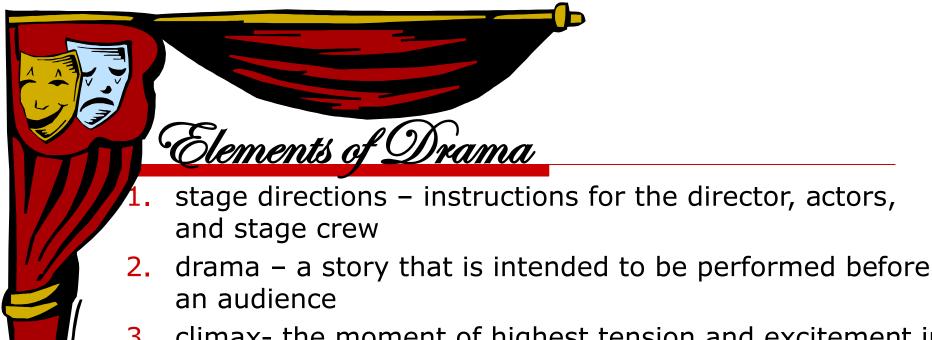
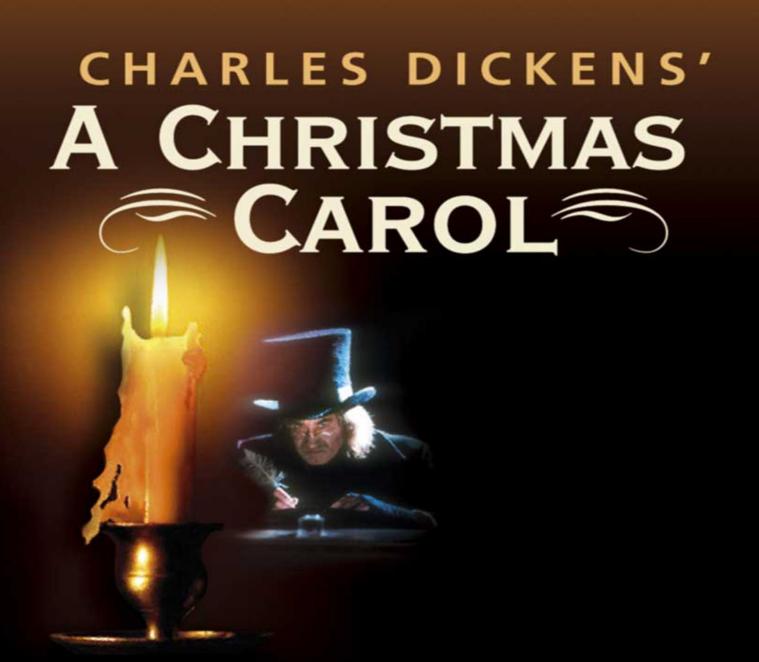
by Charles Dickens





- 3. climax- the moment of highest tension and excitement in
- the plot of a drama 4. dialogue – a conversation between characters in a drama
- script the form in which a drama is written, including character's lines
- 6. foil a character who provides a sharp contrast to the qualities of the main character
- props the objects the actors use during the play (cup, chair, book)
- 8. scenes & acts divisions in a drama (similar to chapters in a novel)



# H Quick Review

- Setting- The time and place of a story
- Example: It was December 24<sup>th</sup>, 1824, on a snowy Christmas eve in Victorian London.
- Personification- Giving human characteristics to non-human things
- Example: The knife and fork looked on happily as father began to carve the turkey.
- □ Foreshadowing- Hinting at things to come

Example: Scrooge wished he could rid himself of the sick feeling in his gut that told him something terrible was going to happen.

# H Christmas Carol by Charles Dickens

Overview--Ebenezer Scrooge, a tight-fisted and bitter man, is visited by three spirits (symbols!) to bring about his redemption before his death. He learns to love his fellow man after being shown love and generosity from others.



### The Ultra Condensed Version



### **Ebenezer Scrooge**

Bah, humbug. You'll work thirty-eight hours on Christmas Day, keep the heat at five degrees, and like it.

### **Ghost of Jacob Marley**

Ebenezer Scrooge, three ghosts of Christmas will come and tell you you're mean.

#### **Three Ghosts of Christmas**

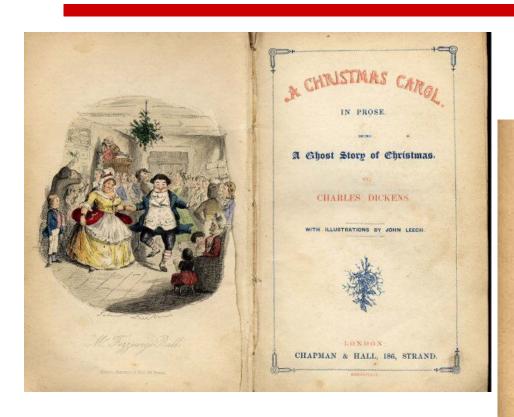
You're mean.

### **Ebenezer Scrooge**

At last, I have seen the light. Let's dance in the streets. Have some money.

#### THE END

# Introduction by Charles Dickens



#### PREFACE.

I have endeavoured in this Ghostly little book, to raise the Ghost of an Idea, which shall not put my readers out of humour with themselves, with each other, with the season, or with me. May it haunt their houses pleasantly, and no one wish to lay it.

Their faithful Friend and Servant,

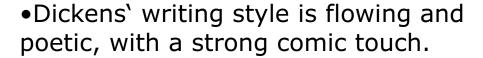
C. D.

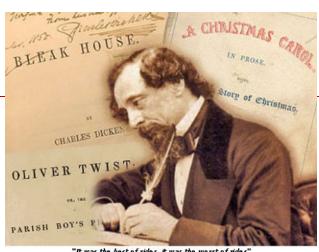
foreshadowing.....

December, 1843.

### Charles Dickens

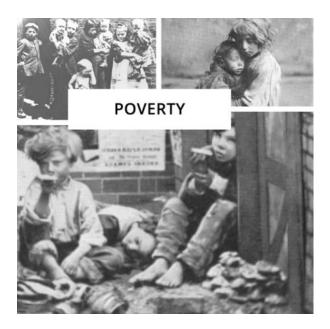
Charles Dickens (1812-1870), English Victorian era author wrote numerous highly acclaimed novels.





- Many people thought of Dickens as an advocate for the poor, at a time when there was little sympathy towards those in poverty.
- Dickens other works include: *Great Expectations, David* Copperfield, Oliver Twist, A Tale of Two Cities, Bleak House, Nicholas Nickleby, The Pickwick Papers

At the time this story was written (1843), the generous spirit of Christmas charity didn't exist in England. Many people did not believe in generosity to the poor. Instead, they believed the poor somehow brought poverty upon themselves.



# Protagonist & Antagonist

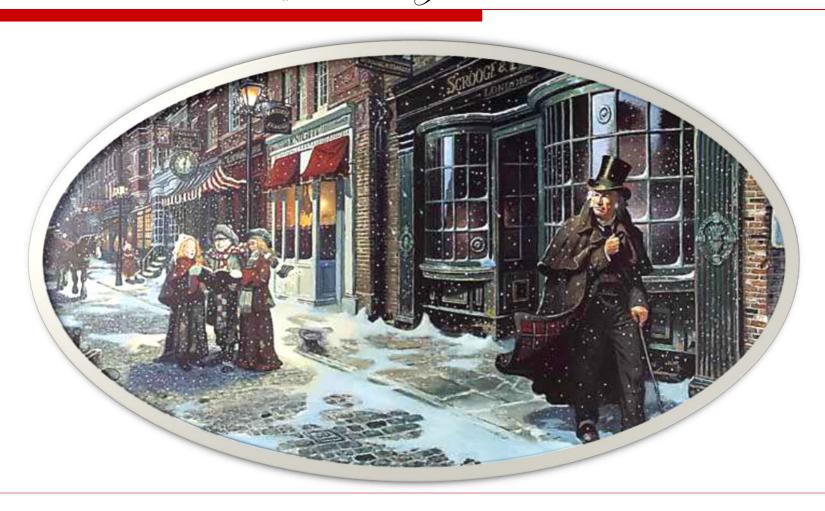
Hmmmbates

A Christmas Carol" is unusual because Scrooge, the Protagonist (usually the good guy), is a very BAD guy. The antagonist (usually the bad guy) is the good guy. Remember that the antagonist is the person

who causes the conflict

or the protagonist. They are not always good guys or bad guys.

# Stave 1 - opening



- □ Jacob Marley, Scrooge's partner has been dead, 7 years to the day that our story begins.
- □ The first scene unfolds in the cold, cheerless office of Scrooge's counting house.



- As his faithful clerk Bob
  Cratchit toils, Scrooge is
  visited by his nephew and
  invited to Christmas dinner the
  next day. Scrooge declares
  that those who celebrate
  Christmas should be boiled in
  their own pudding and
  dismisses him.
- □ Two men who come seeking donations for the poor are dismissed with Scrooge's wish that the poor would die and "decrease the surplus population."



□ Jacob Marley's visit is dismissed as "more gravy than grave" by Scrooge, but it ends up setting the stage for the three ghosts. Which ghost's message most resembles that of Jacob Marley's?



- □ Pay careful attention to the three ghosts. Each message has a specific effect on Scrooge.
- □ What does the ghost of Christmas past remind Scrooge of?
- □ Whose generous heart touches Scrooge in the present?
- What does Scrooge's future hold if he continues to be greedy and self-absorbed?

# Personification

- Dickens portrays Ignorance and Want as two frail, ghastly children.
- Do you think the main causes of poverty are ignorance and want? Explain why or why not.



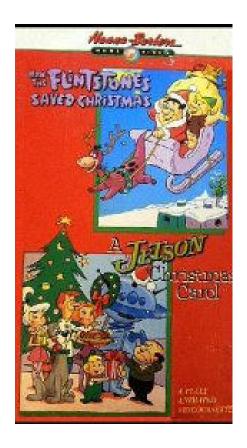
- Please <u>summarize</u> the story, in three or four paragraphs, paying careful attention to:
- □ S—Setting (where and when the story takes place)
- □ P—People (describe the main characters)
- □ A—Action (summarize the plot)
- □ C—Climax (the most dramatic part of the story)
- □ E-- Ending





# Cartoon Versions







Flintstones, Mickey Mouse, Ghostbusters, Family Guy, Bugs Bunny, Jetsons, Muppets

