

## **Positive and Negative Integers**

Adding and Subtracting Rule	Examples
Two like signs in a row become a <b>positive</b>	3+(+2)=3+2=5
sign	6-(-3)=6+3=9
Two unlike signs in a row become a <b>negative sign</b>	7+(-2) = 7 - 2 = 5 8-(+2) = 8 - 2 = 6

Multiplying and Dividing Rule	Examples
	3(2) = 6
Two like signs become a <b>positive sign</b>	$\frac{16}{8} = 2$ $-6(-3) = 18$ $-125 \div -5 = 25$
Two unlike signs become a <b>negative sign</b>	$7(-2) = -14$ $\frac{-90}{5} = -18$
	-81(2) = -162

## **Video Resources:**

Adding and Subtracting Integers: <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=\_BgblvF90UE">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=\_BgblvF90UE</a>

Multiplying and Dividing Integers: <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=K\_tPbVPfHgk">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=K\_tPbVPfHgk</a>

# **Positive and Negative Integer Practice Problems**

Add.

$$2. -10 + 107$$

Subtract.

## Multiply.

9. 
$$-10(12)$$
 10.  $(-8)(-8)$  11.  $13(5)$  12.  $-25 \times -6$ 

14. 
$$\frac{48}{2}$$

13. -110 ÷ 10 14. 
$$\frac{48}{2}$$
 15. 160 ÷ (-8) 16.  $\frac{-81}{-3}$ 

16. 
$$\frac{-81}{-3}$$

**Evaluate the Expression** 

17. 
$$-49 + r$$
 for  $r = -8$ 

19. 
$$y(-16)$$
 for  $y = -11$ 

18. 
$$-15 + x$$
 for  $x = 67$ 

20. 
$$w(-17)$$
 for  $w = 8$ 

**Positive and Negative Rational Numbers** 

**Adding and Subtracting Fractions** 

**Examples** 

$$\frac{1}{8} + \frac{3}{8} = \frac{1+3}{8} = \frac{4}{8} =$$

$$\frac{1}{2}$$

- Add or subtract numerators, keep the common denominator constant.

• Write your fraction in simplest form.

## **Adding and Subtracting Decimals**

## Examples

• Line up the decimal points.

35.78	12.83
_14.55	+24.17
21.23	37.00

• Add or subtract right to left as usual.

## **Multiplying Fractions**

## **Examples**

- Simplify fractions before multiplying
- Multiply the remaining factors in the numerator and the denominator
- The product is positive is the signs are the same, negative if signs are different

## **Dividing Fractions**

- To divide by a fraction, multiply by its reciprocal  $\frac{1}{2} \div \frac{3}{5} = \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{5}{3} = \frac{10}{6} = \frac{5}{3}$
- To write the reciprocal of a fraction, switch  $\frac{-11}{7} \div 4 = \frac{-11}{7} \times \frac{1}{4} = \frac{-11}{4}$  the numerator and denominator

#### **Video Resources:**

Adding and Subtracting Fractions: <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=5juto2ze8Lg">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=5juto2ze8Lg</a>

Subtracting Decimals: <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Eq4mVCd-yyo">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Eq4mVCd-yyo</a>

Multiplying Fractions: <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qmfXyR7Z6Lk">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qmfXyR7Z6Lk</a>

Dividing Fractions: <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4lkq3DgvmJo">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4lkq3DgvmJo</a>

## **Positive & Negative Rational Numbers Practice Problems**

Add or subtract without a calculator.

1. 
$$\frac{3}{8} - \frac{-1}{8}$$

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$$\frac{3}{8} - \frac{-1}{8}$$
 2.  $\frac{7}{10} + \frac{4}{15}$  3.  $\frac{7}{8} - \frac{11}{12}$  4.  $\frac{15}{16} - \frac{5}{32}$ 

3. 
$$\frac{7}{8} - \frac{11}{12}$$

4. 
$$\frac{15}{16} - \frac{5}{32}$$

$$5. 12.1 + 6.75$$

$$7.17.961 - 7.1$$

Multiply.

9. 
$$\frac{14}{28} \left( \frac{7}{42} \right)$$

9. 
$$\frac{14}{28} \left(\frac{7}{42}\right)$$
 10.  $1\frac{7}{10} \left(-\frac{5}{17}\right)$  11.  $-11 \left(\frac{5}{22}\right)$  12.  $\frac{9}{20} \left(\frac{36}{81}\right)$ 

$$\frac{5}{11. -11} \left( \frac{5}{22} \right)$$

$$\frac{9}{20} \left( \frac{36}{81} \right)$$

Divide.

$$\frac{10}{15} \div \frac{8}{25}$$

$$\frac{10}{15} \cdot \frac{8}{25}$$
  $\frac{3}{18} \cdot \frac{1}{2}$   $\frac{6}{15} \cdot \frac{18}{26}$   $\frac{12}{16. - 21} \cdot -6$ 

$$15. - \frac{6}{13} \div \frac{18}{26}$$

16. 
$$-\frac{12}{21} \div -6$$

## **Simplifying Algebraic Expressions**

**Order of Operations** 

The order of operations when simplifying an expression is: Parenthesis, Exponents and Radicals, Multiplication and Division Left to Right, Addition and Subtraction Left to Right. **PEMDAS** 

Example: 
$$121 \div (17 - 6) \times 3^2 + 10$$
  
=  $121 \div 11 \times 3^2 + 10$   
=  $121 \div 11 \times 9 + 10$   
=  $11 \times 9 + 10$   
=  $99 + 10$ 

## **Distributive Property**

= 109

$$A(B + C) = AB + AC$$
$$A(B - C) = AB - AC$$

### **Examples**

$$12(6 + x) = 72 + 12x$$
  
 $10(8 - 2y) = 80 - 20y$ 

## **Combining Like Terms**

Like terms have the same variable(s) raised to the same power. Find the sum of like terms when simplifying.

## **Examples**

$$3x + 9 - 2x = x - 9$$
  
 $m + 3m^2 - 2m - 6 + 2m^2$   
 $= 5m^2 - m - 6$ 

#### Video Resources:

Order of Operations: <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=dAgfnK528RA">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=dAgfnK528RA</a>

Distributive Property: <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ewEorPD4kdA">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ewEorPD4kdA</a>

Simplifying Expression: <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qe391t3oPWE">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qe391t3oPWE</a>

## **Simplifying Algebraic Expressions Practice Problems**

Simplify without a calculator.

1. 
$$(-1)^2 - (10 - 13)$$

2. 
$$1 \times (-9 + (-9) + 3^3)$$

1. 
$$(-1)^2 - (10 - 13)$$
 2.  $1 \times (-9 + (-9) + 3^3)$  3.  $-8 - (-3) + 4 \div 2 \times 5$ 

4. 
$$2m + 3m^2 - 2m + 10 + 2m^2$$

5. 
$$3b - 2a^2b^2 - 2 + a^2 + 2a^2b^2$$

6. 
$$x^3 + 2 + 4x^3 - 9 + 3x$$

7. 
$$90 + dg^2 + 4 + 6dg^2 + d^2$$

8. 
$$2(2a-3)+3$$

9. 
$$7(3 + 2x) + 3x^2 + 5x$$

10. 
$$8(y-5) + 3y$$

11. 
$$3(m^4 + 3mn) - 2$$

# **Solving Equations**

To solve equations, first combine like terms (if applicable). Then do the order of operations in reverse, use opposite operations to isolate the variable.

## **Examples:**

Solve 
$$3x - 12 = 9$$

Add 12 to both sides 3x = 9 + 12

$$3x = 9 + 12$$

Divide by 3 
$$x = 21/3 = 7$$

Solve 
$$2x + 10 + 3x = 25$$

Add like terms 
$$5x + 10 = 25$$

Subtract 10 on both sides 
$$5x = 15$$

Divide by 5 
$$x = 15/5 = 3$$

Solve 
$$-3(5y - 10) = y$$

Use the Distributive property -15y + 30 = 16y

Add 15y to both sides 
$$30 = 16y$$

Divide both sides by 16 
$$30/16 = y = 1.875$$

When solving an equation, always check your answer by substituting it into the original equation. If the solution is correct, you get a true equation.

Example 1: 
$$3(7) - 12 = 9$$
;  $9 = 9$ 

Example 2: 
$$2(3) + 10 + 3(3) = 25$$
;  $25 = 25$ 

Example 3: 
$$-3(5(1.875) - 10) = 1.875$$
;  $1.875 = 1.875$ 

#### Video Resources:

Solving Two-Step Equations: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=p5e5mf G3FI

Solving Multi-Step Equations: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=1c5HY3z4k8M

Solving w/ Distributive Property: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=YZBStgZGyDY

## **Solving Equations Practice Problems**

#### Solve.

1. 
$$19x - 12 = 45$$

2. 
$$\frac{m}{10} - 13 = -20$$

2. 
$$\frac{m}{10} - 13 = -20$$
 3.  $1.15a + 8 - 0.4a = -7$ 

4. 
$$9x - 22 = 23 + 4x$$

4. 
$$9x - 22 = 23 + 4x$$
 5.  $\frac{2y}{3} + 10 = 12$  6.  $8(k+6) = 3k + 99$ 

6. 
$$8(k+6) = 3k + 99$$

7. 
$$7d + 13 = 35 - 4d$$

7. 
$$7d + 13 = 35 - 4d$$
 8.  $\frac{2y}{3} - 9 = 2y + 3$  9.  $3(6x - 7) - 15x = 3$ 

9. 
$$3(6x - 7) - 15x = 3$$

## **Graphing on a Coordinate Plane**

## **Graphing Points**

When graphing points, the point is moved right or left the value of the first number and up or down the value of the second.

## **Examples:**

(-3, -9) means 3 left, 9 down

(1,4) means 1 right, up 4

Point A is (4,2)

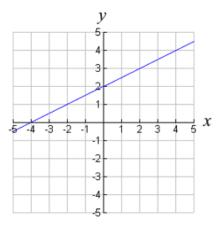
### **Graphing Lines**

Slope-Intercept form: y = mx + b; m=slope, b = y-intercepts

When graphing lines, first identify the y-intercept (the value of y when the line intersects the y-axis). Find the slope between two points (Rise/Run).

## **Example:**

The line graphed has an equation of y = 1/2x + 2



#### **Video Resources:**

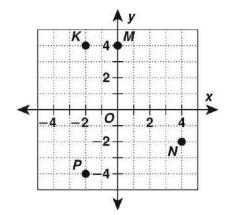
Graphing Lines in Slope-Intercept Form:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=uk7gS3cZVp4

# **Graphing on a Coordinate Plane Practice Problems**

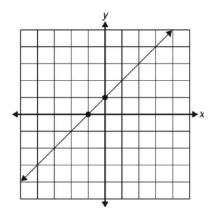
Find the coordinates of the given points:



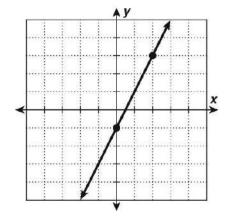


Write the equation of the graphed line in Slope-Intercept form.

1.



2.



## **Least Common Multiple and Greatest Common Factor**

## **Least Common Multiple**

The least common multiple (LCM) of two numbers is the smallest number that is a multiple of both.

### **Examples:**

LCM of 3 & 4 is 12 LCM of 3 and 9 is 9 LCM of 12 and 10 is 60

#### **Greatest Common Factor**

The greatest common factor (GCF) is the highest number that divides exactly into two or more numbers.

### **Examples:**

6 & 18 have a GCF of 6 24 & 108 have a GCF of 12 3 & 11 have a GCF of 1

#### **Video Resource:**

LCM and GCF:

https://learnzillion.com/lessons/2796-find-the-gcf-and-lcm-using-prime-factorization

## **LCM and GCF Practice Problems**

**Identify the Least Common Multiple of the given numbers.** 

- 1. 9 and 6
- 2. 12 and 7
- 3. 14 and 8
- 4. 6 and 42

**Identify the Greatest Common Factor of the given numbers.** 

- 5. 9 and 18
- 6. 12 and 7 7. 14 and 12
- 8. 14 and 42

## **Practice Problems Solutions**

## Positive and Negative Integers

- 1. -44
- 2. 97
- 3. -28
- 4. -59
- 5. -41
- 6. 7
- 7. 57
- 8. -15
- 9. -120
- 10.64
- 11.65
- 12.150
- 13.-11
- 14.24
- 15.-20
- 16.27
- 17.-57
- 18.52
- 19.176
- 20.-136

## Positive & Negative Rational Numbers

- 1. ½
- 2. 29/30
- 3. -1/24
- 4. 25/32
- 5. 18.85
- 6. -22.836
- 7. 10.861
- 8. 37.27
- 9. 1/12
- 10. -1/2
- 11. -5/2

- 12. 1/5
- 13. 25/12 = 2 1/12
- $14.\frac{1}{2}$
- 15.-2/3
- 16.2/21

### Simplifying Algebraic Expressions

- 1. 4
- 2. 9
- 3. 5
- 4.  $5m^2 + 10$
- 5.  $a^2 + 3b 2$
- 6.  $5x^3 + 3x 7$
- 7.  $7dg^2 + d^2 + 94$
- 8. 4a 3
- 9.  $3x^2 + 19x + 21$
- 10.11y 40
- $11.3m^4 + 9mn 2$

## **Solving Equations**

- 1. 3
- 2. -70
- 3. -20
- 4. 9
- 5. 3
- 6. 10.2
- 7. 2
- 8. -9
- 9. 8

## Graphing on a Coordinate Plane

- K. (-2,4)
- M. (0,4)

- N. (4,-2)
- P. (-2,-4)
- 1. y = 1x + 1 or y = x + 1
- 2. y = 2x 1

## LCM and GCF

- 1. 18
- 2. 84
- 3. 56
- 4. 42
- 5. 9
- 6. 1
- 7. 2
- 8. 14