

## Lesson 3.1 Multiplying by a 1-Digit Number

#### Solve.

- **1.** Multiply 323 by 3.
  - 3 × 3 =
  - 20 × 3 =

 $300 \times 3 =$ 

 $323 \times 3 = 3 \times 3 + 20 \times 3 + 300 \times 3 = \_$ 

2. Multiply 746 by 8.  $6 \times 8 =$   $40 \times 8 =$   $700 \times 8 =$   $746 \times 8 = 6 \times 8 + 40 \times 8 + 700 \times 8 =$  \_\_\_\_\_\_ 3. Multiply 586 by 9.  $6 \times 9 =$   $80 \times 9 =$   $500 \times 9 =$   $500 \times 9 =$  $586 \times 9 = 6 \times 9 + 80 \times 9 + 500 \times 9 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

Name: .								Date:			
Multip	ly.										
4.		2	4	6		5.		3	7	5	
	×			3	-		X			4	
6.		4	2	8		7.		5	3	7	
	×			5			×			6	
8.		3	8	7		9.		6	3	9	
				7	-					7	
		4	6	7							
	<u>×</u>			8						8	
10		F	L	0		10		Α	0	7	
12.	×		6			13.	×		8	7 9	
				7	-					7	

Date: \_

#### Name: \_

## Lesson 3.2 Multiplying by a 2-Digit Number

Write the missing numbers.

1.	48 × 10 =	2.	89 × 10 =
3.	23 × 40 = 23 × tens	4.	35 × 30 = 35 × tens
	= tens =		= tens =
5.	$419 \times 50 = 419 \times \underline{\qquad}$ tens = $\underline{\qquad}$ tens	6.	627 × 20 = 627 × tens = tens
	=		=
7.	$536 \times 60 = 536 \times \underline{\qquad} \times 10$ $= \underline{\qquad} \times 10$	8.	$648 \times 60 = 648 \times \underline{\qquad} \times 10$ $= \underline{\qquad} \times 10$
	=		=

 $\ensuremath{\textcircled{\sc only}}$  Marshall Cavendish International (Singapore) Private Limited.

Name:
-------

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

9.	87 × 7 =	10.	96 × 7 =
	87 × 70 =		96 × 70 =
11.	356 × 8 =	12.	267 × 9 =
	356 × 80 =		267 × 90 =

\_..

#### Find each product.

### Estimate each product.

	Example	
	52 × 23 is about <u>50</u> × <u>20</u> . Estimate: <u>50 × 20 = 1,000</u>	
13.	87 × 39 is about	_ ×
	Estimate:	
14.	369 $ imes$ 47 is about	×

© Marshall Cavendish International (Singapore) Private Limited.

Estimate: \_\_\_\_\_

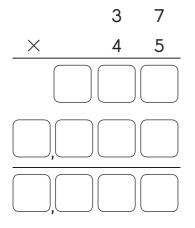
Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

#### Find each product.

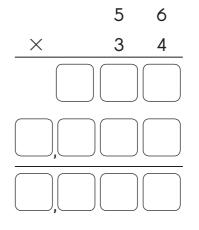
**15.**  $37 \times 5 =$ 

 $37 \times 40 =$ 



**16.** 56 × 4 =

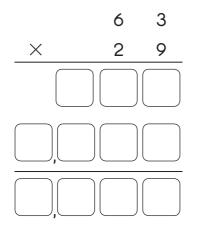
 $56 \times 30 =$ 



37 × 45 = \_\_\_\_\_

**17.** 63 × 9 =

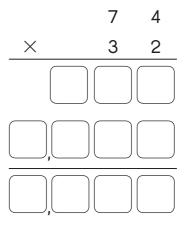
63 × 20 =



63 × 29 = \_\_\_\_\_

- 56 × 34 = \_\_\_\_\_
- **18.**  $74 \times 2 =$

 $74 \times 30 =$ 



Name: \_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

#### Multiply. Then estimate to check that your answers are reasonable.

19.		9	8	20.		5	4
	$\times$	7	6		$\times$	9	7

21.		3	6	4	22.	5	2	8
	$\times$		2	9	X		4	6

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

#### Multiply. Then estimate to check that your answers are reasonable.



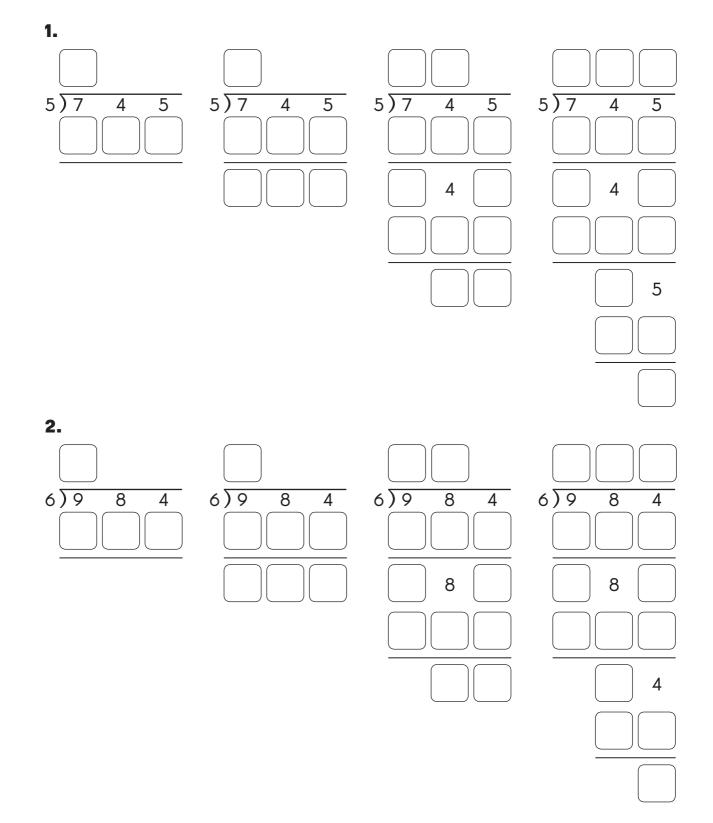
25.		7	3	4	26.	8	5	6
	$\times$		8	6	×		9	4

Date: \_

## Lesson 3.3 Modeling Division with Regrouping

#### Complete the steps.

Name: \_



Name		Date:
Divid	le.	
3.	2)7 2 8	<b>4.</b> 3)7 3 5
5.	4)948	<b>6.</b> 5)9 3 0
7.	6)6 5 4	<b>8.</b> 7)9 7 3
9.	8)9 8 4	<b>10.</b> 9)9 5 4

Date: \_\_

Name: \_

## Lesson 3.4 Dividing by a 1-Digit Number

## Fill in the blanks to find each quotient.

1.	6,400 ÷ 8 = hundreds	; ÷ 8
	= hundreds	i
	=	
2.	6,300 ÷ 9 = hundreds	; ÷ 9
	= hundreds	i
	=	
3.	9,000 ÷ 3 = thousand	s÷3
	= thousand	s
	=	

## Estimate each quotient.

4.	78 ÷ 4 is about ÷ 4.	Estimate:
5.	397 ÷ 5 is about ÷ 5.	Estimate:
6.	7,425 ÷ 5 is about ÷ 5.	Estimate:
7.	6,726 ÷ 6 is about ÷ 6.	Estimate:

© Marshall Cavendish International (Singapore) Private Limited.

Name	):					D	ate: _			_	
Divid	le.										
8.	4)5,	0	5	2	9.	6)6,	0	7	8		
10.	7)1,	9	8	8	11.	9)5,	0	5	8		
12.	8)3,	9	7	6	13.	5)4,	8	4	0		anal (Singapore) Private Limited.

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

## Find each quotient. Then estimate to check that your answers are reasonable.

**14.** 1,748 ÷ 7 = \_\_\_\_\_ R \_\_\_\_\_

**15.** 3,871 ÷ 4 = \_\_\_\_\_ R \_\_\_\_\_





© Marshall Cavendish International (Singapore) Private Limited.

_			
D	at	••	

Find each quotient. Then estimate to check that your answers are reasonable.

**18.** 5,453 ÷ 9 = \_\_\_\_\_ R \_\_\_\_\_

**19.** 7,218 ÷ 8 = \_\_\_\_\_ R \_\_\_\_\_

**20.** 6,499 ÷ 7 = \_\_\_\_\_ R \_\_\_\_\_

**21.** 2,781 ÷ 5 = \_\_\_\_\_ R \_\_\_\_\_

#### Name: \_

## Lesson 3.5 Real-World Problems

Sharon buys 18 boxes of cupcakes. There are 24 cupcakes in each box.
a. How many cupcakes does Sharon buy?

**b.** Sharon repacks all the cupcakes in boxes of 8 cupcakes each. How many boxes are needed?

**2.** There are 35 rows of chairs in a room. Each row has 42 chairs. Some workers remove 120 chairs from the room. How many chairs are there in the room now?

Date: \_

**3.** A digital camera costs \$699. A retailer sells 38 cameras. How much does he collect altogether?



**4.** A bakery sells 369 banana muffins each day. It sells 4 times as many blueberry muffins as banana muffins each day. How many blueberry muffins are sold every day?



© Marshall Cavendish International (Singapore) Private Limited.

N	a	m	e	1
---	---	---	---	---

**5.** A factory produces 1,899 toy cars each day. How many toy cars does it produce in 7 days?

- **6.** Ms. Marquez divides 3,440 beads equally among 6 groups of students for a crafts project.
  - a. How many beads does each group have?

**b.** How many beads are left over?

Ν	ar	
		 -

**7.** 2,255 stamps are divided equally among 6 post offices.

**a.** How many stamps does each post office receive?

**b.** How many stamps are left over?

8. Each pair of in-line skates costs \$56.a. How much does a store have to pay for 39 pairs of in-line skates?

**b.** A store sells each pair of in-line skates for \$72. What is the profit that the store makes on the 39 pairs of in-line skates?

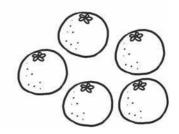


Name:	Date:

**9.** Hannah gave \$68 to charity. Hannah's mother gave 25 times as much as Hannah. How much did they give altogether?

- **10.** A fruit seller has 2,400 oranges. He throws away 52 rotten oranges and packs the remainder equally into 9 boxes.
  - a. How many oranges are in each box?

**b.** How many oranges are unpacked?



Name:	
-------	--

**11.** There are 4 times as many children as adults at a theater. There are 475 adults. How many people are at the theater altogether?

**12.** A nature club has 37 members. Each member receives 15 fish to put into an aquarium. If 20 of the total number of fish are put into a fishbowl instead, how many fish are put into the aquarium?

Name:	Date:	

**13.** Mr. Joseph's salary is \$3,650. He spends \$1,610 on rent. He divides the rest of his salary into 3 parts for his other monthly expenses. How much money is in each part?

**14.** Diana mixes 1,543 milliliters of orange concentrate with 932 milliliters of water to make orange juice. She then pours the mixture equally into 9 glasses. How much orange juice is in each glass?

Name:	
-------	--

**15.** Carlene saves \$*y*. Sharon saves 3 times as much money as Carlene. Jason saves \$50 more than Sharon. How much do they save altogether?

**16.** There are 200 chairs in a school. The workers arrange them into rows of 12 chairs. There are *w* chairs left over. How many rows are there?

# Put On Your Thinking Cap!

1. Sarah has 275 red beads and 3 times as many blue beads. She uses a total of 156 beads to make a bracelet. How many beads are left?

2. Factory A produces 420 footballs a day. Factory B produces 90 fewer footballs than Factory A each day. How many footballs do the two factories produce in 28 days?

**3.** James and Sam saved \$392 altogether. Sam had 3 times as much money as James. Sam spends \$38 on a pair of shoes. How much money does Sam have now?

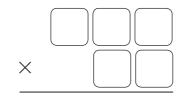
Name:
-------

**4.** Mr. Roberts inherits some money. He keeps \$1,800 for himself, gives \$980 to his wife, and divides the rest among his 6 children. Each of his children receives \$89. How much did Mr. Roberts inherit?

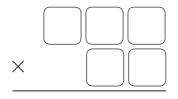
5. Mrs. Rodin buys a table and 6 chairs for \$1,233. The table costs
\$750 more than each chair. How much does Mrs. Rodin pay for the 6 chairs?

 Ms. Rao buys a computer, a printer, and a scanner for \$2,543. The computer costs \$1,502 more than the printer. The printer costs \$123 more than the scanner. How much does Ms. Rao pay for the computer?

- **7.** Use each of the digits 2, 4, 7, 8, and 9 only once. Arrange the digits in these boxes to get
  - **a.** the greatest possible product.



**b.** the least possible product.



**8.** Mr. Garcia's age this year is a multiple of 7. In 3 years, his age will be a multiple of 5. He is more than 20 years old but less than 80 years old. How old will Mr. Garcia be in 6 years?

Name:
-------

- **9.** At a bicycle shop, a bicycle costs \$49 and a tricycle costs \$27. An after-school club buys bicycles and tricycles with a total of 39 wheels. The club buys 2 more bicycles than tricycles.
  - a. How many bicycles does the club buy?

**b.** How much money does the club pay for the bicycles?