Brandon Valley School District District Learning Plan March 16-19, 2020

Grade 3 Math



Brandon Valley School District Distance Learning Plan

LESSON/UNIT: Fractions	SUBJECT/GRADE: Math- 3rd Grade DATES: March 16 - 19, 2020
What do students need to do?	Students may print out worksheets listed below or write on lined or unlined paper with page number written at the bottom. <u>Monday</u> (3/16): Complete Lesson 1 - Unit Fractions: Reteach pg. 72
	Tuesday (3/17): Complete Lesson 7 - Fractions as One Whole: Reteach pg. 78
	Wednesday (3/18): Complete Lesson 8 - Compare Fractions: Reteach pg. 79
	Thursday (3/19): Complete Lesson 10-K - Label a Number Line to Identify Fractions page
W/hat do atudonte road	
What do students need to bring back when	 All work completed for the following worksheets: Lesson 1 Unit Fractions: Reteach pg. 72
school resumes?	 Lesson 7 Fractions as One Whole: Reteach pg. 78
	 Lesson 8 Compare Fractions: Reteach pg. 79
	 Lesson 10-K Label a Number Line to Identify Fractions
	 textbooks and magazines sent home
What standards do the	3.NF.1- Understand a fraction $1/b$ as the quantity formed by 1 part when a whole is partitioned into b
lessons cover?	equal parts; understand a fraction a/b as the quantity formed by a parts of size $1/b$.
	3.NF.2b-Represent a fraction a/b on a number line diagram by marking off a lengths $1/b$ from 0. Recognize that the resulting interval has size a/b and that its endpoint locates the number a/b on the
	number line.
	3.NF.3c- Express whole numbers as fractions, and recognize fractions that are equivalent to whole numbers. <i>Examples: Express 3 in the form 3 = $3/1$; recognize that $6/1 = 6$; locate $4/4$ and 1 at the same point of a number line diagram.</i>
	3.NF.3d- Compare two fractions with the same numerator or the same denominator by reasoning
	about their size. Recognize that comparisons are valid only when the two fractions refer to the same
	whole. Record the results of comparisons with the symbols >, =, or <, and justify the conclusions, e.g., by using a visual fraction model.
What materials do	Need: Pencil, lined/unlined paper or may print off math worksheets if printer is
students need?	available
What extra resources	Extra: Khan Academy Videos for Extra Support
can students use?	1) Fraction Basics
	 3) <u>Compare Fractions with Greater Than and Less Than</u> 4) Fractions on a Number Line
	4) <u>Fractions on a Number Line</u>

What can students do if	State Testing Practice:	
they finish early?	https://login10.cloud1.tds.airast.org/student/V388/Pages/LoginShell.aspx	
	?c=SouthDakota_PT	
	• Flashcards	
	 Practice math facts 	
	 Resources on your child's teacher's website 	
	 Follow a recipe using fractions 	
Who can we contact if	Brandon Elementary	
we have questions?	Teachers	
	Building Principal: merle.horst@k12.sd.us	
Please click on the blue		
"Teachers" link to email a teacher.	Fred Assam Elementary	
	Teachers	
	Building Principal: <u>susan.foster@k12.sd.us</u>	
	Robert Bennis Elementary	
	Teachers	
	Building Principal: Kristin.Hofkamp@k12.sd.us	
	Valley Springs Elementary	
	Teacher	
	Building Principal: <u>tanya.palmer@k12.sd.us</u>	
Notes: Keep smiling and working hard!		

Brandon Valley School District

Lesson 1 Reteach

Unit Fractions

A unit fraction is one part of a whole. The top number of a unit fraction is always 1. The bottom number of a unit fraction is the number of equal parts in the whole.

Label each part of the whole with its unit fraction.

1 Count the number of equal parts.

There are 3 equal parts.

2 Make the unit fraction.

You know that the top number of a unit fraction is always 1. The bottom number is the number of equal parts. So, the unit fraction is.



3 Label the parts.

Write the unit fraction in each part to show that each part is of the whole.

Label each part with its unit fraction.





Lesson 8 Reteach

Compare Fractions

You can use models to compare fractions to see which fraction is *greater than* (>), *is less than* (<), or is *equivalent* (=).



Use models to compare. Use >, <, or =.

1. $\frac{2}{6}$ $\bigcirc \frac{1}{3}$	2. $\frac{1}{2}$ $\bigcirc \frac{1}{6}$
3. $\frac{4}{8}$ $\bigcirc \frac{7}{8}$	4. $\frac{1}{4}$ \bigcirc $\frac{1}{8}$
5. $\frac{2}{3}$ $\bigcirc \frac{4}{6}$	6. $\frac{1}{6}$ $\bigcirc \frac{3}{6}$

- **7.** Kerry is making muffins. The recipe calls for $\frac{1}{2}$ cup of blueberries and $\frac{1}{3}$ cup of walnuts. Are there more blueberries or walnuts in the muffins?
- **8.** Layla walks $\frac{3}{4}$ of a mile home after school. Jaxon walks $\frac{1}{2}$ of a mile home. Who walks farther?

Lesson 7 Reteach

Fractions as One Whole

The numeral 1 can be written as many different fractions. Any time the numerator and denominator are the same, the fraction equals 1.

Write the fraction that represents the whole shown.

The circle is divided into 3 equal parts. All 3 parts of the circle are shaded.

The fraction that represents the whole is



Write the fraction that represents the whole.





3.



Name _

Label a Number Line to Identify Fractions



Write each numerator on the number line. Circle the fraction.



Write each numerator on the number line. Circle the fraction.

