

Advanced Pre-Calculus Summer Assignment

Directions: Show out all work for every problem and do out on a separate piece of paper. All work must be done in pencil and all graphs should be graphed on graph paper.

LINEAR EQUATIONS:

1. Find the point slope, slope-intercept, and standard form of the equation of the line passing through the points $(-1, 4)$ and $(2, 0)$.
2. Write the slope-intercept form of the equation of the line through the point $(3, -2)$ that is parallel to $5x - 4y = 8$. Then find the equation of the perpendicular line.
3. Write the linear function f such that $f(2) = -6$ and $f(-1) = 3$.

FACTORING:

- | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------|
| 4. $8y^3 + 4y$ | 5. $3ab - 9ac + 15ad$ |
| 6. $4x^2 + 4x + 1$ | 7. $6x^2 - 20x - 16$ |
| 8. $4a^2 - 64b^2$ | 9. $64a^3 + b^3$ |
| 10. $y^2 + 12y + 36 - 9a^2$ | 11. $2a^2 - 18a + 36$ |

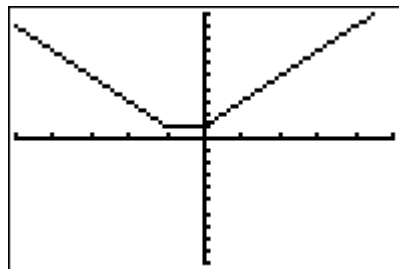
FUNCTIONS:

12. Evaluate the function at each specified value.

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} -x^2 + 2x & x \leq -1 \\ 3x - 1 & x > -1 \end{cases}$$

- a) $f(-3)$ b) $f(-1)$ c) $f(0)$ d) $f(4)$

13. Determine the intervals over which the function is increasing, decreasing, or constant.



14. Is $f(x) = x^5 + 4x - 7$ even, odd, or neither?

15. Given: $h(x) = -x + 1 + 9$

- a) Name the parent function.
- b) Describe the transformations.
- c) Sketch the graph.

16. Given $f(x) = x^2 + 3$ and $g(x) = 2x - 1$

- a) Find $(f + g)(x)$.
- b) Find $(f - g)(x)$.
- c) Find $(fg)(x)$.
- d) Find $(f/g)(x)$. What is the domain of $(f/g)(x)$?

17. Given $f(x) = 13x - 3$ and $g(x) = 3x + 1$

- a) Find $(f \circ g)(x)$.
- b) Find $(g \circ f)(x)$.

18. Find the inverse of $f(x) = x - 7$ and verify that $f(f^{-1}(x)) = x$ and $f^{-1}(f(x)) = x$.

19. Given $f(x) = x + 1$

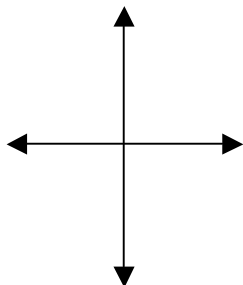
- a) Find the inverse function of f .
- b) Graph both $f(x)$ and $f^{-1}(x)$ on the same set of coordinate axes.
- c) Describe the relationship between the graphs of $f(x)$ and $f^{-1}(x)$.
- d) State the domains and ranges of $f(x)$ and $f^{-1}(x)$.

20. Graph: $f(x) = 5x - 3$ $x \geq -1$ $g(x) = -4x + 5$ $x < -1$

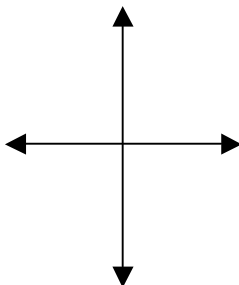
TRIGONOMETRY:

21. Evaluate the following trigonometric functions and sketch the angle.

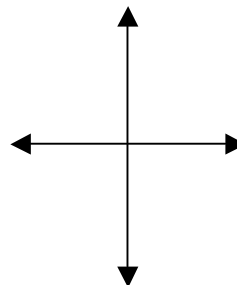
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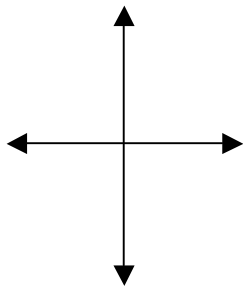
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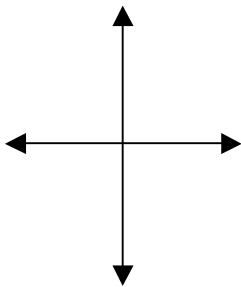
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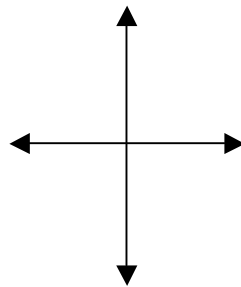
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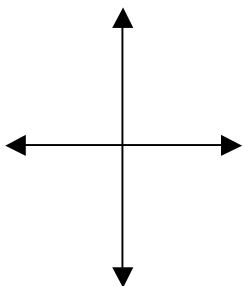
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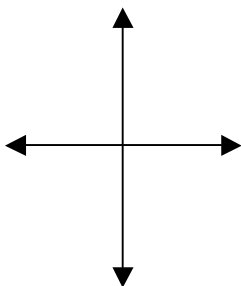
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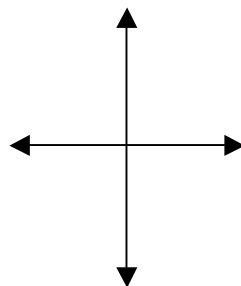
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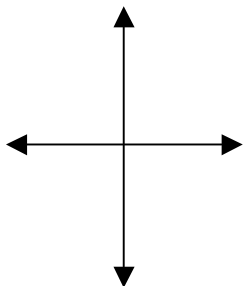
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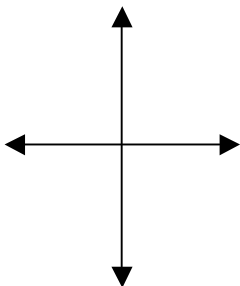
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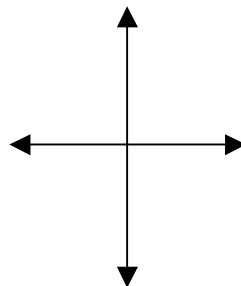
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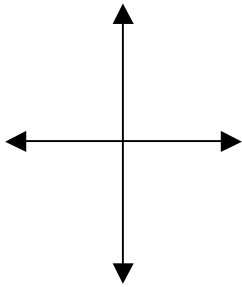
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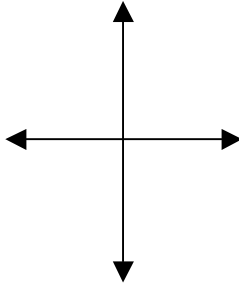
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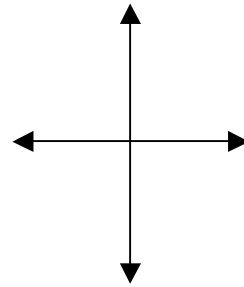
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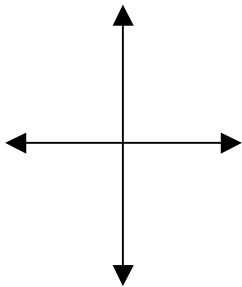
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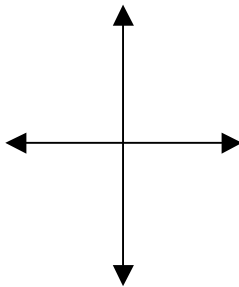
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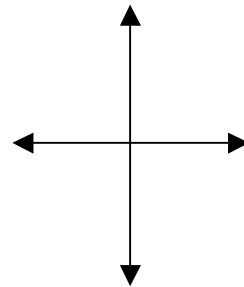
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QUADRATICS:

22. Write $f(x) = -x^2 + 4x + 9$ in standard (vertex) form. Sketch the graph stating the vertex, axis of symmetry, and x- and y-intercepts.
23. Write the standard form of the equation form of the parabola for a quadratic that has vertex $(3, -4)$ and a point at $(2, 1)$.
24. Solve the quadratic equation $x^2 - 9x + 20 = 0$ by factoring, completing the square, and the quadratic formula.

POLYNOMIALS:

25. Find all the real zeros of the polynomial, describe the left and right end behavior and sketch the graph for $f(x) = x^3 - 4x^2 + 4x$.
26. Write the equation of a third-degree polynomial that has zeros of -5 and 2.
27. Divide $x^4 + 3x^2 + 1$ by $x^2 - 2x + 3$ using long division.
28. Use synthetic division to divide $5x^3 - 3x^2 + 9$ by $x + 2$.
29. Use synthetic division to show that $x = -4$ is a solution of $f(x) = x^3 + 3x^2 - 10x - 24$. Then find the remaining roots.
30. Use synthetic division to show that $(x - 2)$ and $(x + 3)$ are factors of $f(x) = x^4 + 3x^3 - 4x^2 - 12x$ and completely factor $f(x)$. List all real zeros and sketch the graph of the polynomial.
31. Perform the indicated operation and write answer in $a + bi$ form.
- | | |
|------------------------|----------------------------|
| a. $(-8 + 4i)(5 - 7i)$ | b. $(-1 + 3i) + (-9 - 6i)$ |
| c. $\quad \cdot$ | d. $\quad \cdot$ |
32. Given $f(x) = 2x^3 - 7x^2 + 7x - 2$
- a) List the possible rational zeros.
 - b) Determine the possible number of positive zeros and possible number of negative zeros.
 - c) Determine all the zeros.
33. Given that $-2 + 3i$ is a zero of the polynomial $f(x) = 2x^4 + 9x^3 + 24x^2 - 11x - 78$, find the remaining zeros.

