5th Grade Science

* History and Nature of Science

- > Scientific World View: The student will understand that communication is essential to science by:
 - + knowing that current scientific knowledge and understanding guide scientific investigation.
 - + recognizing that clear communication of methods, findings, and critical review is an essential part of doing science.
- > Scientific Inquiry: The student will understand the process of scientific investigations by:
 - + performing a controlled experiment using a specific step-by-step procedure and present conclusions supported by the evidence.
 - + observing that when a science investigation or experiment is repeated, a similar result is expected.
- > Scientific Enterprise: The student will recognize that science and technology involve different kinds of work and engages men and women of all backgrounds by:
 - + describing different kinds of work done in the science and in technology.
 - + identifying men and women of various backgrounds and ages who have been involved in science and technology, both past and present.

* Physical Science

- > Motion: the student will understand that changes in speed or direction of motion are caused by forces by:
 - + investigating the use of a lever, incline plane and wheel and axle to move objects.
 - + demonstrating that the greater the force applied, the greater the change in motion.

* Earth and Space Science

- > Earth Structure and Processes: The students will explore the structures and functions of Earth systems by:
 - + recognizing the natural processes that cause rocks to break down into smaller pieces and eventually into soil.
 - + investigating the formation, composition and properties of soil.
 - + describing how waves, wind, water and ice shape and reshape the Earth's surface.
 - + describing the impact of floods, tornadoes, earthquakes and volcanoes on the Earth.
 - + exploring the interaction of the lithosphere, atmosphere, biosphere, hydrosphere and space.

* Life Science

- > Biological Populations Change Over Time: The students will know that biological populations change over time by:
 - + recognizing that individuals of the same species differ in their characteristics and that sometimes the differences give individuals an advantage in surviving and reproducing.
 - + recognizing that extinction of a species occurs when the environment changes and the adaptive characteristics of a species are insufficient to allow its survival.
 - + comparing the structure of fossils to one another and to living organisms.
- > Flow of Matter and Energy: the students will know that matter and energy flow into, out of, and within a biological system by:
 - + recognizing that organisms need energy to stay alive and grow, and that this energy originates from the sun.
 - + using food webs to describe the relationships among producers, consumers, and decomposers in an ecosystem in Minnesota.
 - + recognizing that organisms are growing, dying and decaying, and that their matter is recycled.