Hello,

I am so excited that you are downloading and trying out the new version of the Math Running Record. I have spent several years developing and piloting Math Running Records around the country. Today, people around the world are using them! I want to encourage everyone to read the book! You can get it online in several places. Routledge the publisher even has a 20% discount code!

Book Discount Code: IRK69

https://www.routledge.com/Math-Running-Records-in-Action-A-Framework-for-Assessing-Basic-Fact-Fluency/Newton/p/book/9781138927643 john.defalco@taylorandfrancis.com (for larger quantities contact)

It is important to read the book to understand the framework of fluency and the reasoning and research behind Math Running Records. Fluency is a 4-legged stool, including accuracy, flexibility, efficiency and automaticity. Math Running Records helps you to figure out where your students are in terms of learning the basic facts (0-20 for addition and subtraction and 0 - 100 for multiplication and division). It tells you what strategies they know, what strategies they are struggling with and most importantly where to begin instruction. It also tells you what to do once you get the information. Creating activities for purposeful practice in each student's zone of proximal development is extremely important.

I have updated the first version of the Math Running Record based on the input of many different educators. Terri Ruyter, Janice Riggs, Christine Mulgrave King, and Alison Mello have helped me so much during the early pilots and the thinking along the way. Ann Elise Record has done a tremendous amount of work thinking about how to add different parts to the Math Running Record, especially the additions to Part 2, where we now very clearly record whether the student does not have the strategy, is emerging (meaning they are getting it but haven't mastered it) or yes they understand that strategy. I am very thankful and grateful that Ann Elise Record has spent endless hours with me thinking about the additions to Part 2. I have also added a section which is to be filled out that where everything is summarized. Again, Ann Elise Record helped to put this together.

I want to especially thank Ann Elise for starting a Math Running Records Facebook page, whose community just keeps growing! She is doing great work with videos and helping to organize games and activities that the community is contributing.

(https://www.facebook.com/search/top/?q=math%20running%20records) and also there is a padlet! (https://padlet.com/annelise_record17/vtqkwjgjo4zy)

I do *Professional Development on Math Running Records* at schools around the country and at seminars and conferences. Contact us today about coming to your school! We can do district and school level teacher workshops, grade level trainings, train the trainer and more! Here is information to contact me with any questions, comments or suggestions. I will skype in for 45 minutes to any group that is doing a book study on Math Running Records, for free. This offer applies to any of my books.

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I am also an avid pinner with several math fluency boards: <u>https://www.pinterest.com/drnicki7/</u>

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We have a Math Running Records Course Online!:

https://drnickinewton.thinkific.com/courses/math-running-records-in-action and over 20 other courses as well! For Credit and non-credit: https://www.drnickinewton.com/classes/

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Happy Mathing, Dr. Nicki

Instructions (PLEASE READ BEFORE ADMINISTERING-This is a quick guide).[It is highly recommended to read the book and watch the videos before you start]. When administering part 1 these are the important things:

1. Be sure to tell the students that you might not do all the problems. This lowers the anxiety for students who feel bad if they don't get to finish the test.

2. Remember, you are not trying to give the whole test. The point of the assessment is to find out where students are doing well and where they are stuck. You stop when they start struggling. So for instance, if a student misses a problem but self-corrects and they self-correct by counting on their fingers, code it and stop if you feel like that is where they struggle. When they miss a problem, that should raise a question. Was it a silly error, or did they really not know the problem? If they miss the next problem stop the test. If they don't miss the next problem keep going, and at the end if you feel like it was a silly error, go back and ask that question again. If students get a problem correct, but they are using an inefficient strategy (such as counting all or counting on) stop. This lets you know that this is where students need to work towards fluency.

3. When students get stuck, be sure to ASK them what they do when they get stuck. How do they solve the problem? If they say they solve it with pencil and paper, give it to them. If they say they use counters, give it to them. If they can't do it, just move on. BE SURE to ask students if there is any other problems on the page that they can solve. Sometimes, students know random facts.

4. Remember that you are giving a Math Running Record to find the instructional starting point. You are looking to see where students are struggling. Maybe they got the problems correct, but they are *counting all* or *counting on* to figure out facts within 10. You then know, that they need more efficient strategies. You should start with counting on by 1,2, and 3. Or maybe students did really well and then they started finger counting when they got to doubles plus 1. This should alert you to explore more about doubles plus 1. You will then go to Part 2 and ask questions up to that point. You will see exactly what students are doing and be able to decide on the instructional strategy to work with from that point.

5. After you find the point of instruction, you want to set up a series of experiences for students to work with that strategy. You should make exact notes of what students say when they get something incorrect so that you can analyze the error pattern. You want students to work through concrete, pictorial and abstract activities. This is the key part. The Math Running Record is the assessment that tells you where to start. You must do the work based on the information you get from the assessment. The Record alone is just the indicator of where to do the work.

In summation, Part 1 is a general overview. It allows you to see what students are doing, how they approach the math and what they are doing when they get stuck. Part 2 is the deeper dive. It allows you to ask questions and listen to what students are saying they are doing and what they are actually doing. It allows you to see what strategies students are using. It allows you to listen to what they are saying. It allows you to look for patterns in their mathematical behaviors. What errors are students making? What misunderstandings and misconceptions do students hold? Where are there inconsistencies in student thinking? Part 2 allows you to think about and write about what students are doing. Part 3 gives you a small peak into a student's mathematical disposition. We know from the research that the student's mathematical disposition impacts how they feel about math and how they participate as a mathematician.

A Word about Coding

Coding has been a part of the research on mathematical fluency for a long time. Codes help us to describe what students are doing. Use the codes that are listed. Do not change them. You need consistency across your school and district with the codes. These codes are built based on the historical codes, however adapted to meet the framework for the Math Running Record. Here is a brief explanation of the codes:

Part 1: In part 1 you are looking at the 4 aspects of fluency: flexibility, efficiency, accuracy and automaticity. So, the first codes give you a general overview of how students are approaching number combinations. You are only getting a preliminary look at how students are approaching problems in part 1. You can go back after you finish part 1 and ask any questions about it that you have. For example, you might ask a student: "I noticed that you were thinking in your head to do 2 + 6. Can you tell me what that sounded like? Say out loud how you did it." Also, you might have noticed that students counted on their fingers, but you are not sure where they

started from. You should definitely ask them, "I noticed that you counted on your fingers, which number did you start with?"

These are the codes:

Codes for Automaticity:

a – Automatic (within 3 seconds)

5s – A bit longer, it is used for students who do not know their facts automatically but only take a few seconds to retrieve facts

pth – Prolonged thinking time is for students who get stuck and/or take a really long time to answer. They might eventually give the correct answer or they might pass or give an incorrect answer. Also record if they say it automatically and it is incorrect.

Codes for Flexibility

These codes allow us to describe what students are doing. Remember that when students are stuck, they can ask for counters, number lines, or paper and pencil to do their work. This is completely acceptable because one of the goals of the Math Running Record is to determine whether or not students can solve the problem by any means.

- ca counted all
- fco finger counted on
- cah counted all in head
- coh counted on in head
- dk didn't know
- wo wrong operation
- sc self-corrected
- asc attempted to self-correct
 - For both the automaticity and flexibility codes, you might take notes on these while doing part 2, especially if something stands out for you.

Codes for Efficiency

These codes help us to describe what types of strategies students are using.

- 0 doesn't know
- 1 counting strategies by ones or skip counting using fingers, drawings or manipulatives
- 2 mental math/solving in head
- 3 using known facts and strategies
- 4M automatic recall from memory
- 4 automatic recall and students have number sense

*In part 2 it can be helpful to write in any automaticity codes or efficiency codes that might stand out for you.

*The difference between 4M and 4 is that you have some students who can give you the answers to problems but everything is memorized and they have no number sense. You will only be able to figure this out when you get to Part 2 and start asking questions about strategies.

Addition Running Record Recording Sheet

Student: _____ Date: _____ Date: _____

Part 1: Initial Observations

Teacher: We are now going to administer Part 1 of the Running Record. I am going to give you a sheet of paper with some problems. I want you to go from the top to the bottom and tell me just the answer. If you get stuck, you can stop and ask for what you need to help you. If you want to pass, you can. We might not do all of the problems. I am going to take notes so I remember what happened. Let's start.

Part 1	Codes: What do you notice?	Initial Observations	Data Code Names	
		of Strategies		
0+1 a 5s pth	ca fco cah coh dk wo sc asc	0 1 2 3 4M 4	A0 add 0	
2+1 a 5s pth	ca fco cah coh dk wo sc asc	0 1 2 3 4M 4	A1 add 1	
3+2 a 5s pth	ca fco cah coh dk wo sc asc	0 1 2 3 4M 4	Aw5 add w/in 5	
2+6 a 5s pth	ca fco cah coh dk wo sc asc	0 1 2 3 4M 4	Aw10—add w/in 10	
4+6 a 5s pth	ca fco cah coh dk wo sc asc	0 1 2 3 4M 4	AM10add making 10	
10 + 4 a 5s pth	ca fco cah coh dk wo sc asc	0 1 2 3 4M 4	A10add 10 to a #	
7 + 7 a 5s pth	ca fco cah coh dk wo sc asc	0 1 2 3 4M 4	ADadd doubles	
5+6 a 5s pth	ca fco cah coh dk wo sc asc	0 1 2 3 4M 4	AD1add dbls +/-1	
7+5 a 5s pth	ca fco cah coh dk wo sc asc	0 1 2 3 4M 4	AD2add dbls +/-2	
9+6 a 5s pth	ca fco cah coh dk wo sc asc	0 1 2 3 4M 4	AHF/C9-add higher facts use compensation w/9	
8+4 a 5s pth	ca fco cah coh dk wo sc asc	0 1 2 3 4M 4	AHF/C7/8—add higher facts/use compensation with 7/8	
7 + 8 a 5s pth	ca fco cah coh dk wo sc asc	0 1 2 3 4M 4	AHF/C7/8—add higher facts/use compensation with 7/8	
Codes	Types of Strategies	Strategy Levels		
a - automatic	ca - counted all	0 - doesn't know		
5s - 5 seconds	f_{co} – finger counted on	1 – counting strategie	s by ones or skip	
pth - prolonged	cah – counted all in head	counting using fingers, drawings or		
thinking time	$\cosh - \cosh \theta$ in head	manipulatives	-,8	
8	dk - didn't know	2 - mental math/solvi	ng	
	wo - wrong operation	in head	8	
	sc - self corrected	3 - using known facts	and strategies	
	asc - attempted to self-correct	4M - automatic recall	from memory	
		4 – automatic recall a	nd students have	
		number sense		

Part 2: Flexibility/Efficiency

Teacher: We are now going to administer Part 2 of the Running Record. In this part of the Running Record we are going to talk about what strategies you use when you are solving basic addition facts. I am going to tell you a problem and then ask you to tell me how you think about it. I am also going to ask you about some different types of facts. Take your time as you answer and tell me what you are thinking as you see and do the math. I am going to take notes so I can remember everything that happened during this Running Record

Recolu.			
Add 0 0 + 1	Add 1 2 + 1	Add w/in 5 or 10 3 + 2 2 + 6	Add to Make 10 4 + 6
What happens when you add	What strategy do you use	How do you solve 4 + 0? And	How do you solve 5 + 5?
same # other can't articulate	<pre> next counting # other can't articulate</pre>	 b + 3? count on from big # other can't articulate 	count on from big # other can't articulate
What would be the answer to 3 + 0 0 + 5 8 + 0	What would be the answer to 4 + 1 1 + 7 10 + 1	<u>w/in 5</u> w/in 10 1 + 3 5 + 4 2 + 2 2 + 7	I'm going to give you a number and I want you to give me the number that makes 10 with it. If I give you 7, how many more to make 10? If I give you
Do they know this strategy? No/Emerging/Yes	Do they know this strategy? No/Emerging/Yes	Do they know this strategy? No/Emerging/Yes	how many more to 10? 9? 2? 6? 3? Do they know this strategy?
			AM10 Level 0 1 2 3 4M 4
Add 10 10 + 4	Doubles 7+7	Doubles +/- 1 5 + 6	Doubles +/- 2 7 + 5
What strategy do you use when you add 10 to a number?	How would you solve 6 + 6?	How would you solve 6 + 7?	If a friend did not know how to solve 7 + 9, what would you tell her to do?
teen #s decompose to 10 and 1's other can't articulate	other can't articulate	other can't articulate	doubles +/-2 other can't articulate
How would you solve?	How would you solve?	How would you solve?	How would you solve?
10 + 2	4 + 4	2 + 3	2 + 4
10 + 6	8 + 8	3 + 4	8+6
10 + 8	9 + 9	8 + 9	9 + 11
	What kind of facts are these?		
Do they know this strategy? No/Emerging/Yes	Do they know this strategy? No/Emerging/Yes	Do they know this strategy? No/Emerging/Yes	Do they know this strategy? No/Emerging/Yes
A10 Level 0 1 2 3 4IVI 4	AD LEVELU 1 2 3 4IVI 4	AD1 LEVELU 1 2 3 4IVI 4	ADZ LEVELU I Z 3 4IVI 4

Bridge through 10 (9) 9 + 6	Bridge through 10 (7/8) 8 + 4	Part 3: Mathematical Disposition				
If your friend was stuck solving 9 + 5, what would you	What strategy would you use to solve 8 + 3?	Do you like math?				
tell him to do?	bridge 10	What do you find easy?				
bridge 10 other	other can't articulate	What do you find tricky?				
can't articulate		What do you do when you get stuck?				
How do you solve?	How would you solve?					
9+3	4 + 7? 8 + 52	Question Prompts: That's interesting/faceingting: tall ma what you				
5+0	0 T J!	did.				
Do they know this strategy?	Do they know this strategy?	That's interesting/fascinating: tell me how you solved it.				
No/Emerging/Yes	No/Emerging/Yes	That's interesting/fascinating: tell me what you				
AHF/C9 Level 0 1 2 3 4M 4	AHF/C 7/8 Level 0 1 2 3 4M 4	were thinking.				
		Can you tell me more about how you solve these				
		types of problems?				
		What do you mean when you say? (i.e. ten				
		friends/neighbor numbers etc.)				
General Observations (to be filled out after the interview)						
Instructional Response:						
Fluency Focus areas (circle all that apply): flexibility efficiency accuracy automaticity						
What addition strategy should the instruction focus on?						
A0 A1 Aw5 Aw10 AM10 A10 AD AD1 AD2 AHF/C9 AHF/C 7/8						
For his/her current instructional level, what is the predominate way in which the student is arriving at the answers? 0 1 2 3 4M 4						
Overall, what is the way in which the students calculated the answers?: 0 1 2 3 4M 4						
Comments/Notes about gestures, behaviors, remarks:						
*In most states k fluency is within 5 and 1st grade fluency is within 10 and 2nd grade within 20.						
However, some states k is within 10 and 1st and 2nd is within 20.						

Student Page





These are cards for Part 2. You can either ask the questions just verbally or show the students the expressions on cards.



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