5th Grade Math Board

Name: _____

Use a deck of cards with 10s and Face Cards removed to complete the activities below. Complete one activity each weekday. When finished, play multiplication war with your deck of cards.

1onda)

Tuesda_\

Directions on back.

Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4
5.N.2.2 Place Value	5.N.2.2 Decimals	5.N.2.3 Decimals	5.N.3.3 Decimals (+, -)
Use cards to create a 7-digit number. Read the number orally and write the number using words. Repeat several times.	Create a decimal using 4 cards. Use a penny for the decimal point. Read and write the number name for each decimal . Example23.46 Twenty-three and forty-six hundredths or 2.346 Two and three hundred forty-six thousandths. Repeat several times.	Separate your cards into sets of hearts, clubs, spades, diamonds. Create 4 decimals using the digits 3, 4, 5, and 6. Use pennies for the decimal points. (example: 3.456, 345.6) Order from greatest to least. Repeat several times.	Using 8 cards, create 2 decimals. A) Add to find their total. B) Subtract to find their difference. Record. Repeat 4 times. 3.456 + 2.123 = ? 3.456 - 2.123 = ?
5.N.1.4 Multiply (x)	5.N.1.4 Multiply (x)	5.N.1.4 Multiply (x)	5.N.1.4 Multiply (x)
Create two 2-digit numbers. Multiply. Record. Repeat 4 times.	Create a 2-digit number and a 3-digit number. Multiply. Record. Repeat 4 times.	Create two 3-digit numbers. Multiply. Record. Repeat 4 times.	Create two 3-digit numbers. Multiply. Record. Repeat 4 times.
5.N.1.2 Divide (÷)	5.N.1.2 Divide (÷)	5.N.1.2 Divide (÷)	5.N.1.2 Divide (÷)
Create a 3-digit number and divide by a 1-digit number. Record and check your solution union multiplication.	Create a 3-digit number and divide by a 2-digit number. Record and check your solution with multiplication	Create a 3-digit number and divide by a 1-digit number. Record and check your solu-	Create a 3-digit number and divide by a 2-digit number. Record and check your solution with multiplication.
tion using multiplication. Repeat 4 times.	tion with multiplication. Repeat 4 times.	tion using multiplication. Repeat 4 times.	tion with multiplication. Repeat 4 times.
5.N.2.3 Fractions	4.N.2.4 Equivalent Fractions	4.N.3.3 Fractions (+, -)	5.N.3.1
Turn over 4 cards and create 2 fractions. Locate and place the fractions on a number line. Compare the fractions and tell which is greater. Repeat 4 times.	Turn over 2 cards and create a fraction. Find an equivalent fraction. Record. Repeat 4 times.	Turn over 4 cards and create 2 fractions. Add the fractions. Subtract the same fractions. Record. Repeat 4 times.	Estimation of Sums of Mixed Numbers Turn over 6 cards and create 2 mixed numbers. Estimate and find the sum. Record. Repeat. $2\frac{1}{6} + 4\frac{2}{3}$ $2 + 5 = 7$
MULTI-DIGIT MULTIPLICATION NUMBER BATTLE (With a Partner)	Target 24 (With a Partner)	Sum Fractions (With a Partner)	I SPY PRODUCTS (With a Partner)
	Directions on back.	Directions on back.	Directions on back.

Directions on back.

Directions on back.

Week 5 is free choice. Select an activity each day to complete from the choice board.

Directions on back.

MULTI-DIGIT MULTIPLICATION NUMBER BATTLE

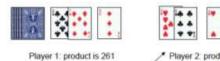
Players:

Materials: Deck of cards with the face cards

and 10s removed, Ace worth one,

scratch paper

How to Play: Players split a deck of cards and simultaneously flip over their top three (or four) cards. Make two of them a 2-digit number and multiply by the third. The highest product wins all the cards.



The highest product wins all six (or eight) cards.

Increase the number of cards to flip if you want to work on larger numbers.

More card games:

http://www.pepnonprofit.org/uploads/2/7/7/2/2772238/acing_math.pdf

Target 24

Lay out 4 cards. Can you make the number 24 by adding, subtracting, multiplying, and / or dividing?



 $9 \times 2 = 18$

18 + 6 = 24

 $24 \times 1 = 24$

Acing Math (One Deck At A Time!): A Collection of Math Games

Sum Fractions (Grades 5 - 8)

Players: Groups of two

Materials: Deck of cards, face cards worth ten, Ace worth 1 or 11 (teacher

decides), scratch paper

Skill: Adding fractions, multiplication, division, numerator, denominator

How to Play: The two players work as a team as they add fractions. Deal four cards and place them face up. Use the four cards to create two fractions (example: 4, 5, 7, and a King).







For this game, do not use improper fractions, but rather make the two largest cards the denominators: 4/10 and 5/7. Players use paper to figure out and record the common denominator and then add the fractions. Reduce answer to its simplest form. 78/70 is reduced to 1 and 4/35.

* This is not a game, but rather an opportunity for students to work collaboratively and manipulate the problems.

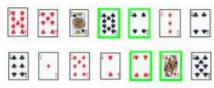
I SPY PRODUCTS

Players:

Materials: Deck of cards, face cards worth ten,

Ace worth 1 or 11

How to Play: Deal out the entire deck of cards in a 13 x 4 array. Example does not show the entire array due to space.



One player challenges the other player to find two cards next to each other, either vertically or horizontally, that multiply to make a number by saying, "I spy two cards with a product of 40."





















The other player looks for two cards that multiply to make the product and removes them. Players swap roles. As large gaps appear, the size of the array may be reduced to help fill the gaps.

Booklet formatted by http://mathcoachscorner.blogspot.com/