MOUNT HOLLY TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT KINDERGARTEN - 2nd GRADE - WORLD LANGUAGE Novice Low - Novice Mid



Revised to meet the June 2020 NJSLS-WORLD LANGUAGE Board Approval: November 2022

Board Approved: November 9, 2022

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World Languages

The New Jersey Student Learning Standards – World Languages (NJSLS-WL) is a guiding document toward participation in the state's global society. As one of the most diverse states in the United States, New Jersey encompasses a multicultural, global citizenry. In all regions, there are people speaking and interacting with others in different languages; there are street signs in several languages and international enterprises conducting business in English and in a multitude of other languages. The New Jersey Department of Education, whose mission is to equip students with necessary knowledge, skills, and attitudes to participate successfully in the 21st century, embraces the state's multiculturalism and diversity, including the acquisition of diverse languages and cultures.

Mission

World languages education provides learners with the essential language skills and cultural understandings in languages other than English necessary to live and work in a global, culturally diverse world.

Vision

An education in world languages fosters a population that:

- Cultivates communication and cultural understanding in more than one language with the levels of language proficiency that are required to function in a variety of occupations and careers in the contemporary workplace.
- Exhibits attitudes, values, and skills that indicate a positive disposition and understanding of cultural differences and that enhances crosscultural communication.
- Participates in local and global communities with people who speak languages other than English to address social justice issues and other global problems.
- Values language learning for its long-term worth in advancing personal, work-related, and/or financial success in our increasingly interconnected world.

Intent and Spirit of the World Languages Standard

The study of world languages benefits all students by fostering academic success, cognitive flexibility, increased access to information from other content areas, employment opportunities, and the ability to function more effectively with understanding and respect in all environments encountered in their lives. To meet the high school graduation requirement (N.J.A.C. 6A: 8:5.1), the New Jersey Student Learning Standards – World Languages (NJSLS – WL) promotes an acquisition process that is research-based, spiraling and recursive, and aligned to appropriate proficiency targets that are designed to ultimately enable learners to attain Novice-High level proficiency or above, which is a requirement for high school graduation. All students have regular, sequential instruction in one or more world languages beginning in kindergarten and continuing at least through the freshman year of high school. Further, N.J.A.C. 6A:8-5.1(b)4 directs districts to actively encourage all students who otherwise meet the current-year

requirement for high school graduation to continue their study of a second language through high school in order to reach higher proficiency levels. Opportunities to develop higher levels of proficiency should be based on personal and career interests.

The number of years spent studying a language and the frequency of instruction impact the level of proficiency acquired in the language. This principle has historically been supported by research in the United States and abroad (Raymond, 2012). A three-year grant project (2005-08) administered by the New Jersey Department of Education supports these research findings. Data from the federally funded project that assessed the language proficiency of 60,000 8th-grade students presented compelling evidence for the need to develop programs that offer all students the opportunity to meet the statedesignated proficiency level of Novice-High. The data showed that programs offering a minimum of 540 hours of articulated instruction in classes that meet at least three times a week throughout the academic year produce a majority of students who can speak at the Novice-High proficiency level or higher. Consequently, the establishment and/or maintenance of quality, well- articulated language programs at the elementary and middle-school levels, as required by New Jersey Administrative Code, is critical for building the capacity of high school students to achieve the Novice-High level of language proficiency required for graduation.

Revised Standards

Framework for NJ Designed Standards

The design of this version of the NJ World Language Standard is intended to:

- promote the development of curricula and learning experiences that reflect the vision and mission of world languages as stated in the beginning of this document;
- foster greater coherence and appropriate progressions across grade bands;
- prioritize the important ideas and core processes that are central to world languages and have lasting value beyond the classroom; and
- reflect the habits of mind central to world language studies that lead to post-secondary success.

World Languages Practices

Practice	Description
Communicate	Communicate effectively in more than one language in order to function in a variety of situations and for multiple purposes.
Cultures	Learners use the language to investigate, explain, and reflect on the relationship between the practices and perspectives of the cultures studied. Learners use the language to investigate, explain, and reflect on the relationship between the products and perspectives of the cultures studied.
Connections	Learners use the language to investigate, explain, and reflect on the nature of language through comparisons of the language studied and their own. Learners use the language to investigate, explain, and reflect on the concept of culture through comparisons of the cultures studied and their own.

Comparisons	Develop insight into the nature of language and culture in order to interact with cultural competence.
Communities	Learners use the language both within and beyond the classroom to interact and collaborate in their community and the globalized world. Learners set goals and reflect on their progress in using languages for enjoyment, enrichment, and advancement.

Philosophy and Goals

NJSLS – WL reflect the philosophy and goals found in the national Standards for Foreign Language Learning in the 21st Century (National Standards in Foreign Language Education Project, 2006) and the summary of the World-Readiness Standards for Learning Languages. They were developed by consulting standards in the United States and internationally, as well as by examining the latest research and best practices on second-language acquisition. The revised world languages standard is generic in nature, designed as a core subject, and is meant to be inclusive for all languages taught in New Jersey schools. With regard to the implementation of NJSLS – WL for particular languages or language groups:

American Sign Language (ASL)

The differences between studying ASL and spoken languages can be profound. Students of American Sign Language learn how to communicate spatially, rather than arranging words sequentially into sentences. They face unique challenges due to the modality differences between speaking and signing. This involves language features like the use of space, eye gaze, classifiers, depicting verbs and cinematic techniques. Students engage in all three modes of communication— interpersonal, interpretive, and presentational by using the hands, face and body to express ideas while incorporating a variety of complex linguistic features, such as role shifting, semantic influences on message meanings and application of appropriate prosodic features to reflect the signer's intent and tone. Contrary to a linear language, ASL students are challenged to express their ideas while simultaneously using these complex units of meaning. In addition, students learn different ways to navigate conversational interactions like turn-taking, attention getting techniques, and the importance of maintaining eye contact.

Level 1: All About Me Curriculum Area: World Language Unit Length: 32 Sessions	Grade Level: Kindergarten	
Unit Goals		
In this Unit, students will be introduced to American Sign Language and Deaf Culture through community based activities. Starting a new school year with an All About Me unit builds self-esteem, builds a sense of community, and develops communication skills. By the end of the unit, students will begin to recite common words and phrases in ASL (self, family, community, and complete an all about me project).		
NJSLS: 7.1 World Languages: American Sign Language (ASL)	Modes of Communication:	
Students engage in all three modes of communication—interpersonal, interpretive, and presentational by using the hands, face and body to express ideas while incorporating a variety of complex linguistic features, such as role shifting, semantic influences on message meanings and application of appropriate prosodic features to reflect the signer's intent and tone. Contrary to a linear language, ASL students are challenged to express their ideas while simultaneously using these complex units of meaning. In addition, students learn different ways to navigate conversational interactions like turn-taking, attention getting techniques, and the importance of maintaining eye contact.	Interpretive Mode: Students demonstrate understanding of spoken and written communication within appropriate cultural contexts.	
Enduring Understandings	Essential Questions	
 I am unique and an important part of the community. Studying ASL will be useful to my future and give me insight into other cultures. Culture is our way of life. It includes our values, beliefs, customs, languages and traditions. Culture is reflected in our history, in our heritage and in how we express ideas and creativity. 	 What makes me special? Why learn another language? Why is it important to learn about your culture and other cultures? 	
District/School Supplementary Resources		

- Read Alouds,
- Songs
- Videos
- Posters, handouts & manipulatives

District/ School Formative Assessment Plan	District/ School Summative Assessment Plan
Teacher ObservationSigning	Performance Task (All About Me poster)
Instruction	onal Best Practices
 Word Wall Technology Infusion Cooperative Learning Exit Ticket Setting Objectives and Providing Feedback Modeling 	 Checks for understanding Graphic Organizers Reading partners Visuals Collaborative problem solving Vocabulary building Think, Pair, Share

Career Readiness, Life Literacies and Key Skills

Career Ready Practices:

- CRP1: Act as a responsible and contributing citizen and employee.
- CRP8: Utilize critical thinking to make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
- CRP12: Work productively in teams while using global competence.
- 9.4.2.CI.1: Demonstrate openness to new ideas and perspectives (e.g., 1.1.2.CR1a, 2.1.2.EH.1, 6.1.2.CivicsCM.2).
- 9.4.2.IML.4: Compare and contrast the way information is shared in a variety of contexts (e.g., social, academic, athletic) (e.g., 2.2.2.MSC.5, RL.2.9).

9.1 Personal Financial Literacy – Income And Careers	9.2 Career Awareness, Exploration, And Preparation - Career Awareness

- 9.1.2.CR.1: Recognize ways to volunteer in the classroom, school and community.
- 9.1.2.CR.2: List ways to give back, including making donations, volunteering, and starting a business.

9.1.2.CAP.1: Make a list of different types of jobs and describe the skills associated with each job.

Interdisciplinary Connections

W.K.2 Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose informative/explanatory texts in which they name what they are writing about and supply some information about the topic.

W.1.3 Write narratives in which they recount two or more appropriately sequenced events, include some details regarding what happened, use temporal words to signal event order, and provide some sense of closure.

8.1-8.2 Computer Science and Design Thinking:

- 8.2.2.ITH.1: Identify products that are designed to meet human wants or needs.
- 8.2.2.ITH.5: Design a solution to a problem affecting the community in a collaborative team and explain the intended impact of the solution.

NJSLS Learning Plan

World Language Practices

Communicate

Communicate effectively in more than one language in order to function in a variety of situations and for multiple purposes.

Cultures

Learners use the language to investigate, explain, and reflect on the relationship between the practices and perspectives of the cultures studied. Learners use the language to investigate, explain, and reflect on the relationship between the products and perspectives of the cultures studied.

Connections

Learners use the language to investigate, explain, and reflect on the nature of language through comparisons of the language studied and their own. Learners use the language to investigate, explain, and reflect on the concept of culture through comparisons of the cultures studied and their own.

Comparisons

Develop insight into the nature of language and culture in order to interact with cultural competence.

Communities

Learners use the language both within and beyond the classroom to interact and collaborate in their community and the globalized world. Learners set goals and reflect on their progress in using languages for enjoyment, enrichment, and advancement.

Core Idea	Performance Expectations
Using the 3 modes of Communication Learning a language involves interpreting meaning from listening, viewing, and reading culturally authentic materials in the target language. • ASL Family Activity Book • Use activity book to teach signs for family members • ASL I Have/Who Has - Common Salutations • Use "I have/Who has" game to practice signing common salutations • ASL Classroom Expectations • Reinforce classroom expectations through the use of signs • Hands Warm Up • Teach students how to warm their hands up in preparation of signing • Cool Down Hands	The Language: • 7.1.NL.IPRET.1: Identify a few memorized and practiced words contained in oral, viewed, and written chunks of language in culturally authentic materials when supported by visual cues such as pictures and gestures and text support such as bolded words, bulleted lists, and/or captions. (*Recognize familiar signs and phrases) • 7.1.NL.IPRET.2: Respond with physical actions and/or gestures to simple oral directions, commands, and requests. (*simple signed directions, commands, and requests) • 7.1.NL.IPRET.3: Recognize a few common gestures associated with the target culture(s). (*Cultural practices only) • 7.1.NL.IPRET.4: Recognize a few memorized words related to weather and climate in the target culture(s) and in students' own cultures in highly contextualized oral texts.
 Demonstrate how to cool hands down at the conclusion of class 	
Key Vocabulary	

Intercultural Statement: Through the target language, learners recognize and identify the names of a few typical products related to everyday life in the target culture and in the learners' own culture

"father"	"parents" "brother" "sister" "aunt"	"Hello" "Goodbye" "Yes" "No" "please"
"mother"	"uncle"	"thank you"

Intercultural Statement: Learners recognize and identify a few typical practices of the target culture.

Respect for different family members and other individuals in a society, similarities and differences of school routines and expectations, animals in the target culture(s) compared to those in the students' own culture(s), the effects of weather patterns in target language regions of the world and in the students' own regions.

Modifications/Accommodations for Special Education Students	Accommodations for At-Risk Students
 Demonstrate/model activity Partner assisted Disregard time limits Oral prompt Preferred position Reduce number of actions Ask for a repeat of the directions 	 Use well-defined boundaries Get a written list of instructions Provide a buddy/partner Preview skills for upcoming classes Demonstrate/model activity Disregard time limits Oral prompt More space between students Preferred position Simplify patterns Reduce number of actions Ask for a repeat of the directions
Accommodations for English Language Learners	Accommodations for Gifted Students

 Demonstrate/model activity Partner assisted Disregard time limits Provide pictorial of rules, directions, or process Ask for a repeat of the directions 	Additional practice of specific skills or concepts Increase opportunities for applying skills or concepts Direct instruction in using specific knowledge in different contexts Provide learning centers where students are in charge of their own learning
Required Activities	Suggested Activities
 Instant Activity/ Do Now Closure Whole Group Small Groups Modeling Independent Practice PBIS Implementation Identify and review objectives for lesson Stations Modified Activities 	 Reflection Goal Setting Real World Connection Accessing Prior Experiences

Level 2: School Days Curriculum Area: World Language Unit Length: 32 Sessions	Grade Level: First Grade	
Unit Goals		
In this Unit, students will be able to communicate in ASL about school, learn school skills in ASL, use common ASL school words and phrases, and learn about Deaf students of the same age. Students will continue to develop a sense of community and practice communication skills.		
NJSLS: 7.1 World Languages: American Sign Language (ASL)	Modes of Communication:	

Students engage in all three modes of communication—interpersonal,
interpretive, and presentational by using the hands, face and body to
express ideas while incorporating a variety of complex linguistic
features, such as role shifting, semantic influences on message
meanings and application of appropriate prosodic features to reflect
the signer's intent and tone. Contrary to a linear language, ASL
students are challenged to express their ideas while simultaneously
using these complex units of meaning. In addition, students learn
different ways to navigate conversational interactions like turn-taking,
attention getting techniques, and the importance of maintaining eye
contact.

Interpersonal Mode: Students engage in direct oral and or/written communication with others.

Enduring Understandings

- Studying ASL will be useful to my future and give me insight into other cultures.
- Culture is our way of life. It includes our values, beliefs, customs, languages and traditions.
- Culture is reflected in our history, in our heritage and in how we express ideas and creativity.
- I can learn words in more than one language.

Essential Questions

- Why learn another language?
- Why is it important to learn about your culture and other cultures?
- What can I learn about my own culture by learning about other cultures?
- What do other students across the world do in school?

District/School Supplementary Resources

- Read Alouds,
- Songs
- Videos
- Posters, handouts & manipulatives

District/ School Formative Assessment Plan	District/ School Summative Assessment Plan
Teacher ObservationSigning, oral quiz	Performance Task (School poster)

Instructional Best Practices

- Word Wall
- Technology Infusion
- Cooperative Learning
- Exit Ticket
- Setting Objectives and Providing Feedback
- Modeling

- Checks for understanding
- Graphic Organizers
- Reading partners
- Visuals
- Collaborative problem solving
- Vocabulary building
- Think, Pair, Share

Career Readiness, Life Literacies and Key Skills

Career Ready Practices:

- CRP1: Act as a responsible and contributing citizen and employee.
- CRP8: Utilize critical thinking to make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
- CRP12: Work productively in teams while using global competence.
- 9.4.2.CI.1: Demonstrate openness to new ideas and perspectives (e.g., 1.1.2.CR1a, 2.1.2.EH.1, 6.1.2.CivicsCM.2).
- 9.4.2.IML.4: Compare and contrast the way information is shared in a variety of contexts (e.g., social, academic, athletic) (e.g., 2.2.2.MSC.5, RL.2.9).

9.1 Personal Financial Literacy – Income And Careers	9.2 Career Awareness, Exploration, And Preparation - Career Awareness
9.1.2.CR.1: Recognize ways to volunteer in the classroom, school and community. 9.1.2.CR.2: List ways to give back, including making donations, volunteering, and starting a business.	9.1.2.CAP.1: Make a list of different types of jobs and describe the skills associated with each job.

Interdisciplinary Connections

Language Arts

- W.K.3. Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to narrate a single event or several loosely linked events, tell about the events in the order in which they occurred, and provide a reaction to what happened.
- W.K.2 Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose informative/explanatory texts in which they name what they are writing about and supply some information about the topic.

W.1.3 Write narratives in which they recount two or more appropriately sequenced events, include some details regarding what happened, use temporal words to signal event order, and provide some sense of closure.

Mathematics

Know number names and the count sequence.

Count to tell the number of objects.

Generate and analyze patterns.

Classify objects and count the number of objects in each category.

8.1-8.2 Computer Science and Design Thinking:

8.2.2.ITH.1: Identify products that are designed to meet human wants or needs.

8.2.2.ITH.5: Design a solution to a problem affecting the community in a collaborative team and explain the intended impact of the solution.

NJSLS Learning Plan		
Core Ideas	Performance Expectations	
Interpersonal communication is the exchange of information and the negotiation of meaning between and among individuals. Students will be able to: Identify school supplies found in pictures and gestures. Demonstrate understanding of commands associated with classroom items. Tell where things and people in the classroom are located. Compare a hearing classroom with Deaf culture. Count 1-10 in ASL. Recite. Classify. Learn colors in ASL. Recite. Color by Number.	 7.1.NL.IPERS.1: Respond to a few simple questions on very familiar topics using memorized words and phrases that have been repeatedly practiced. 7.1.NL.IPERS.2: With the help of gestures and/or visuals, share with others basic needs on very familiar topics using memorized words and phrases that have been repeatedly practiced. 7.1.NL.IPERS.3: Tell others a few basic preferences and/or feelings using memorized words and phrases, often supported by gestures or visuals. 7.1.NL.IPERS.4: React to a few procedural instructions, directions, and commands in classroom situations. 7.1.NL.IPERS.5: Enact a few culturally authentic gestures when greeting others and during leave takings. 7.1.NL.IPERS.6: Share with others the names of a few memorized and practiced words and phrases related to climate change in the target culture(s) and in students' own cultures. 	

- Use activity book to teach signs for family members
- ASL I Have/Who Has Common Salutations
 - Use "I have/Who has" game to practice signing common salutations
- ASL Classroom Expectations
 - Reinforce classroom expectations through the use of signs
- Hands Warm Up
 - Teach students how to warm their hands up in preparation of signing
- Cool Down Hands
 - Demonstrate how to cool hands down at the conclusion of class

Key Vocabulary

Intercultural Statements: Through the target language, learners recognize and identify the names of a few typical products related to everyday life in the target culture and in the learners' own culture.

SCHOOL WORDS bathroom, bus chair, door, flag, paper pencil, ruler, scissors table, teacher, water, window	Orange, Yellow, Blue, Re co, seis, siete, Green, Black	ed "Hello" "Goodbye" "Yes" "No" "please" "thank you" "good morning"
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Intercultural Statements: Learners recognize and identify a few typical practices of the target culture.

Respect for different family members and other individuals in a society, school routines and expectations, typical pets in the target culture(s) and in the students' own culture, a few weather conditions in target language regions of the world and in the students' own regions.

Modifications/Accommodations for Special Education	Accommodations for At-Risk Students
Students	

 Demonstrate/model activity Partner assisted Disregard time limits Oral prompt Preferred position Reduce number of actions Ask for a repeat of the directions 	 Use well-defined boundaries Get a written list of instructions Provide a buddy/partner Preview skills for upcoming classes Demonstrate/model activity Disregard time limits Oral prompt More space between students Preferred position Simplify patterns Reduce number of actions Ask for a repeat of the directions
Accommodations for English Language Learners	Accommodations for Gifted Students
 Demonstrate/model activity Partner assisted Disregard time limits Provide pictorial of rules, directions, or process Ask for a repeat of the directions 	 Additional practice of specific skills or concepts Increase opportunities for applying skills or concepts Direct instruction in using specific knowledge in different contexts Provide learning centers where students are in charge of their own learning
Required Activities	Suggested Activities
 Instant Activity/ Do Now Closure Whole Group, Small Groups Modeling Independent Practice PBIS Implementation Identify and review objectives for lesson Stations 	 Reflection Goal Setting Real World Connection Accessing Prior Experiences

Level 3: Home Sweet Home Curriculum Area: World Language Unit Length: 32 Sessions	Grade Level: Second Grade
Unit	Overview
In this Unit, students will be able to sign about their home and daily routines. Students will be able to describe their home and say where thing located. Students will also sign in short phrases in ASL related to daily routines. Students will discuss the similarities and differences between life in Deaf homes and home life in hearing homes.	
NJSLS: 7.1 World Languages: American Sign Language (ASL)	Modes of Communication:
Students engage in all three modes of communication—interpersonal, interpretive, and presentational by using the hands, face and body to express ideas while incorporating a variety of complex linguistic features, such as role shifting, semantic influences on message meanings and application of appropriate prosodic features to reflect the signer's intent and tone. Contrary to a linear language, ASL students are challenged to express their ideas while simultaneously using these complex units of meaning. In addition, students learn different ways to navigate conversational interactions like turn-taking, attention getting techniques, and the importance of maintaining eye contact.	Presentational Mode: Students present, orally(gestures) and/or in writing, information, concepts and ideas to an audience of listeners or readers with whom there is no immediate interaction.
Enduring Understandings	Essential Questions
 Family life varies because of cultural differences and abilities. As a family member, there are certain responsibilities that I have. Deaf children are similar. 	 How do Deaf homes differ from hearing? How does my home life reflect my culture?
District/School Supplementary Resources	

- Read Alouds,
- Songs
- Videos
- Posters, handouts & manipulatives

District/ School Formative Assessment Plan	District/ School Summative Assessment Plan	
Teacher ObservationOral QuizGroup Project	Performance Task	
Instructional Best Practices		
 Word Wall Technology Infusion Cooperative Learning Exit Ticket Setting Objectives and Providing Feedback Modeling 	 Checks for understanding Graphic Organizers Reading partners Visuals Collaborative problem solving Vocabulary building Think, Pair, Share 	

Career Readiness, Life Literacies and Key Skills

Career Ready Practices:

- CRP1: Act as a responsible and contributing citizen and employee.
- CRP8: Utilize critical thinking to make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
- CRP12: Work productively in teams while using global competence.
- 9.4.2.CI.1: Demonstrate openness to new ideas and perspectives (e.g., 1.1.2.CR1a, 2.1.2.EH.1, 6.1.2.CivicsCM.2).
- 9.4.2.IML.4: Compare and contrast the way information is shared in a variety of contexts (e.g., social, academic, athletic) (e.g., 2.2.2.MSC.5, RL.2.9).

9.1 Personal Financial Literacy – Income And Careers	9.2 Career Awareness, Exploration, And Preparation - Career Awareness
9.1 Personal Financial Literacy – Income And Careers	

9.1.2.CR.1: Recognize ways to volunteer in the classroom, school and community.	9.1.2.CAP.1: Make a list of different types of jobs and describe the skills associated with each job.
9.1.2.CR.2: List ways to give back, including making donations, volunteering, and starting a business.	

Interdisciplinary Connections

Language Arts

- W.K.3. Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to narrate a single event or several loosely linked events, tell about the events in the order in which they occurred, and provide a reaction to what happened.
- W.K.2 Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose informative/explanatory texts in which they name what they are writing about and supply some information about the topic.
- W.1.3 Write narratives in which they recount two or more appropriately sequenced events, include some details regarding what happened, use temporal words to signal event order, and provide some sense of closure.

Mathematics

Know number names and the count sequence.

Generate and analyze patterns.

Classify objects and count the number of objects in each category.

8.1-8.2 Computer Science and Design Thinking:

8.2.2.ITH.1: Identify products that are designed to meet human wants or needs.

8.2.2.ITH.5: Design a solution to a problem affecting the community in a collaborative team and explain the intended impact of the solution.

Core Idea Performance Expectations Students will be able to: Using the 3 modes of Communication Identify items in a home. Respond to simple questions related to homes (rooms, NJSLS Learning Plan Performance Expectations • 7.1.NM.PRSNT.1: Present basic personal information, interests, and activities using memorized words, phrases, and a few simple sentences on targeted themes.

- descriptions of one's home, items in a home, and furniture) using digital tools.
- Compare homes in the target and home cultures.
- Recite, classify days of the week.
- Conversation speech, morning.
- ASL Song Performances
 - o Students will perform well-known songs using ASL.
- ASL I Have/Who Has Common Salutations
 - Use "I have/Who has" game to practice signing common salutations
- ASL Classroom Expectations
 - Reinforce classroom expectations through the use of signs
- Hands Warm Up
 - Teach students how to warm their hands up in preparation of signing
- Cool Down Hands
 - Demonstrate how to cool hands down at the conclusion of class

- 7.1.NM.PRSNT.2: State basic needs on very familiar topics using words, phrases, and short memorized, formulaic sentences practiced in class.
- 7.1.NM.PRSNT.3: Imitate, recite, and/or dramatize simple poetry, rhymes, songs, and skits.
- 7.1.NM.PRSNT.4: Copy/write words, phrases, or simple guided texts on familiar topics.
- 7.1.NM.PRSNT.5: Present information from age- and level-appropriate, culturally authentic materials orally or in writing.
- 7.1.NM.PRSNT.6: Name and label tangible cultural products associated with climate change in the target language regions of the world.

Key Vocabulary

Intercultural Statements: Through the target language, learners recognize and identify the names of a few typical products related to everyday life in the target culture and in the learners' own culture.

Family, food, school supplies, pets, preferences, weather, authentic songs and dances.

HOME TERMS

"bathroom" "bedroom"
"closet" "kitchen" "room"
"door" "lamp"
"window" "bed" "blender"
"chair" "couch" "table"

COMMON PHRASES

"Good morning"
"How are you?"
"Well" "how about you?"

Intercultural Statements: Learners recognize and identify a few typical practices of the target culture.

Showing respect for different family members and other individuals in the target language societies and in the students' own culture, school routines and expectations in the target language societies and in the students' own culture, typical pets in the target culture(s) and in the students' own culture, a few weather conditions in target language regions of the world and in the students' own regions.

Modifications/Accommodations for Special Education Students	Accommodations for At-Risk Students
 Demonstrate/model activity Partner assisted Disregard time limits Oral prompt Preferred position Reduce number of actions Ask for a repeat of the directions 	 Use well-defined boundaries Get a written list of instructions Provide a buddy/partner Preview skills for upcoming classes Demonstrate/model activity Disregard time limits Oral prompt More space between students Preferred position Simplify patterns Reduce number of actions Ask for a repeat of the directions
Accommodations for English Language Learners	Accommodations for Gifted Students
 Demonstrate/model activity Partner assisted Disregard time limits Provide pictorial of rules, directions, or process 	Additional practice of specific skills or concepts Increase opportunities for applying skills or concepts Direct instruction in using specific knowledge in different contexts

Ask for a repeat of the directions	Provide learning centers where students are in charge of their own learning
Required Activities	Suggested Activities
 Do Now/Warm-Up Closure Whole Group Small Groups Guided Practice Independent Practice PBIS Implementation Identify and review objectives for lesson Stations Intervention/Remediation 	 Projects Academic Academic Games Brain Breaks

MOUNT HOLLY TOWNSHIP PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT PACING GUIDE

331 Levis Drive Mount Holly, New Jersey 08060

Course Title: World Languages Grade(s): Kindergarten through Second Grade

Unit	Weeks/Days	Standards/Assessment	Focus Skills
Unit 1 (K)	32 weeks (classes meet 1x per week)	 7.1.NL.IPRET.1 7.1.NL.IPRET.2 7.1.NL.IPRET.3 7.1.NL.IPRET.4 	Using the 3 modes of communication, students will be able to: Introduction to ASL My name Family names Greetings Community Cultures Traditions The World
Unit 2 (G1)	32 weeks (classes meet 1x per week)	 7.1.NL.IPERS.1 7.1.NL.PRSNT.1 7.1.NL.IPERS.2 7.1.NL.PRSNT.2 7.1.NL.IPERS.3 7.1.NL.PRSNT.3 7.1.NL.IPERS.4 7.1.NL.PRSNT.4 7.1.NL.IPERS.5 7.1.NL.IPERS.6 	Students will be able to: Using the 3 modes of Communication Identify school supplies found in written and oral text. Demonstrate understanding of commands associated with classroom items. Tell where things and people in the classroom are located. Compare an American classroom with one in the target culture. Count 1-10 in ASL. Learn colors in ASL.
Unit 3 (G2)	32 weeks (classes meet 1x per week)	 7.1.NM.IPRET.1 7.1.NM.IPERS.1. 7.1.NM.IPRET.2 7.1.NM.IPERS.2 7.1.NM.IPRET.3 7.1.NM.IPERS.3 7.1.NM.IPERS.4 7.1.NM.IPERS.4 7.1.NM.IPERS.5 7.1.NM.IPERS.5 7.1.NM.IPERS.5 	Students will be able to: Using the 3 modes of Communication Identify items in a home. • Respond to simple questions related to homes (rooms, descriptions of one's home, items in a home, and furniture) using digital tools. • Compare homes in the target and home cultures. • Recite, classify days of the week. • Conversation speech, morning.