

Activity 5.5a CAD Model Features Part 1

Introduction

In order to use CAD effectively as a design tool, the designer must have the skills necessary to create, edit, and manipulate a 3D model of a part in order to create a realistic representation of an imagined object. In this activity you will build on the CAD skills that you learned in Activity 5.2b Introduction to CAD Skills. You will learn about and use additional tools and features available in most CAD programs and apply your new CAD skills to the creation of more complex parts that will be used in later activities (as components in the assembly of parts) to create complete products (including a complete Automoblox vehicle and a Button Maker machine).

As you work through the exercises in this activity, pay particular attention to the environment in which you are working. Several CAD tools can be used as sketch tools or features tools, and it is important to understand the difference. For instance, sketch components (such as points or shapes) can be patterned within a sketch. But pattern tools are also available outside of the sketch environment to create patterns of features (such as holes or protrusions).

Equipment

Computer with 3D CAD modeling software

Procedure

The exercises contained in this activity require the creation of new CAD files in which you will reproduce sketches and forms represented in the displayed images. You have already created an Automoblox project folder and a Practice project folder (per Activity 5.2b).

If you have not already done so, create a Button Maker project folder in which to store the Button parts that you will create in this activity.

As you complete each exercise in this activity, save the associated CAD file in the appropriate folder. It is important that all Automoblox parts be saved to a single project folder and that Button Maker parts be stored in a separate project folder for later use.

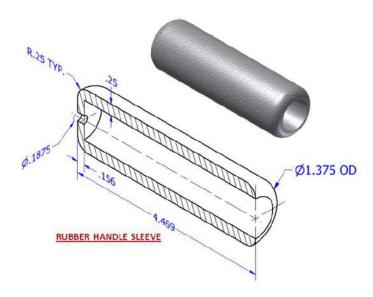
Revolve

Sketch Tools – These are suggested tools for this activity

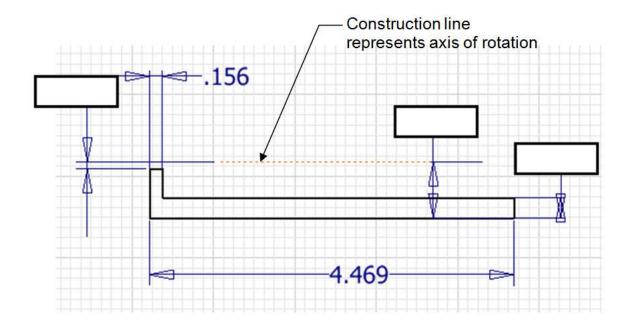
- Construction Line
- Basic Geometric Constraints

Feature Tools - These are suggested tools for this activity

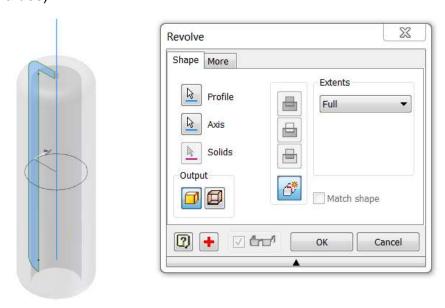
- Revolve
- Fillet
- Work Axis
- Work Plane
- I. Use the **Revolve** function to create the Rubber Handle Sleeve part for the Button Maker.



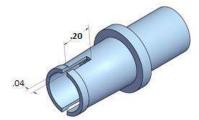
1. Create a sketch according to the dimensioned drawing above. First, use the sketch below to determine the missing dimensions and write the appropriate values in the boxes, and then create the appropriate geometry. Be sure to include a line to represent the axis of revolution at the center of the part. Note that you may toggle between construction lines and sketch lines using the Construction switch in the Format panel of the Sketch tab.



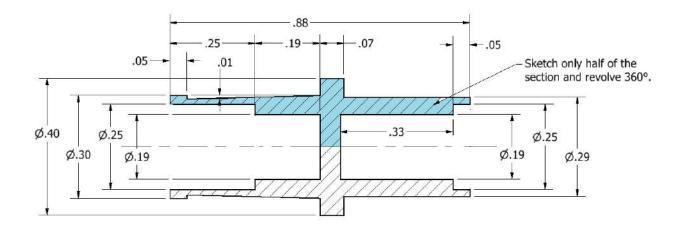
- 2. Revolve the sketch a full 360 degrees.
- 3. Round the outside edges. The fillets for this part can be applied as Placed Features once the Revolve is completed (see the dimensioned isometric for the fillet values).



- 4. Save the file as RubberHandleSleeve *YourInitials*.ipt in your Button Maker project folder.
- II. Create a 3D solid model of an axle for the Automoblox vehicle using the **Revolve** tool. Use your measurements or the dimensioned drawings below. Then model the cut(s) in the end of the axle. [If you want to jump ahead, you could create just one cut and then use the **Circular Pattern** tool or **Mirror** tool to create the second cut.] Save the file as Axle YourInitials.ipt to your Automoblox project folder.



Automoblox Axle



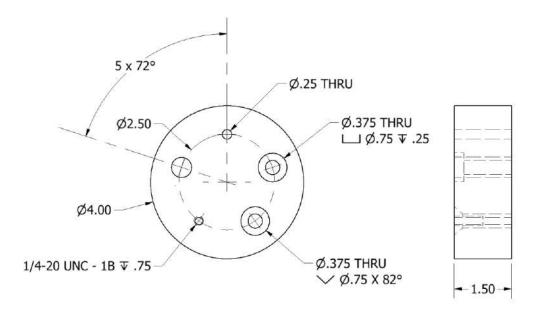
Holes

Sketch Tools – These are suggested tools for this activity

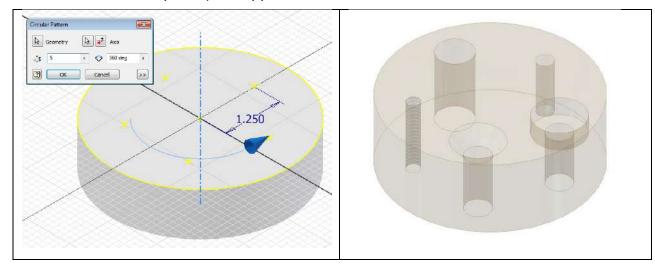
- Circle
- Point
- Circular Pattern
- Browser Editing
- Share Sketch

Feature Tools - These are suggested tools for this activity

- Extrude (Add/Join)
- Hole Tool (5 styles)



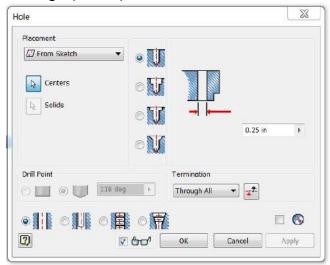
- III. Create a model of the circular plate with holes as shown above.
 - 1. Create a new *Standard.ipt* file. Sketch a circle and **Extrude** the profile using the appropriate dimensions.
 - 2. The Hole function requires a hole center for each instance. Place the first hole center by placing a new sketch on the surface of the disc as shown in the image above. Then place one point to represent a single hole center. Note that you many want to change the point switch (in the Format panel) to the center point before placing the point. A sketch point will appear as a small dot in the sketch; a center point (which is automatically selected for hole center points) will appear as a dashed cross.

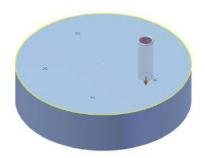


3. Select the **Circular Pattern** tool from the sketch ribbon bar. Select the point (geometry) that you just placed, then press the Axis button and select the origin of the sketch as your rotation axis and enter the number of hole centers needed in the occurrence window. Note that you used the

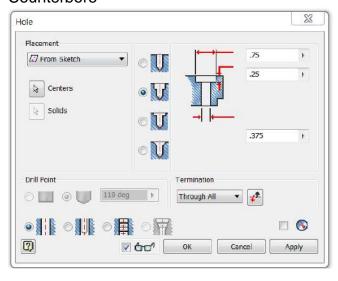
- circular pattern tool within a sketch. In a later exercise, you will create a circular pattern of a 3D feature outside of a sketch.
- 4. Select the **Hole** tool from the Modify panel. (If you used center points to represent the hole centers, all points in a sketch will be auto-selected by the computer when the **Hole** command is initiated. You will have to hold down the shift key to deselect the hole centers that you do not want be sure the Centers button is depressed). Create the first hole. Note that Function windows that are associated with creating a Through hole, Counterbore hole, Countersink hole, Tapped hole, and Clearance hole follow these instructions and may help if you are unsure about feature choices.
- 5. Once the first hole has been placed, your sketch with the 5 points will have been consumed by the feature. In order to proceed, you must go the Browser to "share" the sketch. You will click on the plus sign to the left of Hole 1 in the browser to expand the model tree. Once you see Sketch 2 in grey, you can right click on it and select Share Sketch.
- 6. Create the remaining holes by initiating the **Hole** function, selecting the appropriate hole center, and inputting the information necessary to identify the type of hole feature that is needed. The information for each hole can be found below on pages 7-9.
- 7. Save the file *HolePracticeYour Initials.ipt* in your Practice project folder.

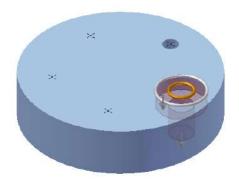
Through (THRU) Hole



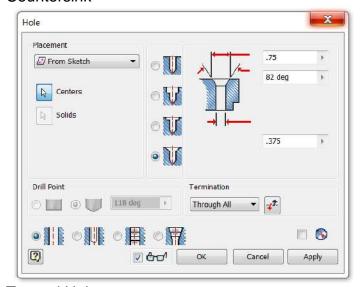


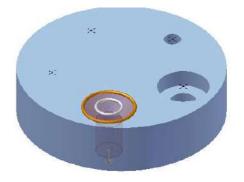
Counterbore



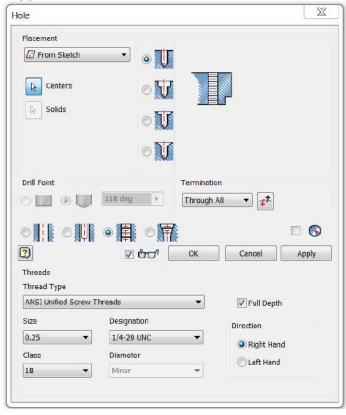


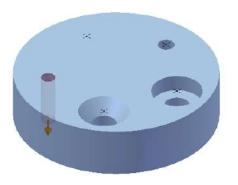
Countersink



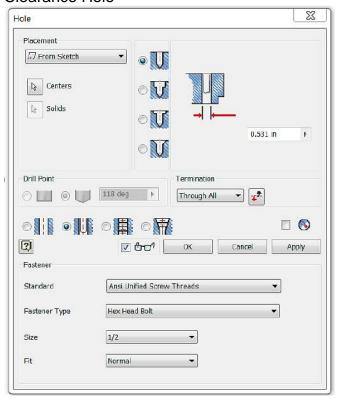


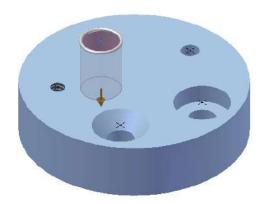
Tapped Hole





Clearance Hole





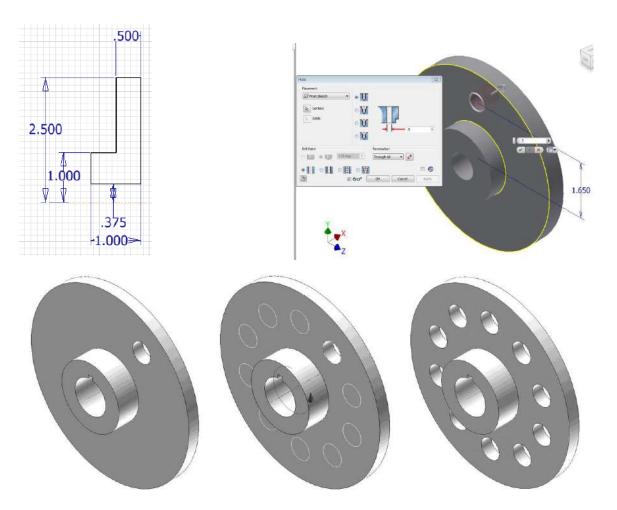
Circular Pattern (Feature)

Sketch Tools - These are suggested tools for this activity

- Construction Line
- Point
- Constraint Vertical (point to point alignment)
- Share Sketch
- Trim

Feature Tools - These are suggested tools for this activity

- Revolve
- Hole
- Circular Pattern
- Extrusion (Mid-plane/symmetric)
- IV. Model the following flange plate part.

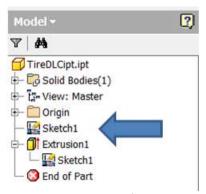


- 1. Create a sketch based on the image above. Finish the sketch and use the Revolve command to create the part.
- 2. Apply a sketch and place a **Point** that is vertically aligned with the sketch origin and located the appropriate distance from the part center point. Use the **Hole** Feature to place a Ø0.5 THRU hole located on that point.
- 3. The pattern function allows the user to make multiple copies of an existing feature, such as a hole, (as opposed to a sketch component as you discovered in the previous exercise in this activity) in one of three ways. A circular pattern is often used to array a hole around a center axis. An edge on an existing feature can also serve as the center axis. Use the Circular Pattern function to pattern the hole on the flange plate such that 10 holes (including the first hole) are modeled around the part centerline.
- 4. Save the file to your Practice project folder as *CircularPattern.ipt*.
- V. Create a 3D solid model of an Automoblox tire. Use your measurements or the dimensioned pictorials. The dimensions shown in the images below are for reference only.
 - 1. Sketch concentric circles and use a **Midplane** (or Symmetric) extrusion to create the rubber ring. The part does not need to be created to exact

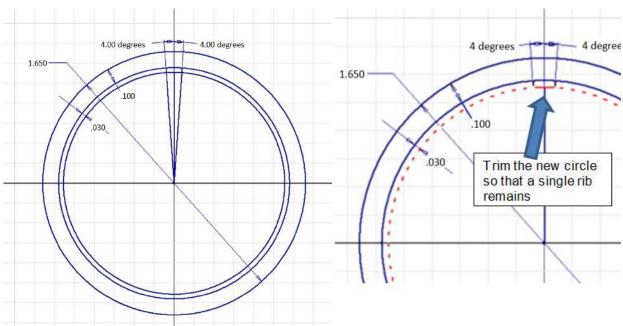
dimensions as it is a visual representation used to develop skills sets.



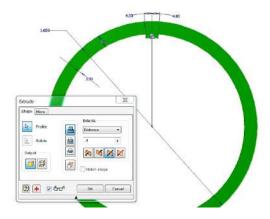
2. Share the sketch by right clicking on the sketch in the Project Browser (under Extrusion1 parent) and choosing Share Sketch. An unconsumed copy of the Sketch will appear in the browser.



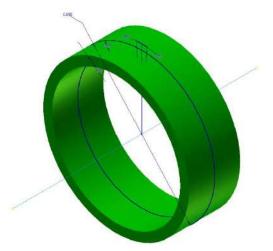
3. Edit the sketch to create the geometry for one internal rib using a concentric circle, lines, and the **Trim** tool.



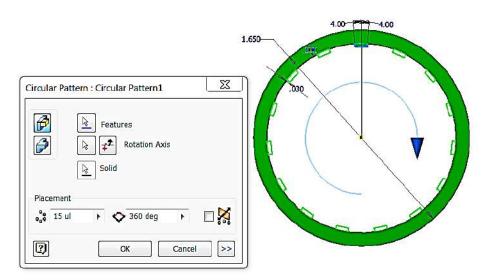
4. Use another **Midplane**(or Symmetric) extrusion to create a single rib.



5. Create a **Work Axis** using the Through Center of Circular or Elliptical Edge. You must select the appropriate axis tool and then select one of the circular edges on your model. This work axis will act as the center of the circular pattern.



6. Use the circular pattern tool to create the remaining ribs.



7. Use the Shared Sketch again to create the thin extrusion that runs

around the inside center of the tire.



8. Save the part to your Automoblox project folder as Tire *YourInitials*.ipt.

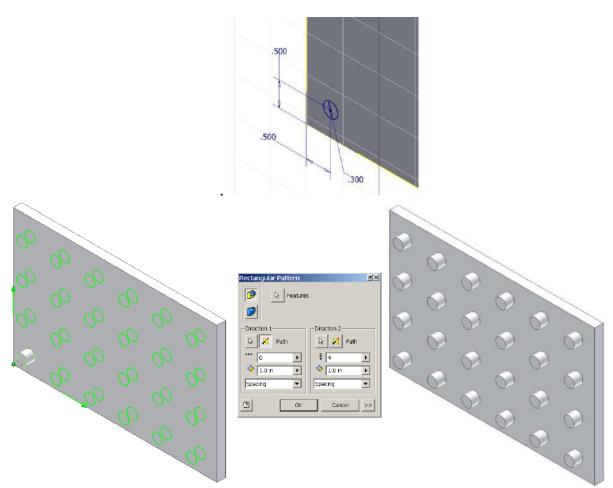
Rectangular Pattern

Sketch Tools – These are suggested tools for this activity

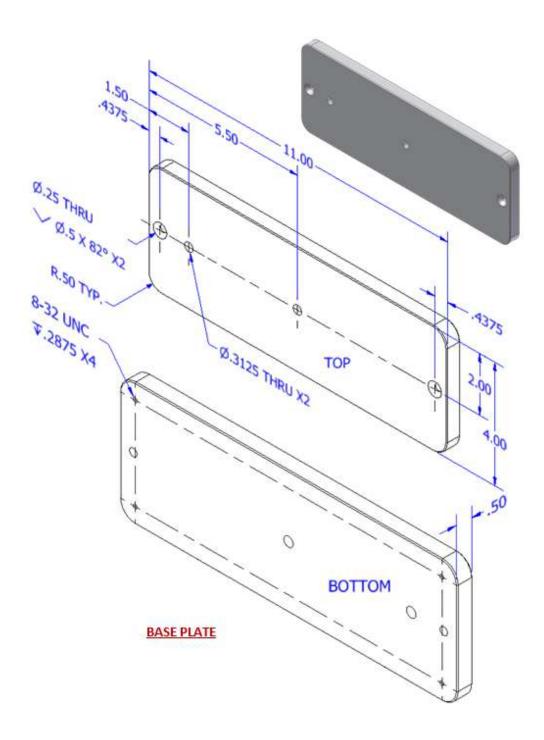
- Rectangle
- Circle

Feature Tools- These are suggested tools for this activity

- Extrude
- Rectangular Pattern
- VI. Create the rectangular plate with patterned pegs as shown in the images below. The **Rectangular Pattern** function allows the user to make copies of an existing feature in one direction or two directions simultaneously. Existing edges or the axes of the Cartesian coordinate grid must be selected to identify the desired direction(s).
 - 1. Create a 6 in. wide x 4 in. high rectangle and extrude the rectangle to a depth of .5 in.
 - 2. Use the following image of the sketch to draw the circle that will become the peg used in the pattern. Select the Rectangular Pattern tool from the Pattering section of the ribbon bar to replicate the existing cylindrical extrusion six times in the horizontal direction and four times in the vertical direction.



- 3. Save the file in your Practice project folder as RectangularPattern.ipt.
- VII. Create the Base Plate for the Button Maker using the dimensioned pictorial below. Create one of the holes in the bottom of the plate into which the rubber feet are screwed. Then use the **Rectangular Pattern** tool to pattern four holes on the bottom. Next create one of the through drilled (straight) holes and use another rectangular pattern to create the second drilled through hole. Then create the countersink holes. Use the **Chamfer** function to apply a 1/32" chamfer to all of the exterior edges of the Button Maker Base Plate. Save the file as BasePlate YourInitials.ipt to your Button Maker project folder.



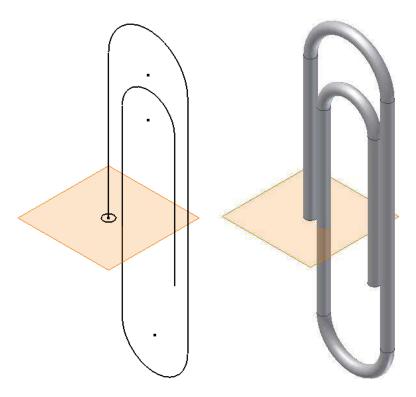
Sweep

Sketch Tools – These are suggested tools for this activity

- Line
- Circle
- Project Geometry

Feature Tools - These are suggested tools for this activity

- Workplane on Point
- Sweep



VIII. Model a paper clip. The sweep function allows the user to extrude a closed profile along a path. The path may be open or closed. The profile and the path must exist as two separate sketches.

- 1. Create a sketch to represent the path (the curving spiraling line along which the profile will be swept). The dimensions of the geometry are not important. Just try to approximate a real paperclip. Finish the sketch.
- 2. Select **Workplane** and pick the point that is at the end of the path. Click again to "set" the workplane.
- 3. Apply a sketch to the plane and then project the point at the end of the path to the sketch plane. Draw a circle centered on the projected point and finish the sketch.
- 4. Use the **Sweep** function to extrude the circle along the existing path to create the form of a paper clip. Note that two sketches are necessary to create a swept feature a path and a profile.
- 5. Save the file to your Practice project folder as a Paperclip.ipt.

Conclusion

1. What 3D CAD functions could be used to create a wire coat hanger?

- 2. For each of the following, sketch a 2D shape and an axis of rotation that you could use to model each of the following solid forms using the Revolve function within 3D modeling software. Dimension each sketch and indicate the axis of rotation that you would use. You may use software to check your answers.
 - a. A solid cylinder with a diameter of 3.5 in. and a height of 7 in. Be sure to dimension the shape.

- b. A solid sphere using the **Revolve** function. What rotation angle would you use?
- 3. For each of the following, describe the solid form that would result from rotating the given shape about the axis of rotation by the given rotation angle. Then sketch the resulting 3D shape and indicate important dimensions.

