contexts. <i>Interpersonal</i> Discuss texts and contexts in a variety of interactive oral formats. Discuss texts and contexts in a variety of interactive written formats. <i>Presentational</i> Elaborate and support main points with textual evidence. Organize information, concepts, and ideas in presentation with a logical and coherent progression of ideas Self-monitor and adjust language production in oral and written communications.
Differentiation	Assessments
 Interdisciplinary Connections: Students will analyze the contemporary artworks of Eleonora Carrington to make connections to <i>Realismo Mágico</i> Students will examine the photography of Juan Rulfo and make connections to his short stories Technology Integration: Platforms such as Kahoot, FlipGrid, Goformative, Blooket, Google Apps, Padlet, Quizizz, Quizlet and Youtube will be used on a regular basis Media Literacy Integration: 	 Sample Assessments Formative Assessments: Daily quizzes on biographical readings. Individual quizzes on identification of literary terms. Homework quizzes from Albert (Guide to AP Exam) Azulejo Online short answer practices. Personal Progress Check 7 from AP Classroom. 20 Multiple choice questions. 2 Free response questions (Short answer: Text explanation, Essay: Text comparison) Summative Assessments, Projects and Celebrations:

interprevideo, a about 2 practice • Analyze purpose Global Perspe • Studen literary impact vice ves influen the wor	ts will explore c movements that on the Boom rsa, how the Bo ced other literat rld.	from authentic resources ural products, ives. for theme, nferences. lifferent at had an writers and oom writers ture all over	Essay #1 Write about elements of magical realism vs realism with specific examples from the works in this unit. Essay #2 Text comparison between one of the unit's short stories and an unknown piece from one of the unit's authors. Essay #3 Students will write an essay analyzing the narrative resources used in "El sur."
Supports for 1	English Langı	age Learners	
Sensory Supports	Graphic Supports	Interactive Supports	
Real Life Objects	Charts	In pairs or partners	
Manipulatives	Graphic Organizers	In triands or small groups	
Pictures	Tables	In a whole group	
Illustrations	Graphs	Using cooperative group	
Magazines & Newspapers	Timelines	Structures	
Physical activities	Number lines	Internet / Software support	
Videos & Flim		In the home language	
Broadcasts		With mentors	
Models & Figures			
Intervention S	Strategies		

Accommodations	Interventions	Modifications
Allow for verbal responses	Multi-sensor y techniques	Modified tasks / expections
Repeat / confirm directions	Increase task structure (e.g. directions, checks for understandin g, feedback)	Differentiated materials
Permit response via computer or electronic device	Increase opportunities to engage in active academic responding	Individualized assessments tools based on student need
Audio books	Utilize pre-reading strategies and activities previews, anticipatory guides, and semantic mapping	Modified assessment grading

Recommended Texts and Additional Materials to Support Unit 7

Jorge Luis Borges

Borges y yo genius: <u>https://genius.com/Jorge-luis-borges-borges-y-yo-annotated</u> El Sur short film (2 partes): <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8oIWBW1L61M</u> <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=dF1VDp65VAc</u> Las dos Fridas: <u>https://www.fridakahlo.org/images/paintings/the-two-fridas.jpg</u>

<u>Juan Rulfo</u>

Slideshare (padre de un asesino en la última tarjeta): <u>https://www.slideshare.net/reichenbacpm/span-432-group-20809455</u> Genius annotated: <u>https://genius.com/Juan-rulfo-no-oyes-ladrar-los-perros-annotated</u> Cuento leído por el autor: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=htJ1A0r4NI0</u>

Carlos Fuentes

Genius: <u>https://genius.com/Carlos-fuentes-chac-mool-annotated</u> Entrevistas: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=rSEQdjJe7wo&&feature=related</u> <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=EKJRAVD_jpM&&feature=channel</u>

<u>Julio Cortázar</u>

Cortometraje:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qSwuIdXnhQM&&feature=youtu.be Grabación completa: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ODZlu3lvpmY Genius annotated: https://genius.com/Julio-cortazar-la-noche-boca-arriba-annotated

Isabel Allende

Entrevista: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=p1NOQPYK4KM&&feature=related</u>

Unit 8: Escritores contemporáneos de Estados Unidos y España

7.1 World Languages Advanced Low by the End of Grade12

Interpretive Mode of Communication

Advanced Low learners understand main ideas and supporting details on some new, concrete topics from a variety of more complex texts that have a clear, organized structure. These texts include narrative, descriptive and straightforward persuasive materials. They can make inferences and derive meaning from context and linguistic features. Advanced Low learners comprehend texts pertaining to real-world topics of general interest to the target language communities and those that represent national and international issues. They can comprehend paragraph discourse found in stories, literary works, personal and work-related correspondence, oral presentations, news reports, and other concrete topics.

Interpersonal Mode of Communication

Advanced Low learners participate actively and fluently in conversations about a range of topics both autobiographical and those that concern concrete events. They tell stories in the past, summarize information, compare and contrast ideas and facts, and narrate with detail. Advance Low learners can talk about present, past, and future events with increasing accuracy and fluency.

Presentational Mode of Communication

Advanced Low learners participate actively and fluently in discussions about a range of topics both autobiographical and those that concern concrete events. They clearly express

complex ideas and personal points of view about topics of interest. They use paragraph-length discourse when summarizing information, comparing and contrasting ideas and fact, and narrating and descripting a range of ideas. Advanced Low learners speak and write across present, past, and future time frames with increasing accuracy and fluency.

Big Ideas

This unit focuses on recent works that present the realities of life in the 1970s and 1980s in the United States and Spain. Themes in these works may be familiar to today's students. The works from the United States represent two different perspectives of Spanish speakers: that of a native who has lived their whole life in the United States and that of a migrant who negotiates assimilation or marginalization. The work from Spain explores how an individual interacts with the community. All of the works in the unit provide unique opportunities to explore contemporary cultural perspectives, products, and practices.

In this final unit, all the skills of the course come together. Students will be able to explain and compare themes in the texts to other texts and artwork. They will be able to use a variety of vocabulary to discuss and analyze stylistic, structural, rhetorical and literary features of texts. They will be able to analyze, define, and compare aspects of literary genres, movements, and periods.

Literary works

- 1. "Mi caballo mago", Sabine Ulibarri
- 2. "...y no se lo tragó la tierra", Tomás Rivera
- 3. ...y no se lo tragó la tierra: "La Nochebuena", Tomás Rivera
- 4. "Como la vida misma", Rosa Montero

Essential Questions W hat provocative questions will foster inquiry, understanding, and transfer of learning?	Enduring Understandings W hat will students understand about the big ideas?
 ¿Cómo se representan la asimilación y la marginación en la literatura? ¿Cómo se relaciona el/ la protagonista con los espacios interiores y exteriores? 	Students will understand that -The realities of daily lives can inspire writers to produce works of literature. -Writers can use autobiographical experiences to connect with the reader. -The importance role that setting and <i>ambiente</i> play in a piece of literature.

 3. ¿Cómo son diferentes el cuento corto y la viñeta? 4. ¿Qué recursos literarios utilizan los escritores para convertir su realidad en literatura? 	 -Shared stories from different cultures and realities allow us to understand other human experiences. -Spanish literature can also be written in the US. -Explain the relationship between a literary text and its sociocultural, geopolitical, and historical contexts. -Relate texts to contemporary global issue. -Identify perspective, attitude, or tone.
Areas of Focus: Proficiencies (New Jersey Student Learning Standards)	Lessons
 Students will: 7.1.AL.IPRET.1: Identify main ideas and significant details in a range of oral, viewed, and written texts. 7.1.AL.IPRET.2: Interpret spoken and written language and nuances of culture, as expressed by speakers of the target language, in some formal and informal settings. 7.1.AL.IPRET.3: Analyze the use of verbal and non-verbal etiquette in the target culture(s) and in one's own culture to develop an understanding of how cultural perspectives are reflected in cultural products and cultural practices. 7.1.AL.IPRET.4: Demonstrate an understanding of most content of other academic disciplines. 7.1.AL.IPRET.5: Analyze a literary or informational text including theme, author's purpose and tone, inferences. 7.1.AL.IPRET.6: Analyze a radio/television program, movie, or podcast for theme, purpose and tone, and inferences. 7.1.AL.IPRET.7: Infer the meaning of some 	 Instructional Focus / Activities: 1. Students will review the works from Ulibarri and Rivera, which they read as part of their summer assignment, as part of their formative assessments 2. Students will listen to a reading of Montero's vignette. 3. Students will pair up to annotate "Como la vida misma" and identify literary resources and main theme of the work. 4. Instructor will write an open-ended, analytical question on the board. Students will respond to the question on a sticky note and affix it to the board. Using another sticky note, students will comment on another student's answer and affix it to the answer. Repeat until there are chains of sticky notes that form a written literary conversation 5. As the class reaches the date of the AP Spanish exam, we will be working in review activities. Some of them are: matching authors & their works , connecting the works to their literary movement and historical era,

 7.1.AL.IPRET.8: Analyze elements of the target language that do not have a comparable linguistic element in English. 7.1.AL.IPRET.9: Differentiate facts from opinions by accurately answering most questions that require inferring implied meanings. 7.1.AL.IPRET.10: Collect, share, and analyze data related to global issues including climate change. 7.1.AL.PRSNT.1: Create and deliver research-based presentations to a target language audience, either electronically or in person using short paragraphs. 7.1.AL.PRSNT.2: Create a research-based analysis of a current global problem/issue showing cultural perspectives associated with the target culture(s) and another world culture. 7.1.AL.PRSNT.3: Offer and support opinions and use persuasive language when presenting ideas and information. 7.1.AL.PRSNT.4: Use language creatively in writing for personal, career, or academic purposes using connected sentences in paragraph-level narration and description. 7.1.AL.PRSNT.5: Compare and contrast the structural elements and/or cultural perspectives found in culturally authentic materials with those found in selections in English. 7.1.AL.PRSNT.6: Analyze how cultural perspectives about climate change over time, and compare with changing perspectives in one's own culture. 	 connecting the works studies to the course themes. 6. Students will review the AP scoring guidelines created by the College Board. 7. Students will practice identifying all of the required tasks from the prompts. 8. Each student will receive a copy of the same essay. Students will use different colored highlighters to mark the thesis statement, topic sentences, examples, commentary, transitions, and conclusion. After highlighting, students will compare their essays. 9. Students will review literary resources online in Google Classroom 10. Students will define and identify the following literary terms and devices in the works. Descripción Ambiente Atmósfera Epíteto Cromatismo La tradición oral Regionalismo Perspectiva Sátira Onomatopeya Exclamaciones
Career-Ready Practices CRP1: Act as a responsible and contributing citizen and employee. CRP2: Apply appropriate academic and technical skills. CRP3: Attend to personal health and financial well-being. CRP4: Communicate clearly and effectively and with reason. CRP5: Consider the environmental, social and economic impacts of decisions. CRP6: Demonstrate creativity and	 Instructional Strategies <i>Interpretive</i> Explain the relationship between a literary text and its sociocultural, geopolitical, and historical contexts. Relate texts to contemporary global issue. Identify perspective, attitude, or tone. <i>Interpersonal</i> Discuss texts and contexts in a variety of interactive oral formats.

 innovation. CRP7: Employ valid and reliable research strategies. CRP8: Utilize critical thinking to make sense of problems and persevere in solving them. CRP9: Model integrity, ethical leadership and effective management. CRP10: Plan education and career paths aligned to personal goals. CRP11: Use technology to enhance productivity. CRP12: Work productively in teams while using cultural global competence. 	 Discuss texts and contexts in a variety of interactive written formats. <i>Presentational:</i> Organize information, concepts, and ideas in presentations with a logical and coherent progression of ideas.
Differentiation	Assessments
 Interdisciplinary Connections: Students will learn about geography and way of life of Tierra Amarilla, New Mexico, including climate, products, overall culture. (Geography, History) They will view Georgia O'Keeffe's artwork to visualize the environment Ulibarri is describing in Mi caballo mago. (Art) Technology Integration: Platforms such as Kahoot, FlipGrid, Goformative, Blooket, Google Apps, Padlet, Quizizz, Quizlet and Youtube will be used on a regular basis Media Literacy Integration: Students will explore, analyze and interpret information from authentic video, audio and print resources about XX century cultural products, practices and perspectives. Analyze a radio podcast for theme, 	 Formative Assessments: Daily quizzes on biographical readings. Homework quizzes from Albert (Guide to AP Exam) Azulejo Online short answer practices. Personal Progress Check 8 from AP Classroom. 20 Multiple choice questions. 2 Free response questions (Short answer: Text and art comparison, Essay: Text comparison) Summative Assessments, Projects and Celebrations: Review Quiz #1-Match author to the works. Review Quiz #2-Match work to its movement. Review Quiz #3- match works to course themes.

purpose	e and tone, and in	nferences.
 Global Perspectives: Students will review the diversity and variety of perspectives that they have experienced throughout the school year by means of the literary works they have studied; with emphasis on the differences in linguistic expression, historical background, geography, climate, socioeconomic class, politics, religion, race and immigrant status. 		
Supports for l	English Langu	age Learners
Sensory Supports	Graphic Supports	Interactive Supports
Real Life Objects	Charts	In pairs or partners
Manipulatives	Graphic Organizers	In triands or small groups
Pictures	Tables	In a whole group
Illustrations	Graphs	Using cooperative group
Magazines & Newspapers	Timelines	Structures
Physical activities	Number lines	Internet / Software support
Videos & Flim		In the home language
		With mentors
Broadcasts		

Intervention S	trategies	
Accommodations	Interventions	Modifications
Allow for verbal	Multi-sensor	Modified tasks /
responses Repeat / confirm	y techniques Increase task	expections Differentiated
directions	structure (e.g. directions, checks for understandin g, feedback)	materials
Permit response via computer or electronic device	Increase opportunities to engage in active academic responding	Individualized assessments tools based on student need
Audio books	Utilize pre-reading strategies and activities previews, anticipatory guides, and semantic mapping	Modified assessment grading

Recommended Texts and Additional Materials to Support Unit 8 Sabine Ulibarri

Obra: <u>https://secure-media.collegeboard.org/apc/micaballomago_8393.pdf</u> Prezi: <u>https://prezi.com/ecur2fy4jwil/mi-caballo-mago-por-sabine-ulibarri/</u> Quizlet: <u>https://quizlet.com/119817778/mi-caballo-mago-sabine-r-ulibarri-flash-cards/</u> Audio: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=GataycPyEH4</u>

Tomás Rivera

Prezi:

https://prezi.com/xony4nj3sag1/tomas-rivera-la-noche-buena-y-no-se-trago-la-tierra/ Oranizador:https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/0B3XzGJV5vtonR1pGUk1pWlN6LW <u>8</u>

Rosa Montero

Prezi_https://prezi.com/lstt7gdytssv/como-la-vida-misma-by-rosa-montero/ https://prezi.com/zdkn8cth8lov/como-la-vida-misma/ Genius: https://genius.com/Rosa-montero-como-la-vida-misma-annotated Slideshare: http://slideplayer.es/slide/136810/

Class materials:

- 1. Access to all works in the required list. Azulejo FlextText from Wayside Publishing.
- 2. Albert Online for AP Spanish Literature for practice and assessment program.
- 3. Multiple audiovisual materials to accompany each unit of study and themes. Found in the internet in a variety of contexts: film, video, audio recordings, author websites etc. (links included in the specific units of study)
- 4. Unit organizers created by past AP Spanish Literature students to summarize and clarify specific works in order to aid in review in preparation for the exam.
- 5. Class syllabus to assist in the pacing of the course. (Appendix 1)
- 6. Literary terms support materials. (Appendix 2)
- Online teaching resources provided by the College Board through AP Classroom starting in the 2019- 2020 school year, which includes Personal Progress checks for students for each unit.

Required Texts / Reading List:

- 1. Isabel Allende, "Dos palabras"
- 2. Anónimo, "Romance de la pérdida de Alhama"
- 3. Anónimo, Lazarillo de Tormes (Prólogo; Tratados 1, 2, 3, 7)
- 4. Gustavo Adolfo Bécquer, Rima LIII ("Volverán las oscuras golondrinas")
- 5. Jorge Luis Borges, "Borges y yo"
- 6. Jorge Luis Borges, "El Sur"
- 7. Julia de Burgos, "A Julia de Burgos"
- 8. Miguel de Cervantes, *Don Quijote* (Primera parte, capítulos 1–5, 8 y 9; Segunda parte, capítulo 74)
- 9. Julio Cortázar, "La noche boca arriba"
- 10. Hernán Cortés, "Segunda carta de relación" (Selecciones)
- 11. Sor Juana Inés de la Cruz, "Hombres necios que acusáis"
- 12. Rubén Darío, "A Roosevelt"
- 13. Don Juan Manuel, *Conde Lucanor*, Exemplo XXXV ("De lo que aconteció a un mozo que casó con una mujer muy fuerte y muy brava")

14. Osvaldo Dragún, El hombre que se convirtió en perro

15. Carlos Fuentes, "Chac Mool"

16. Federico García Lorca, La casa de Bernarda Alba

17. Federico García Lorca, "Prendimiento de Antoñito el Camborio en el camino de Sevilla"

- 18. Gabriel García Márquez, "El ahogado más hermoso del mundo"
- 19. Gabriel García Márquez, "La siesta del martes"
- 20. Garcilaso de la Vega, Soneto XXIII ("En tanto que de rosa y azucena")
- 21. Luis de Góngora, Soneto CLXVI ("Mientras por competir con tu cabello")
- 22. Nicolás Guillén, "Balada de los dos abuelos"
- 23. José María Heredia, "En una tempestad"
- 24. Miguel León-Portilla, Visión de los vencidos (dos secciones: "Los presagios, según
- los informantes de Sahagún" y "Se ha perdido el pueblo mexica")
- 25. Antonio Machado, "He andado muchos caminos"
- 26. José Martí, "Nuestra América"
- 27. Rosa Montero, "Como la vida misma"
 - 28. Nancy Morejón, "Mujer negra"
- 29. Pablo Neruda, "Walking around"
- 30. Emilia Pardo Bazán, "Las medias rojas"
- 31. Francisco de Quevedo, Salmo XVII ("Miré los muros de la patria mía")
- 32. Horacio Quiroga, "El hijo"

33. Tomás Rivera, . . . y no se lo tragó la tierra (dos capítulos: ". . . y no se lo tragó la tierra" y "La noche buena")

- 34. Juan Rulfo, "No oyes ladrar los perros"
- 35. Alfonsina Storni, "Peso ancestral"
- 36. Tirso de Molina, El burlador de Sevilla y convidado de piedra
 - 37. Sabine Ulibarrí, "Mi caballo mago"
- 38. Miguel de Unamuno, San Manuel Bueno, mártir