

## EVALUATE EXPRESSIONS

FIND THE VALUE OF  
THE EXPRESSION

## SOLVE EQUATIONS

FIND THE VALUE  
OF THE VARIABLE ( $x$ )



# Solve Two-Step Equations

Goal • Solve two-step equations.

### Your Notes

To solve  
equations you  
isolate  $x$ .

### IDENTIFYING OPERATIONS FOR 2 STEP EQUATIONS

Identify the operations involved in the equation

$$\boxed{3x + 7} = 19$$

First always simplify both sides

(1) STEP 1: UNDO ADD / SUBTRACTION

(2) STEP 2: UNDO MULT / DIVISION

(3) You must always check by substituting  
in the original equation.

### Example 1 Solve a two-step equation

Solve  $3x + 7 = 19$ .

#### Solution

$$\begin{array}{r}
 3x + 7 = 19 \\
 -7 \quad -7 \\
 \hline
 3x = 12 \\
 \hline
 3
 \end{array}$$

$\circ$

$x = 4$

Write original equation.

Subtract 7 from each side.

Simplify.

Divide each side by 3

Simplify.

The solution is circle it.

#### CHECK

$$3x + 7 = 19$$

$$3(\underline{4}) + 7 \stackrel{?}{=} 19$$

$$12 + 7 \stackrel{?}{=} 19$$

$$19 = 19 \checkmark$$

Write original equation.

Substitute 4 for  $x$ .

Multiply 3 by 4.

Simplify. Solution checks.

When solving a  
two-step equation,  
apply the inverse  
operations in the  
reverse order of the  
order of operations.

## Your Notes

2 Checkpoint Solve the two-step equation. Check your solution.

$$\begin{array}{r} 1. \frac{r}{4} - 12 = -5 \\ \underline{+12 \quad +12} \\ \cancel{\frac{r}{4}} = 7 \cdot 4 \\ R = 28 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2. 7k - 14 = 42 \\ \underline{+14 \quad +14} \\ \cancel{\frac{7k}{7}} = 56 \\ k = 8 \end{array}$$

Show all steps

$$\begin{array}{l} C: \frac{28}{4} - 12 = -5 \\ \quad 7 - 12 = -5 \\ \quad -5 = -5 \checkmark \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} C: 7(8) - 14 = 42 \\ \quad 42 = 42 \checkmark \end{array}$$

← MINIMUM WORK FOR Checks

### Example 2

Solve a two-step equation by combining like terms

Solve  $4a + 3a = 63$ .

**Solution**

$$4a + 3a = 63 \quad \leftarrow \text{Write original equation.}$$

$$\text{Combine like terms. } 4a + 3a = 7a$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 7a = 63 \\ \cancel{7} \quad \cancel{7} \\ a = 9 \end{array}$$

$$\text{Divide each side by } 7.$$

$$(a = 9)$$

Simplify.

The solution is  $\underline{\quad}$ .

**CHECK**

$$4a + 3a = 63 \quad \leftarrow \text{Write original equation.}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} C: 4(\underline{9}) + 3(\underline{9}) \stackrel{?}{=} 63 \\ \quad 36 + 27 \stackrel{?}{=} 63 \\ \quad 63 = 63 \checkmark \end{array}$$

ALWAYS SIMPLIFY  
BOTH SIDES FIRST

2 Checkpoint Solve the equation. Check your solution.

$$3. 5z + 4z = 36$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 9z = 36 \\ \cancel{9} \quad \cancel{9} \\ z = 4 \end{array}$$

$$4. 5b - 2b = 9$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3b = 9 \\ \cancel{3} \quad \cancel{3} \\ b = 3 \end{array}$$

$$C: 5(4) + 4(4) = 36$$

$$36 = 36 \checkmark$$

$$C: 5(3) - 2(3) = 9$$

$$15 - 6 = 9$$

$$9 = 9 \checkmark$$

## 3.3 Solve Multi-Step Equations

**Goal** • Solve multi-step equations.

Your Notes

### Example 1 Solve an equation by combining like terms

Solve  $3t + 5t - 5 = 11$ .

**Solution**

$$\begin{array}{r} 3t + 5t - 5 = 11 \\ \underline{+ 5 \quad + 5} \\ 8t = 16 \\ \underline{\cancel{8} \quad \cancel{8}} \\ t = 2 \end{array}$$

The solution is 2.

Check:  $3(2) + 5(2) - 5 = 11$  ✓

**SIMPLIFY**

Write original equation.

Combine like terms.

Add 5 to each side.

Simplify.

Divide each side by 8.

Simplify.

STEP I

ALWAYS  
SIMPLIFY  
BOTH SIDES

### Example 2 Solve an equation using the distributive property

Solve  $5a + 3(a + 2) = 22$ .

Show All Steps

$$\begin{array}{r} 5a + 3(a + 2) = 22 \\ 5a + 3a + 6 = 22 \\ \underline{- 6 \quad - 6} \\ 8a = 16 \\ \underline{\cancel{8} \quad \cancel{8}} \\ a = 2 \end{array}$$

C:  $5(2) + 3(2+2) = 22$

$$10 + 3(4) = 22$$

$$10 + 12 = 22$$

$$22 = 22 \checkmark$$

**Checkpoint** Solve the equation. Check your solution.

$$1. 9d - 4d - 2 = 18$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 5d - 21 = 18 \\ +2 \quad +2 \\ \hline 5d = 20 \\ \hline d = 4 \end{array}$$

$$2. 2x + 7(x - 3) = 6$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2x + 7x - 21 = 6 \\ 9x - 21 = 6 \\ +21 \quad +21 \\ \hline 9x = 27 \\ \hline x = 3 \end{array}$$

$$C: 9(4) - 4(4) - 2 = 18$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 36 - 16 - 2 = 18 \\ 18 = 18 \checkmark \end{array}$$

$$3. 40 = 2(10 + 4k) + 2k$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 40 = 20 + 8k + 2k \\ 40 = 10k + 20 \\ -20 \quad -20 \\ \hline \frac{20}{10} = \frac{10k}{10} \\ k = 2 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} C: 40 = 2(10 + 4(2)) + 2(2) \\ 40 = 2(18) + 4 \\ 40 = 40 \checkmark \end{array}$$

**Example 3** Multiply by a reciprocal to solve an equation

$$\text{Solve } \frac{3}{4}(a - 5) = 9.$$

Solution

$$\begin{array}{l} \left(\frac{4}{3}\right) \frac{3}{4}(a - 5) = 9 \left(\frac{4}{3}\right) \\ 1 \cdot (a - 5) = \frac{36}{3} \\ a - 5 = 12 \\ +5 \quad +5 \\ \hline a = 17 \end{array}$$

Write original equation.

Multiply each side by  $\frac{4}{3}$ .

2 WAYS TO SOLVE THIS PROBLEM

- ① DISTRIBUTE  $\frac{3}{4}$
- ② MULTIPLY BOTH SIDES BY THE RECIPROCAL

$$C: \frac{3}{4}(17 - 5) = 9$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \frac{3}{4}(12) = 9 \\ 9 = 9 \checkmark \end{array}$$

**Checkpoint** Solve the equation. Check your solution.

$$5. \frac{1}{2}(4x - 2) = 7$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2x - 1 = 7 \\ +1 \quad +1 \\ \hline 2x = 8 \\ \hline x = 4 \end{array}$$

$$C: \frac{1}{2}(4 \cdot 4 - 2) = 7$$

$$\frac{1}{2}(16 - 2) = 7$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \frac{1}{2}(14) = 7 \\ 7 = 7 \checkmark \end{array}$$

3.2 HW #1's 6-18(EVEN)

6)  $G = 8$

14)  $n = 21$

8)  $Q = 1$

16)  $P = 6$

10)  $W = 20$

18)  $X = 6$

12)  $Z = -12$

3.3 HW

#1's 8-16(EVEN), 19, 33, 38

8)  $Z = -5$

KI  
33)  $P = 288 \text{ inches} = 24 \text{ ft}$

10)  $m = -7$

$$\begin{array}{r} 6 \\ + 8 \\ \hline 14 \end{array}$$
$$\begin{array}{r} 10 \\ + 10 \\ \hline 20 \end{array}$$
$$\begin{array}{r} 4x \\ + 4x \\ \hline 8x \end{array}$$
$$\begin{array}{r} 10(x-1) \\ + 10(x-1) \\ \hline 20(x-1) \end{array}$$
$$P = 24 = (x+4) + 4x + 10(x-1)$$

12)  $Z = 2$

$$\begin{aligned} 24 &= x+4 + 4x + 10x - 10 \\ 24 &= 15x - 6 \\ + 6 & \quad + 6 \\ \hline 30 &= 15x \\ \hline 15 & \quad 15 \end{aligned}$$

$x = 2$

14)  $m = 3$

16)  $C = 5$

18)  $D = 12$

38) KI: \$32.50/ticket  
plus \$3.30/ticket  
plus \$5.90 per order  
Total spending = \$220.70

The sides are 6 ft, 8 ft, 10 ft

DEFINE EQ:

$$(\$32.50 + \$3.30)x + 5.90 = 220.70$$

$x = 6$

DEFINE VARIABLE:

$x = \# \text{ tickets bought}$

Bought 6 Tickets



## 3.4

# Solve Equations with Variables on Both Sides

### Goal

Solve equations with variables on both sides.

EQUATIONS HAVE 3 TYPES OF SOLUTIONS  
*Your Notes*

- ① 1 SOLUTION  $x = \#$
- ② NO SOLUTION  $x = \emptyset$
- ③ ALL REAL NUMBERS

Collect variables on one side of the equation and constant terms on the other to solve equations with variables on both sides.

- ① ALWAYS SIMPLIFY BOTH SIDES
- ② GET THE VARIABLE ON ONE SIDE

### VOCABULARY

Identity means that an EQUATION IS TRUE FOR ANY VALUE OF X.

SOLUTION  $\rightarrow [x = \text{all real numbers}]$

OR  $[x = \mathbb{R}]$

### Example 1 Solve an equation with variables on both sides

Solve  $15 + 4a = 9a - 5$ .

#### Solution

$$\begin{array}{r} 15 + 4a = 9a - 5 \\ -4a \quad -4a \\ \hline 15 = 5a - 5 \end{array}$$

Write original equation.

Subtract  $4a$  from each side.

2 STEP EQUATION

$$\begin{array}{r} 15 = 5a - 5 \\ +5 \quad +5 \\ \hline 20 = 5a \\ 5 \quad 5 \end{array}$$

(1) Add  $5$  to each side.

Simplify.

$$a = 4$$

(2) Divide each side by  $5$ .

Simplify.

The solution is  $a = 4$ .

#### CHECK

$$\begin{array}{r} 15 + 4(\frac{a}{4}) \stackrel{?}{=} 9(\frac{a}{4}) - 5 \\ 15 + \frac{16}{4} \stackrel{?}{=} \frac{36}{4} - 5 \\ 15 + 4 = 9 - 5 \end{array}$$

In original equation.

Substitute  $4$  for  $a$ .

Multiply.

Solution checks.

## Your Notes

**Example 2** Solve an equation with grouping symbols

Solve  $4t - 12 = 6(t + 3)$ .

**Solution**

$$\begin{aligned} 4t - 12 &= 6(t + 3) && \text{Write original equation.} \\ 4t - 12 &= 6t + 18 && \checkmark \text{Distributive property} \\ -4t & \quad \quad \quad -4t \\ \underline{-12} &= \underline{2t + 18} && * \text{Subtract } \cancel{4t} \text{ from each side.} \\ -18 & \quad \quad \quad -18 \\ \underline{-30} &= \underline{2t} && * \text{Subtract } \cancel{18} \text{ from each side.} \\ \frac{-30}{2} &= \frac{2t}{2} && * \text{Divide each side by } 2. \\ t = -15 & && C: 4(-15) - 12 = 6(-15 + 3) \\ & && -72 = -72 \checkmark \end{aligned}$$

**Checkpoint** Solve the equation. Check your solution.

$$C: 3(1) + 7 = 8(1) + 2 \\ 10 = 10 \checkmark$$

$$\begin{aligned} 1. \quad 3b + 7 &= 8b + 2 \\ -3b & \quad \quad \quad -3b \\ \underline{7} &= \underline{5b + 2} \\ \frac{7}{5} &= \frac{5b}{5} \quad (B=1) \\ \frac{7}{5} &= b \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 2. \quad 6d - 6 &= \frac{3}{4}(4d + 8) \\ 6d - 6 & \quad \quad \quad -3d \\ \underline{3d - 6} &= \underline{3d + 6} \\ \frac{3d - 6}{3} &= \frac{3d + 6}{3} \quad (D=4) \\ d &= 4 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} C: 6(4) - 6 &= \frac{3}{4}(4 \cdot 4 + 8) \\ 24 - 6 &= \frac{3}{4}(24) \\ 18 &= 18 \checkmark \end{aligned}$$

**Example 3** Identify the number of solutions of an equation

Solve the equation, if possible.

**SPECIAL CASES**

(Check mentally but do not need to write it)

a.  $4x + 5 = 4(x + 5)$

$$\begin{aligned} 4x + 5 &= 4x + 20 \\ -4x & \quad \quad \quad -4x \\ 5 &\neq 20 \quad (F) \end{aligned}$$

**X = NO SOLUTION** or **X = Ø**

Original equation

Distributive property

When the variable drops out AND THE NUMBERS DO NOT EQUAL THEN THERE IS NO SOLUTION.

b.  $6x - 3 = 3(2x - 1)$

$$\begin{aligned} 6x - 3 &= 6x - 3 \\ -6x & \quad \quad \quad -6x \\ -3 &= -3 \quad (T) \end{aligned}$$

Original equation

Distributive property

When the variable drops out and the numbers are EQUAL THEN THERE IS AN INFINITE NUMBER OF SOLUTIONS.

**X = ALL REAL NUMBERS**

Check	$x = 0$	$-3 = -3 \checkmark$	0 is a solution
	$X = 1$	$3 = 3 \checkmark$	1 is a solution
	$X = 2$	$9 = 9 \checkmark$	2 is a solution
	$X = 3$	$15 = 15 \checkmark$	3 is a solution
	$X = 4$	$21 = 21 \checkmark$	4 is a solution

**Your Notes**

ADD

**15**  $4x - 3 = 3(x - 1)$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 4x - 3 & = & 3(x - 1) \\ 4x - 3 & = & 3x - 3 \\ +3 & & +3 \\ \hline 4x & = & 3x \\ -3x & & -3x \\ \hline x & = & 0 \end{array}$$

C:  $4(0) - 3 = 3(0 - 1)$   
 $-3 = -3 \checkmark$

✓ **checkpoint** Solve the equation, if possible.

3.  $\frac{1}{2}(4t - 6) = 2t$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 2t - 3 & = & 2t \\ -2t & & -2t \\ \hline -3 & \neq & 0 \end{array}$$

$$2 \cdot \frac{1}{2}(4t - 6) = 2t \cdot 2$$

$$4t - 6 = 4t$$

**T = NO SOLUTION**

4.  $10m - 4 = -2(2 - 5m)$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 10m - 4 & = & -4 + 10m \\ -10m & & -10m \\ \hline -4 & = & -4 \checkmark \end{array}$$

**X = ALL REAL NUMBERS**

**Book ANSWER: IDENTITY**

**STEPS FOR SOLVING LINEAR EQUATIONS**

**Step 1** Use the distributive property to remove any grouping symbols.

**Step 2** Simplify the expression on each side of the equation.

**Step 3** Use the properties of equality to collect the Variable terms on one side of the equation and the Constant terms on the other side of the equation.

**Step 4** Use the properties of equality to solve for the variable.

**Step 5** Check your solution in the original equation.



13.4 HW PG 157 #1's 4-14(E), 18-26(E), 41, 46

4)  $K=1$   
C:  $Z = Z \checkmark$

6)  $m=3$   
C:  $20 = 20 \checkmark$

8)  $P = -6$

10)  $H = 3$   
C:  $8 = 8 \checkmark$

12)  $R=5$   
C:  $84 = 84 \checkmark$

14)  $n=7$   
C:  $45 = 45 \checkmark$

18)  $W = \text{NO SOLUTION}$

20)  $Z = \text{NO SOLUTION}$

22)  $X = -33$   
C:  $-656 = -656 \checkmark$

24)  $Y = \text{ALL REAL NUMBERS}$

26)  $G = \text{ALL REAL NUMBERS}$

46)  $\underline{\underline{KI}}$   $\boxed{P=?}$   $3x+7$   
 $S = 3(9)+7 = 34$   
 $S = 4(9)-2 = 34$

$$\begin{array}{r} 4x-2 = 3x+7 \\ -3x \quad -3x \\ \hline x-2 = 7 \\ \hline +2 +2 \\ \hline x = 9 \end{array}$$

$$P = 4(34) = 136$$

Perimeter = 136 UNITS

$$4) 14 - \frac{1}{5}(J-10) = \frac{2}{5}(25+J)$$
$$14 - \frac{1}{5}J + 2 = \frac{2}{5}J + 10$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -\frac{1}{5}J + 16 = \frac{2}{5}J + 10 \\ +\frac{1}{5}J \quad +\frac{1}{5}J \\ \hline 16 = \frac{3}{5}J + 10 \\ -10 \quad -10 \\ \hline 6 = \frac{3}{5}J \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \frac{5}{3} \cdot 6 = \frac{3}{5}J \left(\frac{5}{3}\right)^1 \\ \frac{30}{3} = J \\ J = 10 \end{array}$$

$$C: 14 - \frac{1}{5}(10-10) = \frac{2}{5}(25+10)$$
$$\frac{2}{5}(35)^1$$
$$14 = 14 \checkmark$$



## 3.5 Write Ratios and Proportions

**Goals** • Find ratios and write and solve proportions.

### Your Notes

#### VOCABULARY

Ratio The use of division to compare 2 quantities

Proportion 2 RATIOS THAT ARE EQUIVALENT. EXAMPLE  $\frac{1}{2} = \frac{20}{40}$

#### RATIOS

1. A ratio uses Division to compare two quantities.
2. The ratio of two quantities,  $a$  and  $b$ , where  $b$  is not equal to 0, can be written in three ways:

$$\frac{a}{b}$$

$$a:b$$

$$[a \text{ to } b]$$

3. Each ratio is read "the ratio of  $a$  to  $b$ ".

4. Ratios should be written in Simplest form.

EXAMPLE  $\frac{40}{60} = \frac{2}{3}$

#### Example 1 Write a ratio

Cell Phone Use A person makes 6 long distance calls and 15 local calls in 1 month.

- a. Find the ratio of long distance calls to local calls.
- b. Find the ratio of long distance calls to all calls.

#### Solution

a.  $\frac{\text{long distance calls}}{\text{local calls}} = \frac{6}{15} = \frac{2}{5}$

b.  $\frac{\text{long distance calls}}{\text{all calls}} = \frac{6}{21} = \frac{2}{7}$

$6+15$

**Your Notes**

- ✓ **Checkpoint** Shawn and Myra are selling tickets to their school's talent show. Shawn sold 36 tickets, and Myra sold 44 tickets. Find the specified ratio.

1. The number of tickets Shawn sold to the number of tickets Myra sold

$$\frac{\text{SHAWN}}{\text{MYRA}} = \frac{36}{44} = \boxed{\frac{9}{11}}$$

2. The number of tickets Myra sold to the number of tickets Shawn and Myra sold

$$\frac{\text{MYRA}}{\text{TOTAL}} = \frac{44}{80} = \boxed{\frac{11}{20}}$$

**Example 2 Solve a proportion**

Solve the proportion  $\frac{y}{15} = \frac{3}{5}$ .

**Solution**

$$\frac{y}{15} = \frac{3}{5}$$

Write original proportion.

CROSS MULTIPLY  
AND DIVIDE

$$\frac{5y}{5} = \frac{3 \cdot 15}{5}$$

$$\boxed{y = 9}$$

Use the same methods for solving equations to solve proportions with a variable in the numerator.

- ✓ **Checkpoint** Solve the proportion. Check your solution.

$$3. \frac{9}{4} = \frac{c}{28}$$

$$\cancel{4} \quad \cancel{4} \\ 4c = 9 \times 28$$

$$\boxed{c = 63}$$

$$C: \frac{9}{4} = \frac{63}{28} \\ 2.25 = 2.25 \checkmark$$

$$4. \frac{a}{32} = \frac{7}{8}$$

$$\cancel{8} \quad \cancel{8} \\ A = 7 \cdot 32$$

$$\boxed{A = 28}$$

$$C: \frac{28}{32} = \frac{7}{8} \\ .875 = .875 \checkmark$$

**Your Notes****Example 3** Solve a multi-step problem

**Swimming Pool** An empty swimming pool is being filled with water. After 5 minutes the pool has 400 gallons of water. If the pool has a volume of 11,200 gallons, how long does it take to fill the empty pool?

**Solution**

**Step 1** Write a proportion involving two ratios that compare the amount of water in the pool to the amount of time.

$$\frac{400}{5} = \frac{11,200}{x}$$

← gallons  
← minutes

Ratio is gallons to minutes

**Step 2** Solve the proportion.

$$\frac{400}{400} \cancel{x} = 5(11,200)$$

~~400~~ ← minutes

$$X = 140$$

The pool is full after 140 minutes. OR 2 hours and 20 min

**Homework****Checkpoint** Complete the following exercise.

5. An Olympic sized pool has a volume of 810,000 gallons. If it is filled at the same rate as the pool in Example 3, how long will it take to fill the pool?

Rate:  $\frac{400 \text{ gallons}}{5 \text{ minutes}} = \frac{810,000 \text{ gal}}{M}$

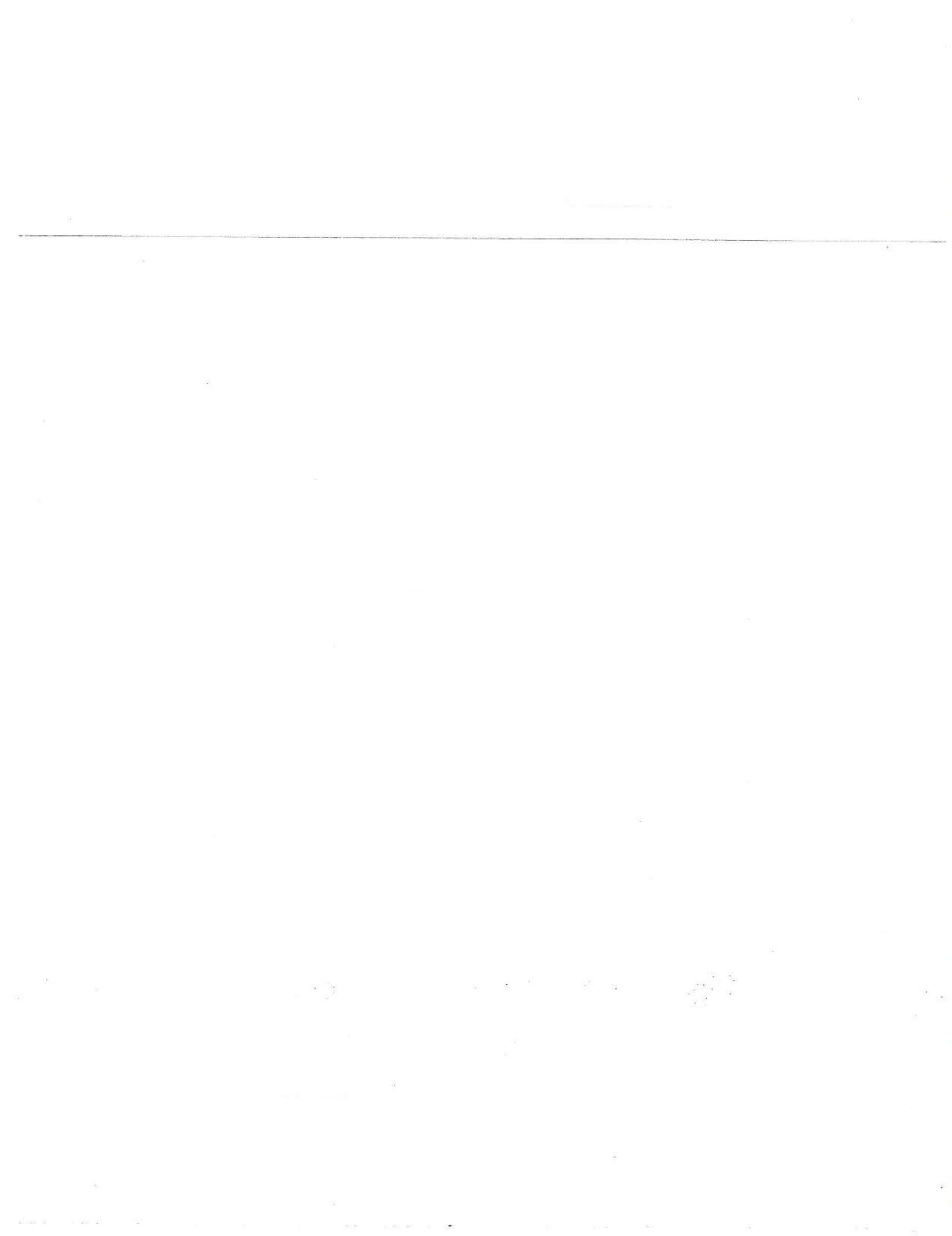
$M = ?$  minutes

$$\frac{400}{400} M = 5(810,000)$$

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$(M = 10,125 \text{ minutes})$

168.75 hrs



## 3.6 Solve Proportions Using Cross Products

**Goal** • Solve proportions using cross products.

### Your Notes

#### VOCABULARY

Cross product

$$\frac{a}{b} = \frac{c}{d}$$

Cross Product :  $a \cdot d = b \cdot c$

NOTE IF THE CROSS PRODUCTS ARE EQUAL THEN IT IS A TRUE PROPORTION.

#### CROSS PRODUCTS PROPERTY

Words The cross products of a proportion are EQUAL.

Example  $\frac{5}{6} = \frac{10}{12}$  They are equal

Algebra If  $\frac{a}{b} = \frac{c}{d}$  where  $b \neq 0$  and  $d \neq 0$ , then  $ad = bc$ .

**Your Notes****Example 1 Solve a proportion using cross products**

Solve the proportion  $\frac{5}{y} = \frac{15}{75}$ .

**Solution**

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{5}{y} &= \frac{15}{75} \\ 5y &= 15 \cdot 75 \\ 15 &\quad 15 \cdot 3 \\ y &= 25 \end{aligned}$$

The solution is  $y = 25$ .

Write original proportion.

Cross products property

Simplify.

$$\begin{aligned} C: \quad \frac{5}{25} &= \frac{15}{75} \\ \frac{1}{5} &= \frac{1}{5} \checkmark \end{aligned}$$

← reduce fractions

**STEP I****KI:**

3T food with 16oz water

80 oz to feed plants

**STEP II****VARIABLE**

$x = \# \text{ of T of plant food}$

must have UNITS

**Example 2 Write and solve a proportion**

**Plant Food** To feed your plants, you need to mix 3 tablespoons of plant food with 16 ounces of water. If it takes 80 ounces of water to feed all of your plants, how many tablespoons of plant food are needed? ← DEFINE VARIABLE

**Solution**

**Step 3** Write a proportion involving two ratios that compare the amount of plant food with the amount of water.

$$\frac{3}{16} = \frac{x}{80}$$

← amount of plant food  
← amount of water

**Step 4** Solve the proportion.

$$\begin{aligned} 16x &= 3 \cdot 80 \\ 16 &\quad 16 \\ x &= 15 \end{aligned}$$

Write proportion.

Cross product property

Simplify.

**STEP 5 WRITE ANSWER IN A SENTENCE**

You need 15 tablespoons of plant food for 80 ounces of water.

### Your Notes

$$C: \frac{5}{9} = \frac{25}{45}$$

$\frac{5}{9} = \frac{5}{9} \checkmark$

✓ Checkpoint Solve the proportion. Check your solution.

$$1. \frac{5}{n} = \frac{25}{45}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 5 \cdot 45 &= 25n \\ 225 &= 25n \\ 5(n) &= 5 \end{aligned}$$

$$2. \frac{6}{b} = \frac{3}{b-2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 6(b-2) &= 3b \\ 6b - 12 &= 3b \\ -6b &= -12 \\ -3 &= -3 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} C: \frac{6}{4} &= \frac{3}{4-2} \\ \frac{3}{2} &= \frac{3}{2} \checkmark \end{aligned}$$

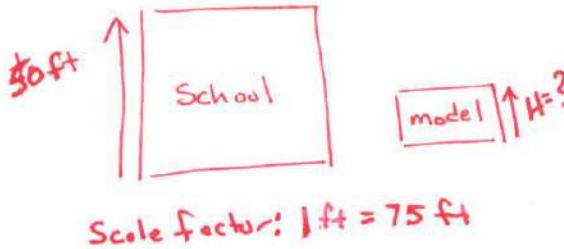
3. In Example 2, suppose it takes 120 ounces to feed all of the plants. How many tablespoons of plant food are needed?

$$\frac{3}{16} = \frac{x}{120} \rightarrow \frac{16x}{16} = \frac{3(120)}{16}$$

$$x = \frac{90}{4} = 22.5$$

Need 22.5 tablespoons  
of plant food

KI:



Variable

$$H = \text{height of the model} \quad (\text{ft})$$

### Example 3 Use a scale model

**Scale Model** An architect creates a scale model of a school. The school is 50 feet high. The ratio of the model to the actual school is 1 foot to 75 feet. Estimate the height of the model.

#### Solution

Write and solve a proportion to find the height  $h$  of the scale model.

$$\frac{H}{50} = \frac{1}{75}$$

← height of model (feet)  
← actual height (feet)

$$\frac{75H}{75} = \frac{50}{75}$$

Cross products property

Simplify.

The height of the scale model is  $\frac{2}{3}$  foot, or  $8$  inches.

$$\frac{2}{3}, 12\bar{7}$$

✓ Checkpoint Complete the following exercise.

4. In Example 3, suppose the ratio of the model to the actual school is 1 foot to 100 feet. Estimate the height of the model.

$$\frac{\text{MODEL}}{\text{ACTUAL}} = \frac{H}{50} = \frac{1}{100}$$

← Scale factor

$$\frac{100H}{100} = \frac{50}{100}$$

$$H = \frac{1}{2} \text{ ft or } 6 \text{ in}$$

HEIGHT OF THE MODEL IS  $\frac{1}{2}$  ft or 6 in



N 3.6 HW Pg 171 #1's 13, 19-25, 33-34

$$\textcircled{13} \quad \frac{11}{w} = \frac{33}{w+24}$$

$$11(w+24) = 33w$$

$$264 = 22w$$

$$w = 12$$

$$\therefore \frac{11}{12} = \frac{33}{12+24}$$

$$\frac{11}{12} = \frac{33}{36}$$

$$\frac{11}{12} = \frac{11}{12} \checkmark$$

$$\textcircled{14} \quad \frac{a}{9a-2} = \frac{1}{8}$$

$$8a = 9a - 2$$

$$-a = -2$$

$$a = 2$$

$$\textcircled{15} \quad \frac{7}{3} = \frac{2x+5}{x}$$

$$7x = 3(2x+5)$$

$$X = 15$$

$$\textcircled{16} \quad \frac{c-8}{-2} = \frac{11-4c}{11}$$

$$11(c-8) = -2(11-4c)$$

$$11c - 88 = -22 + 8c$$

$$3c = 66$$

$$c = 22$$

$$\textcircled{17} \quad \frac{k-8}{7+k} = \frac{-1}{5}$$

$$5(k-8) = -1(k+7)$$

$$5k - 40 = -k - 7$$

$$6k = 33$$

$$k = 5.5$$

$$\textcircled{18} \quad \frac{2}{3} = \frac{4v+4}{2v+14}$$

$$2(2v+14) = -3(4v+4)$$

$$4v+28 = -12v-12$$

$$16v = -40$$

$$v = -2.5$$

$$\textcircled{19} \quad \frac{m+1}{4} = \frac{3m+6}{7}$$

$$7(m+1) = 4(3m+6)$$

$$7m+7 = 12m+24$$

$$-17 = 5m$$

$$m = -3.4$$

KS:  
BISCUITS  
FLOOR  
 $x = \# \text{ cups flour}$

$$\textcircled{20} \quad \frac{12 \text{ BISCUITS}}{2 \text{ C FLOUR}} = \frac{30 \text{ Biscuits}}{x \text{ C FLOUR}}$$

$$x = 5$$

Need 5 CUPS FLOUR

$$\xrightarrow{\text{WP proportion}} \frac{12}{2} = \frac{30}{x}$$

$$\textcircled{21} \quad \frac{7.2 \text{ MIN}}{8 \text{ PHOTOS}} = \frac{x \text{ MIN}}{20 \text{ PHOTOS}}$$

$$x = 18$$

WILL TAKE 18 MIN.  
TO UPLOAD 20 PHOTOS

$$\text{WP proportion} \quad \frac{7.2}{8} = \frac{x}{20}$$

N 3.6 X HW

EXTRA CREDIT

Pg 172 #'s 35-39

KI:  $\frac{\text{cm}}{\text{km}}$

[D = distance in KM]

35

$$\frac{1 \text{ cm}}{15 \text{ Km}} = \frac{6 \text{ cm}}{D}$$

DISTANCE = 90 Km

36

$$\frac{1 \text{ cm}}{15 \text{ Km}} = \frac{3.2 \text{ cm}}{D}$$

$$D = 48$$

Distance is  
48 Km

37

$$\frac{1 \text{ cm}}{15 \text{ Km}} = \frac{7.5 \text{ cm}}{D}$$

$$D = 7.5$$

Distance  
is 7.5 Km

38

$$\frac{1 \text{ cm}}{15 \text{ Km}} = \frac{4.7 \text{ cm}}{D}$$

$$D = 70.5$$

Distance is  
70.5 Km

39

KI: MODEL 1m : 25m

EMPIRE STATE is 443.2 m

What is the height of the model?

H = Model height (m)

$$\frac{1}{25} = \frac{H}{443.2}$$

$$H = \frac{443.2 \times 1}{25}$$

$$H = 17.736$$

Model is 17.736 m tall

## 2 METHODS TO SOLVE PROPORTIONS

① PROPORTION METHOD

② WRITE AN EQUATION TO SOLVE

### 3.7 Solve Percent Problems

**Goal** • Solve percent problems.

Your Notes

#### SOLVING PERCENT PROBLEMS USING PROPORTIONS

METHOD I

You can represent "a is p percent of b" by using the proportion

$$\frac{a}{b} = \frac{p}{100}$$

OR

$$\frac{\text{IS}}{\text{OF}} = \frac{p\%}{100}$$

where a is a part of the base b and  $p/100$  or p%, is the percent

METHOD  
I

#### Example 1 Find a percent using a proportion

What percent of 50 is 33?

##### Solution

Write a proportion when 50 is the base and 33 is part of the base.

$$\frac{33}{50} = \frac{P}{100} \quad \leftarrow \text{Write proportion.}$$

$$\frac{50P}{50} = \frac{33 \cdot 100}{50} \quad \leftarrow \begin{array}{l} \text{SOLVE} \\ \text{Cross products property} \end{array}$$

33 is 66% of 50.

Don't forget % sign

$$\text{METHOD I: } \frac{\text{IS}}{\text{OF}} = \frac{P\%}{100}$$

### Your Notes

✓ Checkpoint Use a proportion to answer the question.

1. What percent of 80 is 28?

$$\frac{P}{100} = \frac{28}{80} \Rightarrow \frac{80P}{80} = \frac{28 \cdot 100}{80} \quad P = 35\%$$

2. What percent of 90 is 36?

$$\frac{P}{100} = \frac{36}{90} \Rightarrow \frac{90P}{90} = \frac{36 \cdot 100}{90} \quad P = 40\%$$

### THE PERCENT EQUATION

You can represent "a is p percent of b" by using the equation:

$$\text{EQ: } a = P\% \cdot b$$

where a is a part of the base b and p% is the percent.

METHOD  
II

### TRANSLATE

"IS" means =

"OF" means multiply

### Variables

P = percent

N = number

### Example 2 Find a percent using the percent equation

What percent of 250 is 100? WORDS

TRANSLATE

$$\frac{P}{250} \cdot 250 = \frac{100}{250} \quad \text{Write percent equation.}$$

$$P = \frac{100}{250} = \frac{2}{5} \% \rightarrow \text{decimals}$$

$$(P = .4)$$

Write decimal as a percent.

100 is 40% of 250

$$(P = 40\%)$$

CHECK with proportion method

$$\frac{P=40}{100} = \frac{100}{250}$$

$$40 \cdot 250 = 100 \cdot 100 \quad \text{Cross products}$$

$$10000 = 10000 \checkmark$$

$\frac{2}{5}$   
divide

$5 \sqrt{2}$

## Your Notes

**Example 3** Find a part of a base using the percent equation

WRITE

What number is  $\frac{75}{100}$  of  $\underline{300}$ ?**Solution**

$$N = .75 \cdot 300$$

$$\boxed{N = 225}$$

 $\underline{225}$  is 75% of  $\underline{300}$ 

Write percent equation.

Change %'s to decimals!!

$$C: \frac{225}{300} = \frac{75}{100}$$

$$225(100) = 300(75)$$

$$22,500 = 22,500 \checkmark$$

- ✓ **Checkpoint** Use the percent equation to answer the question.

Check w/ proportion

3. What percent of 75 is  $\underline{60}$ ?

$$P \cdot \frac{75}{100} = \frac{60}{75}$$

$$\frac{75}{100} = \frac{12}{15} = \frac{4}{5}$$

$$P = 4/5 \rightarrow P = 80\%$$

4. What number is  $\underline{40}$ % of 80?

$$N = .4 \cdot 80$$

$$\boxed{N = 32}$$

$$C: \frac{32}{80} = \frac{40}{100}$$

$$3,200 = 3,200 \checkmark$$

$$C: \frac{80}{100} = \frac{60}{75}$$

$$80(75) = 60(100)$$

$$6,000 = 6,000 \checkmark$$

**Example 4** Find a base using the percent equation25 is  $\underline{12.5}\%$  of what number?**Solution**Change  $\underline{12.5}\% \rightarrow .125$ 

Write percent equation.

$$25 = .125 \cdot N$$

$$\boxed{| N = 200 } \quad | N = 200$$

25 is  $\underline{12.5}\%$  of  $\underline{200}$ .

$$C: \frac{12.5}{100} = \frac{25}{200}$$

$$2,500 = 2,500 \checkmark$$

### Your Notes

✓ Checkpoint Use the percent equation to answer the question.

EQ →

5. 60 is 25% of what number?

$$\frac{60}{.25} = \frac{1.25 \cdot N}{.25}$$

$$n = \frac{6000}{125}$$

$$\boxed{N=240}$$

$$\frac{60}{N} = \frac{25}{100}$$

$$\frac{25N}{25} = \frac{60 \cdot 100}{25}$$

Proportion

EQ →

6. 75 is 150% of what number?

$$\frac{75}{1.50} = \frac{1.50 \cdot N}{1.50}$$

$$n = \frac{7500}{150}$$

$$n = \frac{750}{15} = \frac{150}{3}$$

$$\boxed{N=50}$$

$$\frac{75}{N} = \frac{150}{100}$$

$$\frac{150N}{150} = \frac{75 \cdot 100}{150}$$

$$n = \frac{150}{3}$$

Proportion

### Homework

#### TYPES OF PERCENT EQUATIONS

##### Percent Problem

① Find a percent.

##### Example

What percent of 252 is 84?

##### Equation

$$P \cdot 252 = 84$$

② Find part of a base.

What number is 30% of 90?

$$N = .30 \cdot 90$$

③ Find a base.

16 is 20% of what number?

$$16 = .20 \cdot N$$

IS → =

OF → ×

Change %'s  
to decimals

EVEN'S ON  
NEXT PAGE

**n3.7 HW** Pg 179 #'s 1, 2, 3-17 (odd)

1) IN THE STATEMENT: 54 is 15% OF 360

ANSWER:  
 Percent is 15.  
 Part (IS) is 54.  
 Base (OF) is 360.

$$\frac{\text{IS (PART)}}{\text{OF (BASE)}} = \frac{P}{100}$$

2) "28 is 35% OF 80" → Proportion:  $\frac{28}{80} = \frac{35}{100}$   
 ↗ a ↘ b  
 Goes in Numerator Percent  
 ↗ .35 ↘  
 Goes in denominator

3)  $\frac{27}{75} = \frac{P}{100}$   $P \cdot 75 = 27$   $P = 36$   $36\%$

5)  $\frac{35}{100} = \frac{N}{80}$   $N = 35 \cdot 80$   $N = 28$

7)  $\frac{81}{N} = \frac{54}{100}$   $81 = .54 \cdot N$   $N = 150$

9)  $P \cdot 80 = 56$   $P = .7$   $P = 70\%$

11)  $P \cdot 153 = 9.18$   $P = .06$   $P = 6\%$

13)  $N = 1.15 \cdot 60$   $N = 69$

$\frac{N}{60} = \frac{115}{100}$

15)  $7 = .28 \cdot N$   $N = 25$

$\frac{7}{N} = \frac{28}{100}$

17)  $41.8 = .44 \cdot N$   $N = 95$

$\frac{41.8}{N} = \frac{44}{100}$

**3.7**

(EVENS)

pg 179

EQ

$$(4) \quad P \cdot 120 = 66$$

$p = .55$

Proportion

$$\frac{66}{120} = \frac{P}{100}$$

$$P = 55\%$$

$$(6) \quad N = .60 \cdot 85$$

$N = 51$

$$\frac{60}{100} = \frac{N}{85}$$

$$(8) \quad 42 = 2.00 \cdot N$$

$N = 21$

$$\frac{200}{100} = \frac{42}{N}$$

$$(10) \quad P \cdot 225 = 99$$

$P = .44$

$$\frac{P}{100} = \frac{99}{225}$$

$P = 44\%$

$$(12) \quad N = .18 \cdot 150$$

$N = 27$

$$\frac{18}{100} = \frac{N}{150}$$

$$(14) \quad N = .82 \cdot 215$$

$N = 176.3$

$$\frac{82}{100} = \frac{N}{215}$$

$$(16) \quad 189 = .9 \cdot N$$

$N = 210$

$$\frac{90}{100} = \frac{189}{N}$$

## 3.8 Rewrite Equations and Formulas

- Goal** • Write equations in function form and rewrite formulas.

### Your Notes

**FUNCTION FORM**

$$y = mx + b$$

↓                  ↓  
slope      y-intercept

#### VOCABULARY

Function form IS THE SAME AS  $y = mx + b$

\* GIVEN AN EQUATION WITH  $x$  AND  $y$   
YOU ISOLATE  $y$  ( $y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ )

Literal equation are EQUATION WITH  
2 OR MORE VARIABLES  
(AKA Letters)

#### Example 1 Rewrite an equation in function form

Write  $2x + 2y = 10$  in function form.

##### Solution

Solve the equation for  $y$ .

$$\begin{array}{r} 2x + 2y = 10 \\ -2x \end{array} \quad \leftarrow \text{Write original equation. ISOLATE } y$$

$$2y = \frac{-2x + 10}{2} \quad \leftarrow \text{Subtract } 2x \text{ from each side.}$$

$$\frac{2y}{2} = \frac{-2x + 10}{2} \quad \leftarrow \text{Divide each side by } 2. \text{ (ALL TERMS DIVIDE BY } 2\text{)}$$

The equation  $y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$  is written in function form.

#### Example 2 Solve a literal equation

Solve  $a + by = c$  for  $a$ .

##### Solution

$$\begin{array}{r} a + by = c \\ -by \end{array} \quad \leftarrow \text{Write original equation. and solve for } a$$

$$a = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad \leftarrow \text{Subtract } by \text{ from each side.}$$

The solution is  $a = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ .

### Your Notes

KI

$$\begin{aligned} I &= \text{interest \$'s} \\ P &= \text{investment \$'s} \\ r &= \text{interest rate} \quad (\% \rightarrow \text{decimal}) \\ t &= \text{years} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Formula: } I = Prt$$

### Example 3 Solve and use a formula

The interest  $I$  on an investment of  $P$  dollars at an interest rate  $r$  for  $t$  years is given by the formula  $I = Prt$ .

- a. Solve the formula for the time  $t$ .

- b. Use the rewritten formula to find the time it takes to earn \$100 interest on \$1000 at a rate of 5.0%.

**Solution**

a.  $\frac{I}{Pr} = t$

$$I = Pr$$

Solve for  $t$  to get a new formula.  
Write original formula.

Divide each side by  $Pr$ .

- b. Substitute  $\$100$  for  $I$ ,  $\$1000$  for  $P$ , and  $5\%$  for  $r$  in the rewritten formula.

$$t = \frac{I}{Pr}$$

Write rewritten formula.

$$t = \frac{100}{1000 \cdot .05}$$

Simplify →  $t = \frac{100}{50}$

$$(t = 2)$$

Simplify.

It will take  $2$  years to earn \$100 in interest.

- ✓ Checkpoint Write the equation in function form.

$$\begin{aligned} 1. \quad 2x + y &= 5 \\ -2x &\quad -2x \\ \hline y &= -2x + 5 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 2. \quad 3y + 9 &= 6x - 6 \\ -3 &\quad -3 \\ \hline 3y &= 6x - 15 \\ \hline y &= 2x - 5 \end{aligned}$$

$$(y = -2x + 2)$$

- ✓ Checkpoint Complete the following exercises.

$$\begin{aligned} 3. \quad a + by &= c \\ -a &\quad -a \\ \hline by &= c - a \\ b &= \frac{c-a}{y} \end{aligned}$$

4. In Example 3, solve the equation for  $P$ . Find the investment  $P$  if  $I = \$400$ ,  $r = 4\%$  and  $t = 4$  years.

Variable  
Term  
Constant  
Last

### Homework

Write a new formula  
for  $P$

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$$\begin{aligned} I &= Prt \\ \frac{I}{rt} &= \frac{Prt}{rt} \\ P &= \frac{I}{rt} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} P &= \frac{I}{rt} \\ P &= \frac{400}{.04(4)} = \frac{10,000}{.16} = 2,500 \end{aligned}$$

Use the formula  
to answer?

NAME \_\_\_\_\_  
Date \_\_\_\_\_  
Period \_\_\_\_\_

3.8 pg 187 #1-8, 11-13, 20-22

(1) LITERAL EQUATION (write sentence)

$$b-d = x + a$$

$$b-d = (a+b)x$$

(2) To solve I = prt for t.

① divide each side by pr

② New formula

$$t = \frac{I}{pr}$$

(3)  $ax = bx - c$

$$\underline{-bx} \quad \underline{-bx}$$

$$ax - bx = -c$$

$$\cancel{x(a-b)} = -c$$

$$(a-b) \quad (a-b)$$

$$x = \frac{-c}{a-b}$$

(4)  $a(x+b) = c$

$$\underline{ax+ab} = c$$

$$\underline{-ab} \quad \underline{-ab}$$

$$\cancel{ax} = \frac{c-ab}{a}$$

$$x = \frac{c-ab}{a}$$

(5)  $c = \frac{x+a}{b}$

$$\underline{b \cdot c} = \underline{x+a}$$

$$\underline{-a} \quad \underline{-a}$$

$$bc = x + a$$

$$x = bc - a$$

Cross multiply

(6)  $\frac{x}{a} = \frac{b}{c}$

$$\underline{ab} = \underline{cx}$$

$$\frac{ab}{c} = x$$

$$x = \frac{ab}{c}$$

BONJU-

⑦  $\frac{x}{a} + b = c$   
 $\frac{-b}{a}$   
 $\frac{x}{a} = (c - b)a$   
 $x = a(c - b)$

⑧  $ax + b = cx - d$   
 $-cx$   
 $ax - cx + b = -d$   
 $-b$   
 $ax - cx = -b - d$   
 $x(a - c) = -b - d$

⑨  $y = -2x + 7$

$x = \frac{-b - d}{a - c}$  or  $x = \frac{b + d}{c - a}$

⑩  $5x + 4y = 10$   
 $-5x$   
 $4y = -5x + 10$

$\frac{4}{4}y = \frac{-5}{4}x + \frac{5}{2}$   
 $y = -\frac{5}{4}x + \frac{5}{2}$

⑪  $V = lwh$

$W = \frac{V}{lh}$   
 $\frac{V}{d} = x$   
 $\frac{V}{d} = 20$

⑫  $S = 2B + Ph$

$S - 2B = Ph$   
 $\frac{S - 2B}{P} = h$

$h = \frac{S - 2B}{P}$

⑬  $\frac{l}{24} = x$   
 $\frac{24}{24} = x$

$f = \frac{l}{24}$

$\frac{D}{2} = x$   
 $(D - 2d) = x$