

Answer Key

Lesson 9.1

Practice Level C

1. $B'(-1, 10)$ 2. $D'(-6, 13)$ 3. $F(2, -12)$
4. $H(12, -13)$ 5. $J'(-5, 10)$ 6. $K(1, -2)$
7. $(x, y) \rightarrow (x - 1, y + 1)$ 8. $(x, y) \rightarrow (x, y - 3)$
9. $(x, y) \rightarrow (x - 7, y - 4)$
10. $(x, y) \rightarrow (x + 10, y + 8)$
11. $(x, y) \rightarrow (x + 5, y + 2)$
12. $(x, y) \rightarrow (x - 7, y - 2)$ 13. $\overline{MT}$; $\square 4, 2\square$
14. $\overline{JD}$; $\square 5, -1\square$ 15. $\overline{RS}$; $\square 0, -4\square$
16. $\square -3, 1\square$; $B'(3, 3), C'(0, -1)$
17. $\square -4, -7\square$; $A'(-6, -3), C'(-1, -9)$
18. $\square -7, -3\square$; $A'(-9, 1), B'(-1, -1)$
19. $\square 2, 4\square$; $A'(0, 8), C'(5, 2)$
20. true; *Sample answer:* Let $P = (a, b)$ and $Q = (c, d)$.
Then $P' = (a + h, b + k)$ and $Q' = (c + h, d + k)$. Then $PP' = QQ' = \sqrt{h^2 + k^2}$, so $\overline{PP'}$ and $\overline{QQ'}$ are congruent. Also, both $\overline{PP'}$ and $\overline{QQ'}$ have slope $\frac{k}{h}$ (or undefined slope, if $h = 0$), so they are parallel (or collinear).
21. false; *Sample answer:* Consider a rotation about the origin, where P is $(2, 0)$ and Q is $(-2, 0)$. Then $\overline{PP'}$ and $\overline{QQ'}$ are parallel and congruent, but the isometry is not a translation.
22. $\square 2, 4\square, \square 5, 2\square, \square 3, -1\square$ 23. about 13.02 km
24. $\square 10, 5\square$; about 11.2 km
25. h is a multiple of 90; k is a multiple of 50.