

ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS

Guidelines for Implementing Student Attendance Regulations

Any student who misses school must present a written excuse, signed by a parent/guardian, or a medical or legal statement. If a written excuse or medical/legal statement is not provided to your school's Attendance Office within three days after the student is back in school, this absence will be unexcused. The maximum number of parent notes accepted and recorded for illness as a lawful/excused absence is five per school year.

Tardies: All students who are not in their classroom by 7:45 a.m. will receive an unexcused tardy. The only exceptions are for students who are tardy due to a medical appointment or a late bus. A tardy will only be excused when a medical note is presented at the time of arrival to school or approved by the principal for extenuating circumstances.

Students will be considered absent lawfully and excused when:

- They are ill and their attendance in school would endanger their health or the health of others.
- There is a death or serious illness in their immediate family — with proper documentation (bulletin, death notice)
- There is a recognized religious holiday of their faith.
- The student is suspended out of school.
- There is a necessary medical or legal appointment that cannot be scheduled during non-school hours.

Students will not be excused or receive a lawfully absent for family vacations, non-sponsored school events or any personal reason not associated with the school will not be excused. This is part of SC State Compulsory Attendance Law.

Early Dismissal: Students are not allowed to leave school after 1:45 p.m. UNLESS a doctor's excuse/appointment card is presented to the office by the parent at the time of dismissal. In addition, no transportation changes will be made AFTER 1:45 p.m.

Student Attendance Intervention Plans

After three consecutive or a total of five unlawful absences, regulations require that school officials contact the parent/guardian for a conference. The purpose of this conference is to identify reasons for your student's absences and to complete a Student Attendance Intervention Plan.

The maximum number of days a student allowed to miss is TEN per school year (lawful or unlawful.) When a student is absent more than 10 days, attendance is a key factor used in the promotion/retention decisions for grades K-5.

Citation: South Carolina Code of Laws 59-65-50, 60 & 70, and South Carolina Board of Education Regulations.