

A.A.23: Transforming Formulas 1: Solve literal equations for a given variable

1 Which equation is equivalent to $3x + 4y = 15$?

- 1) $y = \frac{15 - 3x}{4}$
- 2) $y = \frac{3x - 15}{4}$
- 3) $y = 15 - 3x$
- 4) $y = 3x - 15$

5 If $x = 2a - b^2$, then a equals

- 1) $\frac{x - b^2}{2}$
- 2) $\frac{x + b^2}{2}$
- 3) $\frac{b^2 - x}{2}$
- 4) $x + b^2$

2 The equation $P = 2L + 2W$ is equivalent to

- 1) $L = \frac{P - 2W}{2}$
- 2) $L = \frac{P + -2W}{2}$
- 3) $2L = \frac{P}{2W}$
- 4) $L = P - W$

6 If $2m + 2p = 16$, p equals

- 1) $8 - m$
- 2) $16 - m$
- 3) $16 + 2m$
- 4) $9m$

3 If $3ax + b = c$, then x equals

- 1) $c - b + 3a$
- 2) $c + b - 3a$
- 3) $\frac{c - b}{3a}$
- 4) $\frac{b - c}{3a}$

7 In the equation $A = p + prt$, t is equivalent to

- 1) $\frac{A - pr}{p}$
- 2) $\frac{A - p}{pr}$
- 3) $\frac{A}{pr} - p$
- 4) $\frac{A}{p} - pr$

4 If $bx - 2 = K$, then x equals

- 1) $\frac{K}{b} + 2$
- 2) $\frac{K - 2}{b}$
- 3) $\frac{2 - K}{b}$
- 4) $\frac{K + 2}{b}$

8 If $c = 2m + d$, then m is equal to

- 1) $\frac{c - d}{2}$
- 2) $\frac{c}{2} - d$
- 3) $c - \frac{d}{2}$
- 4) $d - 2c$

- 9 The members of the senior class are planning a dance. They use the equation $r = pn$ to determine the total receipts. What is n expressed in terms of r and p ?
- 1) $n = r + p$
 - 2) $n = r - p$
 - 3) $n = \frac{p}{r}$
 - 4) $n = \frac{r}{p}$
- 10 The formula for potential energy is $P = mgh$, where P is potential energy, m is mass, g is gravity, and h is height. Which expression can be used to represent g ?
- 1) $P - m - h$
 - 2) $P - mh$
 - 3) $\frac{P}{m} - h$
 - 4) $\frac{P}{mh}$
- 11 If the formula for the perimeter of a rectangle is $P = 2l + 2w$, then w can be expressed as
- 1) $w = \frac{2l - P}{2}$
 - 2) $w = \frac{P - 2l}{2}$
 - 3) $w = \frac{P - l}{2}$
 - 4) $w = \frac{P - 2w}{2l}$
- 12 Sean knows the length of the base, b , and the area, A , of a triangular window in his bedroom. Which formula could he use to find the height, h , of this window?
- 1) $h = 2A - b$
 - 2) $h = \frac{A}{2b}$
 - 3) $h = (2A)(b)$
 - 4) $h = \frac{2A}{b}$
- 13 The formula for the volume of a right circular cylinder is $V = \pi r^2 h$. The value of h can be expressed as
- 1) $\frac{V}{\pi} r^2$
 - 2) $\frac{V}{\pi r^2}$
 - 3) $\frac{\pi r^2}{V}$
 - 4) $V - \pi r^2$
- 14 A formula used for calculating velocity is $v = \frac{1}{2} at^2$. What is a expressed in terms of v and t ?
- 1) $a = \frac{2v}{t}$
 - 2) $a = \frac{2v}{t^2}$
 - 3) $a = \frac{v}{t}$
 - 4) $a = \frac{v}{2t^2}$

15 If $\frac{x}{4} - \frac{a}{b} = 0$, $b \neq 0$, then x is equal to

- 1) $-\frac{a}{4b}$
- 2) $\frac{a}{4b}$
- 3) $-\frac{4a}{b}$
- 4) $\frac{4a}{b}$

16 If $9x + 2a = 3a - 4x$, then x equals

- 1) a
- 2) $-a$
- 3) $\frac{5a}{12}$
- 4) $\frac{a}{13}$

17 If $x + y = 9x + y$, then x is equal to

- 1) y
- 2) $\frac{1}{5}y$
- 3) 0
- 4) 8

18 If $7x + 2a = 3x + 5a$, then x is equivalent to

- 1) $\frac{7a}{10}$
- 2) $\frac{7a}{4}$
- 3) $\frac{3a}{10}$
- 4) $\frac{3a}{4}$

19 If $a + ar = b + r$, the value of a in terms of b and r can be expressed as

- 1) $\frac{b}{r} + 1$
- 2) $\frac{1+b}{r}$
- 3) $\frac{b+r}{1+r}$
- 4) $\frac{1+b}{r+b}$

20 If $2ax - 5x = 2$, then x is equivalent to

- 1) $\frac{2+5a}{2a}$
- 2) $\frac{1}{a-5}$
- 3) $\frac{2}{2a-5}$
- 4) $7-2a$

21 Solve: $(a-x)(b-x) = x^2$

22 Shoe sizes and foot length are related by the formula $S = 3F - 24$, where S represents the shoe size and F represents the length of the foot, in inches.

a Solve the formula for F .

b To the nearest tenth of an inch, how long is the foot of a person who wears a size $10\frac{1}{2}$ shoe?

A.A.23: Transforming Formulas 1: Solve literal equations for a given variable
Answer Section

1 ANS: 1
 $3x + 4y = 15$

$$4y = 15 - 3x$$

$$y = \frac{15 - 3x}{4}$$

PTS: 2 REF: 080722a

2 ANS: 1
 $P = 2L + 2W$

$$P - 2W = 2L$$

$$\frac{P - 2W}{2} = L$$

PTS: 2 REF: 010310a

3 ANS: 3
 $3ax + b = c$

$$3ax = c - b$$

$$x = \frac{c - b}{3a}$$

PTS: 2 REF: 080808ia

4 ANS: 4
 $bx - 2 = K$

$$bx = K + 2$$

$$x = \frac{K + 2}{b}$$

PTS: 2 REF: 010116a

5 ANS: 2
 $x = 2a - b^2$

$$x + b^2 = 2a$$

$$\frac{x + b^2}{2} = a$$

PTS: 2 REF: 060219a

6 ANS: 1

$$2m + 2p = 16$$

$$2p = 16 - 2m$$

$$p = \frac{16 - 2m}{2}$$

$$p = \frac{2(8 - m)}{2}$$

$$p = 8 - m$$

PTS: 2 REF: 080218a

7 ANS: 2

$$A = p + prt$$

$$A - p = prt$$

$$\frac{A - p}{pr} = t$$

PTS: 2 REF: 010620a

8 ANS: 1

$$c = 2m + d$$

$$c - d = 2m$$

$$m = \frac{c - d}{2}$$

PTS: 2 REF: 060719a

9 ANS: 4

PTS: 2 REF: 011016ia

10 ANS: 4

$$P = mgh$$

$$g = \frac{P}{mh}$$

PTS: 2 REF: 010710a

11 ANS: 2

$$P = 2l + 2w$$

$$P - 2l = 2w$$

$$\frac{P - 2l}{2} = w$$

PTS: 2 REF: 010911ia

12 ANS: 4

$$A = \frac{1}{2}bh$$

$$2A = bh$$

$$h = \frac{2A}{b}$$

PTS: 2 REF: 010517a

13 ANS: 2

$$V = \pi r^2 h$$

$$\frac{V}{\pi r^2} = v$$

PTS: 2 REF: 060617a

14 ANS: 2

PTS: 2 REF: 061023ia

15 ANS: 4

$$\frac{x}{4} - \frac{\alpha}{b} = 0$$

$$\frac{x}{4} = \frac{\alpha}{b}$$

$$bx = 4\alpha$$

$$x = \frac{4\alpha}{b}$$

PTS: 2 REF: 080530a

16 ANS: 4

$$9x + 2\alpha = 3\alpha - 4x$$

$$\alpha = 13x$$

$$\frac{\alpha}{13} = x$$

PTS: 2 REF: 010011a

17 ANS: 3

$$x + y = 9x + y$$

$$x = 9x$$

$$0 = 8x$$

$$x = 0$$

PTS: 2 REF: 060310a

18 ANS: 4

$$7x + 2a = 3x + 5a$$

$$4x = 3a$$

$$x = \frac{3a}{4}$$

PTS: 2

REF: 060513a

19 ANS: 3

$$a + ar = b + r$$

$$a(1 + r) = b + r$$

$$a = \frac{b + r}{1 + r}$$

PTS: 2

REF: 060913ia

20 ANS: 3

$$2ax - 5x = 2$$

$$x(2a - 5) = 2$$

$$x = \frac{2}{2a - 5}$$

PTS: 2

REF: 010421a

21 ANS:

$$\frac{a^2}{a+b}$$

PTS: 2

REF: 039008a1

22 ANS:

$$\frac{S+24}{3}, 11.5. \quad S + 24 = 3F \quad . \quad F = \frac{(10.5) + 24}{3} = 11.5$$

$$F = \frac{S + 24}{3}$$

PTS: 2

REF: 069922a