Answer Key

Lesson 4.1

Challenge Practice



- **3.** 60°, 60°, 60° **4.** 63°, 36°, 81°; acute
- **5.** x = 29, y = 64 **6.** x = 12.9, y = 51.4
- **7.** $m \angle A = m \angle 1$
- **8. GIVEN:** $\triangle ABC$ **PROVE:** Sum of exterior angles of $\triangle ABC$ is 360°.

By the definition of a straight angle, you know that $m \angle 1 + m \angle 2 = 180^\circ$, $m \angle 3 + m \angle 4 = 180^\circ$, and $m \angle 5 + m \angle 6 = 180^\circ$. So, it follows that the sum of all six angles is $180^\circ + 180^\circ + 180^\circ = 540^\circ$. By the Triangle Sum Theorem, you know that $m \angle 2 + m \angle 4 + m \angle 6 = 180^\circ$. The exterior angles of the triangle are $\angle 1$, $\angle 3$, and $\angle 5$. To find the sum of these three angles, subtract 180° from the sum of the interior angles, 540° , to obtain 360° .