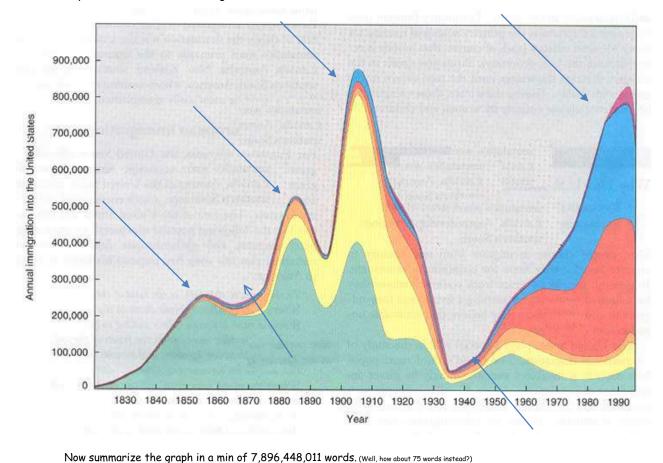
	3 Migratio	on			Name:	
Due:		-			Date:	Period:
1.	What are	e 3 reasons given for why p	eople migrate?			
2.	Define e	migration:				
3.	Define in	mmigration:				
4.	What is	positive migration?				
		Give an example:				
5.	What is	negative migration?				
		Give an example:				
6.	What is	meant by circulation?				
		Give an example:				
7.	What do	people take with them whe	n they migrate?			
8.		is still impo	ortant to an individual's	&		·
9.	Who was	EG Ravenstein?				
10.	How are	his Laws of Migration categ	gorized?			
11.	Most peo	ople migrate for	reasons.			
12.	What are	e three push factors and pu	ıll factors? <b>With examples</b>			
13	Complete	the chart below with spec	ific examples of push and pu	ıll factors and where people are	heina nushea	I from and pulled to
-0.		also provide historical/re		in factors and whore people are	Joing Publica	Trom and panea re.
		· 				
Economi		Push Factors		Pull Factors		
_CONONIII						
Cultural						
	I			1		

vironm	ental		
	<u> </u>		
14.	Define int	tervening obstacle and give several examples:	
	_		
15.	In the pas	st the IO was primarily For	example:
16.	-	·	ervening obstacles and migration.
10.	D110117 G0	see the fole of physical goog, aprily in chairming in	of voling obstacles and migharion.
	-		
	-		
	-		
		improvements have facilitat	
18.	Briefly de	escribe the role of transportation in examining interve	ning obstacles and migration.
	-		
19.	Briefly de	escribe the role of political concerns/laws in examining	a intervening obstacles and migration.
			,
	-		
	-		
20.	What two	points did Ravenstein make concerning distance of m	igration?
	-		
	-		
21.	Migration	may be classified as either international or internal.	What is the difference?
	•		
	-		
22.	What type	es of push factors are usually responsible for <i>volunta</i>	ry migration?
	-		
	-		
23.	What type	es of push factors are usually responsible for forced	migration (refugees)?
	-		
	-		
24.	Who was	Wilbur Zelinsky?	
		,	

MIGRATION TRANSITION					
As Applied to the Demograpl Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3 &	4		
			•		
26. Complete the follow	ving chart from the reading.				
Characteristics of Migrants					
	Who? In the past	Who?			
zendei	In the pust	In the past			
	Present trends	Present trends			
Family Status?	In the past & still today	In the past & still today			
	Recent changes	Recent changes			
	Nigrants Distributed? Pg. 88 orld is international migration?	which country has the mo	st?		
	world have a net out-migration?	•			
	world have a net in-migration?				
	_				
4. Immigration tends to go from less to more countries.					
5. Immigrants make up% of the US population.					
6 of Australia and of Canada are immigrants.					
	tage of immigrants is in the	<del></del>	·		
	immigrants and Kuwait%.				
	_ million people have immigrated to the US sinc	e 1820.			
10. What 3 time period	ds did immigration to the US take place?				

11	Examine figure 3-3, where is the US?	vour country?
11.	Examine Houre 3-3, where is the U.S.	AORI, CORRILAS

- 12. In what stage of the Demographic Transition are most countries that send out immigrants?
- 13. Summarize in 50 words the first peak of European immigration:
- 14. Summarize in 50 words the second peak of European immigration:
- 15. Summarize in 50 words the third peak of European immigration:
- 16. Using the graph on page 90, label all "peaks" and "valleys" (as indicated by arrows) as to where immigrants came from during that time or why there was a decline in immigration.



	_	
	_	
	_	
17.	What are	the 4 countries that sent out the most immigrants from Asia in recent years?
18.	What caus	sed immigration from Latin America to the United States to increase (cite real-world examples)?
	•	

20. Examine	Figure 3-5 and 3-6:	
	List the Asian countries in order of number of imm	igrants to the US:
	List the Latin Am. Countries in order of number of	immigrants to the US:
21. Complete	e the chart below from info on page 94:	
European Immigr What were some	ration of the causes of European immigration to the	What were some of the important effects of European immigration
United States?		to the U.S. and other world regions?
22 What an	e undocumented immigrants?	
	lo most undocumented immigrants in the U.S. come f	inam?
23. Where o	to most undocumented immigrants in the O.S. come (	rom?

19. Although reasons people leave their countries to immigrate to the U.S. have not changed over time, what has changed here in the U.S.?

24. Read Destination of Immigrants within the United States (pgs. 95-97) and annotate the map below. Be sure to indicate: Where are immigrants coming from? What states are those immigrants coming to?



25. Define chain migration and give an example:

## Key Issue 3 - Why do Migrants Face Obstacles? P. 97

l.	What did the	Quota Act (	1921) and	the National	Origins Act	(1924) do?
----	--------------	-------------	-----------	--------------	-------------	------------

2. How did they favor immigration from certain regions?

How did the Immigration Act of 1965 change the existing quota laws?

How was immigration law further changed in 1978?

U.S. immigration law gives preferences to three groups. Identify them. \_\_\_

Define brain drain: and give an example: \_\_\_\_\_

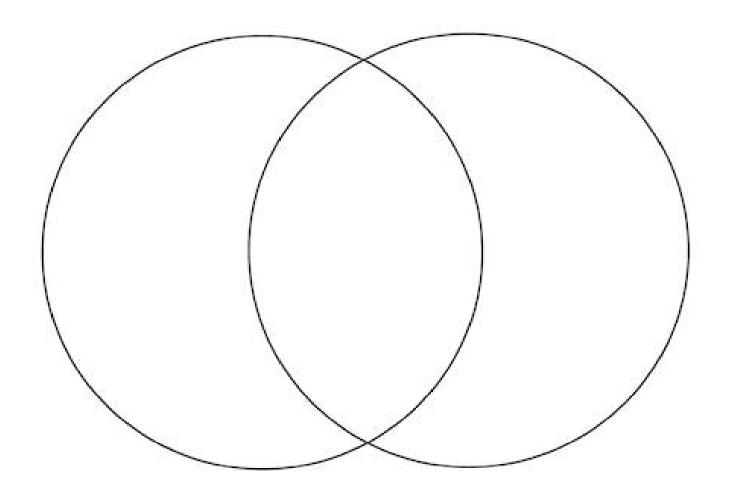
Define guest worker and give an example:

8. Prepare notes on 3 case studies of immigration in the chart below.

Emmigration to the U.S.: 3 Co Cuba	Haiti	Vietnam	
5 <b>45</b> 4	Figiti	Vicinalii	

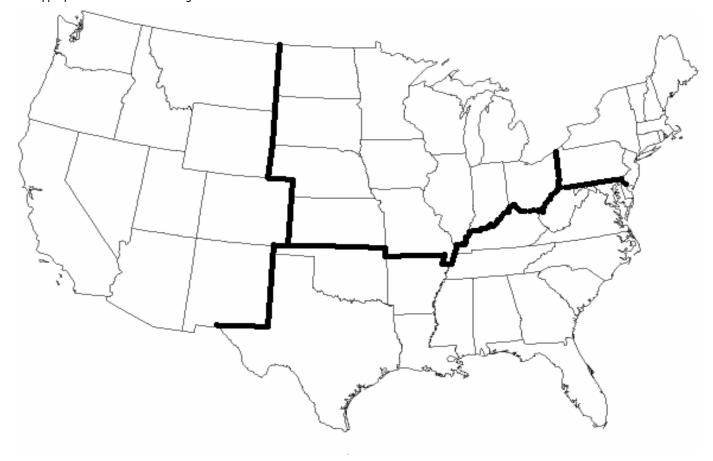
- 9. Carefully read the section on Cultural Challenges. Then, complete the Venn diagram below to compare and contrast attitudes in the U.S. and Europe toward immigrants.
- U.S. Attitudes Toward Immigrants

European Attitudes Toward Guest Workers



## Key Issue 4 - Why do People Migrate Within a Country?

- 1. What is the most famous example of large-scale interregional migration in the U.S.? \_\_\_\_\_\_
- 2. What is the "population center" (see Figure 3-12)?
- 3. What was the first "intervening obstacle" which hindered American settlement of the interior of the continent? \_\_\_\_\_
- 4. What developments in transportation eventually encouraged settlement to the Mississippi?
- 5. Why was settlement of the Great Plains slow to come with settlers passing it by for California and the west coast?
- 6. How did the railroads encourage settlement of the American interior?
- 7. For what two reasons have people been migrating to the South in recent years? \_\_\_\_\_\_
- 8. Use the chart on page 104 to calculate the net growth or loss of U.S. regions for 2007. Name the region on the map and place the appropriate number in each region.



9. Make appropriate notes in the chart below on 5 specific examples/case studies of interregional migration

Russia Where?	
Where?	Why?
How?	

Brazil			
Where?		Why?	
How?			
Indonesia			
Where?		Why?	
17110101		,.	
How?			
11000:			
Europe		India	
Lui ope		India	
10 Define/d	escribe each of the following terms, and sui	mmarize a single important fact about it	ts accumpance in the U.S.
10. Define/ di	escribe each of the following ferms, and sur	milarize a single, important fact about th	3 occurrence in the o.o.
	Urbanization	Suburbanization	Counterurbanization
Definition	Orbanization	Suburbunization	Counter ur banization
Detinition			
0			
Significant Facts			
in U.S.			