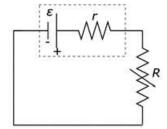
NAME

| DATE |  |  |
|------|--|--|

## Scenario

A battery  $\varepsilon$  has internal resistance r and is connected to a variable resistor



## **Quantitative Analysis**

## PART A:

i. As the resistance of the variable resistor is increased, which of the following quantities stays the same?

r All quantities stay the same.

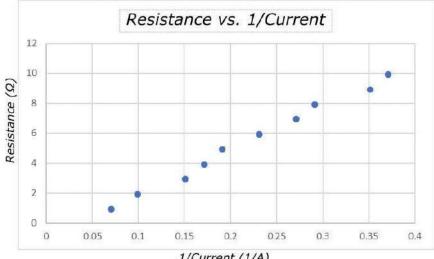
ii. As R is increased, does the potential difference measured across the battery increase, decrease, or remain the same? Explain.

| Increase | <br>Remains the same |
|----------|----------------------|
|          |                      |
|          |                      |
|          |                      |
|          |                      |
|          |                      |
|          |                      |

**PART B:** 

- i. Use Kirchhoff's loop rule to write an equation for the potential drops around the circuit in terms of  $\varepsilon$ , I, r, and R.
- ii. Rewrite the equation from Part B (i) to solve for R as a function of I.

Dominique records the current through the variable resistor as a function of the resistance and collects the following data.



1/Current (1/A)

## 9.G Internal Resistance

| PART D: | Draw a best-fit line and determine the slope.                                     |  |  |  |  |
|---------|---|--|--|--|--|
|         |   |  |  |  |  |
| PART E: | What is the physical meaning of the slope?  |  |  |  |  |
| PART F: | Determine the $y$ -intercept. What is the physical meaning of the $y$ -intercept? |  |  |  |  |
|         |   |  |  |  |  |
|         |   |  |  |  |  |
|         |   |  |  |  |  |