

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

## 7.1

### Solve Linear Systems by Graphing

**Goal** • Graph and solve systems of linear equations.

Your Notes

#### VOCABULARY

Systems of linear equations Consists of 2 or more linear EQUATIONS WITH THE SAME VARIABLES.

EXAMPLE:  $3x - y = 5$   
 $-x + 3y = 1$

Solution of a system of linear equations IS THE POINT OR POINTS THAT SATISFY ALL GIVEN EQUATIONS.

THE POINT IS THE ORDERED PAIR  $(x, y)$

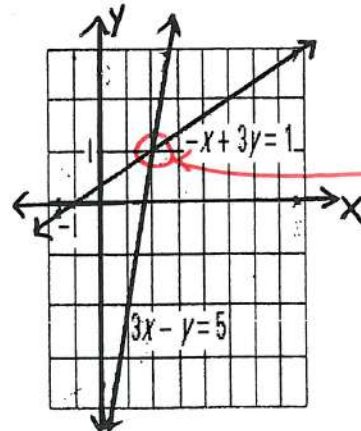
#### Example

Use the graph to solve the linear system

$y = 3x - 5$

$-x + 3y = 1$

$y = \frac{1}{3}x + \frac{1}{3}$



SOLUTION  
 $(2, 1)$

#### FIND Solution

THE SOLUTION IS THE POINT OF INTERSECTION (POI) OF THE LINES IN THE SYSTEM.

THE SOLUTION IN THIS EXAMPLE IS THE ORDERED PAIR  $(x, y) = (2, 1)$

#### CHECK

ALWAYS CHECK THE SOLUTION IN ALL ORIGINAL EQUATIONS!!!

C:  $3x - y = 5$   
 $3(2) - 1 = 5$   
 $6 - 1 = 5$   
 $5 = 5$  ✓

C:  $-x + 3y = 1$   
 $-(2) + 3(1) = 1$   
 $-2 + 3 = 1$   
 $1 = 1$  ✓

## SOLVING A LINEAR SYSTEM USING THE GRAPH-AND-CHECK METHOD

**Step 1** GRAPH both equations in the same coordinate plane. For ease of graphing, you may want to write each equation in SLOPE-INTERCEPT form. ( $y = mx + b$ )

**Step 2** Estimate the coordinates of the POINT OF INTERSECTION (POI).

**Step 3** CHECK the coordinates algebraically by substituting into each equation of the original linear system.

### Your Notes

#### Example 1 Use the graph-and-check method

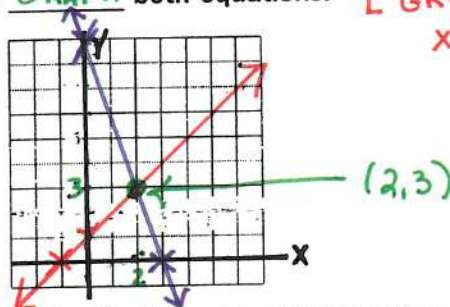
Solve the linear system:  $3x + y = 9$  • Equation 1  $x: 3$   $y: 9$   
 $-x + y = 1$  • Equation 2  $x: -1$   $y: 1$

#### Solution

1. GRAPH both equations.

[GRAPH EQUATIONS WITH X + Y INTERCEPTS]

To ease graphing, write each equation in slope intercept form.



2. Estimate the point of intersection. The two lines appear to intersect at (2, 3).

3. Check whether (2, 3) is a solution by substituting 2 for  $x$  and 3 for  $y$  in each of the original equations.

Equation 1

$$3x + y = 9$$

$$3(2) + 3 \stackrel{?}{=} 9$$

$$9 = 9 \checkmark$$

Equation 2

$$-x + y = 1$$

$$-(2) + 3 \stackrel{?}{=} 1$$

$$1 = 1 \checkmark$$

Because (2, 3) is a solution of each equation in the linear system, it is a SOLUTION TO THE SYSTEM.

#1 GRAPH USING SLOPE INTERCEPT FORM

#'s 2-3 USE ANY METHOD

Your Notes

✓ Checkpoint Solve the linear system by graphing.

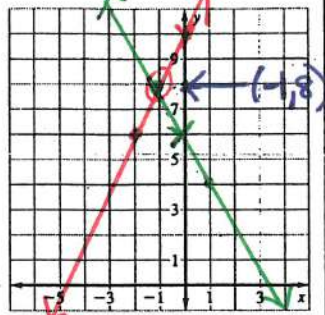
$$\begin{array}{r} 2y + 4x = 12 \\ -4x \quad -4x \\ \hline 2y = -4x + 12 \\ \frac{2y}{2} = \frac{-4x + 12}{2} \\ y = -2x + 6 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2x - y = -10 \\ -2x \quad -2x \\ \hline -y = -2x - 10 \\ \frac{-y}{-1} = \frac{-2x - 10}{-1} \\ y = 2x + 10 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} y = -2x + 6 \\ y = 2x + 10 \\ \hline -1 = -1 \end{array}$$

1.  $2y + 4x = 12$

$2x - y = -10$

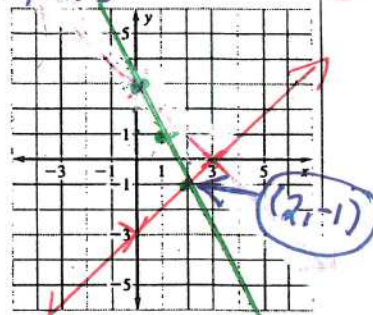


$$\begin{array}{l} C: 2(-1) + 4(8) = 12 \\ -2 + 32 = 12 \\ 30 = 12 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} C: 2(-1) - (8) = -10 \\ -2 - 8 = -10 \\ -10 = -10 \end{array}$$

2.  $4x + 2y = 6$

$3x - 3y = 9$   $x: 3$   $y: -3$   
OR  $y = x - 3$



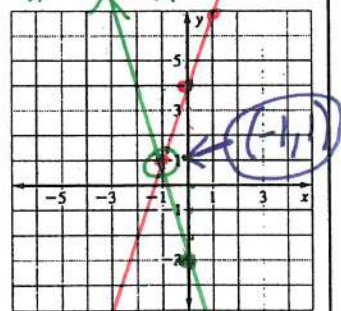
$$\begin{array}{l} C: 4(2) + 2(-1) = 6 \\ 8 - 2 = 6 \\ 6 = 6 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} C: 3(2) - 3(-1) = 9 \\ 6 + 3 = 9 \\ 9 = 9 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2y = -4x + 6 \\ \frac{2y}{2} = \frac{-4x + 6}{2} \\ y = -2x + 3 \end{array}$$

3.  $2y = 6x + 8$

$4x + y = -3$

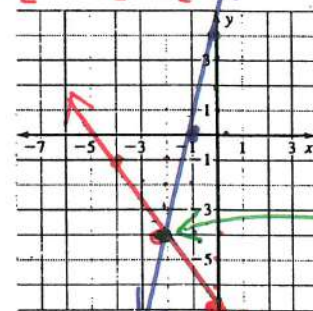


$$\begin{array}{l} C: 2(1) = 6(-1) + 8 \\ 2 = -6 + 8 \\ 2 = 2 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} C: 4(-1) + 1 = -3 \\ -4 + 1 = -3 \\ -3 = -3 \end{array}$$

4.  $y = 4x + 4$

$2y = -3x - 14$



$$\begin{array}{l} C: -4 = 4(-2) + 4 \\ -4 = -8 + 4 \\ -4 = -4 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} C: 2(-4) = -3(-2) - 14 \\ -8 = 6 - 14 \\ -8 = -8 \end{array}$$

$$y = -\frac{3}{2}x - 7$$

$$(-2, -4)$$

← -M → +M



## 7.1 HW Review

**CHECKING SOLUTIONS** Tell whether the ordered pair is a solution of the linear system.

4.  $(5, 2)$ ;

$L1: 2x - 3y = 4$

$L2: 2x + 8y = 11$

$L1: 2(5) - 3(2) = 4$   
 $10 - 6 = 4$   
 $4 = 4 \checkmark$

$L2: 2(5) + 8(2) = 11$   
 $26 \neq 11$

$(5, 2)$  IS NOT A SOLUTION TO THE SYSTEM

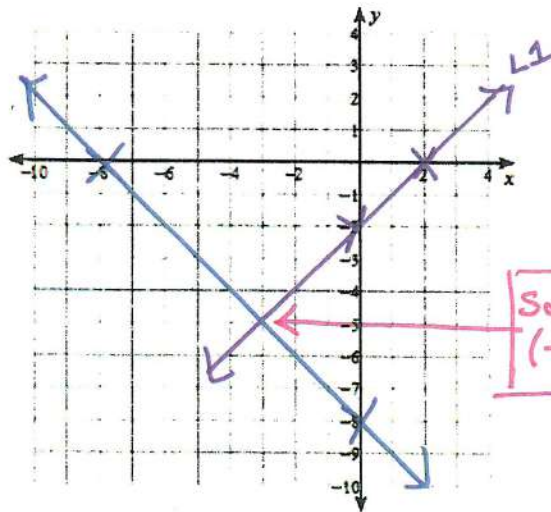
For the following, Make accurate graphs. Check solution in the original Equations

15) Graph with x and y intercepts

15.  $x - y = 2$   $L1$   
 $x + y = -8$

$L1: x = 2$   
 $y = -2$

$L2: x = -8$   
 $y = -8$



Solution  
 $(-3, -5)$

$L1:$   
 $C: -3 - (-5) = 2$   
 $-3 + 5 = 2$   
 $2 = 2 \checkmark$

$L2:$   
 $C: -3 + (-5) = -8$   
 $-8 = -8 \checkmark$

22) Graph using slope intercept form  $y = mx + b$

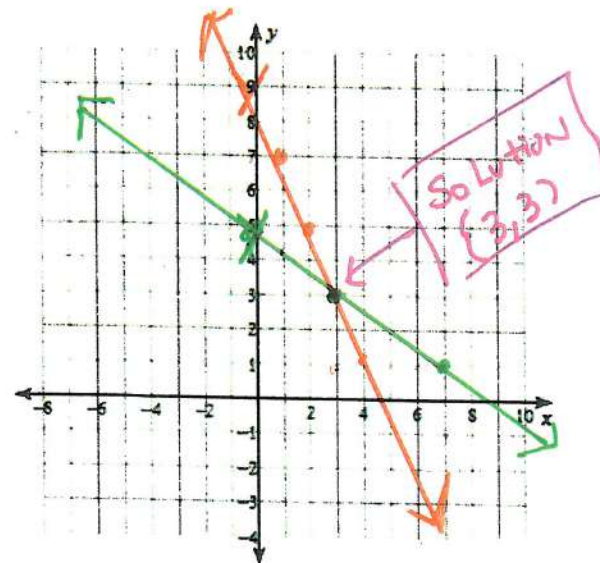
22.  $2x + y = 9$   $L1$   
 $2x + 3y = 15$   $L2$

$L1: 2x + y = 9$   
 $-2x \quad -2x$   
 $y = -2x + 9$   
 $m = -2 \quad b = 9$

$C: 2(3) + 3 = 9$   
 $9 = 9 \checkmark$

$L2: 2x + 3y = 15$   
 $-2x \quad -2x$   
 $3y = -2x + 15$   
 $\frac{3y}{3} = \frac{-2x + 15}{3}$   
 $y = -\frac{2}{3}x + 5$   
 $m = -\frac{2}{3} \quad b = 5$

$C: 2(3) + 3(3) = 15$   
 $6 + 9 = 15$   
 $15 = 15 \checkmark$



Solution  
 $(3, 3)$

35. **MULTIPLE REPRESENTATIONS** It costs \$15 for a yearly membership to a movie club at a movie theater. A movie ticket costs \$5 for club members and \$8 for nonmembers.

- Writing a System of Equations** Write a system of equations that you can use to find the number  $x$  of movies viewed after which the total cost  $y$  for a club member, including the membership fee, is the same as the cost for a nonmember.
- Making a Table** Make a table of values that shows the total cost for a club member and a nonmember after paying to see 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6 movies.
- Drawing a Graph** Use the table to graph the system of equations. Under what circumstances does it make sense to become a movie club member? Explain your answer by using the graph.

**Key Info:**

MEMBERS  
\$15 ANNUAL membership  
\$5/movie

NON MEMBERS  
\$8/movie

**Define variables:**

$x$  = # of movies viewed  
 $y$  = total cost spent (\$'s)

**Define equations:**

Members:  $y = 5x + 15$

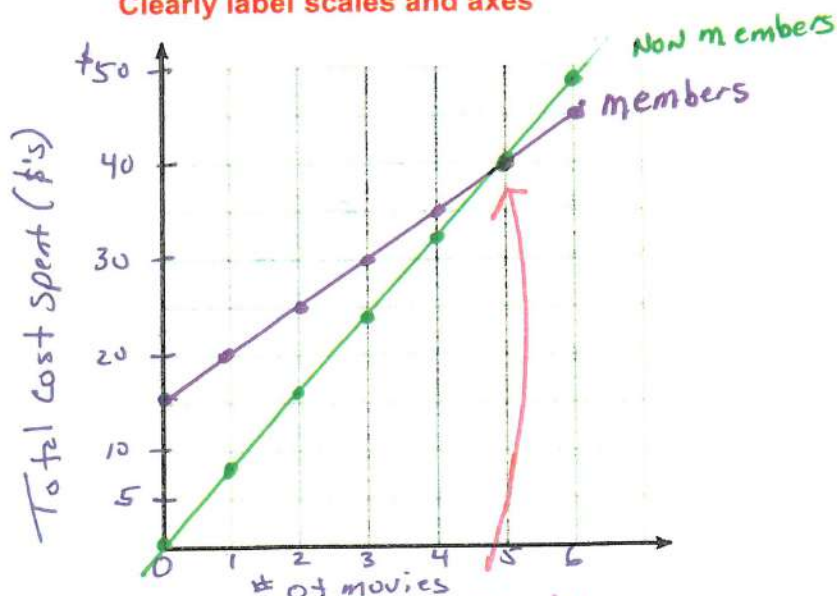
Non Members:  
 $y = 8x$

**Solve:** Create a table and then graph both lines.

Tickets (x)	1	2	3	4	5	6
Members (y)	20	25	30	35	40	45

Tickets (x)	1	2	3	4	5	6
Members (y)	8	16	24	32	40	48

**Clearly label scales and axes**



**Identify the solution:** (5, \$40)

**Check:** Does the answer make sense?

Yes - Members and non members spend the same AT 5 movies  
M:  $5(5) + 15 = \$40$   
NM:  $8(5) = \$40$

**ANSWER:** in a complete sentence

IF you go to more than 5 (6+) movies, you should buy a membership.



# 7.5<sup>A</sup>

## Solve Special Types of Linear Systems

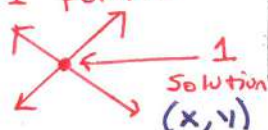
- Goal** • Identify the number of solutions of a linear system.

Your Notes

### 3 TYPES OF SYSTEMS:

#### 1] ONE SOLUTION

The lines intersect at 1 point.



#### 2] NO SOLUTION

// lines never intersect



#### 3] INFINITE SOLUTIONS:

When the lines are the same  
Solutions are all points on the line



#### Example 1 A linear system with no solutions

Show that the linear system has no solution.

$$-2x + y = 1 \quad \text{Equation 1}$$

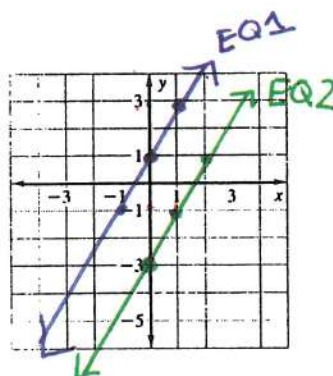
$$-2x + y = -3 \quad \text{Equation 2}$$

#### Solution

##### Method 1 Graphing

Graph the linear system.

The lines are Parallel because they have the same slope but different y-intercepts. Parallel lines do NOT INTERSECT, so the system has NO SOLUTION.



SOLUTION:

NO SOLUTION

To ease graphing, write each equation in slope intercept form.  $y = mx + b$

#### STEP I

GRAPH BOTH LINES

$$\begin{aligned} \text{EQ1: } -2x + y &= 1 \\ +2x &+2x \\ \hline y &= 2x + 1 \\ b=1 \quad m=2/1 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{EQ2: } -2x + y &= -3 \\ +2x &+2x \\ \hline y &= 2x - 3 \end{aligned}$$

#### STEP II

FIND POI

#### STEP III

CHECK

## Your Notes

EQ1  $x+y$  INTERCEPTS

$$x+3y = -3$$

$$x: -3 \quad (-3, 0)$$

$$y: -1 \quad (0, -1)$$

EQ2  $y = mx + b$

$$3x + 9y = -9$$

$$\underline{-3x \quad -3x}$$

$$\frac{9y}{9} = \frac{-3x-9}{9} \quad \frac{-3x}{9} \quad \frac{-9}{9}$$

$$y = -\frac{1}{3}x - 1$$

## Example 2 A linear system with infinitely many solutions

Show that the linear system has infinitely many solutions.

$$x + 3y = -3 \quad \text{Equation 1}$$

$$3x + 9y = -9 \quad \text{Equation 2}$$

### Solution

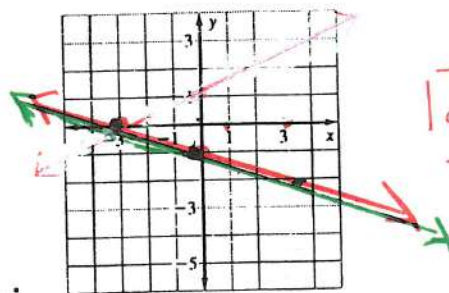
#### Method 1 Graphing

Graph the linear system.

The equations represent the Same line, so any point on the line is a solution.

So, the linear system has

INFINITE SOLUTIONS.

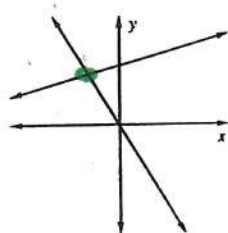


$\infty$  SOLUTIONS

ALL POINTS ON THE LINE.

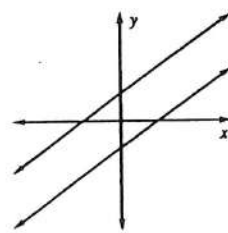
## NUMBER OF SOLUTIONS OF A LINEAR SYSTEM

One solution



The lines INTERSECT.  
The lines have DIFFERENT slopes.

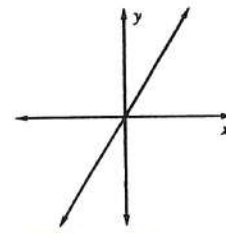
No solution



The lines are parallel.  
The lines have the same slope and different y-intercepts.

Infinitely many solutions

$\infty$  SOLUTIONS



The lines are the same.  
The lines have the same slope and the same y-intercept.

## 7.1 HW Review

**CHECKING SOLUTIONS** Tell whether the ordered pair is a solution of the linear system.

4. (5, 2);

L1  $2x - 3y = 4$

L2  $2x + 8y = 11$

L1  $2(5) - 3(2) = 4$   
 $10 - 6 = 4$   
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(5, 2) IS NOT A SOLUTION TO THE SYSTEM

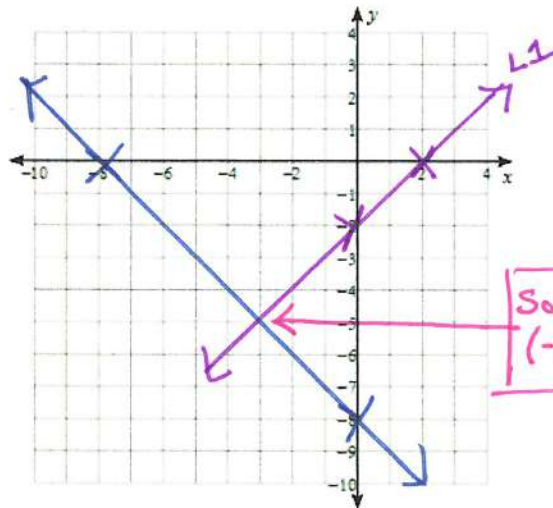
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15) Graph with x and y intercepts

15.  $x - y = 2$  L1  
 $x + y = -8$

L1:  $x = 2$   
 $y = -2$

L2:  $x = -8$   
 $y = -8$



L1:  
 $C: -3 - (-5) = 2$   
 $-3 + 5 = 2$   
 $2 = 2 \checkmark$

L2:  
 $C: -3 + (-5) = -8$   
 $-8 = -8 \checkmark$

22) Graph using slope intercept form  $y = mx + b$

22.  $2x + y = 9$  L1  
 $2x + 3y = 15$  L2

L1:  $2x + y = 9$   
 $-2x \quad -2x$   


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 $y = -2x + 9$   
 $m = -2 \quad b = 9$

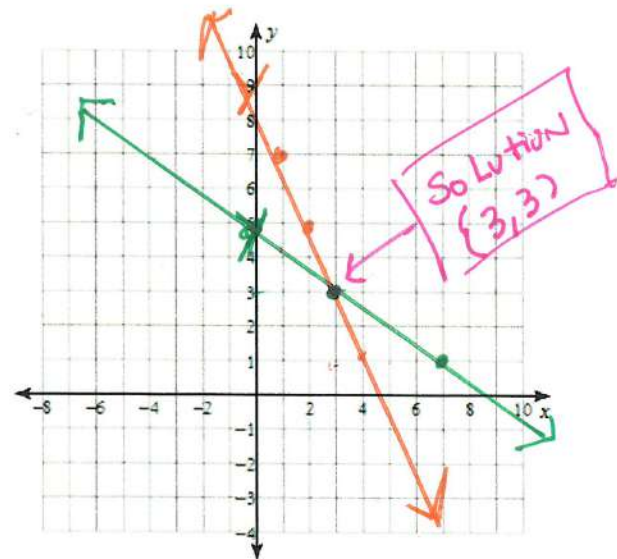
$C: 2(3) + 3 = 9$   
 $9 = 9 \checkmark$

L2:  $2x + 3y = 15$   
 $-2x \quad -2x$   


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 $3y = -2x + 15$   
 $\frac{3y}{3} = \frac{-2x}{3} + \frac{15}{3}$   
 $y = -\frac{2}{3}x + 5$   
 $m = -\frac{2}{3} \quad b = 5$

$C: 2(3) + 3(3) = 15$   
 $6 + 9 = 15$   
 $15 = 15 \checkmark$





7-0 HW

**Prerequisite Skills**

**VOCABULARY CHECK**

Copy and complete the statement.

- The least common multiple of 10 and 15 is 30.
- Two lines in the same plane are // if they do not intersect.

**SKILLS CHECK**

Graph the equation. (Prerequisite skill for 7.1)

3.  $x:4 \ y:-4$  4.  $6x - y = -1$  5.  $4x + 5y = 20$  6.  $3x - 2y = -12$

Solve the equation. (Prerequisite skill for 7.2-7.4)

- $5m + 4 - m = 20$   $m = 4$
- $10(z + 5) + z = 6$   $z = -4$

Tell whether the graphs of the two equations are parallel lines. Explain your reasoning. (Prerequisite skill for 7.5)

- $y = 2x - 3, y + 2x = -3$  NOT //
- $y - 5x = -1, y - 5x = 1$  // LINES  $m = 5$
- $y = x + 10, x - y = -9$  // LINES - same slope  $m = 1$
- $6x - y = 4, 4x - y = 6$  NOT //

Solve the inequality. Graph the solution. (Prerequisite skill for 7.6)

- $m + 4 > 9$   $m > 5$
- $-6t \geq 24$   $t \leq -4$
- $2x - 5 \leq 13$   $x \leq 9$
- $-5y + 1 < -14$   $y > 3$

Prerequisite skills practice at classzone.com

7-0