COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCE REPORT

OF THE LINN-MAR COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018

OFFICIAL ISSUING REPORT

J.T. Anderson, CPA Chief Financial Officer Chief Operating Officer



2999 North 10th Street • Marion, IA 52302

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the

Linn-Mar Community School District Marion, Iowa

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

Official Issuing Report J.T. Anderson, CPA, Chief Financial Officer

> Office Issuing Report Business Office

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Community School District

2999 North Tenth St. Marion, IA 52302

Shannon Bisgard Superintendent

Nathan Wear Associate Superintendent

J.T. Anderson Chief Financial Officer/Chief Operating Officer

Leisa Breitfelder Executive Director of Student Services

Karla Christian Chief HR Officer/Executive Director of Communications

Jeri Ramos Executive Director of Technology Services

Sondra Nelson President Board of Education

Inspire Learning. Unlock Potential. Empower Achievement.

November 30, 2018

Sondra Nelson, President, Members of the Board of Education, and the Citizens of Linn-Mar Community School District Marion, Iowa

We are proud to submit to you the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the Linn-Mar Community School District for the year ending June 30, 2018. This report has been prepared to conform to the guidelines recommended by the Association of School Business Officials International.

MANAGEMENT RESPONSIBILITY

Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the District. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed information is fairly stated in all material respects and is presented in a manner which sets forth the financial position and results of the operations of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund and aggregate of the remaining funds of the District in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, (GAAP). It includes all funds of the entire District. The District is not included in any other reporting entity, nor are other entities included within this report. All disclosures necessary to enable a reader to gain maximum understanding of the District's financial activities have been included.

CAFR

The 2018 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is presented in four sections: Introductory, Financial, Statistical and Internal Controls and Compliance.

Introductory Section- This section includes a transmittal letter, economic outlook of the community, the District's accomplishments, the Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting for the year ended June 30, 2017, the District's Team Leadership Network and a list of the Board of Directors and District Officials.

Financial Section- The School District's financial statements and schedules are presented in accordance with the financial reporting pyramid set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. This section includes the independent auditor's report, Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), audited basic financial statements,

required supplementary information, and combining and individual fund statements and schedules. The audited basic financial statements provide both an overview and a broad long-term perspective of the School District as a whole in the government-wide financial statements. The MD&A is provided by management as a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements. This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The District's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Statistical Section- This section includes selective financial, economic and demographic information, generally presented on a multi-year basis for comparison.

Compliance Section- This section includes audit reports relating to the Board's single audit over internal control, federal and state awards, Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards.

Linn-Mar Community School District

This report includes all funds of the Linn-Mar Community School District. The District provides a full range of services including instructional, administrative, transportation, food service, maintenance of sites and facilities, custodial, clerical and extra- and co-curricular activities.

The District is governed by a seven-member elected Board of Education. Board terms are four years with school elections held in November of odd numbered years. The Board of Directors is a policy-making and planning body whose decisions are carried out by school administrators.

The Linn-Mar Community School District is located in Linn County in east central Iowa. The District includes portions of the Cities of Cedar Rapids, Marion and Robins, as well as unincorporated land in northern Linn County. The District originated in 1948 as Marion Rural Independent School District, and became the Marion Rural Community School District under the Community School Reorganization Act adopted in 1955. It operated under this name from 1955 to 1963 when its name was changed to Linn-Mar Community School District. The District is currently the 12th largest of Iowa's 333 public school systems. The certified enrollment taken on October 1, 2017, was approximately 7,436 students, which is an increase of approximately 124 students from 2016-17. The District operates one high school, two middle schools, seven elementary schools, an alternative High School Program, a special education transition program, a home school assistance program and an early childhood preschool program. The District provides a full range of educational services appropriate to students in early childhood and preschool through grade twelve. These services include basic, regular and enriched academic education; special education for children with special needs; vocational-technical education; and numerous individualized programs such as specialized instruction for students at-risk and for limited English speaking students.

In addition to a strong PK-12 educational program, the District works with Kirkwood Community College to offer courses for qualified high school students and a community education program for adult learners.

The District is supported financially by state aid, property taxes, state and federal grants for special projects, local revenue received for tuition and other services, and a state-wide one percent sales tax.

Economic Condition and Outlook

Linn-Mar Community School District is located in the Cedar Rapids Metropolitan Service Area (MSA). The District covers 64 square miles and encompasses the north part of the city of Marion and the NE portion of city of Cedar Rapids. The Cedar Rapids Metropolitan Service Area is home to numerous Fortune 500 companies, two of which are located within Linn-Mar's District boundaries.

Rockwell Collins, a Fortune 500 company, is the largest employer, not only in the Linn-Mar District, but in the Cedar Rapids metro area. Rockwell Collins produces advanced communications and aviation electronics for both government and commercial customers. The company is a leading supplier of commercial and military aviation electronics and communications systems.

Rockwell Collins currently employs approximately 8,000 people in the Cedar Rapids / Iowa City. In 2017, United Technologies Corporation (UTC) announced its intention to buy Rockwell Collins in a \$30 billion acquisition. Under UTC's acquisition, Rockwell Collins will become a combined business unit with UTC Aerospace Systems called Collins Aerospace Systems. Once fully approved, this acquisition would be the largest in aerospace history. It is anticipated that Rockwell Collins (or Collins Aerospace Systems) will continue to have the state's largest technical workforce.

Unemployment rates in the MSA Corridor continue to remain lower than national averages. The City of Marion continues to grow as does the City of Cedar Rapids. During calendar year 2017, the City of Marion issued 171 single-family dwelling building permits, 29 multi-family permits, and 25 new commercial building permits. District taxable assessed valuations have continued steady growth to over \$2.1 billion for January 2017 values.

The District's facilities are in average-to-good condition. The oldest building, which opened in 1948 and has several additions, was repurposed in 2010 to house the central administrative offices, the district's alternative HS program, and the district's home school assistance program. Four facilities were initially built between 1959 and 1968. Each has had several additions over the years. The five remaining school sites were built between 1995 and 2010. Many of these buildings have also had additions and/or renovations. The Transportation and Operations & Maintenance facility was completed in 2010. In 2013, construction was completed on a district Aquatic Center.

On September 11, 2018, voters of the Linn-Mar Community School District approved a \$55 million general obligation bond vote for the construction of two new intermediate buildings. These buildings are scheduled to be open in the Fall of 2020.

The financial solvency ratio of the District measures movement and distribution of current assets. The financial solvency ratio represents a school district's year-end position after payment of all current and outstanding or accrued liabilities. Iowa Association of School Boards recommends a target solvency ratio within a range of 5% to 15%. Since fiscal year 2009 the District has maintained a solvency ratio within this defined range. The current solvency ratio is 10.56%, which is a slight decrease from 11.11% during 2016-17. The State set the supplemental state aid growth rate at 1.0% for the 2019 fiscal year. Future supplemental state aid beyond fiscal year 2019 is not known, but the District is projecting little to no growth as the State is currently struggling to meet its legislative budget requirements. Despite this unknown, Linn-Mar continues to realize steady enrollment growth and the District will thoughtfully plan its budget in order to maintain a solvency ratio and unspent balance ratio that is within the target range of 5% to 15%.

District Major Initiative and Achievements

The staff, board, students, and community members are to be commended for making the 2017-2018 school year a very productive one. Some of the many accomplishments for the year include:

- The District hosted its own Professional Learning Community conference for all certified staff, bringing in nationally-renown speakers and professionals for this two-day workshop.
- A 10-year capital projects and facilities plan was developed and approved by the Board of Education.
- Many staff members received local, regional, state, and national recognition from various professional and community organizations for the dedicated work in educating our youth.
- Major construction projects included work on three of the district's oldest buildings; Bowman Woods Elementary, Indian Creek Elementary, and Wilkins Elementary.
- The recording of approximately 24,381 volunteer hours with over 1,639 active volunteers in the District. Volunteers enhance our students' learning by acting as tutors, reading to kindergarten classrooms, assisting teachers in their classrooms or on field trips, or serving on committees. Last year, 89 volunteers gave more than 100 hours each to our schools.
- The District was recognized for its continued excellence in financial reporting with the receipt of the District's fourteenth consecutive Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting award for the 2016-2017 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR).

All of the dedicated work that went into these initiatives and achievements had one main focus: supporting the learning of the District's students. For the 2017-2018 school year, the students, as a group, continued to perform at a high level. Following are a few indicators:

- Student achievement exceeded the primary goal of one year of growth for each grade span in reading, math and science as measured on the Iowa Assessment standardized test.
- Students in grades 5-8 met or exceeded their target growth on the NWEA MAP mathematics and reading tests.
- On the Iowa Assessments, the students out-performed the state and nation in the content areas of reading, math, and science, continuing a multi-year tradition.
- Linn-Mar students continue to score higher than both the state and national averages of students that complete the ACT assessment. The 17-18 Linn-Mar Community School District composite ACT score was 23.7 compared to 21.8 for the state.
- The 2017-18 Linn-Mar composite average for Advanced Placement exams was 3.55.
- On the FAST Assessment Linn-Mar students achieved at a 80% proficiency level in the Spring of 2018.
- Six Linn-Mar students were recognized as National Merit semi-finalists.

Financial Information

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the District are protected from loss, theft, or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management. All internal accounting controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

In addition, the District maintains budgetary controls. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual budget approved by the District's governing body. Activities of the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Enterprise Fund, Debt Service Fund and Capital Projects Fund are included in the annual budget. The level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the budgeted amount) is established by function and encompasses all fund types. To facilitate the monitoring of the legal provisions, and to provide more complete information to interested parties the District prepares a more detailed budget for each fund. The following information reflects the comprehensive budget for these individual funds rather than demonstrating compliance at the legal level. The District also maintains an encumbrance accounting system as one technique of accomplishing budgetary control.

Independent Audit

State law and District policy require an annual audit to be made of the books of account, financial records and transactions of all funds of the District by a Certified Public Accountant selected by the Board of Directors of the District. The District has complied with this requirement. The report of the District's independent accountants, Bohnsack & Frommelt, LLP, appears in this report. Their audit of the basic financial statements was performed in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United State of America and, accordingly, included a review of the District's system of budgetary and accounting controls.

Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting

The Association of School Business Officials International (ASBO), awards a Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting. This certificate is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of government financial reports.

In order to be eligible to receive the Certificate, a governmental unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, (CAFR) whose contents conform to program standards. Such CAFR must satisfy both Generally Accepted Accounting Principles and applicable legal requirements.

This Certificate is valid for a period of one year only. The District believes that the current CAFR conforms to the requirements for the Certificate of Excellence and therefore, is submitting to ASBO to determine its eligibility for the Certificate.

Acknowledgements

The publication of this report is a major step toward the commitment to professionalism in financial reporting and significantly increases the accountability of the District to the taxpayers. This would not have been possible without the help of several people. We would like to express our appreciation to all District, City and County employees who assisted in the preparation of this report.

Finally, sincere appreciation is extended to the Board of Education, where commitment to excellence begins. It is with great pleasure that this year's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is submitted to the Board of Education.

J.T. Anderson Chief Financial Officer Chief Operating Officer

Sha Bijl

Shannon Bisgard Superintendent of Schools



The Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented to

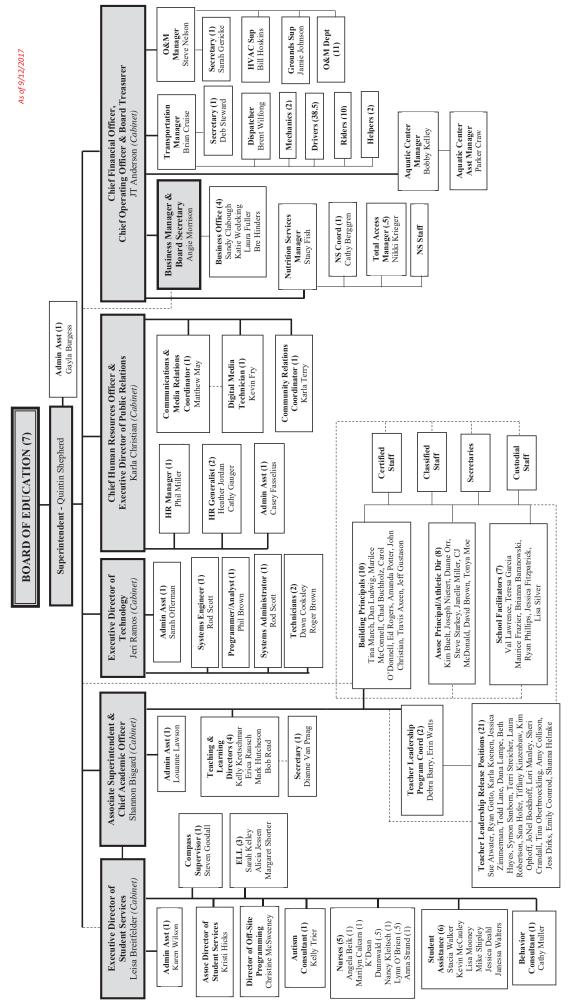
Linn-Mar Community School District

for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017.



Charless Decorson, Ja.

John D. Musso



2017-18 ORGANIZATIONAL CHART

Board of Education and School District Administration Year Ended June 30, 2018

Name	Title	Term Expires
	Board of Education	
Sondra Nelson	President	2019
George AbouAssaly	Vice President	2019
Tim Isenberg	Board Member	2019
Cara Lausen	Board Member	2021
Rachel Wall	Board Member	2021
Clark Weaver	Board Member	2019
Sofia Mehaffey	Board Member	2019
	School Officials	
Shannon Bisgard	Superintendent	2019
JT Anderson	Chief Operating Officer/ Chief Financial Officer	2019
Terry Abernathy	Attorney	Indefinite
Simmons, Perrine, Moyer		
& Bergman, P.C.	Attorney	Indefinite
Ahlers & Cooney, P.C.	Attorney	Indefinite
Lynch Dallas	Attorney	Indefinite







Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Education Linn-Mar Community School District Marion, Iowa

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Linn-Mar Community School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Linn-Mar Community School District, as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 17 to the basic financial statements, the District implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. As a result, the District's net positions for governmental activities and business-type activities has been restated. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of changes in the District's total OPEB liability and related ratios, and schedules of proportionate share of the net pension liability and schedules of contributions on pages 4–14 and 53-60 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information as listed in the table of contents and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations, Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* and the other information including the introductory and statistical sections are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information as listed in the table of contents and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements the basic financial statements in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 30, 2018 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Bohnsack & frommelt LLP

Moline, Illinois November 30, 2018



Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2018

Linn-Mar Community School District provides this Management's Discussion and Analysis of its financial statements. This narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities is for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. We encourage readers to consider this information in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow:

2017-18 Financial Highlights

- The District's net position for governmental activities was \$54,425,191 at June 30, 2018, compared to \$51,324,434 as restated at June 30, 2017, an increase of \$3,100,757 or 6.04 percent.
- The District's net position for business-type activities was \$1,107,394 at June 30, 2018 compared to \$1,135,671 as restated at June 30, 2017, a decrease of \$28,277 or 2.49 percent.
- At the end of fiscal year 2018, the total of assigned and unassigned fund balances in the General Fund was \$8,816,614 or 10.57 percent of total General Fund revenues compared to prior year's total balance of \$8,883,369 or 11.11 percent of total General Fund Revenues.
- The District's long-term bonded debt and capital loan notes decreased approximately \$7,447,000 due to scheduled debt repayments and amortization of premiums and discounts.

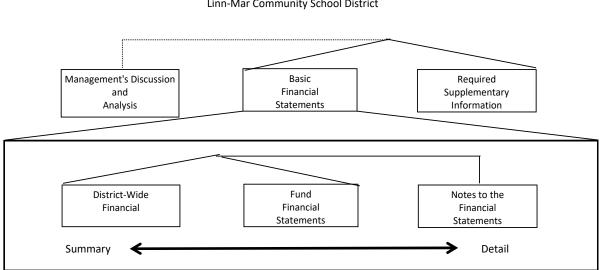
Using this Annual Report

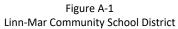
The annual report consists of a series of financial statements and other information, as follows:

- Management's Discussion and Analysis introduces the basic financial statements and provides an analytical overview of the District's financial activities.
- The government-wide financial statements consist of a Statement of Net Position and a Statement
 of Activities. These provide information about the activities of Linn-Mar Community School District
 as a whole and present an overall view of the District's finances.
- The fund financial statements tell how governmental services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements report the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the most significant funds.
- Notes to financial statements provide additional information essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the basic financial statements.
- Required supplementary information further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the District's budget for the year and information regarding the District's retiree health plan and pension plan.
- Other supplementary information provides detailed information about the nonmajor governmental funds and nonmajor enterprise funds.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2018

Figure A-1 shows how the various parts of this annual report are arranged and relate to one another.





Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2018

Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District's activities they cover and the types of information they contain.

	he Government-Wide an Government-Wide		Fund Statements	
	Statements	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds
Scope	Entire District (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the District that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as special education and building maintenance	Activities the District operates similar to private businesses: school nutrition and internal service fund	Instances in which the District administers resources on behalf of someone else, such as scholarship programs, reunion moneys and funds for District employee purchases of pop, etc.
Required financial statements	Statement of net position	Balance sheet Statement of	Statement of net position	Statement of fiduciary net position
	Statement of activities	expenditures and changes in fund balances	Statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position	Statement of changes in fiduciary net position
			Statement of cash flows	
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long- term	Generally assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long-term liabilities included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	All assets and liabilities, both short- term and long-term; funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	All additions and deductions during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2018

Reporting the District's Financial Activity

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Position includes all of the District's assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how it has changed. Net position is one way to measure the District's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the District's overall health, you need to consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and condition of school buildings and other facilities.

In the government-wide financial statements, the District's activities are divided into two categories:

Governmental activities: Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation and administration. Property taxes and state aid finance most of these activities.

Business-type activities: The District charges fees to help it cover the costs of certain services it provides. The District's food service program, aquatic center and ROAR store activities would be included here.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds – not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs.

- Some funds are required by state law and by bond covenants.
- The District establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes, (such as repaying its long-term debts) or to show that it is properly using certain revenues, (such as federal grants).

The District has two kinds of funds:

- 1) Governmental Funds: Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the Government-wide statements, additional information in the notes to financial statements explains the relationship (or differences) between them.
- 2) Proprietary funds: Services for which the District charges a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way as the Government-wide financial statements. The District's Enterprise Funds (one type of proprietary fund) are the same as its business-type activities but provides more detail and additional information, such as cash flows.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2018

Reconciliations between the government-wide financial statements and the governmental fund financial statements follow the governmental fund financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Net position is an indicator of the fiscal health of the District. The District's net position increased by 5.87 percent, increasing from approximately \$52.46 million at June 30, 2017, to approximately \$55.54 million at June 30, 2018. Figure A-3 below provides a summary of the District's net position as of June 30, 2018 compared to June 30, 2017.

Total

Figure A-3 Condensed Statement of Net Position (in millions of dollars)

	Governmen	ital A	ctivities	Business-Ty	vpe A	Activities	Total Sch	ool E	District	l otal Percentage Change
			Restated	,	•	Restated			Restated	0
	2018		2017	2018		2017	2018		2017	2017-2018
Current and										
other assets	\$ 71.39	\$	69.40	\$ 1.57	\$	1.42 \$	72.96	\$	70.82	3.0%
Capital assets	 150.46		152.15	0.66		0.74	151.12		152.89	-1.2%
Total assets	 221.85		221.55	2.23		2.16	224.08		223.71	0.2%
Deferred outflows										
of resources	 15.14		14.27	0.45		0.41	15.59		14.68	6.2%
Long-term obligations	134.07		138.85	1.38		1.29	135.45		140.14	-3.3%
Other liabilities	10.86		10.44	0.15		0.12	11.01		10.56	4.3%
Total liabilities	144.93		149.29	1.53		1.41	146.46		150.70	-2.8%
Deferred inflows										
of resources	37.63		35.21	0.04		0.02	37.67		35.23	6.9%
Net position: Net investment in										
capital assets	70.50		62.55	0.67		0.74	71.17		63.29	12.5%
Restricted	12.01		14.98	-		-	12.01		14.98	-19.8%
Unrestricted	(28.08)		(26.21)	0.44		0.40	(27.64)		(25.81)	7.1%
Total net position	\$ 54.43	\$	51.32	\$ 1.11	\$	1.14 \$	55.54	\$	52.46	5.9%

Net investment in capital assets, such as land, buildings, machinery and equipment, less any outstanding debt used to acquire those assets is approximately \$71.17 million. These assets are considered non-spendable since they represent capital assets used to provide services to students. The resources needed to pay the obligations from the debt related to these assets must be provided from other resources. Approximately \$12.01 million of net position has some external restrictions on how the funds may be used. The deficit remaining balance of approximately \$27.64 million represents unrestricted net position. Unrestricted net position remains at a deficit net position due to the District's net pension liability reporting requirements which were implemented in fiscal year 2015 and other postemployment benefit liability implemented in fiscal year 2018.

As mentioned before, restricted net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions such as enabling legislation or constitutional provisions. The District's restricted net position decreased approximately \$2.97 million, or 19.83 percent from the prior year. The decrease in the District's restricted net position was due primarily to the decrease in amounts restricted for debt service compared to the prior year. This decrease is due to scheduled debt repayments during fiscal year 2018.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2018

Unrestricted net position represents the assets that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt restrictions, enabling legislation or other legal binding requirements. Unrestricted net position decreased approximately \$1.83 million, or 7.10 percent. The decrease in unrestricted net position was primarily a result of the change in the net position liability and other postemployment benefit liability required to be reported at June 30, 2018 compared to the liability reported at June 30, 2017.

The following figure shows changes in net position for the year ended June 30, 2018, compared to the year ended June 30, 2017.

T-+-1

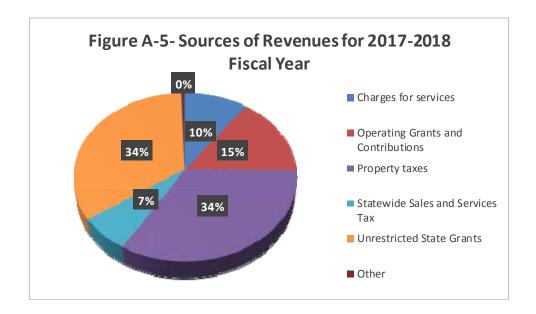
Figure A-4 Changes in Net Position From Operating Results (in millions)

		Governmen	tol A o	tivition		Ducinoca Tu	(00	A otiviitio o		Total Sch		District	Total Change
		Sovernmen		restated	-	Business-Ty		ot restated		TUIAI SCH		ot restated	Change
		2018		2017		2018	INC	2017		2018	INC	2017	2017-18
Revenues:		2010	4	2017		2010		2017		2010		2017	2017-10
Program revenues:													
Charges for services	\$	7.85	\$	6.77	\$	2.64	\$	2.57	\$	10.49	\$	9.34	12.3%
Operating grants,	Ψ	1.00	Ψ	0.11	Ψ	2.01	Ψ	2.01	Ψ	10.10	Ψ	0.01	12.070
contributions and													
restricted interest		14.46		6.58		1.27		1.28		15.73		7.86	100.1%
Capital grants,				0.00									10011/0
contributions and													
restricted interest		0.03		0.03		0.00		0.00		0.03		0.03	0.0%
General revenues:													
Property taxes		34.70		33.04		0.00		0.00		34.70		33.04	5.0%
Revenue in lieu of													
taxes		0.95		0.00		0.00		0.00		0.95		0.00	0.0%
Statewide sales and													
services tax		7.16		6.89		0.00		0.00		7.16		6.89	3.9%
Unrestricted state													
grants		35.24		42.55		0.00		0.00		35.24		42.55	-17.2%
Investment													
earnings		0.19		0.12		0.01		0.00		0.20		0.12	66.7%
Other	_	0.38		0.96		0.00		0.00		0.38		0.96	-60.4%
Total revenues		100.96		96.94		3.92		3.85		104.88		100.79	4.1%
Expenses:													
Instruction		58.93		56.71		0.00		0.00		58.93		56.71	3.9%
Support services		28.50		26.19		0.29		0.12		28.79		26.31	9.4%
Noninstructional													
programs		0.10		0.12		3.62		3.83		3.72		3.95	-5.8%
Other		10.32		10.47		0.04		0.00		10.36		10.47	-1.1%
Total expenses		97.85		93.49		3.95		3.95		101.80		97.44	4.5%
Increase in net position													
before transfer		3.11		3.45		(0.03)		(0.10)		3.08		3.35	-8.1%
	-												
Net position, beginning,													
as restated		51.32		48.86		1.14		1.26		52.46		50.12	
Net position, ending	\$	54.43	\$	52.31	\$	1.11	\$	1.16	\$	55.54	\$	53.47	

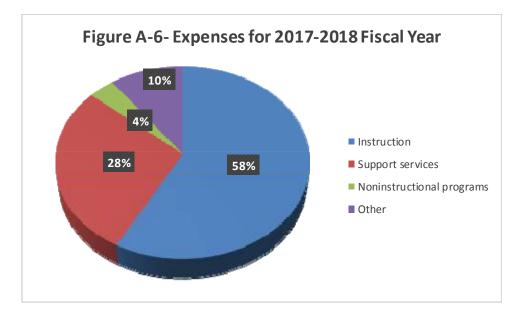
During fiscal year 2018, property tax and unrestricted state grants accounted for 69.27 percent of governmental activities revenue while charges for service and operating grants, contributions and restricted interest accounted for all of business type activities revenue.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2018

The District as a whole experienced a 4.06 percent increase in revenue while experiencing a 4.47 percent increase in expenses. The District's total revenue was approximately \$104.88 million of which \$100.96 million was for governmental activities, while the remaining \$3.92 million was for business-type activities. Property taxes and unrestricted state grants account for most of the District's revenue, with each contributing approximately 34 percent of the total dollars collected. (See figure A-5).



The total cost for all programs and services increased 4.47 percent to \$101.80 million. The District's total expenses are listed in Figure A-6. The chart shows that the majority of the District's expenses (86 percent) are devoted to instruction and student instructional support services.



Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2018

Governmental Activities

Revenues for the District's governmental activities increased 4.15 percent, while expenses increased 4.66 percent. The increase in revenues can be attributed to the increase in property tax and operating grant revenues received during fiscal year 2018 as compared to fiscal year 2017.

The District experienced a \$4.36 million increase in governmental activities expenses, the majority of which can be attributed primarily to an increase in negotiated salaries and benefits.

Figure A-7 presents the total and net cost of the District's four major governmental activities: instruction, support services, noninstructional programs and other expenses, for the year ended June 30, 2018 compared to the year ended June 30, 2017.

Figure A-7 Net Cost of Governmental Activities

					I	Percentage					Percentage
		Total Cost	of Serv	/ices		Change		Net Cost of	Serv	ices	Change
	June	30, 2018	June	30, 2017		2017-18	Ju	ne 30, 2018	Jun	e 30, 2017	2017-18
Instruction	\$	58.93	\$	56.71	\$	0.04	\$	41.69	\$	47.91	-13.0%
Support services		28.50		26.19		0.09		26.63		24.72	7.7%
Non-instructional		0.10		0.12		(0.17)		0.10		0.12	-16.7%
Other		10.32		10.47		(0.01)		7.08		7.36	-3.8%
Total	\$	97.85	\$	93.49	\$	0.05	\$	75.50	\$	80.11	-5.8%

For the year ended June 30, 2018:

- The cost financed of all governmental activities this year was approximately \$97.85 million.
- The cost financed by users of the District's programs was approximately \$7.85 million.
- Federal and state governments subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions as well as contributions from local sources totaling approximately \$14.49 million.
- The net cost of governmental activities was financed with approximately \$34.70 million in property tax, \$7.16 million in statewide sales, services and use tax, \$35.24 million in unrestricted state grants and \$0.57 million in unrestricted interest and other income.

Business-Type Activities

Revenues of the District's business type activities increased by 1.81 percent to approximately \$3.92 million while expenses remained at approximately \$3.95 million (Refer to Figure A-4). The School Nutrition Fund, Aquatic Center Fund and ROAR Store Fund are the District's three business-type activities. The revenues in these three funds can be broken down into three main categories; charges for service, federal and state reimbursements and investment income.

The District's business type activities net position decreased from approximately \$1.14 million at June 30, 2017 to approximately \$1.11 million at June 30, 2018, an approximate decrease of \$0.03 million or 2.63 percent.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2018

Governmental Fund Highlights

At the end of fiscal year 2018, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$24,473,719, a decrease of \$990,412 from the prior year. A closer look at each individual major governmental fund reveals the following:

- The General Fund balance decreased from approximately \$10.40 million on June 30, 2017, to approximately \$9.97 million on June 30, 2018. General Fund revenues increased from the prior year by approximately \$3.57 million. Revenues increased due to increases in assessed valuation for property taxes and increased state funding for programs. General Fund expenditures increased by \$4.23 million due to increases in salaries and benefits.
- The Capital Projects Fund balance decreased from approximately \$7.49 million on June 30, 2017 to approximately \$6.99 million on June 30, 2018. The decrease in overall Capital Projects Fund balance can be attributed to the continued expenses incurred on District construction and building improvement projects during the year. These projects included the High School renovation, Oak Ridge and High School cafeteria expansion, Westfield classroom and parking lot addition projects.
- The Debt Service Fund balance decreased from approximately \$4.34 million on June 30, 2017, to approximately \$4.08 million on June 30, 2018. Revenues and expenditures did not vary significantly from the prior year.

Proprietary Fund Highlights

This was the second year the District's proprietary fund expenses exceeded revenues. Eight of the previous ten years the District's business-type revenues exceeded expenses. At the close of fiscal year 2018, expenses exceeded revenues by \$28,277. Expenses increased primarily due to salaries and benefit expenses incurred compared to the prior year. Steps taken by management to control costs in prior years include adjusting the staffing model, additional federal grant funds and managing fund expenses. These steps have made a difference in the overall financial condition of the nutrition program, the operation of the District's aquatic center and the student ROAR store.

Budgetary Highlights

In accordance with the Code of Iowa, the Board of Education annually adopts a budget following required public notice and hearing for all funds. Although the budget document presents functional area expenditures or expenses by fund, the legal level of control is at the aggregated functional level, not at the fund or fund type level. The budget may be amended during the year utilizing similar statutorily prescribed procedures. The District's budget is prepared according to U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles.

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity is included in the required supplementary information section of this report. Since the District does not adopt a budget for individual funds, budgets for the General Fund and major Special Revenue Funds are not presented in the budgetary comparison.

The District's total actual revenues were \$746,146 more than budgeted revenues, a variance of 0.72 percent. The main contributing factor to the variance had to do with the District receiving more in local source revenue than was originally budgeted or anticipated. The District did not exceed the budgeted expenditures/expenses in any of the four functions.

By April 15th of each year, the budget must be adopted by the Board of Directors for the fiscal year beginning July 1 through June 30, which immediately follows. Because there are a number of unknowns at that time, such as State revenue allocations, insurance premiums, negotiated employee contracts, enrollment increase, and construction project invoicing, the District has the ability to amend its budget before May 31st of each year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2018

Capital Asset Administration

By the end of fiscal year 2018, the District had invested, net of depreciation, approximately \$151.13 million in various capital assets including land, buildings, vehicles and equipment (See Figure A-8). This amount represents a net decrease of approximately \$1.76 million or 1.15 percent over the previous fiscal year. The primary reason for the decrease in capital assets for fiscal year 2018 is due to depreciation expense exceeding capitalized costs. Detailed information regarding the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 of the Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

Figure A-8 Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation) (in hundreds)

												Total
												Percentage
	(Governmer	ntal /	Activities	E	Business-Ty	/pe	Activities	Total Sch	ool I	District	Change
		2018		2017		2018		2017	2018		2017	2017-18
Land	\$	6,456	\$	5,262	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 6,456	\$	5,262	22.7%
Construction in progress		457		27,813		-		-	457		27,813	-98.4%
Buildings		123,953		99,135		-		-	123,953		99,135	25.0%
Land imporvements		14,578		14,836		666		-	15,244		14,836	2.8%
Machinery and equipment		5,018		5,103		-		742	5,018		5,845	-14.1%
Total	\$	150,462	\$	152,149	\$	666	\$	742	\$ 151,128	\$	152,891	-1.2%

Long-Term Liabilities

At year end, the District had approximately \$135.45 million in long-term debt, a decrease of approximately \$4.69 million from the previous fiscal year. Approximately \$7.43 million of the District's long-term debt is due within one year. The primary reason for the increase in long-term liabilities for fiscal year 2018 is due to the increase in amount reported for net pension liability of the District in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68. Detailed information regarding the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 of the Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

Total

Figure A-9 Outstanding Long-Term Obligations

													lotal
													Percentage
	G	iovernmen	tal	Activities	В	usiness-Ty	ype	e Activities		Total Sch	ool	District	Change
	J	lune 30,		June 30,	,	June 30,		June 30,	J	lune 30,	J	une 30,	
		2018		2017		2018		2017		2018		2017	2017-18
General obligation bonds	\$	25,000	\$	27,305	\$	-	\$; -	\$	25,000	\$	27,305	-8.4%
Revenue bonds		49,490		53,310		-		-		49,490		53,310	-7.2%
Capital loan notes		7,945		8,985		-		-		7,945		8,985	-11.6%
Bond premiums, net of amortization		1,326		1,609		-		-		1,326		1,609	-17.6%
Bond discounts, net of amortization		(12)		(14)		-		-		(12)		(14)	-14.3%
Termination benefits		243		487		-		-		243		487	-50.1%
Compensated absences		43		61		-		-		43		61	-29.5%
Net pension liability		47,372		44,644		1,311		1,228		48,683		45,872	6.1%
Net OPEB liability		2,659		2,464		72		67		2,731		2,531	7.9%
Total	\$	134,066	\$	138,851	\$	1,383	\$	5 1,295	\$	135,449	\$	140,146	-3.4%

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2018

Factors Bearing on the District's Future

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of three existing circumstances that could significantly affect its financial health in the future:

- The state has set supplemental state aid at 1.0 percent for fiscal year 2019. A supplemental state aid below 4 percent creates significant challenges for schools in Iowa to meet increasing expenditure demands.
- Rockwell Collins, the District's largest employer, was acquired by United Technologies Corporation (UTC). Under UTC's acquisition, Rockwell Collins will become a combined business unit with UTC Aerospace Systems called Collins Aerospace Systems. The impact this merger will have on the District and the Cedar Rapids Metropolitan Area is not fully known.
- With growing underfunded mandates (e.g. special education) and the passing of a \$55 million voter-approved capital bond, the District expects its total tax levy will increase 4% in fiscal year 2020.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the office of the Business Administrator, Linn-Mar Community School District, 2999 10th Street, Marion, Iowa 52302.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2018

June 30, 2018	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Assets			
Cash and pooled investments Receivables:	\$ 26,801,084	\$ 1,527,133	28,328,217
Property tax:	70.000		70.000
Delinquent	79,369	-	79,369
Succeeding year	36,643,522	- 110	36,643,522
Accounts Accrued interest	20,167 12,900	110	20,277 12,900
Due from other governments	3,957,710	-	3,957,710
Inventories	5,857,710	39,662	39,662
Restricted cash and pooled investments	3,869,727		3,869,727
Capital assets:	0,000,727		0,000,727
Nondepreciable	6,913,012	-	6,913,012
Depreciable, net	143,549,147	666,154	144,215,301
Total assets	221,846,638	2,233,059	224,079,697
Deferred outflows of resources,		_,,	,00,000
Pension related deferred outflows	15,139,430	449,574	15,589,004
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	1,631,398	958	1,632,356
Salaries and benefits payable	8,285,064	55,228	8,340,292
Accrued interest payable	945,927	-	945,927
Unearned revenue	-	90,642	90,642
Long-term liabilities:			
Portion due within one year:			
General obligation bonds payable	2,580,000	-	2,580,000
Revenue bonds payable	3,500,000	-	3,500,000
Capital loan note payable	1,060,000	-	1,060,000
Compensated absences payable	43,057	-	43,057
Termination benefits payable Portion due after one year:	243,379	-	243,379
General obligation bonds payable,			
net premiums/discounts	23,733,225	-	23,733,225
Revenue bonds payable	45,990,000	-	45,990,000
Capital loan note payable	6,885,000	-	6,885,000
Net pension liability	47,371,764	1,310,751	48,682,515
Net OPEB liability	2,659,329	72,671	2,732,000
Total liabilities	144,928,143	1,530,250	146,458,393
Deferred inflows of resources:			
Succeeding year property tax	36,643,522	-	36,643,522
OPEB related deferred inflows	62,546	1,709	64,255
Pension related deferred inflows	926,666	43,280	969,946
Total deferred inflows of resources	37,632,734	44,989	37,677,723
Net Position Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	70,504,714	666,154	71,170,868
Categorical funding	1,153,042	-	1,153,042
Debt service	78,947	-	78,947
School infrastructure	6,210,249	-	6,210,249
Physical plant and equipment levy	1,125,569 2,110,684	-	1,125,569
Management levy Student activities	784,803	-	2,110,684 784,803
Public education and recreation levy	542,570	-	542,570
Unrestricted	(28,085,387)	441,240	(27,644,147)
Total net position	\$ 54,425,191	\$ 1,107,394	\$ 55,532,585

Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30, 2018

			Program Revenues						
Functions/Programs		Expenses	f	Charges or Services	Operating Grants and Contributions				
Governmental activities:									
Instruction	\$	58,931,656	\$	7,818,599	\$	9,418,625			
Support services:									
Student services		4,484,173		-		1,804,168			
Instructional staff		6,346,603		12,000		-			
Administration services		7,468,634		-		-			
Operation and maintenance of									
plant services		7,109,445		-		-			
Student transportation		3,093,011		15,459		-			
Total support services		28,501,866		27,459		1,804,168			
Non-instructional programs:									
Food service operations		61,658		-		-			
Community service operations		36,890		-		-			
Total non-instructional programs	_	98,548		-		-			
Long-term debt interest		2,513,240		-		-			
Other expenses:									
AEA flowthrough		3,239,555		-		3,239,555			
Depreciation (unallocated)*		4,570,877		-		-			
Total other expenses		7,810,432		-		3,239,555			
Total governmental activities		97,855,742		7,846,058		14,462,348			
Business-type activities:									
School nutrition		3,626,056		2,301,977		1,271,317			
Aquatic center		288,691		295,531		-			
ROAR store		39,299		43,078		-			
Total business-type activities	_	3,954,046		2,640,586		1,271,317			
Total	\$	101,809,788	\$	10,486,644	\$	15,733,665			

Property tax levied for: General purposes Capital outlay Debt service Revenue in lieu of taxes Statewide sales and services tax Unrestricted state grants Unrestricted investment earnings

Other

Total general revenues

Change in net position

Net position, beginning of year, as restated Net position, end of year

* This amount excludes the depreciation included in the direct expenses of the various programs. See Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position										
Capital	ž										
Grants and	Governmental		Business-Type								
Contributions		Activities	Activities		Total						
•	•		•	•							
\$-	\$	(41,694,432)	\$ -	\$	(41,694,432)						
-		(2,680,005)	-		(2,680,005)						
-		(6,334,603)	-		(6,334,603)						
-		(7,468,634)	-		(7,468,634)						
36,900		(7,072,545)	-		(7,072,545)						
-		(3,077,552)	-	(3,077,552)							
36,900		(26,633,339)	-		(26,633,339)						
-		(61,658)	-		(61,658)						
-		(36,890)	-		(36,890)						
-		(98,548)	-		(98,548)						
-		(2,513,240)	-		(2,513,240)						
-		-	-		-						
-		(4,570,877)	-		(4,570,877)						
-		(4,570,877)	-		(4,570,877)						
36,900		(75,510,436)	-		(75,510,436)						
-		-	(52,762)		(52,762)						
-		-	6,840		6,840						
-		-	3,779		3,779						
-		-	(42,143)		(42,143)						
\$ 36,900	\$	(75,510,436)	\$ (42,143)	\$	(75,552,579)						
	3										
		27,750,578	-		27,750,578						
3,430,9			-		3,430,959						
					3,519,010						
		948,662	-		948,662 7,158,956						
		35,235,868 - 35,2 186,668 8,596 1									
		380,492	195,264 385,762								
		78,611,193		78,625,059							
		3,100,757									
		51,324,434	1,135,671		52,460,105						
	<u>\$ 54,425,191 </u> \$ 1,107,394 \$ 55,5										

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2018

		General	Ca	pital Projects	D	ebt Service		Nonmajor		Total
Assets	•		<u> </u>		<u>^</u>		•		•	
Cash and pooled investments Restricted cash and	\$	16,477,255	\$	2,737,076	\$	4,071,077	\$	3,515,676	\$	26,801,084
pooled investments		-		3,869,727		-		-		3,869,727
Receivables:				0,000,121						0,000,121
Property tax:										
Delinquent		60,898		7,767		7,887		2,817		79,369
Succeeding year		28,069,513		3,647,706		3,595,525		1,330,778		36,643,522
Due from other governments Interfund receivables		3,029,857		927,853		-		-		3,957,710
Accounts		8,515 19,812		-		-		- 355		8,515 20,167
Accrued interest		- 10,012		12,900		-		-		12,900
Total assets	\$	47,665,850	\$	11,203,029	\$	7,674,489	\$	4,849,626	\$	71,392,994
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows										
of Resources and										
Fund Balances Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$	1,364,928	\$	219,505	\$	-	\$	46,965	\$	1,631,398
Salaries and benefits payable	Ŧ	8,259,753	Ŧ	,	Ŧ	-	Ŧ	25,311	Ŧ	8,285,064
Interfund payables				-		_		8,515		8,515
Total liabilities		9,624,681		219,505		-		80,791		9,924,977
Deferred inflows of resources:								· · · · ·		· · · ·
Statewide sales and										
services tax		-		350,776		-		-		350,776
Succeeding year property tax		28,069,513		3,647,706		3,595,525		1,330,778		36,643,522
Total deferred inflows										
of resources		28,069,513		3,998,482		3,595,525		1,330,778		36,994,298
Fund balances:										
Restricted for:										
Categorical funding		1,153,042		-		-		-		1,153,042
Debt service		-		-		4,078,964		-		4,078,964
School infrastructure Physical plant and		-		5,859,473		-		-		5,859,473
equipment levy		-		1,125,569		-		-		1,125,569
Management levy		-		-		-		2,110,684		2,110,684
Student activities		-		-		-		784,803		784,803
Public education and										
recreation levy		-		-		-		542,570		542,570
Assigned for specific purposes		446,136		-		-		-		446,136
Unassigned		8,372,478		-		-		-		8,372,478
Total fund balance		9,971,656		6,985,042		4,078,964		3,438,057		24,473,719
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and										
fund balances	\$	47,665,850	2	11,203,029	\$	7,674,489	\$	4,849,626	\$	71,392,994
	Ψ	11,000,000	Ψ	11,200,023	Ψ	т, ог т,то з	Ψ	+,0+0,020	Ψ	1,002,004

See Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet -Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2018

Total fund balances of governmental funds	\$	24,473,719
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore are not reported as assets in the governmental funds.		150,462,159
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are unavailable in the funds.		350,776
Accrued interest payable on long-term liabilities is not due and payable in the current year and, therefore, is not reported as a liability in the governmental funds.		(945,927)
Pension and OPEB related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current year and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds as follows:		
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	(62,546)	
Deferred outflows of resources related to pension	15,139,430	
Deferred inflows of resources related to pension	(926,666)	14,150,218
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable and compensated absences, are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds.		
General obligation bonds payable	(25,000,000)	
Revenue bonds payable	(49,490,000)	
Capital loan notes payable	(7,945,000)	
Unamortized bond discounts	12,478	
Unamortized bond premiums	(1,325,703)	
Termination benefits	(243,379)	
Compensated absences	(43,057)	
Net pension liability	(47,371,764)	
Net OPEB liability	(2,659,329)	(134,065,754)
Net position of governmental activities	\$	54,425,191

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2018

	General	Capital Pro	piects D	Debt Service	N	lonmajor		Total
Revenues:			1					
Local sources:								
Local tax	\$ 26,546,671	\$ 3,430	,959 \$	3,519,010	\$	1,203,907	\$ 3	34,700,547
Tuition	5,259,122		-	-		-		5,259,122
Other	1,419,001	196	,920	10,104		1,386,057		3,012,082
State sources	47,435,997	6,900	,340	94,521		33,658	ł	54,464,516
Federal sources	2,788,965		-	-		-		2,788,965
Total revenues	83,449,756	10,528	,219	3,623,635		2,623,622	1	00,225,232
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Instruction								
Regular	38,641,474	865	,429	-		1,643,234		41,150,137
Special	10,345,791		-	-		-		10,345,791
Other	5,773,902		-	-		-		5,773,902
Total instruction	54,761,167	865	,429	-		1,643,234	ł	57,269,830
Support services:								
Student services	4,293,607		-	-		8,122		4,301,729
Instructional staff services	6,143,666		598	-		7,371		6,151,635
Administration services	6,981,122	97	,058	8,750		17,892		7,104,822
Operation and maintenance								
of plant services	6,054,518	145	,162	-		493,164		6,692,844
Student transportation	2,415,592	474	,154	-		130,912		3,020,658
Total support services	25,888,505		,972	8,750		657,461		27,271,688
Non-instructional programs	-,,		,-	-,		,-		, ,
Food service operations	-		-	-		61,516		61,516
Community service operations	-		-	-		36,890		36,890
Total non-instructional	-		-	-		98,406		98,406
Other expenditures:						· · ·		
Capital outlay	-	3,205	,352	-		45,742		3,251,094
AEA flowthrough	3,239,555		-	-		-		3,239,555
Debt service:								
Principal on long-term debt	-		-	7,165,000		-		7,165,000
Interest on long-term debt	-		-	2,960,809		-		2,960,809
Total other	3,239,555	3,205	,352	10,125,809		45,742		16,616,458
Total expenditures	83,889,227	4,787	753	10,134,559		2,444,843	1	01,256,382
-	00,000,221	1,101	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	10,101,000		2,111,010		.,200,002
Excess (deficiency)								
of revenues over	(400.474)	5 740	400	(0.540.004)		470 770		(4.004.450)
(under) expenditures	(439,471)	5,740	,466	(6,510,924)		178,779		(1,031,150)
Other financing sources (uses):								
Sale of equipment	40,738		-	-		-		40,738
Interfund transfers in	-		-	6,250,189		26,974		6,277,163
Interfund transfers (out)	(26,974)	(6,250	,189)	-		-		(6,277,163)
Total other financing								
sources (uses)	13,764	(6,250	,189)	6,250,189		26,974		40,738
Net change in								
fund balance	(425,707)	(509	,723)	(260,735)		205,753		(990,412)
			·					
Fund balances, beginning of year	10,397,363	7,494		4,339,699	_	3,232,304		25,464,131
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 9,971,656	\$ 6,985	,042 \$	4,078,964	\$	3,438,057	\$ 2	24,473,719

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2018

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ (990,412)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because: Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, those costs are not reported in the Statement of Activities and are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense in the Statement of Activities. Capital outlay expenditures and depreciation expense		
in the year are as follows: Capital outlay	3,712,312	
Depreciation expense	(5,395,081)	
Proceeds from sale of capital assets Gain on sale of capital assets	(40,738) 36,543	(1,686,964)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current		(,,,,
financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds, change in unavailable revenue for statewide sales and services tax.		350,776
Proceeds from issuing long-term liabilities provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayments of long-term debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Current year items are as follows:		
Principal repayments Amortization of premiums and discounts	7,165,000 282,086	7,447,086
Interest on long-term debt in the Statement of Activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recorded as an expenditure in the governmental funds when due. In the Statement of Activities, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due.	202,000	165,486
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. Change in termination benefits Change in compensated absences Change in pension expense and related deferrals	243,378 17,881 (2,188,274)	
Change in OPEB expense and related deferrals	(258,200)	(2,185,215)
Change in net position of governmental activities	:	\$ 3,100,757

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2018

Assets	Business-Type Activities Nonmajor Enterprise Funds
Current:	
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$ 1,527,133 110
Inventories	39,662
Total current assets	1,566,905
Noncurrent: Capital assets, net of	
accumulated depreciation	666,154
Total noncurrent assets	666,154
Total assets	2,233,059
Deferred Outflows of Resources, Pension related deferred outflows	449,574
Liabilities	
Current:	
Accounts payable Salaries and benefits payable	958 55,228
Unearned revenue	90,642
Total current liabilities	146,828
Noncurrent:	
Net pension liability	1,310,751
Net OPEB liability Total noncurrent liabilities	72,671
Total honcurrent habilities	1,383,422
Total liabilities	1,530,250
Deferred Inflows of Resources:	
OPEB related deferred inflows	1,709
Pension related deferred inflows Total deferred inflows of resources	43,280
Total deletted filliows of resources	44,989
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	666,154
Unrestricted	441,240
Total net position	\$ 1,107,394

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Business-Type Activities Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	_
Operating revenues:	\$ 2,640,586	
Local sources, charges for services Miscellaneous	\$ 2,040,580 5,270	
Total operating revenues	2,645,856	-
	2,010,000	-
Operating expenses: Non-instructional programs: Food service:		
Salaries	1,547,784	
Benefits	321,673	
Services	2,231	
Supplies	1,621,208	
Depreciation	131,834	
Other	1,326	_
Total food service	3,626,056	_
Other enterprise	39,299	_
Community service:		
Salaries	197,121	
Benefits	31,486	
Services	6,375	
Supplies	53,709	
Total community service	288,691	-
Total operating expenses	3,954,046	_
Operating (loss)	(1,308,190))
Nonoperating revenues:		
State sources	25,650	
Federal sources	1,245,667	
Interest on investments	8,596	
Total nonoperating revenues	1,279,913	-
Change in net position	(28,277))
Not position, beginning of year, or restated	1 405 674	
Net position, beginning of year, as restated Net position, end of year	1,135,671 \$ 1,107,394	-
	φ 1,107,394	=

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Business-Type Activities
	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from food service sales Cash received from aquatic center operations Cash received from ROAR store operations Cash received from miscellaneous operating activities Cash payments to employees for services Cash payments to suppliers for goods or services Net cash (used in) operating activities	\$ 2,310,528 295,532 43,078 5,270 (2,009,766) (1,518,662) (874,020)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: State grants received Federal grants received Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	25,650 1,034,729 1,060,379
Cash flows from capital financing activities, acquisition of capital assets	(55,815)
Cash flows from investing activities, interest on investments	8,596
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	139,140
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	1,387,993 \$ 1,527,133
Reconciliation of operating (loss) to net cash (used in) operating activities: Operating loss Adjustments to reconcile operating (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:	\$ (1,308,190)
Commodities consumed Depreciation (Increase) in inventories (Increase) in accounts receivable Increase in accounts payable Increase in salaries and benefits payable Increase in other postemployment benefits Increase in net pension liability (Increase) in deferred outflows of resources Increase in deferred inflows of resources Increase in unearned revenue	210,938 131,834 (6,405) (27) 953 14,186 5,346 82,345 (41,585) 28,007 8,578
Net cash (used in) operating activities	\$ (874,020)

Noncash: Noncapital financing activities:

During the year ended June 30, 2018, the District used \$210,938 of federal commodities.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2018

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Linn-Mar Community School District is a political subdivision of the state of Iowa and operates public schools for children in grades kindergarten through twelve and special education pre-kindergarten. Additionally, the District operates or sponsors various adult education programs. The geographic area served includes the City of Marion, Iowa, portions of the Cities of Robins and Cedar Rapids and portions of the agricultural territory in Linn County. The District is governed by a Board of Education whose members are elected on a non-partisan basis.

The District's financial statements are prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Reporting entity:

For financial reporting purposes, Linn-Mar Community School District has included all funds, organizations, agencies, boards, commissions and authorities. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the District. Linn-Mar Community School District has no component units which meet the Governmental Accounting Standards Board criteria.

<u>Jointly governed organizations</u>: The District participates in a jointly governed organization that provides services to the District but does not meet the criteria of a joint venture since there is no ongoing financial interest or responsibility by the participating governments. The District is a member of the Linn County Assessors' Conference Board.

Basis of presentation:

<u>District-wide financial statements</u>: The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for service.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation plus unspent bond proceeds and reduced by outstanding balances for bonds, notes and other debt that are attributed to the acquisition, construction or improvement to those assets.

Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Enabling legislation did not result in any restricted net position.

Unrestricted net position consists of net position that does not meet the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources that are imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2018

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customer or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property tax and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

<u>Fund financial statements</u>: Separate financial statements are provided for governmental, proprietary and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the District-wide financial statements. The District does not have any fiduciary funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor governmental funds. Combining schedules are also included for the Capital Project Fund accounts as well as the nonmajor enterprise funds.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District. All general tax revenues and other revenues not allocated by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. From the fund are paid the general operating expenditures, including instructional, support and other costs.

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for all resources used in the acquisition and construction of capital facilities.

The Debt Service Fund is used for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

The District reports the following nonmajor governmental funds:

The Management Levy Fund is used to account for the payment of property and insurance as well as early retirement incentive obligations owed by the District to retirees from prior fiscal years.

The Student Activity Fund is utilized to account for the various student run organizations and athletic accounts operating within the District.

The Public Education and Recreation Levy Fund is utilized to account for the resources used to establish and maintain public recreation places and playgrounds and necessary accommodations for children and adults.

Proprietary fund types are used to account for the District's ongoing organizations and activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector. The measurement focus is upon income determination, financial position, and cash flows. The District has one proprietary fund. Enterprise funds are used to account for those operations that are financed and operate in a manner similar to private businesses or where the District has decided that the determination of revenues earned, costs incurred and/or net income is necessary for management accountability.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2018

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The District reports nonmajor enterprise funds. The District's nonmajor enterprise funds include the School Nutrition Fund, the Aquatic Center Fund, and the ROAR Store Fund. The School Nutrition Fund is used to account for the food service operations of the District. The Aquatic Center Fund is used to account for the operations of the District's pool activities. The ROAR Store Fund is used to account for student store operations of the District.

Measurement focus and basis of accounting:

The District-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property tax is recognized as revenue in the year for which it is levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been satisfied.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end.

Property tax, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the cash is received by the District.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, principal and interest on long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences are recognized as expenditures only when payment is due. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under term of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific costreimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, and then general revenues.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the District's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2018

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund equity:

The following accounting policies are followed in preparing the financial statements:

<u>Cash, pooled investments and cash equivalents</u>: The cash balances of most District funds are pooled and invested. Investments are stated at fair value and non-negotiable certificates of deposit which are stated at amortized cost.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, all short-term cash investments that are highly liquid are considered to be cash equivalents. Cash equivalents are readily convertible to known amounts of cash, and, at the day of purchase, have maturity date no longer than three months.

<u>Property tax receivable</u>: Property tax in governmental funds is accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Property tax receivable is recognized in these funds on the levy or lien date, which is the date that the tax asking is certified by the Board of Education. Delinquent property tax receivable represents unpaid taxes for the current and prior years. The succeeding year property tax receivable represents taxes certified by the Board of Education to be collected in the next fiscal year for the purposes set out in the budget for the next fiscal year. By statute, the District is required to certify its budget in April of each year for the subsequent fiscal year. However, by statute, the tax asking and budget certification for the following fiscal year becomes effective on the first day of that year. Although the succeeding year property tax receivable has been recorded the released revenue is deferred in both the government-wide and fund financial statements and will not be recognized as revenue until the year for which it is levied.

Property tax revenue recognized in these funds become due and collectible in September and March of the fiscal year with a 1 1/2 % per month penalty for delinquent payments; is based on January 1, 2016 assessed property valuations; is for the tax accrual period July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2018 and reflects the tax asking contained in the budget certified to the County Board of Supervisors in April, 2017.

<u>Intergovernmental receivables</u>: Intergovernmental receivables represents amounts due from the State of Iowa, various shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments.

<u>Inventories</u>: Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in, first-out method for purchased items and governmental commodities. Inventories of proprietary funds are recorded as expenses when consumed rather than when purchased or received.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2018

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

<u>Capital assets</u>: Capital assets, which include property, machinery, equipment and intangibles acquired after July 1, 1980 are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the following thresholds and established useful lives in excess of two years.

Asset Class	Amount
Land \$	2,500
Buildings	2,500
Improvements other than buildings	2,500
Intangibles	175,000
Furniture and equipment:	
School Nutrition Fund equipment	500
Other furniture and equipment	2,500

Land is not depreciated. Buildings, land improvements, machinery and equipment and intangibles, if any, are depreciated/amortized using the straight-line method of depreciation over the following estimated useful lives:

		Estimated
	Asset Class	Useful Lives
E	Buildings	50 years
L	Land improvements	20 years
I	Intangibles	5 - 20 years
ſ	Machinery and equipment	5 - 20 years

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<u>Deferred outflows of resources</u>: Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applied to a future year(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. Deferred outflows of resources consist of unrecognized items not yet charged to pension expense and contributions from the employer after the measurement date but before the end of the District's reporting period.

<u>Pensions:</u> For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System (IPERS) and additions to/deductions from IPERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by IPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2018

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

<u>Salaries and benefits payable</u>: Payroll and related expenditures for contracts corresponding to the current school year, which is payable in July and August, have been accrued as liabilities.

<u>Deferred inflows of resources</u>: Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to future year(s) and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Although certain revenues are measurable, they are not available. Available means collected within the current year or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. Deferred inflows of resources in the governmental fund financial statements represent the amount of assets that have been recognized, but the related revenue has not been recognized since the assets are not collected within the current year. Unavailable revenue in the governmental funds consists of property tax and statewide sales and services tax.

Deferred inflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position consists of succeeding year property tax receivable that will not be recognized as revenue until the year for which it is levied and the unrecognized items not yet charged to pension expense or other postemployment benefit expense.

<u>Unearned revenue</u>: Proprietary funds defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received but not yet earned. Unearned revenues are monies collected for meals that have not yet been served.

<u>Compensated absences</u>: District employees accumulate a limited amount of earned but unused vacation and sick leave for subsequent use or for payment upon termination, death or retirement. A liability is recorded when incurred in the District-wide financial statements. The compensated absences liability has been computed based on rates of pay in effect at June 30, 2018. The compensated absences liability attributable to the governmental activities will be paid primarily by the General Fund.

<u>Long-term liabilities</u>: In the District-wide financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities column in the Statement of Net Position.

<u>Fund equity</u>: In the governmental fund financial statements fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable: Balances that cannot be spent because they are not expected to be converted to cash or they are legally or contractually required to remain intact.

Restricted: Amounts restricted to specific purposes when constraints placed on the use of the resources are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors or state or federal laws or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed: Amounts which can be used only for specific purposes determined pursuant to constraints formally imposed by the Board of Education through resolution approved prior to yearend. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same action it employed to commit those amounts.

Assigned: Amounts are not available for appropriation but are set aside for specific purposes in the District's General Fund. The District's Board of Directors authorizes the Chief Executive Officer to assign General Fund balance amounts pursuant to Board Policy 801.4.

Unassigned: All amounts not included in other spendable classifications as well as any deficit fund balance of any other governmental fund is reported as unassigned.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2018

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The District's flow of funds assumption prescribes that the funds with the highest level of constraint are expended first. When an expenditure is incurred in governmental funds which can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources, the District's policy is to fist apply the expenditure toward restricted fund balance and then to less restrictive classifications- assigned and then unassigned fund balances.

<u>Net Position</u>: In proprietary funds, fiduciary funds, and government-wide financial statements, net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net investment in capital assets excludes unspent bond proceeds of \$3,790,780. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

Net position restricted by enabling legislation as of June 30, 2018 consists of \$1,153,042 for categorical funding, \$2,110,684 for management levy purposes, \$1,125,569 for physical plant and equipment levy, \$6,210,249 for school infrastructure, \$1,327,373 for other special revenue purposes and \$78,947 for debt service.

<u>Net position flow assumption</u>: Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g. restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted-net position and unrestricted-net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted-net position to have been depleted before unrestricted-net position is applied.

<u>Estimates</u>: The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Note 2. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Budgets and budgetary control:

The budgetary comparison and related disclosures are reported as Required Supplementary Information based on the program structure of four functional areas as required by state statute for its legally adopted budget.

In accordance with the Code of Iowa, the District's Board of Education annually adopts a single districtwide budget and approves the related appropriations following required public notice and hearing for all funds. The budgets and related appropriations as well as the financial statements are prepared on the modified accrual basis or accrual basis of accounting. The budget may be amended during the year utilizing similar statutorily prescribed procedures.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2018

Note 2. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting (Continued)

Formal and legal budgetary control for the certified budget is based upon four major classes of disbursements known as functional areas, not by fund. These four functional areas are instruction, support services, non-instructional programs and other expenditures. The Code of Iowa also provides that District disbursements in the General Fund may not exceed the amount authorized by the school finance formula. The Board of Education follows these procedures in establishing budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. In accordance with the Statutes of the State of Iowa, prior to March 15, the Board Secretary submits to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures or expenses and the means of financing them for the upcoming year, along with estimates for the current year and actual data for the proceeding years. This budget is submitted in summary form, with an administrative control. The legal level of control for the detailed budget is at functional area level.
- 2. Public hearings are required to be conducted to obtain taxpayer comment.
- 3. Prior to April 15, the budget is legally enacted through certification by the County Auditor.
- 4. Management is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any functional area; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures or expenses of any functional are must be approved by the Board of Education.
- 5. The Board of Education may amend the budget during the year without approval of the Board of Education.
- 6. Appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.
- 7. The budget cannot be amended without the approval of the Board of Education.
- 8. Unexpected budgetary balances lapse at June 30 and are not available to finance expenditures or expenses of the following year.

Note 3. Cash and Pooled Investments

The District is authorized by statute to invest public funds in obligations of the United States government, its agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit or other evidences of deposit at federally insured depository institutions approved by the Board of Education; prime eligible bankers acceptances; certain high rated commercial paper; perfected repurchase agreements; certain registered open-end management investment companies; certain joint investment trusts; and warrants or improvement certificates of a drainage district.

As of June 30, 2018, the carrying amount of the District's bank deposits and pooled investments totaled \$32,197,944 with bank balances of \$33,432,343. The District's cash and pooled investments were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by the State Sinking Fund in accordance with 12C Code of Iowa. This chapter provides additional assessments against depositories to insure there will be no loss of public funds.

As of June 30, 2018, the District had no investments meeting the disclosure requirements of Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 72, or any other investments which would require disclosure.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2018

Note 3. Cash and Pooled Investments (Continued)

Interest rate risk: The District's investment policy limits the investment of operating funds (funds expected to be expended in the current budget year or within 15 months of receipt) in instruments that mature within 397 days. Funds not identified as operating funds may be invested in investments with maturities longer than 397 days but the maturities shall be consistent with the needs and use of the District and must also conform to any loan covenant investment maturity restrictions. The maturity of the District's position in an external investment pool is based on the average maturity of the pool's investments.

Credit risk: Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of an investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized rating organization (Standard and Poor's and Moody Investor Services). The District's investment policy does not formally address credit risk.

Custodial credit risk: Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g. broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that in in the possession of another party. It is the District's policy to require that time deposits in excess of FDIC insurable limits (\$250,000) be secured by collateral or private insurance to protect public deposits in a single financial institution if it were to default. Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa requires all District funds be deposited into an approved depository and be either insured or collateralized.

Note 4. Interfund Transfers

The detail of interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2018 is as follows:

Transfer To	Transfer From		Amount
Nonmajor fund, Student Activity Fund	General Fund		26,974
	Capital Projects Fund; Statewide Sales,		
Debt Service Fund	Services and Use Tax Account		5,034,982
	Capital Projects Fund; Physical Plant &		
Debt Service Fund	Equipment Levy Account		1,215,207
		\$	6,277,163

The transfer from the General Fund to the Student Activity Fund was to repay the Student Activity Fund for safety equipment purchased during the year as approved by the Board of Education.

The transfer from the Capital Projects: Statewide Sales, Services and Use Tax Account to the Debt Service Fund was needed for repayment of principal and interest on the District's revenue bond indebtedness as well as for general obligation bond debt relief.

The transfer from the Capital Projects: Physical Plant & Equipment Levy Account to the Debt Service Fund was needed for principal and interest payments on the District's capital loan note indebtedness.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2018

Note 5. Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2018 is as follows:

		Balance Beginning				E	Balance End
	of Year Increases Decreases						of Year
Governmental activities:							
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	5,261,530	\$	1,194,315	\$-	\$	6,455,845
Construction in progress		27,812,936		413,336	27,769,105		457,167
Total capital assets not							
being depreciated		33,074,466		1,607,651	27,769,105		6,913,012
Capital assets being depreciated:							
Buildings		137,932,515		28,211,749	-		166,144,264
Land improvements		21,609,078		838,774	23,975		22,423,877
Machinery and equipment		11,714,884		823,243	319,974		12,218,153
Total capital assets being							
depreciated		171,256,477		29,873,766	343,949		200,786,294
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings		38,797,639		3,393,922	-		42,191,561
Land improvements		6,772,837		1,092,333	19,780		7,845,390
Machinery and equipment		6,611,344		908,826	319,974		7,200,196
Total accumulated depreciation		52,181,820		5,395,081	339,754		57,237,147
Total capital assets being							
depreciated, net		119,074,657		24,478,685	4,195		143,549,147
Governmental activities capital							
assets, net	\$	152,149,123	\$	26,086,336	\$ 27,773,300	\$	150,462,159
Desidence of the							
Business-type activities:	•	4 050 400	•	55.045	* • • • • - • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•	4 004 074
Machinery and equipment	\$	1,852,123	\$	55,815	\$ 6,867	\$	1,901,071
Less accumulated depreciation		1,109,950		131,834	6,867		1,234,917
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	742,173	\$	(76,019)	\$-	\$	666,154
				· /			

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2018

Note 5. Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged by the District to the following functions:

Governmental activities:	
Instruction:	
Regular	\$ 156,873
Special	2,069
Other	99,339
Support services:	
Administration	12,418
Operation and maintenance of plant	143,215
Transportation	410,290
Unallocated depreciation	 4,570,877
Total governmental activities depreciation expense	\$ 5,395,081
Business-type activities, food service operations	\$ 131,834

Note 6. Long-Term Liabilities

A summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2018 is as follows:

	Balance						
	Beginning				E	Balance End	Due Within
	 of Year	Additions	F	Reductions		of Year	One Year
Governmental activities:							
General obligation bonds	\$ 27,305,000	\$ -	\$	2,305,000	\$	25,000,000	\$ 2,580,000
Premiums on GO bonds	1,609,529	-		283,826		1,325,703	-
Discounts on GO bonds	(14,218)	-		(1,740)		(12,478)	-
Capital loan notes	8,985,000	-		1,040,000		7,945,000	1,060,000
Revenue bonds	53,310,000	-		3,820,000		49,490,000	3,500,000
Termination benefits	486,757	-		243,378		243,379	243,379
Compensated absences	60,938	43,057		60,938		43,057	43,057
Net pension liability	44,643,722	2,728,042		-		47,371,764	-
Net OPEB liability	2,463,675	195,654		-		2,659,329	-
Total	\$ 138,850,403	\$ 2,966,753	\$	7,751,402	\$	134,065,754	\$ 7,426,436
	Balance						
	Beginning				E	Balance End	Due Within
	of Year	Additions	F	Reductions		of Year	One Year
Business-type activities							
Net pension liability	\$ 1,228,406	\$ 82,345	\$	-	\$	1,310,751	\$-
Net OPEB liability	67,325	5,346		-		72,671	-
Total	\$ 1,295,731	\$ 87,691	\$	-	\$	1,383,422	\$-

Compensated absences, net pension liability, and net OPEB liability are generally liquidated from the General Fund for governmental activities and the respective enterprise fund for business-type activities.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2018

Note 6. Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

<u>General obligation bonds</u>: As of June 30, 2018, the District had general obligation bonds outstanding of \$25,000,000 which had been issued for capital facility construction/building improvement purposes in prior fiscal years. The general obligation bonds will be paid with property taxes collected in the Debt Service Fund. Details of the District's June 30, 2018 general obligation bonded indebtedness are as follows:

10110110.									
		Bond Issue of	f	Bond Issue of					
Year		April 12, 2011	l	F	February 24, 2014				
Ending	Interest			Interest					
June 30	Rate	Principal	Interest	Rate	Principal	Interest			
2019	3.25%	\$-	\$ 343,663	1.30%	\$ 790,000	\$ 38,860			
2020	3.25	-	343,662	1.65	800,000	28,590			
2021	3.25	-	343,663	1.90	810,000	15,390			
2022	3.25	-	343,663		-	-			
2023	3.25	-	343,663		-	-			
2024	3.25	2,535,000	343,663		-	-			
2025	3.50	3,665,000	261,275		-	-			
2026	3.50	3,800,000	133,000			-			
Total		\$ 10,000,000	\$ 2,456,252		\$ 2,400,000	\$ 82,840			

		Bond Issue of	of						
Year		March 8, 201	7		Total				
Ending	Interest								
June 30	Rate	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Total			
2019	5.00%	\$ 1,790,000	\$ 630,000	2,580,000	1,012,523	3,592,523			
2020	5.00	1,890,000	540,500	2,690,000	912,752	3,602,752			
2021	5.00	1,990,000	446,000	2,800,000	805,053	3,605,053			
2022	5.00	3,000,000	346,500	3,000,000	690,163	3,690,163			
2023	5.00	3,160,000	196,500	3,160,000	540,163	3,700,163			
2024	5.00	770,000	38,500	3,305,000	382,163	3,687,163			
2025		-	-	3,665,000	261,275	3,926,275			
2026			-	3,800,000	133,000	3,933,000			
Total		\$ 12,600,000	\$ 2,198,000	\$25,000,000	\$ 4,737,092	\$29,737,092			

<u>Revenue bonds</u>: As of June 30, 2018, the District had statewide sales, services and use tax bonds of \$49,490,000, which had been issued for capital facility construction/building improvement projects. These bonds will be paid with statewide sales, services and use tax revenues collected in the Capital Projects: Statewide Sales, Services and Use Tax Fund. Details of the District's June 30, 2018 statewide sales, services are as follows:

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2018

Total

\$

8,195,000

\$

	•		•		•						
					Revenue B	onds	Issuance				
Year			March 1, 2010					C	October 1, 2012		
Ending	Interest						Interest				
June 30	Rate		Principal	-	Interest		Rate		Principal	-	Interest
2019	4.00%	\$	1,215,000	\$	790,730		1.35%	\$	730,000	\$	205,88
2020	4.00		1,270,000		541,030		1.50		745,000		195,36
2021	4.00		1,325,000		689,130		1.65		760,000		183,50
2022	4.00		1,380,000		635,030		1.75		775,000		170,45
2023	4.13		1,440,000		577,730		1.90		795,000		156,12
2024	4.25		1,510,000		515,943		2.00		815,000		140,42
2025	4.30		1,580,000		449,885		2.20		835,000		123,08
2026	4.40		1,655,000		379,505		2.30		855,000		104,06
2027	4.50		1,735,000		304,058		2.40		880,000		83,67
2028	4.60		1,820,000		223,160		2.50		910,000		61,74
2029	4.63		1,910,000		137,131		2.60		935,000		38,21
2030	4.63		2,010,000		46,481		2.70		965,000		13,02
Total		\$	18,850,000	\$	5,289,813			\$	10,000,000	\$	1,475,55
					Revenue B	onds	Issuance				
Year			June 4, 2013					0	ctober 21, 2014	4	
Ending	Interest		· · · · · ·				Interest				
June 30	Rate		Principal		Interest		Rate		Principal		Interest
2019	1.25%	\$	760,000	\$	208,058		1.45%	\$	260,000	\$	80,56
2020	1.50		765,000	,	197,570		1.70		260,000	•	76,46
2021	1.75		765,000		185,138		1.85		260,000		71,85
2022	2.00		790,000		170,545		2.15		260,000		66,65
2023	2.00		790,000		154,745		2.30		260,000		60,86
2024	2.25		790,000		137,958		2.45		260,000		54,69
2025	2.40		800,000		119,470		2.70		260,000		47,99
2026	2.60		820,000		99,210		2.90		260,000		40,71
2020	2.00		820,000		77,275		3.10		260,000		32,91
2027	3.00		820,000		54,000		3.40		260,000		24,46
2028	3.00				34,000 85,500		3.60		260,000		
			700,000						-		15,36
2030 Total	3.00	\$	700,000 9,300,000	\$	10,500		3.75	\$	285,000 3,145,000	\$	5,34 577,91
Total		Ψ	0,000,000	Ψ				Ψ	0,140,000	Ψ	011,01
Year			July 1, 2015		Revenue Bo	onds I	ssuance		Total		
Ending	Interest		0diy 1, 2010						Total		
June 30	Rate	Prir	ncipal	Inter	rest	Prir	ncipal	Inte	rest	Tota	I
2019	2.61%	\$	535,000	\$	206,908	\$	3,500,000	\$	1,492,138	\$	4,992,13
2020	2.61		545,000		192,814		3,585,000		1,203,247		4,788,24
2021	2.61		575,000		178,197		3,685,000		1,307,825		4,992,82
2022	2.61		585,000		163,060		3,790,000		1,205,744		4,995,74
2023	2.61		610,000		147,465		3,895,000		1,096,931		4,991,93
2024	2.61		635,000		131,218		4,010,000		980,232		4,990,23
2025	2.61		685,000		113,992		4,160,000		854,430		5,014,43
2026	2.61		710,000		95,787		4,300,000		719,288		5,019,28
2020	2.61		735,000		76,930		4,430,000		574,856		5,004,85
2027	2.61		785,000		70,930 57,094		4,430,000		420,462		4,995,46
2028	2.61		895,000		35,170		4,700,000		420,402		4,995,40
2029	2.61		900,000		,		4,700,000		87,098		
2030	2.01	¢	900,000	<u> </u>	11,745	¢	4,860,000	-	87,098	¢	4,947,09

Note 6. Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

1,410,380

\$

49,490,000

\$

10,253,630

\$

59,743,630

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2018

Note 6. Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

The District has pledged future statewide sales, services and use tax revenues to repay the bonds issued in March of 2010, October of 2012, June of 2013, October of 2014, and July of 2015. The bonds were issued for the purpose of financing a portion of the costs of several ongoing projects or to refund prior year revenue bond issuances. The bonds are payable solely from the proceeds of the statewide sales, services, and use tax revenues received by the District and are payable through 2030. The bonds are not general obligations of the District. However, the debt is subject to the constitutional debt limitation of the District. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require approximately 78 percent of the statewide sales, services, and use tax revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$59,743,630. For the current year, \$3,820,000 of principal and \$1,583,105 of interest was paid on the bonds and total statewide sales, services and use tax revenues were \$6,808,180.

The resolution providing for the issuance of statewide sales, services and use tax revenue bonds include the following provisions:

- 1. \$3,869,727 of the proceeds from the issuance of revenue bonds have been deposited in reserve accounts at Farmer's State Bank, Marion, Iowa to be used solely for the purpose of paying principal and interest on the bonds if insufficient money is available.
- 2. All proceeds from the statewide sales, services and use tax will be retained by the District in District bank accounts and be disbursed to the proper paying agents at the time principal and interest payments are due.

Capital loan notes: As of June 30, 2018, the District had capital loan notes outstanding of \$7,945,000, which was issued for capital facility construction/improvements during fiscal year 2016. The capital loan notes will be paid with property taxes collected in the Capital Projects Fund: Physical Plant, and Equipment Levy Account. Details of the District's June 30, 2018 capital loan noted indebtedness is as follows:

-	Capital Loan Note								
Year	January 7, 2016								
Ending	Interest								
June 30	Rate		Principal		Interest		Total		
2019	1.95%	\$	1,060,000	\$	154,927	\$	1,214,927		
2020	1.95		1,085,000		134,258		1,219,258		
2021	1.95		1,110,000		113,100		1,223,100		
2022	1.95		1,135,000		91,455		1,226,455		
2023	1.95		1,160,000		69,273		1,229,273		
2024	1.95		1,185,000		46,703		1,231,703		
2025	1.95		1,210,000		23,595		1,233,595		
Total		\$	7,945,000	\$	633,311	\$	8,578,311		

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2018

Note 6. Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

<u>Legal debt margin</u>: The June 30, 2018 debt outstanding by the District did not exceed its legal debt margin computed as follows:

Total assessed valuation	\$ 3,290,401,068
Debt limit, 5% of total assessed valuation	 164,520,053
Amount of debt applicable to debt limit,	
total bonded debt	 82,435,000
Excess of debt limit over bonded debt	\$ 82,085,053

On May 21, 2018, the Board of Education approved a resolution to call for a special election on the issuance of \$55,000,000 general obligation school bonds for the purpose of designing and constructing two 5th and 6th grade intermediate buildings. On September 21, 2018, the bond issuance passed.

Termination benefits:

The District did not offer an early retirement incentive to employees in fiscal year 2018. However, the District offered a voluntary early retirement plan to its certified employees and administrators during the year ended June 30, 2017. Eligible employees had to be at least age fifty-five and employees must have completed ten years of service to the District. Employees completed an application which was required to be approved by the Board of Education.

The early retirement incentive for each eligible employee was equal to the employee's base salary calculated by using the fiscal year 2017 regular salary schedule, less any other additional pay, multiplied by 50 percent plus all unused personal days compensated for at the rate of substitute pay (\$116/day) used during the last year of service. Employees could also elect to continue participation in the District's group health insurance plan until age 65 or until insurance is acquired elsewhere. Their participation was at the employee's expense. At June 30, 2018 the District had obligations to fourteen participants with a total liability of \$243,379 payable from the nonmajor special revenue fund, Management Levy Fund. The District paid \$243,378 in early retirement benefits to retirees during fiscal year 2018.

Note 7. Pension Plan

<u>Plan Description</u> – IPERS membership is mandatory for employees of the District, except for those covered by another retirement system. Employees of the District are provided with pensions through a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System (IPERS). IPERS issues a stand-alone financial report which is available to the public by mail at 7401 Register Drive P.O. Box 9117, Des Moines, Iowa 50306-9117 or at <u>www.ipers.org</u>.

IPERS benefits are established under Iowa Code chapter 97B and the administrative rules thereunder. Chapter 97B and the administrative rules are the official plan documents. The following brief description is provided for general informational purposes only. Refer to the plan documents for more information.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2018

Note 7. Pension Plan (Continued)

<u>Pension Benefits</u> – A regular member may retire at normal retirement age and receive monthly benefits without an early-retirement reduction. Normal retirement age is age 65, any time after reaching age 62 with 20 or more years of covered employment, or when the member's years of service plus the member's age at the last birthday equals or exceeds 88, whichever comes first. These qualifications must be met on the member's first month of entitlement to benefits. Members cannot begin receiving retirement benefits before age 55. The formula used to calculate a Regular member's monthly IPERS benefit includes:

- A multiplier based on years of service.
- The member's highest five-year average salary, except members with service before June 30, 2012 will use the highest three-year average salary as of that date if it is greater than the highest five-year average salary.

If a member retires before normal retirement age, the member's monthly retirement benefit will be permanently reduced by an early-retirement reduction. The early-retirement reduction is calculated differently for service earned before and after July 1, 2012. For service earned before July 1, 2012, the reduction is 0.25 percent for each month that the member receives benefits before the member's earliest normal retirement age. For service earned starting July 1, 2012, the reduction is 0.50 percent for each month that the member 65.

Generally, once a member selects a benefit option, a monthly benefit is calculated and remains the same for the rest of the member's lifetime. However, to combat the effects of inflation, retirees who began receiving benefits prior to July 1990 receive a guaranteed dividend with their regular November benefit payments.

<u>Disability and Death Benefits</u> – A vested member who is awarded federal Social Security disability or Railroad Retirement disability benefits is eligible to claim IPERS benefits regardless of age. Disability benefits are not reduced for early retirement. If a member dies before retirement, the member's beneficiary will receive a lifetime annuity or a lump-sum payment equal to the present actuarial value of the member's accrued benefit or calculated with a set formula, whichever is greater. When a member dies after retirement, death benefits depend on the benefit option the member selected at retirement.

<u>Contributions</u> – Contribution rates are established by IPERS following the annual actuarial valuation, which applies IPERS' Contribution Rate Funding Policy and Actuarial Amortization Method. State statute limits the amount rates can increase or decrease each year to 1 percentage point. IPERS Contribution Rate Funding Policy requires that the actuarial contribution rate be determined using the "entry age normal" actuarial cost method and the actuarial assumptions and methods approved by the IPERS Investment Board. The actuarial contribution rate covers normal cost plus the unfunded actuarial liability payment based on a 30-year amortization period. The payment to amortize the unfunded actuarial liability is determined as a level percentage of payroll, based on the Actuarial Amortization Method adopted by the Investment Board.

In fiscal year 2018, pursuant to the required rate, Regular members contributed 5.95 percent of covered payroll and the District contributed 8.93 percent of covered payroll for a total rate of 14.88 percent.

The District's contributions to IPERS for the year ended June 30, 2018 were \$5,030,968.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2018

Note 7. Pension Plan (Continued)

Net Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - At June 30, 2018, the District reported a liability of \$48,682,515 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all IPERS participating employers. At June 30, 2017, the District's proportion was .730830 percent, which was an increase of .001928 from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized pension expense of \$7,286,298. At June 30, 2018, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Defe	erred Outflows	Defe	rred Inflows
	0	f Resources	of	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	446,952	\$	421,797
Changes of assumptions		8,458,776		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on pension plan investments		-		508,471
Changes in proportion and differences between District				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		1,652,308		39,678
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		5,030,968		-
Total	\$	15,589,004	\$	969,946

\$5,030,968 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	
2019	\$ 1,765,117
2020	4,355,697
2021	2,546,282
2022	339,370
2023	581,624
Thereafter	 -
Total	\$ 9,588,090

There were no non-employer contributing entities to IPERS.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2018

Note 7. Pension Plan (Continued)

Rate of Inflation	2.60 percent per annum
(effective June 30, 2017)	
Salary Increases	3.25 percent to 16.25 percent average, including
(effective June 30, 2017)	inflaction. Rates vary by membership group.
Investment rate of return	7.00 percent per annum, compounded annually,
(effective June 30, 2017)	net of pension plan, investment expense,
	including inflation
Wage growth	3.25 percent per annum, based on 2.60 percent
(effective June 30, 2017)	inflation and 0.65 percent real wage inflation

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of actuarial experience study dated March 24, 2017.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale AA.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
		Expected Real
Asset Class	Asset Allocation	Rate of Return
Core Plus Fixed Income	27.0%	2.25%
Domestic Equity	24.0	6.25
International Equity	16.0	6.71
Private Equity/Debt	11.0	11.15
Private Real Assets	7.5	4.18
Public Real Assets	7.0	3.27
Public Credit	3.5	3.46
Private Credit	3.0	4.25
Cash	1.0	-0.31
Total	100%	

<u>Discount Rate</u> – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the contractually required rate and contributions from the District will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2018

Note 7. Pension Plan (Continued)

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount <u>Rate</u> – The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate.

	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)
District's proportionate share of the			

net pension liability \$ 80,209,254 \$ 48,682,515 \$ 22,193,997 <u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u> – Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued IPERS financial report which is available on IPERS' website at <u>www.ipers.org</u>.

<u>Payables to the Pension Plan</u> – At June 30, 2018, the District reported payables to IPERS of \$629,348 for legally required employer contributions and \$419,343 for legally required employee contributions withheld from employee wages which had not yet been remitted to IPERS.

Note 8. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

<u>Plan description</u>: The District's defined benefit OPEB plan, Linn-Mar Community School District Postemployment Plan Other Than Pensions (the Plan), provides postemployment benefits for eligible participants enrolled in its plans. This plan provides medical and prescription drug benefits for eligible employees and retirees and their spouses.

<u>Benefits provided</u>: The medical/prescription drug coverage is provided through a self-insured 28E organization plan with Metro Interagency Insurance Program. Retirees under age 65 pay the same premium for the medical/prescription drug benefit as active employees. The contribution requirements of plan members are established and may be amended by the District. The District currently finances the retiree benefit plan on a pay-as-you-go basis.

The full monthly premium rates as of January 1, 2017 for each plan are as shown below:

		PPO	PPO		НМО	HMO
	Rate Tier	Premier	Choice	E	Essential	Basic
Single		\$ 568	\$ 516	\$	421	\$ 315
Family		1,736	1,579		1,288	963

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2018

Note 8. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

<u>Employees covered by benefit terms:</u> At June 30, 2018, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	32
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	-
Active employees	926
Total	958

Total OPEB Liability

The District's total OPEB liability of \$2,732,000 was measured as of June 30, 2018 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018.

<u>Actuarial assumptions and other inputs:</u> The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.50% per annum
Salary increases	3.50% per annum
Discount rate	3.87% per annum
Retirees' share of benefit-related costs	100%
Health care cost trend rate	7.00%
	The trend rate is reduced by 0.50% each year
	until reaching the ultimate trend rate of 4.50%

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer 20-Bond GO index.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 generational table scaled using MP-17 and applied on a gender-specific basis.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period 2010– 2017.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2018

Note 8. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Increase (Decrease)						
	Т	otal OPEB	Plan F	iduciary		Net OPEB	
		Liability	Net F	Position		Liability	
		(a)	((b)		(a) - (b)	
Balance at July 1, 2017	\$	2,531,292	\$	-	\$	2,531,292	
Changes for the year:							
Service cost		268,383		-		268,383	
Interest		106,386		-		106,386	
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-	
Differences between expected							
and actual experience		-		-		-	
Changes in assumptions or other inputs		(70,450)		-		(70,450)	
Benefit payments		(103,611)		-		(103,611)	
Net changes		200,708		-		200,708	
Balance at June 30, 2018	\$	2,732,000	\$	-	\$	2,732,000	

There were no changes as a result of changes in benefit terms or differences between expected and actual experience. Changes of assumptions or other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 2.50% per annum in 2017 to 3.87% per annum in 2018.

<u>Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate:</u> The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(2.87%)	(3.87%)	(4.87%)
Total OPEB liability	\$ 3,191,000	\$ 2,732,000	\$ 2,365,000

<u>Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates</u>: The following presents that total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates.

			He	althcare Cost		
	1	% Decrease	٦	rend Rates		1% Increase
	(6.0	0% decreasing	(7.0	0% decreasing	(8.0	0% decreasing
		to 3.5%)		to 4.5%)		to 5.5%)
Total OPEB liability	\$	2,354,000	\$	2,732,000	\$	3,197,000

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2018

Note 8. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$368,522. At June 30, 2018, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Defer	red	De	eferred
	Outfl	ows	I	nflows
	of Reso	ources	of F	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	-
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		-		(64,255)
Net difference between projected and actual investments		-		-
Total	\$	-	\$	(64,255)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2019	\$ (6,195)
2020	(6,195)
2021	(6,195)
2022	(6,195)
2023	(6,195)
Thereafter	 (33,280)
Total	\$ (64,255)

Note 9. Risk Management

The District is a member of a joint venture with five other local government units. The joint venture, the Metro Interagency Insurance Program (MIIP), was incorporated in 1990 under a joint powers agreement in accordance with Chapter 28E of the Code of Iowa. The program provides services necessary and appropriate for the establishment, operation and maintenance of an insurance program for employee health and medical claims. MIIP is not intended to function as an insurance company for the participants; rather it is a means of combining the administration of claim and obtaining lower insurance rates from Commercial Insurance. Although premiums billed to the participants are determined on an actuarial basis, ultimate liability for claims remains with the respective participant and accordingly, the insurance risks are not transferred to MIIP. In the event that the member withdraws from MIIP, the withdrawn members continues to be responsible for its share of cost arising from events occurring when it was a participating member. If the withdrawn member at any time has a negative equity balance, the withdrawn member is immediately liable and obligated to MIIP for that amount.

The Districts contribute to the self-insurance plan an amount equal to 125% of Wellmark Blue Cross/Blue Shield projections of the rating period. The fund reinsures for stop-loss insurance for claims in excess of \$200,000 per year per individual. An insurance carrier is paid an administrative fee to process the claims.

At June 30, 2018, the District is an active member of MIIP and has a positive equity balance of \$7,214,409. The total premium paid into the plan by all six members from July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2018 was approximately \$39,800,000 of which \$6,697,670 was paid by Linn-Mar Community School District.

MIIP issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to Metro Interagency Insurance Program, 1120 33rd Avenue, SW, Cedar Rapids, Iowa, 52404.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2018

Note 9. Risk Management (Continued)

In addition, the District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. These risks are covered by the purchase of commercial insurance. The District assumes liability for any deductibles and claims in excess of coverage limitations. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 10. Area Education Agency

The District is required by the Code of Iowa to budget for its share of special education support, media and educational services provided through the area education agency. The District's actual amount for this purpose totaled \$3,239,555 for the year ended June 30, 2018 and is recorded in the General Fund.

Note 11. Categorical Funding

The District's restricted fund balance for categorical funding at June 30, 2018 is comprised of the following programs:

Program	 Amount
Gifted and talented	\$ 113,509
Teacher leadership	125,924
Teacher salary supplement	267,213
Successful progression for early readers	119,558
Professional development	521,242
Market factor incentives	 5,596
Total	\$ 1,153,042

Note 12. Construction Commitments

The District has entered into contracts totaling \$889,412 for various construction projects throughout the District. As of June 30, 2018, costs of \$457,167 had been incurred against these contracts. The remaining balance of \$432,245 at June 30, 2018 will be paid as work on the projects progresses.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2018

Note 13. Due from Other Governments

Amount due from other governments by fund as of June 30, 2018 are as follows:

Amount due nom other governments by fund as of st	Capital Projects					
	Ge	eneral Fund		Fund		Total
Local appropriations:						
Tuition	\$	2,478,790	\$	-	\$	2,478,790
Other		85,425		-		85,425
Total local appropriations		2,564,215		-		2,564,215
State appropriations						
Statewide Sales, Services and Use Tax		-		927,853		927,853
Nonpublic Transportation		107,938		-		107,938
District Court		90,101		-		90,101
Foster Care SPED		7,939		-		7,939
Total state appropriations		205,978		927,853		1,133,831
Federal appropriations						
Title I		150,316		-		150,316
Medicaid		51,472		-		51,472
Career and Technical Education-						
Basic Grants to States		47,565		-		47,565
Special Education- State Personnel						
Development Grant		10,311		-		10,311
Total federal appropriations		259,664		-		259,664
Total	\$	3,029,857	\$	927,853	\$	3,957,710

Note 14. Lease Agreements

On June 9, 2014 the District entered into an agreement with De Lange Public Finance LLC to lease fortythree copy machines for sixty months. During the year ended June 30, 2018 the District paid \$48,888 in principal and \$5,412 in interest on this lease agreement from the Capital Projects Fund: Physical Plant and Equipment Levy Account. At June 30, 2018, twelve monthly payments of \$4,525 totaling \$54,300 remain.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2018

Note 15. Tax Abatements

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 77 defines tax abatements as a reduction in tax revenues that results from an agreement between one or more governments and an individual or entity in which (a) one or more governments promise to forgo tax revenues to which they are entitled and (b) the individual or entity promises to take a specific action after the agreement has been entered into that contributes to economic development or otherwise benefits the governments or the citizens of those governments. Property tax revenues of the District were reduced by the following amounts for the year ended June 30, 2018 under tax abatement agreements of other entities:

		Tax Abatement	An	nount of
	Entity	Program	Tax	Abated
City of Marion		Urban renewal and economic		
		development projects	\$	702,523

The State of Iowa reimburses the District an amount equivalent to the increment of valuation on which property tax is divided times \$5.40 per \$1,000 of taxable valuation. For the year ended June 30, 2018, this reimbursement amounted to \$307,401.

Note 16. Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements

The District adopted the following statements during the year ended June 30, 2018:

GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions: This Statement replaces the requirements of Statements No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, as amended, and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans, for OPEB. Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, establishes new accounting and financial reporting requirements for OPEB plans. The scope of this Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for OPEB that is provided to the employees of state and local governmental employers. This Statement establishes standards for recognizing and measuring liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expense/expenditures. For defined benefit OPEB, this Statement identifies the methods and assumptions that are required to be used to project benefit payments, discount projected benefit payments to their actuarial present value, and attribute that present value to periods of employee service. Note disclosure and required supplementary information requirements about defined benefit OPEB also are addressed.

GASB Statement No. 81, *Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements*: The objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting for irrevocable split-interest agreements by providing recognition and measurement guidance for situations in which a government is a beneficiary of the agreement.

GASB Statement No. 82, *Pension Issues – an amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No.73*: This Statement addresses issues regarding (1) the presentation of payroll-related measures in required supplementary information, (2) the selection of assumptions and the treatment of deviations from the guidance in an Actuarial Standard of Practice for financial reporting purposes, and (3) the classification of payments made by employers to satisfy employee (plan member) contribution requirements.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2018

Note 16. Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 85, *Omnibus 2017:* The objective of this Statement is to address practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This Statement addresses a variety of topics including issues related to blending component units, goodwill, fair value measurement and application, and postemployment benefits (pensions and other postemployment benefits (OPEB)).

GASB Statement No. 86, *Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues*: The primary objective of this Statement is to improve consistency in accounting and financial reporting for in-substance defeasance of debt by providing guidance for transactions in which cash and other monetary assets acquired with only existing resources—resources other than the proceeds of refunding debt—are placed in an irrevocable trust for the sole purpose of extinguishing debt. This Statement also improves accounting and financial reporting for prepaid insurance on debt that is extinguished and notes to financial statements for debt that is defeased in substance.

The implementation of the above statements did not have a material impact to the District's financial statements except for GASB Statement No. 75 which required the District to change the accounting and reporting of OPEB benefit expense, total OPEB liability, and the related deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources. As a result, the District's financial statements required a restatement as stated in Note 17. In addition, the new standards required new note disclosures and new required supplementary information schedules.

As of June 30, 2018, GASB had issued several statements not yet required to be implemented by the District. The Statements which might impact the District are as follows:

GASB Statement No. 83, *Certain Asset Retirement Obligations*, issued November 2016, will be effective for the District beginning with its fiscal year ending June 30, 2019. This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations (AROs). An ARO is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset. A government that has legal obligations to perform future asset retirement activities related to its tangible capital assets should recognize a liability based on the guidance in this Statement. This Statement establishes criteria for determining the timing and pattern of recognition of a liability and a corresponding deferred outflow of resources for AROs.

GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, issued January 2017, will be effective for the District beginning with its fiscal year ending June 30, 2020. The objective of this Statement is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. The focus of the identification criteria established by the Statement is on 1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and 2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. Separate criteria are included to identify fiduciary component units and postemployment benefit arrangements that are fiduciary activities. An activity meeting the criteria should be reported as a fiduciary fund in the basic financial statements. This Statement also provides for recognition of a liability to the beneficiaries in a fiduciary fund when an event has occurred that compels the government to disburse fiduciary resources.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2018

Note 16. Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases,* issued June 2017, will be effective for the District beginning with its fiscal year ending June 30, 2021. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities.

GASB Statement No. 88, *Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements,* issued April 2018, will be effective for the District beginning with its fiscal year ending June 30, 2019. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve the information that is disclosed in notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt. This Statement defines debt for purposes of disclosure in notes to financial statements as a liability that arises from a contractual obligation to pay cash (or other assets that may be used in lieu of cash) in one or more payments to settle an amount that is fixed at the date the contractual obligation is established. This Statement requires that additional essential information related to debt be disclosed in notes to financial statements, including unused lines of credit; assets pledged as collateral for the debt; and terms specified in debt agreements related to significant events of default with finance-related consequences, significant termination events with finance-related consequences, and significant subjective acceleration clauses. For notes to financial statements related to debt, this Statement also requires that existing and additional information be provided for direct borrowings and direct placements of debt separately from other debt.

GASB Statement No. 89, *Accounting for Interest Cost before the End of a Construction Period*, issued June 2018, will be effective for the District beginning with its fiscal year ending June 30, 2021. This Statement establishes accounting requirements for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. Such interest cost includes all interest that was previously accounted for in accordance with the requirements of paragraphs 5-22 of Statement No. 62, which are superseded by this Statement. This Statement requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. As a result, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period will not be included in the historical cost of a capital asset reported in a business-type activity or an enterprise fund. This Statement also reiterates that in financial statements prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period should be recognized as an expenditure on a basis consistent with governmental fund accounting principles.

The District's management has not yet determined the effect these Statements will have on the District's financial statements.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2018

Note 17. Restatement

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, was implemented as of the beginning of the year ended June 30, 2018. The revised requirements establish new financial reporting requirements for state and local government employers that provide postemployment benefits other than pensions, including additional note disclosures and required supplementary information. Statement No. 75 establishes standards for recognizing and measuring liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expense/expenditures. Beginning net position for governmental, business-type activities and proprietary funds were restated to retroactively report the beginning net OPEB liability and, if applicable, deferred outflows of resources related to contributions made after the measurement date of the beginning total OPEB liability but before the beginning of the District's fiscal year.

					 Nonmajor Ent	ise Funds	
	G	overnmental Activities	В	usiness-type Activities	 School Nutrition	Ad	quatic Center
Net position June 30, 2017, as previously reported	\$	52,310,315	\$	1,163,548	\$ 1,013,331	\$	148,469
Net OPEB obligation		1,477,794		39,448	39,448		-
Total OPEB liability		(2,463,675)		(67,325)	(62,516)		(4,809)
Net position June 30, 2017, as restated	\$	51,324,434	\$	1,135,671	\$ 990,263	\$	143,660

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



Budgetary Comparison Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures/Expenses and Changes in Balances -Budget and Actual - All Governmental Funds and Enterprise Fund

Required Supplementary Information

Year Ended June 30, 2018

	-	overnmental unds - Actual	nterprise nd - Actual	Total Actual
Revenues:				
Local sources	\$	42,971,751	\$ 2,654,452	\$ 45,626,203
State sources		54,464,516	25,650	54,490,166
Federal sources		2,788,965	1,245,667	4,034,632
Total revenues		100,225,232	3,925,769	104,151,001
Expenditures/expenses:				
Instruction		57,269,830	-	57,269,830
Support services		27,271,688	-	27,271,688
Non-instructional programs		98,406	3,954,046	4,052,452
Other expenditures		16,616,458	-	16,616,458
Total expenditures		101,256,382	3,954,046	105,210,428
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
(under) expenditures		(1,031,150)	(28,277)	(1,059,427)
Total other financing sources, net		40,738	-	40,738
Excess (deficiency) of revenues andother financing sources over				
(under) expenditures		(990,412)	(28,277)	(1,018,689)
Balance, beginning of year, as restated		25,464,131	1,135,671	26,599,802
Balance, end of year	\$	24,473,719	\$ 1,107,394	\$ 25,581,113
	\$		\$	\$

See Notes to Required Supplementary Information.

Budgeted	Fi	nal to Actual	
Original	Final		Variance
\$ 44,837,972	\$ 44,837,972	\$	788,231
55,216,883	\$ 55,216,883		(726,717)
 3,350,000	3,350,000		684,632
103,404,855	103,404,855		746,146
57,300,000	57,300,000		30,170
27,606,000	27,606,000		334,312
4,176,000	4,176,000		123,548
20,131,272	20,131,272		3,514,814
109,213,272	109,213,272		4,002,844
 (5,808,417)	(5,808,417)		4,748,990
05 000	05 000		45 700
 25,000	25,000		15,738
\$ (5,783,417)	\$ (5,783,417)	\$	4,764,728

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Year ending June 30, 2018

		2018
Total OPEB liability		
Changes for the year:		
Service cost	\$	268,383
Interest Changes of herefit terms		106,386
Changes of benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience		-
Changes in assumptions or other inputs		(70,450)
Benefit payments		(103,611)
Net changes in total OPEB liability		200,708
Total OPEB liability - beginning		2,531,292
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	2,732,000
Covered employee payroll	\$	44,995,142
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll		6%
Notes to Schedule:		
Changes of benefit terms:		
There were no changes as a result of changes in benefit terms or differences between expected and actual experience.		
Changes of assumption:		
Changes of assumptions or other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate		
from 3.58% per annum in 2017 to 3.87% per annum in 2018. The following		
are the discount rates used in each period:		
2018		3.87%
2017		2.50%
No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement N	lo. 75	5
Note: The schedule is intended to present information for ten years		

Note: The schedule is intended to present information for ten years. Information prior to 2018 is not available.

See Notes to Required Supplementary Information.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System Last Four Fiscal Years

	 2018*	2017*	2016*	2015*
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.730830%	0.728902%	0.717733%	0.689442%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 48,682,515 \$	45,872,128 \$	35,459,499 \$	27,342,634
District's covered-employee payroll	54,605,986	52,340,257	49,198,902	45,121,232
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	89.15%	87.64%	72.07%	60.61%
Plan fiduciary net pension as a percentage of the total pension liability	82.21%	81.82%	85.19%	87.61%
*The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30 of the preceding year.				
Note: The schedule is intended to present information for ten years. Information prior to 2015 is not available.				
See Notes to Required Supplementary Information.				

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of District Contributions (In Thousands) Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2018	2017	2016	2015
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 5,030,968 \$	4,876,316 \$	4,673,985 \$	4,393,462
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	 (5,030,968)	(4,876,316)	(4,673,985)	(4,393,462)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ - \$	- \$	- \$	-
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 56,337,809 \$	54,605,986 \$	52,340,257 \$	49,198,902
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	8.93%	8.93%	8.93%	8.93%

See Notes to Required Supplementary Information.

2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
\$ 4,029,326 \$	3,806,084 \$	3,411,978 \$	2,800,796 \$	2,632,144 \$	2,295,834
 (4,029,326)	(3,806,084)	(3,411,978)	(2,800,796)	(2,632,144)	(2,295,834)
\$ - \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	
\$ 45,121,232 \$	43,899,469 \$	42,279,777 \$	40,299,223 \$	37,872,576 \$	36,154,866
8.93%	8.67%	8.07%	6.95%	6.95%	6.35%



Notes to Required Supplementary Information Year Ended June 30, 2018

Note 1. Budgets and Budgetary Information

This budgetary comparison is presented as Required Supplementary Information in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 41 for governments with significant budgetary perspective differences resulting from not being able to present budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund.

In accordance with the Code of Iowa, the Board of Education annually adopts a budget following required public notice and hearing for all funds except internal service, private-purpose trust and agency funds. The budget may be amended during the year utilizing similar statutorily prescribed procedures. The District's budget is prepared on the accrual basis.

Formal and legal budgetary control for the certified budget is based upon four major classes or expenditures known as functions, not by fund or fund type. These four functions are instruction, support services, noninstructional programs and other expenditures. Although the budget document presents function expenditures or expenses by fund, the legal level of control is at the aggregated function level, not by fund. The Code of Iowa also provides that District expenditures in the General Fund may not exceed the amount authorized by the school finance formula.

Note 2. Pension Liability

<u>Changes of benefit terms:</u> Legislation passed in 2010 modified benefit terms for current Regular members. The definition of final average salary changed from the highest three to the highest five years of covered wages. The vesting requirement changed from four years of service to seven years. The early retirement reduction increased from 3 percent per year measured from the member's first unreduced retirement age to a 6 percent reduction for each year of retirement before age 65. <u>Changes of assumptions</u>:

The 2017 valuation implemented the following refinements as a result of an experience study dated March 24, 2017:

- Decreased the inflation assumption from 3.00% to 2.60%.
- Decreased the assumed rate of interest on member accounts from 3.75% to 3.50% per year.
- Decreased the discount rate from 7.50% to 7.00%.
- Decreased the wage growth assumption from 4.00% to 3.25%.
- Decreased the payroll growth assumption from 4.00% to 3.25%.

The 2014 valuation implemented the following refinements as a result of quadrennial experience study:

- Decreased the inflation assumption from 3.25 percent to 3.00 percent.
- Decreased the assumed rate of interest on member accounts from 4.00 percent to 3.75 percent per year.
- Adjusted male mortality rates for retirees in the Regular membership group.
- Reduced retirement rates for sheriffs and deputies between the ages of 55 and 64.
- Moved from an open 30-year amortization period to a closed 30-year amortization period for the UAL beginning June 30, 2014. Each year thereafter, changes in the UAL from plan experience will be amortized on a separate closed 20-year period.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information Year Ended June 30, 2018

Note 2. Pension Liability (Continued)

The 2010 valuation implemented the following refinements as a result of a quadrennial experience study:

- Adjusted retiree mortality assumptions.
- Modified retirement rates to reflect fewer retirements.
- Lowered disability rates at most ages.
- Lowered employment termination rates.
- Generally increased the probability of terminating members receiving a deferred retirement benefit.
- Modified salary increase assumptions based on various service duration

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2018

				Special	Reve	enue			
				· · ·	Public Education				
	M	anagement		Student	and Recreation				
	_	Levy		Activity		Levy		Total	
Assets									
Cash and pooled investments	\$	2,113,057	\$	833,193	\$	569,426	\$	3,515,676	
Receivables:									
Property tax:									
Delinquent		2,177		-		640		2,817	
Succeeding year		1,050,006		-		280,772		1,330,778	
Accounts		-		275		80		355	
Total assets	\$	3,165,240	\$	833,468	\$	850,918	\$	4,849,626	
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows									
of Resources, and									
Fund Balances									
Accounts payable	\$	4,550	\$	18,188	\$	24,227	\$	46,965	
Salaries and benefits payable	Ŧ	-	Ŧ	21,962	Ŧ	3,349	Ŧ	25,311	
Interfund payables		_		8,515		-		8,515	
Total liabilities		4,550		48,665		27,576		80,791	
Deferred inflows of resources,									
unavailable revenue:									
Succeeding year property tax		1,050,006		-		280,772		1,330,778	
Fund balances restricted for:									
Management levy purposes		2,110,684		-		-		2,110,684	
Student activities		-		784,803		-		784,803	
Public education and recreation				- ,				- ,	
levy purposes		-		-		542,570		542,570	
Total fund balances		2,110,684		784,803		542,570		3,438,057	
Total liabilities, deferred									
inflows of resources									
and fund balances	\$	3,165,240	\$	833,468	\$	850,918	\$	4,849,626	
	—	5,100,210	Ψ	000,100	¥	000,010	Ψ	.,010,020	

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Special Revenue								
						lic Education			
	Man	agement		Student	and Recreation				
	Levy			Activity		Levy		Total	
Revenues:									
Local sources:									
Local tax	\$	937,372	\$	-	\$	266,535	\$	1,203,907	
Other		134,629		1,249,830		1,598		1,386,057	
State sources		26,208		-		7,450		33,658	
Total revenues		1,098,209		1,249,830		275,583		2,623,622	
Expenditures:									
Current:									
Instruction:									
Regular		390,809		1,252,425		-		1,643,234	
Support services:									
Student		8,122		-		-		8,122	
Instructional staff		7,371		-		-		7,371	
Administration services		17,892		-		-		17,892	
Operation and maintenance									
of plant services		392,445		-		100,719		493,164	
Transportation services		130,912		-		-		130,912	
Non-instructional programs:									
Food service operations		61,516		-		-		61,516	
Community service operations		-		-		36,890		36,890	
Capital outlay		-		-		45,742		45,742	
Total expenditures		1,009,067		1,252,425		183,351		2,444,843	
Excess of revenues over									
(under) expenditures		89,142		(2,595)		92,232		178,779	
Other financing (uses),									
transfers in		-		26,974		-		26,974	
Net change in fund balances		89,142		24,379		92,232		205,753	
Fund balances, beginning of year		2,021,542		760,424		450,338		3,232,304	
Fund balances, end of year	\$	2,110,684	\$	784,803	\$	542,570	\$	3,438,057	

Schedule of Combining Balance Sheet Capital Projects Fund - By Account June 30, 2018

C	apital Projects	nd Accounts	_		
			Physical		
5	Statewide		Plant and		
Sal	es, Services		Equipment		
ar	ld Use Tax		Levy		Total
\$	1,458,276	\$	1,278,800	\$	2,737,076
	3,869,727		-		3,869,727
	-		7,767		7,767
	-		3,647,706		3,647,706
	12,900		-		12,900
	927,853		-		927,853
\$	6,268,756	\$	4,934,273	\$	11,203,029
\$	58,507	\$	160,998	\$	219,505
	350,776		-		350,776
	-		3,647,706		3,647,706
	350,776		3,647,706		3,998,482
	5,859,473		-		5,859,473
	-		1,125,569		1,125,569
	5,859,473		1,125,569		6,985,042
\$	6,268,756	\$	4,934,273	\$	11,203,029
	\$ Sal. ar \$ \$	Statewide Sales, Services and Use Tax \$ 1,458,276 3,869,727 - - 12,900 927,853 \$ 6,268,756 \$ 58,507 350,776 - - 350,776 - 5,859,473 - 5,859,473	Statewide Sales, Services and Use Tax \$ 1,458,276 \$ 3,869,727 - - 12,900 927,853 \$ 6,268,756 \$ 58,507 \$ 350,776 - - - - 5,859,473 - 5,859,473	Statewide Sales, Services and Use TaxPlant and Equipment Levy\$ $1,458,276$ \$\$ $1,458,276$ \$\$ $1,458,276$ \$ $3,869,727$ $7,767$ $3,647,706$ 12,900-927,853-\$ $6,268,756$ \$ $4,934,273$ \$ $5,8507$ \$160,998 $350,776$ $3,647,706$ $350,776$ $3,647,706$ $350,776$ $1,125,569$ $5,859,473$ $1,125,569$	Physical Plant and Equipment LevyStatewide and Use TaxPlant and Equipment Levy\$ 1,458,276 3,869,727\$ 1,278,800 3,869,727\$ $-$ 7,767 - 3,647,706- $-$ 7,767 - 3,647,706- $927,853$ \$ 6,268,756\$ 4,934,273\$\$ 58,507\$ 160,998\$ $350,776$ $-$ 3,647,706 $350,776$ $-$ 3,647,706 $5,859,473$ - $-$ 1,125,569 $5,859,473$ 1,125,569

Schedule of Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Capital Projects Fund - By Account Year Ended June 30, 2018

	C	apital Projects	nd Accounts		
				Physical	
	5	Statewide		Plant and	
	Sal	es, Services		Equipment	
	an	ld Use Tax		Levy	Total
Revenues:					
Local sources:					
Local tax	\$	-	\$	3,430,959	\$ 3,430,959
Other		63,321		133,599	196,920
State sources		6,808,180		92,160	6,900,340
Total revenues		6,871,501		3,656,718	10,528,219
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Instruction, regular		759,188		106,241	865,429
Support services:		100,100		100,211	000,120
Instructional staff		598		_	598
Administration		1,563		95,495	97,058
Operation and maintenance		1,000		00,100	01,000
of plant services		-		145,162	145,162
Student transportation		-		474,154	474,154
Capital outlay		1,839,404		1,365,948	3,205,352
Total expenditures		2,600,753		2,187,000	4,787,753
Excess of revenues over expenditures		4,270,748		1,469,718	5,740,466
Other financing sources (uses),					
Transfers out		(5,034,982)		(1,215,207)	(6,250,189)
					<u> </u>
Net change in fund balance		(764,234)		254,511	(509,723)
Fund balance, beginning of year		6,623,707		871,058	7,494,765
Fund balance, end of year	\$	5,859,473	\$	1,125,569	\$ 6,985,042

Combining Statement of Net Position Nonmajor Enterprise Funds June 30, 2018

	School Aquatic			ROAR			
		Nutrition	Center	Store			Total
Assets		lainton	Contor		0.010		Total
Current:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,313,019	\$ 208,283	\$	5,831	\$	1,527,133
Accounts receivable		110	-		-		110
Inventories		39,662	-		-		39,662
Total current assets		1,352,791	208,283		5,831		1,566,905
Noncurrent:							
Capital assets, net of							
accumulated depreciation		666,154	-		-		666,154
Total noncurrent assets		666,154	-		-		666,154
Total assets		2,018,945	208,283		5,831		2,233,059
10101 033613		2,010,943	200,203		5,051		2,233,039
Deferred Outflows of Resources,							
Pension related deferred outflows		422,132	27,442		-		449,574
		,	,				,
Liabilities							
Current:							
Accounts payable		654	-		304		958
Salaries and benefits payable		9,915	45,313		-		55,228
Unearned revenue		90,642	-		-		90,642
Total current liabilities		101,211	45,313		304		146,828
Noncurrent:							
Net pension liability		1,276,789	33,962		-		1,310,751
Net OPEB liability		67,480	5,191		-		72,671
Total noncurrent liabilities		1,344,269	39,153		-		1,383,422
Total liabilities		1,445,480	84,466		304		1,530,250
Deferred Inflows of Resources:							
OPEB related deferred inflows		1,587	122				1,709
Pension related deferred inflows		42,643	637		-		43,280
Total deferred inflows		44,230	759				44,989
		⊣⊣ ,200	100		_		
Net Position							
Net investment in capital assets		666,154	-		-		666,154
Unrestricted		285,213	150,500		5,527		441,240
Total net position	\$	951,367	\$ 150,500	\$	5,527	\$	1,107,394

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Nonmajor Enterprise Funds Year Ended June 30, 2018

	School	Aquatic	ROAR	
	Nutrition	Center	Store	Total
Operating revenues:				
Local sources, charges for services	\$ 2,301,977	\$ 295,531	\$ 43,078	\$ 2,640,586
Miscellaneous	5,270	-	-	5,270
Total operating revenues	2,307,247	295,531	43,078	2,645,856
Operating evenences				
Operating expenses: Non-instructional programs:				
Food service:				
Salaries	1,547,784			1,547,784
Benefits	321,673	-	-	321,673
Services	2,231	-	-	
Supplies	1,621,208	-	-	2,231 1,621,208
• •		-	-	
Depreciation	131,834	-	-	131,834
Other Total food service	1,326	-	-	1,326
Total lood service	3,626,056	-	-	3,626,056
Other enterprise		-	39,299	39,299
Community service:		407 404		407 404
Salaries	-	197,121	-	197,121
Benefits	-	31,486	-	31,486
Services	-	6,375	-	6,375
Supplies	-	53,709	-	53,709
Total community service	-	288,691	-	288,691
Total operating expenses	3,626,056	288,691	39,299	3,954,046
Operating income (loss)	(1,318,809)	6,840	3,779	(1,308,190)
Nonoperating revenues:	05 050			05 050
State sources	25,650	-	-	25,650
Federal sources	1,245,667	-	-	1,245,667
Interest on investments	8,596	-	-	8,596
Total nonoperating revenues	1,279,913	-	-	1,279,913
Change in net position	(38,896)	6,840	3,779	(28,277)
Net position, beginning of year, as restated	990,263	143,660	1,748	1,135,671
Net position, end of year	\$ 951,367	\$ 150,500	\$ 5,527	\$ 1,107,394
· ·				



Combining Statement of Cash Flows Nonmajor Enterprise Funds Year Ended June 30, 2018

	School		Aquatic		ROAR		
		Itrition		Center		Store	Total
Cash flows from operating activities:							
Cash received from food service							
sales	\$2,	310,528	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 2,310,528
Cash received from aquatic center operations		-		295,532		-	295,532
Cash received from ROAR store operations		-		-		43,078	43,078
Cash received from miscellaneous						,	,
operating activities		5,270		-		-	5,270
Cash payments to employees for services Cash payments to suppliers for	(1,	799,509)		(210,257)		-	(2,009,766)
goods or services	(1.	419,583)		(60,084)		(38,995)	(1,518,662)
Net cash provided by	(')	,		(00,001)		(,)	(1,010,000)
(used in) operating activities	(903,294)		25,191		4,083	(874,020)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: State grants received Federal grants received Net cash provided by noncapital	1,	25,650 034,729		-		-	25,650 1,034,729
financing activities	1.	060,379		-		-	1,060,379
Cash flows from capital financing activities, acquisition of capital assets	,	(55,815)		-		-	(55,815)
Cash flows from investing activities, interest on investments		8,596		-		-	8,596
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		109,866		25,191		4,083	139,140
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	1,	203,153		183,092		1,748	1,387,993
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$1,	313,019	\$	208,283	\$	5,831	\$ 1,527,133

(Continued)

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Nonmajor Enterprise Funds Year Ended June 30, 2018

Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:				
Operating income (loss)	\$ (1,318,809)	\$ 6,840	\$ 3,779	\$ (1,308,190)
Adjustments to reconcile operating				
income (loss) to net cash provided				
by (used in) operating activities:				
Commodities consumed	210,938	-	-	210,938
Depreciation	131,834	-	-	131,834
(Increase) in inventories	(6,405)	-	-	(6,405)
(Increase) in accounts receivable	(27)	-	-	(27)
Increase in accounts payable	649	-	304	953
Increase in salaries and benefits payable	1,112	13,074	-	14,186
Increase in other postemployment benefits	4,964	382	-	5,346
Increase in net pension liability	77,005	5,340	-	82,345
(Increase) in deferred outflows of resources	(41,257)	(328)	-	(41,585)
Increase (decrease) in deferred				
inflows of resources	28,124	(117)	-	28,007
Increase in unearned revenue	8,578	-	-	8,578
Net cash provided by				
(used in) operating activities	\$ (903,294)	\$ 25,191	\$ 4,083	\$ (874,020)

Noncash: Noncapital financing activities:

During the year ended June 30, 2018, the District used \$210,938 of federal commodities.



Statistical Section

(Unaudited)

This part of the Linn-Mar Community School District's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the District's overall financial health.

Contents	<u>Page</u>
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the District's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	70-85
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain trend information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the District's ability to generate its property taxes.	86-92
Debt Capacity These schedules contain trend information to help the reader assess the affordability of the District's current levels of outstanding debt and the District's ability to issue additional debt.	93-98
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the District's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time and with other governments.	99-104
Operating Information These schedules contain information about the District's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the District's financial information relates to the services the District provides and the activities it performs.	105-111

Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

	 	00.10	0011	
	 2009	2010	2011	2012
Governmental activities:				
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 22,311,057	\$ 12,919,519	\$ 26,461,367	\$ 33,860,908
Restricted	3,365,122	25,300,975	16,905,099	15,744,577
Unrestricted	2,456,499	4,314,105	7,511,620	8,318,403
Total governmental	 , ,	, , ,	, ,	
activities net position	\$ 28,132,678	\$ 42,534,599	\$ 50,878,086	\$ 57,923,888
Business-type activities				
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 486,498	\$ 573,824	\$ 713,408	\$ 725,388
Unrestricted	(30,500)	231,642	439,480	721,026
Total business-type	 • • • •			
activities net position	\$ 455,998	\$ 805,466	\$ 1,152,888	\$ 1,446,414

2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
\$ 28,177,257	\$41,210,373	\$ 48,003,951	\$48,606,036	\$ 62,549,123	\$ 70,504,714
29,254,906	21,066,774	21,066,774	22,710,019	14,982,592	12,005,864
7,658,223	7,271,405	(23,819,849)	(22,456,176)	(25,221,400)	(28,085,387)
\$65,090,386	\$ 69,548,552	\$45,250,876	\$48,859,879	\$ 52,310,315	<u>\$ 54,425,191</u>
\$ 707,568	\$ 609,640	\$ 603,369	\$ 541,797	\$ 742,173	\$ 666,154
934,357	1,164,312	562,343	715,536	421,375	441,240
\$ 1,641,925	\$ 1,773,952	\$ 1,165,712	\$ 1,257,333	\$ 1,163,548	\$ 1,107,394

Expenses, Program Revenues and Net (Expense) Revenue Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

(Unaudited)

		2009	2010	201	1	2012
Expenses:						
Governmental activities:	•			•		
Instruction	\$	40,626,744 \$	41,419,726	\$ 41,5	589,076	\$ 42,879,705
Support services:		0 475 007	0 000 075			0 000 545
Student		2,175,607	2,236,875		095,443	3,226,515
Instructional staff		2,294,187	2,386,183		449,712	3,054,671
Administration		4,674,249	5,444,176	5,6	671,887	6,041,272
Operation and maintenance			=	-		
_ of plant		5,191,799	5,496,221		128,200	6,369,265
Transportation		2,159,488	2,363,942		331,937	2,444,605
Non-instructional programs		106,490	97,096		112,581	187,193
Capital outlay		1,223,442	1,317,844	1,1	120,778	-
Long-term debt interest and				-		/
fiscal charges		2,464,043	3,837,554	3,0	621,298	3,216,868
Other expenses:						
AEA flowthrough		2,285,973	2,582,490		703,997	2,543,681
Depreciation (unallocated)		2,184,773	2,228,121	2,8	819,601	3,388,470
Total governmental						
activities		65,386,795	69,410,228	70,0	644,510	73,352,245
Business-type activities:			0.044.000			
School nutrition		2,722,516	2,714,977	2,	746,151	2,738,897
Aquatic center		-	-		-	-
ROAR store		-	-		-	-
Total business-type activities		2,722,516	2,714,977	2	746,151	2,738,897
Total primary government		2,122,010	2,111,011	<u> </u>	10,101	2,100,001
expenses		68,109,311	72,125,205	73,3	390,661	76,091,142
Program revenues: Governmental activities: Charges for services: Instruction		3,631,198	4,191,449	4,:	301,403	4,218,399
Support services		642,461	1,210,650	1,4	424,420	13,688
Capital outlay		515,733	24,664		64,537	-
Operating grants and						
contributions		7,239,896	8,149,292	9,1	100,509	5,119,276
Capital grants and contributions		24,030	37,419		· -	47,975
Total governmental						
activities		12,053,318	13,613,474	14,8	890,869	9,399,338
Business-type activities:						
Charges for services:		1 004 045	1 007 004	~	002 070	0.004.004
School nutrition		1,991,245	1,997,621	2,0	003,376	2,024,234
Aquatic center		-	-		-	-
ROAR store		-	-		-	-
Operating grants and contributions		740,393	809,883		860,457	912,443
Capital grants and contributions		236,818	2,572		228,761	94,085
Total business-type activities		2,968,456	2,810,076	3 (092,594	3,030,762
		2,000,100	2,010,010	0,	002,001	0,000,102
Total primary government revenues		15,021,774	16,423,550	17,9	983,463	12,430,100
Net (expense) revenues:		. /		,	·	
Governmental activities		(53,333,477)	(55,796,754)	(55	753,641)	(63,952,907
Business-type activities		245,940	95,099		346,443	291,865
Total primary		-,	,-50		-,0	, - • • •

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	
58,931,656	\$ 56,707,418	\$ 51,168,392	\$ 48,140,423	\$ 48,037,307	\$ 45,065,586	\$
4,484,173	4,355,525	3,677,997	3,663,955	3,542,985	3,456,656	
6,346,603	5,775,910	6,368,459	5,455,726	3,105,544	2,888,367	
7,468,634	6,582,752	6,874,302	5,673,933	5,655,085	6,369,253	
7,109,445	6,663,099	6,402,268	6,564,417	6,407,078	5,152,985	
3,093,011	2,813,289	2,749,936	2,754,810	2,615,258	2,000,716	
98,548	123,241	128,979	130,525	121,088	110,098 -	
2,513,240	3,153,088	3,031,161	2,802,823	3,131,174	3,212,643	
3,239,555	3,107,129	3,055,116	2,923,429	2,777,361	2,620,028	
4,570,877	4,204,016	4,133,605	4,010,529	3,807,359	2,171,171	
97,855,742	93,485,467	87,590,215	82,120,570	79,200,239	73,047,503	
2 020 050	0.004.000	2 257 540	2 4 4 2 4 0 0	2 004 722	0 000 075	
3,626,056 288,691	3,664,633 258,173	3,357,540 239,212	3,113,499 161,128	3,084,733 46,519	2,900,675 -	
39,299	31,857	12,426	7,353		-	
3,954,046	3,954,663	3,609,178	3,281,980	3,131,252	2,900,675	
0,004,040	0,001,000	0,000,110	0,201,000	0,101,202	2,000,010	
101,809,788	97,440,130	91,199,393	85,402,550	82,331,491	75,948,178	
7,818,599	6,745,753	6,407,571	5,516,329	4,735,812	4,514,187	
27,459	24,166	12,868	93,335	18,181	12,607	
14,462,348	6,581,814	6,047,560	5,991,216	10,866,887	9,439,571	
36,900	25,500	18,989	10,000	_	49,058	
22,345,306	13,377,233	12,486,988	11,610,880	15,620,880	14,015,423	
0 004 077	2 244 025	0 105 006	2 165 491	2 0 2 0 0 5 2	2 0 2 0 5 4 5	
2,301,977 295,531	2,244,925 293,629	2,185,826 273,967	2,165,481 239,569	2,030,952 53,211	2,029,545	
43,078	31,494	12,335	9,555	-	-	
1,271,317	1,287,140	1,226,303	1,170,943	1,177,210	1,007,836	
3,911,903	3,857,188	3,698,431	3,585,548	3,261,373	3,037,381	
26,257,209	17,234,421	16,185,419	15,196,428	18,882,253	17,052,804	
(7E E4A 4AA)	(00.400.004)	(7E 400 007)		(62 570 250)		
(75,510,436) (42,143)	 (80,108,234) (97,475)	(75,103,227) 89,253	 (70,509,690) 303,568	 (63,579,359) 130,121	(59,032,080) 136,706	
(75,552,579)	\$ (80,205,709)	\$ (75,013,974)	\$ (70,206,122)	\$ (63,449,238)	\$ (58,895,374)	\$

General Revenues and Total Change in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

2009 2010 2011 2012 Net (expense) revenues: Governmental activities \$ (53,333,477) \$ (55,796,754) \$ (55,753,641) \$ (63,952,907) 245,940 95,099 346,443 291,865 Total primary government net expense (53,087,537) (55,701,655) (55,407,198) (63,661,042) General revenues and other changes in net position: Governmental activities: Property taxes levied for: General purposes 21,831,162 22,702,893 24,868,320 23,341,607 Capital outlay 2,475,886 2,979,169 1,781,832 2,976,713 Debt service 3,888,560 3,899,645 3,684,005 3,807,344 Revenues in lieu of taxes 5,592,757 6,709,286 6,121,089 6,441,915 Unrestricted grants and contributions 25,677,917 23,992,475 26,871,830 32,295,010 Nonspecific program federal revenues Investment earnings 277,510 214,798 124,865 124,796 Miscellaneous 1,866 846 979 1,529 Miscellaneous 5,717 - - 132 Total government 60,230,479 <					
Governmental activities Business-type activities \$ (53,333,477) \$ (55,796,754) \$ (55,753,641) \$ (63,952,907) 245,940 \$ (55,753,641) \$ (63,952,907) 245,940 \$ (63,952,907) 245,940 Total primary government net expense \$ (53,037,537) \$ (55,701,655) \$ (55,407,198) \$ (63,661,042) General revenues and other changes in net position: Governmental activities: Property taxes levied for: General purposes 21,831,162 22,702,893 24,868,320 23,341,607 Capital outlay 2,475,886 2,979,169 1,781,832 2,976,713 Debt service 3,888,560 3,899,645 3,684,005 3,807,344 Revenues in lieu of taxes - <t< td=""><td></td><td> 2009</td><td>2010</td><td>2011</td><td>2012</td></t<>		 2009	2010	2011	2012
Business-type activities 245,940 95,099 346,443 291,865 Total primary government net expense (53,087,537) (55,701,655) (55,407,198) (63,661,042) General revenues and other changes in net position: Governmental activities: Property taxes levied for: General purposes 21,831,162 22,702,893 24,868,320 23,341,607 Capital outlay 2,475,886 2,979,169 1,781,832 2,976,713 Debt service 3,888,560 3,899,645 3,684,005 3,807,344 Revenues in lieu of taxes 5,592,757 6,709,286 6,121,089 6,441,915 Unrestricted grants and contributions Nonspecific program federal revenues 25,677,917 23,992,475 26,871,830 32,295,010 Miscellaneous 277,510 214,798 124,865 124,796 Miscellaneous 277,510 214,798 486,687 306,483 645,187 1,071,828 Total povernmental activities 5,717 - - 132 Investment earnings 1,866 846 979 1,529 Miscellaneous 7,583					
Total primary government net expense (53,087,537) (55,701,655) (55,407,198) (63,661,042) General revenues and other changes in net position: Governmental activities: Property taxes levied for: General purposes 21,831,162 22,702,893 24,868,320 23,341,607 Capital outlay 2,475,886 2,979,169 1,781,832 2,976,713 Debt service 3,888,560 3,899,645 3,684,005 3,807,344 Revenues in lieu of taxes - - - - Sales tax 5,592,757 6,709,286 6,121,089 6,441,915 Unrestricted grants and contributions 25,677,917 23,992,475 26,871,830 32,295,010 Nonspecific program federal revenues - - - 939,496 Investment earnings 277,510 214,798 124,865 124,796 Miscellaneous 486,687 306,483 645,187 1,071,828 Investment earnings 1,866 846 979 1,529 Miscellaneous 5,717 - - 132 Total business-type activiti		\$ 	\$ 	\$ • • • •	\$
net expense (53,087,537) (55,701,655) (55,407,198) (63,661,042) General revenues and other changes in net position: Governmental activities: Property taxes levied for: General purposes 21,831,162 22,702,893 24,868,320 23,341,607 Capital outlay 2,475,886 2,979,169 1,781,832 2,976,713 Debt service 3,888,560 3,899,645 3,684,005 3,807,344 Revenues in lieu of taxes - - - - Sales tax 5,592,757 6,709,286 6,121,089 6,441,915 Unrestricted grants and contributions 25,677,917 23,992,475 26,871,830 32,295,010 Nonspecific program federal revenues - - - 939,496 Investment earnings 277,510 214,798 124,865 124,796 Miscellaneous 486,687 306,483 645,187 1,071,828 Investment earnings 1,866 846 979 1,529 Miscellaneous 5,717 - - 132 Total business-type activitites 7,58		 245,940	95,099	346,443	291,865
General revenues and other changes in net position: General purposes 21,831,162 22,702,893 24,868,320 23,341,607 General purposes 21,831,162 22,702,893 24,868,320 23,341,607 Capital outlay 2,475,886 2,979,169 1,781,832 2,976,713 Debt service 3,888,560 3,899,645 3,684,005 3,807,344 Revenues in lieu of taxes - - - - Sales tax 5,592,757 6,709,286 6,121,089 6,441,915 Unrestricted grants and contributions 25,677,917 23,992,475 26,871,830 32,295,010 Nonspecific program federal revenues - - - 939,496 Investment earnings 277,510 214,798 124,865 124,796 Miscellaneous 486,687 306,483 645,187 1,071,828 Total governmental activities: 1,866 846 979 1,529 Miscellaneous 1,866 846 979 1,529 Miscellaneous 7,583 846 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>					
in net position: Governmental activities: Property taxes levied for: General purposes 21,831,162 22,702,893 24,868,320 23,341,607 Capital outlay 2,475,886 2,979,169 1,781,832 2,976,713 Debt service 3,888,560 3,899,645 3,684,005 3,807,344 Revenues in lieu of taxes	net expense	 (53,087,537)	(55,701,655)	(55,407,198)	(63,661,042)
in net position: Governmental activities: Property taxes levied for: General purposes 21,831,162 22,702,893 24,868,320 23,341,607 Capital outlay 2,475,886 2,979,169 1,781,832 2,976,713 Debt service 3,888,560 3,899,645 3,684,005 3,807,344 Revenues in lieu of taxes	General revenues and other changes				
Governmental activities: Property taxes levied for: General purposes 21,831,162 22,702,893 24,868,320 23,341,607 Capital outlay 2,475,886 2,979,169 1,781,832 2,976,713 Debt service 3,888,560 3,899,645 3,684,005 3,807,344 Revenues in lieu of taxes - - - - Sales tax 5,592,757 6,709,286 6,121,089 6,441,915 Unrestricted grants and contributions 25,677,917 23,992,475 26,871,830 32,295,010 Nonspecific program federal revenues - - - 939,496 Investment earnings 277,510 214,798 124,865 124,796 Miscellaneous 486,687 306,483 645,187 1,071,828 Total governmental activities 5,717 - - 132 Total business-type activities 7,583 846 979 1,529 Miscellaneous 5,717 - - 132 Total business-type activities 7	•				
Property taxes levied for: General purposes 21,831,162 22,702,893 24,868,320 23,341,607 Capital outlay 2,475,886 2,979,169 1,781,832 2,976,713 Debt service 3,888,560 3,899,645 3,684,005 3,807,344 Revenues in lieu of taxes - - - - Sales tax 5,592,757 6,709,286 6,121,089 6,441,915 Unrestricted grants and contributions 25,677,917 23,992,475 26,871,830 32,295,010 Nonspecific program federal revenues - - - 939,496 Investment earnings 277,510 214,798 124,865 124,796 Miscellaneous 486,687 306,483 645,187 1,071,828 Total governmental activities 60,230,479 60,804,749 64,097,128 70,998,709 Business-type activities: - - 132 70,998,709 1,529 Miscellaneous 5,717 - - 132 70,998,709 1,661 Total primary government	•				
General purposes 21,831,162 22,702,893 24,868,320 23,341,607 Capital outlay 2,475,886 2,979,169 1,781,832 2,976,713 Debt service 3,888,560 3,899,645 3,684,005 3,807,344 Revenues in lieu of taxes - - - - Sales tax 5,592,757 6,709,286 6,121,089 6,441,915 Unrestricted grants and contributions 25,677,917 23,992,475 26,871,830 32,295,010 Nonspecific program federal revenues - - - 939,496 Investment earnings 277,510 214,798 124,865 124,796 Miscellaneous 486,687 306,483 645,187 1,071,828 Total governmental activities 60,230,479 60,804,749 64,097,128 70,998,709 Business-type activities: - - 132 7,583 846 979 1,529 Miscellaneous 5,717 - - 132 7,583 846 979 1,661					
Capital outlay 2,475,886 2,979,169 1,781,832 2,976,713 Debt service 3,888,560 3,899,645 3,684,005 3,807,344 Revenues in lieu of taxes - - - - Sales tax 5,592,757 6,709,286 6,121,089 6,441,915 Unrestricted grants and contributions 25,677,917 23,992,475 26,871,830 32,295,010 Nonspecific program federal revenues - - - 939,496 Investment earnings 277,510 214,798 124,865 124,796 Miscellaneous 486,687 306,483 645,187 1,071,828 Total governmental activities 60,230,479 60,804,749 64,097,128 70,998,709 Business-type activities: - - - 132 Total business-type activities 7,583 846 979 1,529 Miscellaneous 5,717 - - 132 Total business-type activities 7,583 846 979 1,061 Change	1 2	21 831 162	22 702 893	24 868 320	23 341 607
Debt service 3,888,560 3,899,645 3,684,005 3,807,344 Revenues in lieu of taxes - 939,496 - - - 939,496 1 1,071,828 124,865 124,796 Miscellaneous 486,687 306,483 645,187 1,071,828 70,998,709 0 60,230,479 60,804,749 64,097,128 70,998,709 1,529 Miscellaneous 1,529 1,529 1,529 1,529 1,529 1,529 1,529 1,529 1,529 1,529 1,529 1,529 1,529 1,561<	· ·				
Revenues in lieu of taxes - <td>1 2</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	1 2				
Sales tax 5,592,757 6,709,286 6,121,089 6,441,915 Unrestricted grants and contributions 25,677,917 23,992,475 26,871,830 32,295,010 Nonspecific program federal revenues - - 939,496 Investment earnings 277,510 214,798 124,865 124,796 Miscellaneous 486,687 306,483 645,187 1,071,828 Total governmental activities 60,230,479 60,804,749 64,097,128 70,998,709 Business-type activities: 1,866 846 979 1,529 Miscellaneous 5,717 - 132 Total business-type activities 7,583 846 979 1,661 Total primary government 60,238,062 60,805,595 64,098,107 71,000,370 Change in net position: 6,897,002 5,007,995 8,343,487 7,045,802 Governmental activities 6,897,002 5,007,995 8,343,487 7,045,802 Business-type activities 253,523 95,945 347,422 293,526 <	200100.000	-		-	-
Unrestricted grants and contributions Nonspecific program federal revenues Investment earnings 25,677,917 23,992,475 26,871,830 32,295,010 Nonspecific program federal revenues Investment earnings 277,510 214,798 124,865 124,796 Miscellaneous 486,687 306,483 645,187 1,071,828 Total governmental activities 60,230,479 60,804,749 64,097,128 70,998,709 Business-type activities: Investment earnings 1,866 846 979 1,529 Miscellaneous 5,717 - - 132 Total business-type activities 7,583 846 979 1,661 Change in net position: Governmental activities 6,897,002 5,007,995 8,343,487 7,045,802 Business-type activities 253,523 95,945 347,422 293,526		5.592.757	6.709.286	6.121.089	6.441.915
Nonspecific program federal revenues Investment earnings - - - 939,496 Investment earnings 277,510 214,798 124,865 124,796 Miscellaneous 486,687 306,483 645,187 1,071,828 Total governmental activities 60,230,479 60,804,749 64,097,128 70,998,709 Business-type activities: 1,866 846 979 1,529 Miscellaneous 5,717 - - 132 Total business-type activities 7,583 846 979 1,661 Total primary government 60,238,062 60,805,595 64,098,107 71,000,370 Change in net position: 6,897,002 5,007,995 8,343,487 7,045,802 Business-type activities 253,523 95,945 347,422 293,526		, ,			
Investment earnings 277,510 214,798 124,865 124,796 Miscellaneous 486,687 306,483 645,187 1,071,828 Total governmental activities 60,230,479 60,804,749 64,097,128 70,998,709 Business-type activities: 1,866 846 979 1,529 Miscellaneous 5,717 - - 132 Total business-type activities 7,583 846 979 1,661 Total primary government 60,238,062 60,805,595 64,098,107 71,000,370 Change in net position: 6,897,002 5,007,995 8,343,487 7,045,802 Business-type activities 253,523 95,945 347,422 293,526			,,		
Miscellaneous 486,687 306,483 645,187 1,071,828 Total governmental activities 60,230,479 60,804,749 64,097,128 70,998,709 Business-type activities: 1,866 846 979 1,529 Investment earnings 1,866 846 979 1,529 Miscellaneous 5,717 - 132 Total business-type activities 7,583 846 979 1,661 Total primary government 60,238,062 60,805,595 64,098,107 71,000,370 Change in net position: 6,897,002 5,007,995 8,343,487 7,045,802 Business-type activities 253,523 95,945 347,422 293,526		277.510	214,798	124.865	,
Total governmental activities 60,230,479 60,804,749 64,097,128 70,998,709 Business-type activities: Investment earnings 1,866 846 979 1,529 Miscellaneous 5,717 - - 132 Total business-type activities 7,583 846 979 1,661 Total primary government 60,238,062 60,805,595 64,098,107 71,000,370 Change in net position: 6,897,002 5,007,995 8,343,487 7,045,802 Business-type activities 253,523 95,945 347,422 293,526	8	,	,	,	,
Investment earnings 1,866 846 979 1,529 Miscellaneous 5,717 - - 132 Total business-type activities 7,583 846 979 1,661 Total primary government 60,238,062 60,805,595 64,098,107 71,000,370 Change in net position: 6,897,002 5,007,995 8,343,487 7,045,802 Business-type activities 253,523 95,945 347,422 293,526	Total governmental activities	,		,	
Investment earnings 1,866 846 979 1,529 Miscellaneous 5,717 - - 132 Total business-type activities 7,583 846 979 1,661 Total primary government 60,238,062 60,805,595 64,098,107 71,000,370 Change in net position: 6,897,002 5,007,995 8,343,487 7,045,802 Business-type activities 253,523 95,945 347,422 293,526					
Miscellaneous 5,717 - - 132 Total business-type activities 7,583 846 979 1,661 Total primary government 60,238,062 60,805,595 64,098,107 71,000,370 Change in net position: Governmental activities 6,897,002 5,007,995 8,343,487 7,045,802 Business-type activities 253,523 95,945 347,422 293,526					
Total business-type activities 7,583 846 979 1,661 Total primary government 60,238,062 60,805,595 64,098,107 71,000,370 Change in net position: Governmental activities 6,897,002 5,007,995 8,343,487 7,045,802 Business-type activities 253,523 95,945 347,422 293,526	=	,	846	979	,
Total primary government 60,238,062 60,805,595 64,098,107 71,000,370 Change in net position: Governmental activities 6,897,002 5,007,995 8,343,487 7,045,802 Business-type activities 253,523 95,945 347,422 293,526			-	-	
Change in net position: 6,897,002 5,007,995 8,343,487 7,045,802 Business-type activities 253,523 95,945 347,422 293,526	Total business-type activities	 7,583	846	979	1,661
Change in net position: 6,897,002 5,007,995 8,343,487 7,045,802 Business-type activities 253,523 95,945 347,422 293,526	Total primary government	60 238 062	60 805 595	64 098 107	71 000 370
Governmental activities6,897,0025,007,9958,343,4877,045,802Business-type activities253,52395,945347,422293,526	rotal primary government	 00,230,002	00,000,000	04,030,107	71,000,070
Governmental activities6,897,0025,007,9958,343,4877,045,802Business-type activities253,52395,945347,422293,526	Change in net position:				
Business-type activities 253,523 95,945 347,422 293,526	o 1	6.897.002	5.007.995	8.343.487	7.045.802
	-				
		\$,	\$	\$	\$

 2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
 2013	2014	2015	2010	2017	2010
\$ (59,032,080) \$	(63,579,359) \$	(70,509,690) \$	(75,103,227) \$	(80,108,234) \$	(75,510,436)
 136,706	130,121	303,568	89,253	(97,475)	(42,143)
(58,895,374)	(63,449,238)	(70,206,122)	(75,013,974)	(80,205,709)	(75,552,579)
 • • • •	· · · ·		· · · ·	· · · ·	
23,421,086	23,907,617	23,949,253	25,236,614	25,921,202	27,750,578
3,133,993	3,285,473	3,105,578	3,188,525	3,272,294	3,430,959
3,766,765	3,744,536	4,033,671	3,800,343	3,841,998	3,519,010
-	-	-	-	-	948,662
5,600,634	5,979,539	6,587,426	6,811,318	6,889,195	7,158,956
28,870,083	29,979,713	39,054,690	41,329,762	42,547,658	35,235,868
187,358	-	-	-	-	-
134,959	92,990	79,221	104,072	121,291	186,668
1,083,700	1,047,657	590,682	532,864	965,032	380,492
 66,198,578	68,037,525	77,400,521	81,003,498	83,558,670	78,611,193
1,839	1,892	2,180	2,368	3,560	8,596
56,966	[′] 14	414	-	130	5,270
 58,805	1,906	2,594	2,368	3,690	13,866
66,257,383	68,039,431	77,403,115	81,005,866	83,562,360	78,625,059
 , ,	, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,	-,,
7,166,498	4,458,166	6,890,831	5,900,271	3,450,436	3,100,757
 195,511	132,027	306,162	91,621	(93,785)	(28,277)
\$ 7,362,009 \$	4,590,193 \$	7,196,993 \$	5,991,892 \$	3,356,651 \$	3,072,480

Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years *(modified accrual basis of accounting)* (Unaudited)

	 2009	2010	2011	2012
General Fund:				
Nonspendable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 37,400 \$	-
Restricted	462,658	943,448	1,487,025	1,536,821
Committed	-	-	285,459	-
Assigned	-	-	110,941	-
Unassigned*	4,663,394	5,172,927	7,889,075	10,234,148
Total General Fund	5,126,052	6,116,375	9,809,900	11,770,969
All other governmental funds: Restricted for:				
Capital projects funds	7,026,156	15,430,146	6,251,625	3,749,121
Debt service fund	-	-	-	-
Special revenue funds	 5,332,590	10,490,979	10,537,482	10,561,734
Total other governmental funds	 12,358,746	25,921,125	16,789,107	14,310,855
Total governmental funds	\$ 17,484,798	\$ 32,037,500	\$ 26,599,007 \$	26,081,824

Source: School District Financial Records

Notes: * Designated General Fund balances in years prior to 2011 has been reclassified as assigned due to the implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 54, based on documentation showing the purpose of the designations.

 2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
\$ - \$	- \$	-	\$-	\$-	\$-
1,706,507	1,739,691	1,793,043	1,363,797	1,513,994	1,153,042
-	-	-	-	-	-
443,261	484,639	521,726	445,301	476,285	446,136
9,512,398	8,797,941	8,091,108	8,317,146	8,407,084	8,372,478
 11,662,166	11,022,271	10,405,877	10,126,244	10,397,363	9,971,656
21,454,673	7,954,093	11,960,248	15,467,494	7,494,765	6,985,042
-	-	-	-	4,339,699	4,078,964
6,093,726	11,372,990	6,363,405	7,126,623	3,232,304	3,438,057
27,548,399	19,327,083	18,323,653	22,594,117	15,066,768	14,502,063
 21,040,000	10,027,000	10,020,000	22,004,117	10,000,700	14,002,000
\$ 39,210,565 \$	30,349,354 \$	28,729,530	\$ 32,720,361	\$ 25,464,131	\$ 24,473,719

Governmental Funds Revenues Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

	 2009	2010	2011	2012
Local sources:				
Property taxes	\$ 28,185,239	\$ 29,571,174	\$ 30,323,051	\$ 30,125,664
Tuition	1,968,604	2,176,974	2,510,058	2,824,909
Other revenues	 3,057,302	2,701,306	2,805,732	2,647,870
Total local sources	 33,211,145	34,449,454	35,638,841	35,598,443
Intermediate sources	 -	-	-	-
State sources:				
Statewide sales and services tax	5,592,757	6,709,286	6,121,089	6,441,915
State grants	 31,357,360	27,767,019	33,473,648	35,327,946
Total state sources	36,950,117	34,476,305	39,594,737	41,769,861
Federal sources	 2,108,874	5,484,986	3,752,150	3,029,743
Total revenues	\$ 72,270,136	\$ 74,410,745	\$ 78,985,728	\$ 80,398,047

 2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
\$ 30,321,844 2,989,998 2,855,684	\$ 30,937,626 3,350,347.00 2,607,885	\$ 31,088,502 3,604,028 2,773,333	\$ 32,225,482 4,266,217 2,844,683	\$ 33,035,494 4,869,613 3,057,301	\$ 34,700,547 5,259,122 3,012,082
36,167,526	36,895,858	37,465,863	39,336,382	40,962,408	42,971,751
 -		-	-	8,000	
5,600,634 36,219,406	5,979,539 44,565,250	6,587,426 42,737,570	6,811,318 45,294,013	6,889,195 46,582,216	6,808,180 47,656,336
 41,820,040	50,544,789	49,324,996	52,105,331	53,471,411	54,464,516
 2,277,606	2,197,297	2,220,542	2,048,773	2,494,084	2,788,965
\$ 80,265,172	\$ 89,637,944	\$ 89,011,401	\$ 93,490,486	\$ 96,935,903	\$ 100,225,232

Governmental Funds Expenditures and Debt Service Ratio Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

	2009			2010	2011	2012
Instruction	\$	40,272,400	\$	41,092,354	\$ 41,480,379	\$ 42,714,244
Support services: Student services		2,175,608		2,236,875	3,095,442	3,226,515
		, ,		, ,		
Instructional staff support services		2,356,883		2,369,786	2,514,172	3,038,724
Administrative services		4,766,021		5,432,534	5,821,026	6,086,374
Plant operation and maintenance		5,144,794		5,165,727	5,179,501	5,088,137
Transportation services		2,373,708		2,477,945	2,095,187	2,506,679
Non-instructional programs		106,490		97,096	112,581	187,193
Capital outlay		7,635,006		25,726,426	11,932,534	5,946,332
AEA flowthrough		2,285,973		2,582,490	2,703,997	2,543,681
Debt service:						
Principal		2,683,424		10,729,432	17,676,750	6,327,396
Interest and fiscal charges		2,304,355		3,409,086	3,569,922	3,266,476
Total expenditures	\$	72,104,662	\$	101,319,751	\$ 96,181,491	\$ 80,931,751
Debt comice on a nereceptory of						
Debt service as a percentage of		00 500/		7.000/	05 0 40/	40 500/
noncapital expenditures		20.59%		7.69%	25.24%	12.59%

 2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
\$ 45,215,491	\$ 48,230,224	\$ 49,047,463	\$ 52,864,635	\$ 54,341,263	\$ 57,269,830
3,469,352	3,564,347	3,673,553	3,704,754	4,322,032	4,301,729
2,971,449	3,072,281	5,112,761	5,382,209	5,622,911	6,151,635
6,221,704	6,333,244	6,608,157	6,932,883	6,999,671	7,104,822
5,625,511	6,263,679	6,464,301	6,567,506	6,499,306	6,692,844
2,550,324	2,691,915	2,763,461	2,782,122	2,829,377	3,020,658
167,064	121,088	130,525	128,979	123,241	98,406
8,560,965	8,992,938	8,626,662	19,381,436	9,448,106	3,251,094
2,620,028	2,777,361	2,923,429	3,055,116	3,107,129	3,239,555
6,381,134	30,663,356	6,405,675	5,780,000	23,870,000	7,165,000
3,145,633	3,328,577	2,743,913	2,933,691	3,098,806	2,960,809
\$ 86,928,655	\$ 116,039,010	\$ 94,499,900	\$ 109,513,331	\$ 120,261,842	\$ 101,256,382
 12.16%	31.75%	10.65%	24.49%	24.34%	10.33%

Other Financing Sources and Uses and Net Change in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

	2009		2010	2011	2012	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	165,474	\$ (26,909,006)	\$ (17,195,763) \$	(533,704)	
Other financing sources (uses): Capital lease proceeds Transfer in Transfer out Sale of equipment Compensation for loss		2,573,335 (2,573,335) 1,119	314,228 4,753,458 (4,753,458) 7,481	- 5,462,810 (5,462,810) 1,769	- 6,009,968 (6,009,968) 16,521	
on capital assets Sale of real preoperty Capital loan note issuance Revenue bond issuance		- 19,300 - 9,632,670	- - - 34,400,000	- 500 - -	- - -	
General obligation refunding bonds issued General obligation bonds issued Net premiums/discounts on bond issuances		-	6,740,000 -	- 11,755,000	:	
Total other financing sources (uses)		9,653,089	41,461,709	- 11,757,269	- 16,521	
Net change in fund balances	\$	9,818,563	\$ 14,552,703	\$ (5,438,494) \$	(517,183)	

 2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
\$ (6,663,483) \$	(32,380,605) \$	(5,488,499) \$	(16,022,845) \$	(23,325,939) \$	(1,031,150)
(-,,, +	(-),, +	(-, -, -, , , ,	() , , , , , , ,	(, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	(.,,
-	-	-	-	-	-
16,193,578	16,099,513	8,246,454	6,001,233	7,173,507	6,277,163
(16,193,578)	(16,099,513)	(8,246,454)	(6,001,233)	(7,173,507)	(6,277,163)
5,795	53,819	-	13,676	49,624	40,738
_	-	-	-	71,872	-
-	-	203,675	-	-	-
-	-	-	10,000,000	-	-
20,000,000	22,800,000	3,665,000	10,000,000	-	-
-	-	-	-	14,125,000	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
 (213,571)	665,575	-	-	1,823,213	
19,792,224	23,519,394	3,868,675	20,013,676	16,069,709	40,738
\$ 13,128,741 \$	(8,861,211) \$	(1,619,824) \$	3,990,831 \$	(7,256,230) \$	(990,412)

General Fund Expenditures By Function and Other Financing Uses Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Instruction	Support Services	I	Non- nstructional Programs	E	Other Expenditures	E	Total xpenditures	Oth	er Financing Uses
2018	\$ 54,761,167	\$ 25,888,505	\$	-	\$	3,239,555	\$	83,889,227	\$	(26,974)
2017	51,922,604	24,630,371		-		3,107,129		79,660,104		(12,281)
2016	49,997,441	23,747,703		-		3,055,116		76,800,260		-
2015	46,964,048	23,133,985		-		2,923,429		73,021,462		-
2014	45,416,152	20,307,702		-		2,777,361		68,501,215		-
2013	43,073,258	19,597,510		-		2,620,028		65,290,796		-
2012	40,918,907	19,237,650		-		2,543,681		62,700,238		-
2011	39,494,522	17,945,296		-		2,703,997		60,143,815		-
2010	38,890,572	16,428,065		-		2,582,490		57,901,127		-
2009	38,388,366	15,781,493		1,488		2,285,973		56,457,320		(1,041)

General Fund Revenues By Function and Other Financing Uses Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year								Oth	er Financing
Ended June 30,	Local Tax	State	Federal	M	iscellaneous	То	tal Revenues		Uses
2018	\$ 26,546,671	\$ 47,435,997	\$ 2,788,965	\$	6,678,123	\$	83,449,756	\$	40,738
2017	24,785,704	46,347,416	2,494,084		6,253,052		79,880,256		63,248
2016	23,986,903	45,028,110	2,048,773		5,443,165		76,506,951		13,676
2015	22,754,909	42,577,642	2,220,542		4,843,746		72,396,839		8,229
2014	22,705,206	38,582,952	2,197,297		4,367,577		67,853,032		8,288
2013	22,570,032	36,216,767	2,277,606		4,058,710		65,123,115		58,878
2012	22,532,908	35,325,267	3,029,743		3,756,868		64,644,786		16,521
2011	23,106,617	33,471,036	3,752,150		3,505,767		63,835,570		1,769
2010	22,681,230	27,764,454	5,484,986		2,953,300		58,883,970		7,481
2009	21,808,516	31,352,545	2,087,217		3,057,787		58,306,065		1,119

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Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Unaudited)
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			Actual Value				
Assessment	Collection	Residental	Commercial	Other	Less	Total	Total
Year	Year	Property	Property	Property	Exemptions	Taxable Value	Direct Rate
2016	2017-18	2,523,208,100	494.562.506	275,862,298	1,244,913,378	2 0 4 9 7 4 0 5 2 6	17.37544
		, , ,	- , ,	, ,	, , ,	2,048,719,526	
2015	2016-17	2,436,608,100	484,766,546	267,382,298	1,233,351,437	1,955,405,507	17.37723
2014	2015-16	2,353,842,868	548,360,758	183,971,846	1,182,203,330	1,903,972,142	17.37861
2013	2014-15	2,284,210,354	548,493,780	169,642,588	1,139,926,871	1,862,419,851	17.00411
2012	2013-14	2,238,748,147	537,214,072	139,152,794	1,096,153,062	1,818,961,951	17.26780
2011	2012-13	2,204,092,586	520,222,182	135,423,932	1,125,070,806	1,734,667,894	17.73099
2010	2011-12	2,153,396,178	503,990,676	125,663,342	1,136,730,855	1,646,319,341	18.54161
2009	2010-11	2,073,971,062	500,753,652	125,978,973	1,129,135,324	1,571,568,363	19.73839
2008	2009-10	1,990,858,611	477,986,759	106,310,922	1,095,573,208	1,479,583,084	20.22951
2007	2008-09	1,893,497,108	483,513,198	98,623,115	1,070,565,207	1,405,068,214	20.40133

Source: Linn County Auditor

Property Tax Levies And Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

		Collected the Levy		C	ollections	Т	Total Collections to Date			
Fiscal Year		Amount	Percentage of the Levy	In S	Subsequent Years		Amount	Percentage of the Levy		
Tear	Levy	Amount	of the Levy		Tears		Amount	of the Levy		
2018	\$ 34,611,614	\$ 34,548,420	99.82%	\$	75,617	\$	34,624,036	100.04%		
2017	32,941,467	32,848,881	99.72%		82,864		32,931,745	99.97%		
2016	32,160,080	32,050,116	99.66%		100,781		32,150,896	99.97%		
2015	31,124,849	30,907,422	99.30%		87,250		30,994,672	99.58%		
2014	30,873,621	30,751,540	99.60%		96,070		30,847,610	99.92%		
2013	30,246,623	30,083,367	99.46%		101,105		30,184,472	99.79%		
2012	30,028,665	29,867,169	99.46%		147,759		30,014,928	99.95%		
2011	30,261,870	29,992,625	99.11%		168,928		30,161,553	99.67%		
2010	29,491,293	29,241,244	99.15%		235,142		29,476,386	99.95%		
2009	28,092,272	27,873,797	99.22%		229,839		28,083,242	99.97%		

Source: School District Financial Records

Property Tax Rates Per \$1,000 Assessed Valuation All Direct and Overlapping Governments Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Levy Year	Collection Year	City of Cedar Rapids	City of Marion	City of Robins
2016	2017-18			
2010	County	6.14108	6.14108	6.14108
	Schools	17.37544	17.37544	17.37544
	City	15.21621	13.98943	7.67714
	Miscellaneous	1.51391	1.50398	1.50398
	Total Levy	40.24664	39.00993	32.69764
- <i></i>				
	of Linn-Mar Community ol District to Total	43.17%	44.54%	53.14%
Cono			11.0170	00.1170
2015	2016-17			
	County	6.14108	6.14108	6.14108
	Schools	17.37723	17.37723	17.37723
	City	15.21621	13.82108	7.96103
	Miscellaneous	1.48018	1.45693	1.45693
	Total Levy	40.2147	38.79632	32.93627
Ratio	of Linn-Mar Community			
	ol District to Total	43.21%	44.79%	52.76%
2014	2015-16			
	County	6.14225	6.14225	6.14225
	Schools	17.37861	17.37861	17.37861
	City	15.21621	13.58625	7.97127
	Miscellaneous	1.44038	1.47354	1.47354
	Total Levy	40.17745	38.58065	32.96567
	of Linn-Mar Community			
Scho	ol District to Total	43.25%	45.04%	52.72%
0040	0044.45			
2013	2014-15 Country	C 44404	0 4 4 4 0 4	0 4 4 4 0 4
	County	6.14191	6.14191	6.14191
	Schools	17.00411	17.00411	17.00411
	City Miscellaneous	15.21621 1.43456	13.12953 1.47869	7.9306 1.47869
	Total Levy	39.79679	37.75424	32.55531
		00.10010	01.10727	02.00001
	of Linn-Mar Community ol District to Total	42.73%	45.04%	50 02%
SCHO		42.13%	40.04%	52.23%

Property Tax Rates Per \$1,000 Assessed Valuation All Direct and Overlapping Governments (continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Levy Year	Collection Year	City of Cedar Rapids	City of Marion	City of Robins
2012	2013-14			
2012	County	6.11191	6.11191	6.11191
	Schools	17.26780	17.26780	17.26780
	City	15.21621	13.15637	7.77881
	Miscellaneous	1.46096	1.32167	1.32167
	Total Levy	40.05688	37.85775	32.48019
	of Linn-Mar Community	40 440/	45 040/	50.400/
Scho	ol District to Total	43.11%	45.61%	53.16%
2011	2012-2013			
	County	6.11191	6.11191	6.11191
	Schools	17.73099	17.73099	17.73099
	City	15.21621	13.62416	8.02375
	Miscellaneous	1.35108	1.64296	1.64296
	Total Levy	40.41019	39.11002	33.50961
Ratio	of Linn-Mar Community			
	ol District to Total	43.88%	45.34%	52.91%
2010	2011-2012	- · · · · -		- <i></i>
	County	6.11117	6.11117	6.11117
	Schools	18.54161	18.54161	18.54161
	City	15.21621	13.5098	8.60023
	Miscellaneous	<u> </u>	1.59012 39.7527	1.59012 34.84313
	Total Levy	41.10044	39.7327	34.04313
Ratio	of Linn-Mar Community			
Scho	ol District to Total	45.04%	46.64%	53.21%
2009	2010-2011			
2000	County	6.06829	6.06829	6.06829
	Schools	19.73839	19.73839	19.73839
	City	15.21621	13.63603	9.01063
	Miscellaneous	1.26511	1.26511	1.26511
	Total Levy	42.288	40.70782	36.08242
	of Linn-Mar Community			
Scho	ol District to Total	46.68%	48.49%	54.70%
(Continue	d)			

Property Tax Rates Per \$1,000 Assessed Valuation All Direct and Overlapping Governments (continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Levy	Collection	City of	City of	City of	
Year	Year	Cedar Rapids	Marion	Robins	
2008	2009-2010				
	County	5.95245	5.95245	5.95245	
	Schools	20.22951	20.22951	20.22951	
	City	15.21621	13.86482	9.28024	
	Miscellaneous	1.22581	1.22581	1.22581	
	Total Levy	42.62398	41.27259	36.68801	
	of Linn-Mar Community				
Scho	ol District to Total	47.46%	49.01%	55.14%	
2007	2008-2009				
	County	6.14971	6.14971	6.14971	
	Schools	20.40133	20.40133	20.40133	
	City	15.07076	14.1385	9.1834	
	Miscellaneous	1.25457	1.47989	1.47989	
	Total Levy	42.87637	42.16943	37.21433	
Ratio	of Linn-Mar Community	47.58%	48.38%	54.82%	

Source: Linn County Auditor

Property Tax Rates By Fund Per \$1,000 Assessed Valuatio	n
Last Ten Fiscal Years	
(Unaudited)	

Fiscal Year Ending 30-Jun	General	Management	Board Physical Plant and Equipment	Playground	Board Physical Plant and Equipment	Debt Service	Total
2018	13.38276	0.47490	0.33000	0.13500	1.34000	1.71278	17.37544
2017	13.14183	0.47075	0.33000	0.13500	1.34000	1.95965	17.37723
2016	13.03448	0.54742	0.33000	0.13500	1.34000	1.99171	17.37861
2015	12.50639	0.52341	0.33000	0.13500	1.34000	2.16931	17.00411
2014	12.73201	0.67647	0.33000	0.13500	1.34000	2.05432	17.26780
2013	13.26000	0.50000	0.33000	0.13500	1.34000	2.16599	17.73099
2012	13.93153	0.50000	0.33000	0.13500	1.34000	2.30508	18.54161
2011	15.11830	1.14668	0.33000	0.13500	0.67000	2.33841	19.73839
2010	15.56715	0.90000	0.33000	0.13500	0.67000	2.62736	20.22951
2009	15.86000	0.65000	0.33000	0.13500	0.67000	2.75633	20.40133

Source: School District Financial Records

Principal Property Tax Payers Current Year and Nine Years Ago (Unaudited)

Taxpayer		2016 Value 16 Valuation	Percentage of Total Taxable Value Valuation *		007 Taxable Value -07 Valuation	Percentage of Total Taxable Value Valuation **
SDG Macerich Properties	\$	35,274,770	1.72%	\$	35,189,860	2.50%
Rockwell Collins Inc	Ŧ	18,482,164		Ŷ	30,269,278	2.15%
Wal-Mart Real Estate Business Trust		12,341,790			-	-
Collins Square LLC		10,618,290			-	-
Apple Ten Hospitality Ownership Inc		8,945,730	0.44%		-	-
Marion Senior Development LLC		7,439,603	0.36%		-	-
CR-Collins LLC		7,352,550	0.36%		-	-
Atrium Finance I LP		7,318,800	0.36%		9,859,573	0.70%
National Retail Properties LP		7,305,480	0.36%		-	-
Target Corporation		7,240,410	0.35%		-	-
Davis Realty		-	-		13,393,404	0.95%
Developers Diversified Realty Group		-	-		11,552,641	0.82%
Granite Valley Cedar LLC		-	-		9,924,171	0.71%
Interstate Power/Alliant		-	-		9,675,466	0.69%
Busse Investment Inc		-	-		7,703,510	0.55%
Midwest Development		-	-		7,066,250	0.50%
Lindale Mall		-	-		6,299,500	0.45%
Total	\$	122,319,587	5.97%	\$	140,933,653	10.03%

* 2016 Total District Taxable Valuation is \$2,048,719,526

** 2007 Total District Taxable Valuation was \$1,405,068,214

Note: The 2016 valuation was reported because the taxes collected during the 2018 fiscal year was based on the 2016 valuation.

Source: Linn County Auditor

Ratio of Bonded Debt to Assessed Values And Bonded Debt Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	A	ssessed Values of Property	General Obligation Bonds	Revenue Bonds	Capital Loan Notes	Total Bonds	Ratio of Bonded Debt To Assessed Value	C	nded)ebt Per apita
2018	\$	3,293,632,904	\$ 25,000,000	\$ 49,490,000	\$ 7,945,000	\$ 82,435,000	2.50%	\$	306
2017		3,188,756,944	27,305,000	53,310,000	8,985,000	89,600,000	2.81%		335
2016		3,086,175,472	32,335,000	57,010,000	10,000,000	99,345,000	3.22%		372
2015		3,002,346,722	35,585,000	49,540,000	-	85,125,000	2.84%		320
2014		2,915,115,013	38,805,000	49,005,000	-	87,810,000	3.01%		332
2013		2,859,738,700	42,260,000	53,360,000	-	95,620,000	3.34%		364
2012		2,783,050,196	45,365,000	36,585,000	-	81,950,000	2.94%		315
2011		2,700,703,687	48,440,000	39,705,000	-	88,145,000	3.26%		341
2010		2,545,408,524	51,215,000	42,725,000	-	93,940,000	3.69%		365
2009		2,441,242,271	53,870,000	9,525,000	-	63,395,000	2.60%		248

Source: District Financial Records, Woods & Poole Economics

Notes: Percentage personal Income and Per Capita figures are based upon Cedar Rapids Metropolitan Statistical Area Data from the corresponding calendar year.

Outstanding Debt By Type Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year					Capital Leases	Total Primary Government		Ratio Of Bonded Debt To Personal Income *
2018	\$	25,000,000	\$ 49,490,000	\$ 7,945,000	\$-	\$	82,435,000	0.60%
2017		27,305,000	53,310,000	8,985,000	-		89,600,000	0.67%
2016		32,335,000	57,010,000	10,000,000	-		99,345,000	0.78%
2015		35,585,000	49,540,000	-	-		85,125,000	0.68%
2014		38,805,000	49,005,000	-	55,675		87,865,675	0.73%
2013		42,260,000	53,360,000	-	109,031		95,729,031	0.81%
2012		45,365,000	36,585,000	-	160,165		82,110,165	0.73%
2011		48,440,000	39,705,000	-	292,561		88,437,561	0.83%
2010		51,215,000	42,725,000	-	419,310		94,359,310	0.91%
2009		53,870,000	9,525,000	-	239,512		63,634,512	0.61%

Source: School District Financial Records.

Notes: (a) See Micellaneous Demographic Statistics on page 99. These ratios are calculated using personal income and population for the prior calendar year.

Pledged Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	Local C	Option Sales Ta	ax Revenue B	Capital Loan Notes					
Fiscal		Debt S	Service	_	Debt Service				
Year	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Coverage	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Coverage	
2018	\$6,808,180	\$ 3,820,000	\$ 1,583,105	1.26	\$ 3,403,026	\$ 1,040,000	\$ 175,208	2.80	
2017	6,889,195	3,700,000	1,677,229	1.28	3,364,875	1,015,000	195,000	2.78	
2016	6,811,318	2,530,000	1,634,525	1.64	3,290,745	-	-	n/a	
2015	6,587,426	3,130,000	1,415,579	1.45	3,164,958	-	-	n/a	
2014	5,979,539	2,710,000	855,871	1.68	3,045,026	-	-	n/a	
2013	5,600,634	3,225,000	1,417,702	1.21	2,905,197	-	-	n/a	
2012	6,441,915	3,120,000	1,532,367	1.38	2,759,337	-	-	n/a	
2011	6,121,089	3,020,000	1,507,500	1.35	1,575,427	-	-	n/a	
2010	6,709,286	1,200,000	726,581	3.48	1,484,240	-	-	n/a	
2009	5,592,757	-	-	n/a	1,413,156	-	-	n/a	

Source: School District Financial Records

Computation of Legal Debt Margin Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	 2017-2018	2016-2017	2015-2016	2014-2015
Total Assessed Valuation	\$ 3,290,401,068	\$ 3,188,756,944	\$ 3,086,175,472	\$ 3,002,346,722
Bonded Debit Limit * 5% of assessed valuation	164,520,053	159,437,847	154,308,774	150,117,336
Bonded Debt at end of fiscal year	 82,435,000	89,600,000	99,345,000	85,125,000
Debt Margin at end of fiscal year	 \$82,085,053	\$69,837,847	\$54,963,774	\$64,992,336
Legal Debt Margin as a Percentage of debt limit	 49.89%	43.80%	35.62%	43.29%
* Code of Iowa Section 296.1				

Source: Linn County Auditor School District Financial Records

2013-2014	2012-2013	2011-2012	2010-2011	2009-2010	2008-2009
\$ 2,915,115,013	\$ 2,859,738,700	\$ 2,783,050,196	\$ 2,700,703,687	\$ 2,545,408,524	\$ 2,441,242,271
145,755,751	142,986,935	139,152,510	135,035,184	127,270,426	122,062,114
87,865,675	95,729,031	82,110,165	88,437,561	94,359,310	63,634,512
\$57,890,076	\$47,257,904	\$57,042,344	\$46,597,623	\$32,911,116	\$58,427,602
39.72%	33.05%	40.99%	34.51%	25.86%	47.87%

Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	Gross General Obligation Debt Outstanding	Percentage Applicable to Governmental Unit *	Linn-Mar Community School District Share of Debt
Direct:			
Linn-Mar Community School District	\$ 25,000,000	100% \$	25,000,000
Overlapping:			
City of Cedar Rapids	160,487,938	11.45%	18,375,869
City of Marion	54,050,000	67.76%	36,624,280
City of Robbins	6,435,000	25.86%	1,664,091
Kirkwood Community College	58,772,000	8.27%	4,860,444
Linn County	29,620,000	18.68%	5,533,016
Total Overlapping	 309,364,938		67,057,700
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt	\$ 334,364,938	\$	92,057,700

Source: Linn County Auditor

Notes: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the district. This schedule estimates the portion of the outsanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the district. This process recognizes that, when considering the district's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

* The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of another governmental unit's taxable value that is within the district's boundaries and dividing it by each unit's total taxable value.

Miscellaneous Demographic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Calendar Year	Population	Personal Income	Per Capita Income	Cedar Rapids Retail Sales (In Millions)	Marion Retail Sales (In Millions)	Linn-County Unemployment Rate	State Unemployment Rate
2017	269,330	\$ 13,655,838,990	50,703	3,214.5	371.1	3.50%	3.10%
2016	267,447	13,375,291,917	50,011	3,190.5	364.4	3.70%	3.50%
2015	266,998	12,816,704,994	48,003	3,525.8	456.6	3.90%	3.80%
2014	265,624	12,429,078,208	46,792	3,044.2	351.2	4.40%	4.00%
2013	264,346	11,973,287,724	45,294	2,972.5	339.7	5.00%	4.40%
2012	262,534	11,870,474,810	45,215	2,931.3	341	5.20%	4.90%
2011	259,828	11,174,162,968	43,006	2,862.1	328.9	5.70%	5.30%
2010	258,467	10,693,813,658	41,374	2,645.4	333.3	6.00%	5.70%
2009	257,530	10,417,088,500	40,450	2,894.8	351.8	6.10%	6.40%
2008	255,452	10,455,139,456	40,928	2,576.7	315.6	4.10%	5.30%

Source : Cedar Rapids Chamber of Commerce, Woods & Poole Economics Iowa Department of Employment Services, Iowa Retail Sales & Use Tax Report

Note: The information provided in this chart is collected on a calendar year basis, so data for 2018 is not yet available.

New Commercial and Industrial Building Permits Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	City of Cedar Rapids New Commerical			City of New Com	
Year	# of Permits		Valualtion	# of Permits	Valualtion
2017 2016 2015	59 65 38	\$	118,816,581 95,888,669 75,376,545	25 16 14	\$ 39,427,284 12,384,735 6,420,879
2014 2013	45 64		49,446,998 85.971.266	12 18	2,369,744 9.608.347
2010 2012 2011	26 20		44,088,780 43,488,532	6 11	3,260,541 2,494,538
2010 2009 2008	22 21 26		37,695,793 19,387,965 36,693,287	10 6 4	30,148,436 902,214 6,200,525

		City of Ce New Inc	•	City of New In		
_	Year	# of Permits		Valualtion	# of Permits	Valualtion
	2017	0	\$	-	0	\$ -
	2016	0		-	0	-
	2015	0		-	9	16,380,099
	2014	0		-	2	3,445,873
	2013	0		-	0	-
	2012	5		1,402,760	0	-
	2011	7		1,962,394	0	-
	2010	0		-	1	75,000
	2009	1		163,900	0	-
	2008	12		34,937,383	0	-

Source: City of Cedar Rapids Building Department City of Marion

Note: The information provided in this chart is collected on a calendar year basis, so data for 2018 is not yet available.

New Single and Multi Family Dwelling Permits Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Year	City of Cedar Rapids Single-Family # of Permits	Valualtion	City of Marion Single-Family # of Permits	Valualtion
2017 2016	214 219	\$ 22,667,477 22,354,265	171 164	\$ 21,027,035 19,773,834
2015 2014	268 325	23,607,356 34,621,397	202 145	26,212,686 17,599,562
2013 2012	246 253	24,631,630 26,111,686	184 157	22,646,922 18,988,018
2011	212	20,726,818	128	14,949,682
2010 2009 2008	332 323 292	29,438,833 29,770,945 30,247,887	145 143 216	16,677,433 16,333,694 26,585,154

Year	City of Cedar Rapids Multi-Family # of Permits	Valualtion	City of Marion Multi-Family # of Permits	Valualtion
real	# OF Permits	Valuallion		valualuon
2017 2016	42(n/a) 46(n/a)	\$ 7,455,378 6,783,769	29(n/a) 27(n/a)	\$ 8,638,905 7,329,250
2015 2014	31(n/a) 27(n/a)	5,342,262 10,432,216	13(n/a) 15(n/a)	11,019,666 4,233,891
2013 2012	24(n/a) 29(n/a)	4,370,772 6,935,533	12(n/a) 24(n/a)	3,713,484 6,193,893
2012 2011 2010	64(n/a) 33(99).	7,849,210	23(n/a) 21(n/a)	5,349,470
2010 2009 2008	73(403) 41(160)	6,331,267 28,959,453 9,749,758	27(n/a) 27(n/a) 25(73)	3,960,067 6,037,139 5,933,636

Source: City of Cedar Rapids Building Department City of Marion

Note: The information provided in this chart is collected on a calendar year basis, so data for 2018 is not yet available.



Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago (Unaudited)

	2017		2008	
		Percentage		Percentage
		of Total		of Total
Employer	Employees	Employement	Employees	Employement
State University of IA/Hospital	28,661	42.83%	28,781	46.78%
Rockwell-Avionoics	9,400	14.05%	9,253	15.04%
Area Schools/AEA	8,570	12.81%	6,051	9.83%
TransAmerica	3,800	5.68%	3,500	5.69%
St. Lukes Hospital	2,979	4.45%	2,700	4.39%
Mercy Medical Center	2,140	3.20%	2,300	3.74%
Whirlpool Corporation	3,200	4.78%	2,273	3.69%
Vetrans Health Administration	1,502	2.24%	-	-
Pearson	1,765	2.64%	-	-
Mercy Iowa City	900	1.35%	-	-
Hy-Vee Stores	2,356	3.52%	3,500	5.69%
Walmart Stores, Inc.	830	1.24%	3,170	5.15%
Total	66,913	100.00%	61,528	100.00%

Source: Cedar Rapids Area Chamber of Commerce

Full-Time-Equivalent District Employees By Type Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

		Fiscal `	Year	
	2009	2010	2011	2012
Administration				
Superintendent	1	1	1	1
Associate Superintendent	1	1	1	1
Principals '	10	10	10	10
Assistant Principals	6	6	8	8
Deans	2	2	2	2
School Admin. Manager	3	5	7	7
Other Administrators	4	4	4	4
Supervisors	7	7	8	7
Instructors				
Regular Program Teachers	362.6	366.6	367.33	363.5
Special Education Teachers	55	56	54.27	64
Student Services				
Guidance Counselors	17	17	17	17
Media Specialists	10	10	10	10
Curriculum Coordinators	2	2	2	2
Other Licensed Staff	5	5	6	6
Other Coordinators	4	4	6	8
Support Personnel				
Nurse	4	4	4	4
Clerical	43.4	43.5	43.56	41.26
Paraeducators	149	154.9	144.95	178.48
Custodial & Maintenance	63	63	58	61.5
Food Service	48.16	49.82	51.57	48.51
Bus Drivers	27.09	28.19	26.9	28.18
	824.25	840.01	832.58	872.43

Source: District Personnel Records

		Fiscal `	Year		
2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1
10	10	10	10	10	10
8	8	9	9	9	9
2	2	1	1	2	2
7	7	7	7	7	7
4	5	5	5	5	4
7	7	7	8	7	7
377.5	376.5	402.5	419.37	417.17	433.67
62	62	65	65	65.5	63
18	19	19	18	19	19
10	19	19	10	19	19
4	4	5	5	5	6
6	6	6	7	7	9
8	9	9	. 9	. 9	12
-	-	-	-	-	
4	4	4	4.5	5.5	4.5
43.5	42.43	42.43	42.5	41	39.45
187.5	192.38	195	212.5	224.7	247.98
73 52.5	70.06 51.02	73 53	70.1 54	70.5 54	71.29 57.77
52.5 26.77	27.67	28	54 30	54 30	30.9
20.17	21.01	20	50	50	50.9
912.77	915.06	952.93	988.97	1000.37	1045.56

Property Values, Construction and Bank Deposits Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Insured Property Value	Expenditures For Construction	Bank Deposit *
2018	\$ 213,573,152	\$ 3,239,412	\$ 19,668,746
2017	213,076,371	9,448,106	20,017,152
2016	208,651,988	19,381,435	19,619,302
2015	202,429,166	8,626,662	19,430,788
2014	198,472,285	8,954,338	20,056,826
2013	150,587,691	8,539,938	20,021,889
2012	148,917,277	4,760,465	20,029,573
2011	138,693,867	11,709,850	6,638,429
2010	138,979,461	24,266,307	4,000,518
2009	120,501,828	6,614,785	345,460

* School District's General Fund & Management Fund bank deposit at June 30, which doesn't include investments.

Source: Bouslog Insurance, Inc. True North Insurance District Financial Records

Operating Cost Per Pupil Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year		Total Costs *	Average Daily Attendance	Operating Costs Per Pupil
2017-2018	\$	83,889,227	7.224	\$ 11,613
2016-2017	•	79,674,924	7,140	11,158
2015-2016		76,800,261	7,001	10,970
2014-2015		73,021,462	6,845	10,668
2013-2014		68,501,215	6,714	10,203
2012-2013		65,290,796	6,695	9,752
2011-2012		62,700,237	6,419	9,768
2010-2011		60,143,815	6,252	9,620
2009-2010		57,901,127	5,963	9,710
2008-2009		56,457,320	5,759	9,803

* Includes all General Fund Expenditures

Source: School District Financial and attendance reports

School Building Information Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

School	2009	2010	2011	2012
Elementary				
Bowman Woods				
Square Feet	50,906	50,906	50,906	50,906
Capacity	500	500	500	500
Enrollment	437	429	417	436
Echo Hill				
Square Feet	78,000	78,000	78,000	78,000
Capacity	600	600	600	600
Enrollment	511	542	458	432
Indian Creek				
Square Feet	49,200	49,200	49,200	49,200
Capacity	450	450	450	450
Enrollment	385	430	452	447
Linn Grove				
Square Feet	78,000	78,000	78,000	78,000
Capacity	600	600	600	600
Enrollment	379	392	440	460
Novak				
Square Feet	57,300	57,300	78,000	78,000
Capacity	400	400	600	600
Enrollment	357	351	484	485
Westfield				
Square Feet	58,000	58,000	58,000	58,000
Capacity	500	500	500	500
Enrollment	427	457	459	446
Wilkins				
Square Feet	48,800	48,800	48,800	48,800
Capacity	500	500	500	500
Enrollment	442	436	447	458
Middle School/Intermediate ^a				
Excelsior				
Square Feet	126,700	126,700	126,700	126,700
Capacity	1,100	1,100	1,100	1,100
Enrollment	767	738	761	849
Oak Ridge [°]		100	101	010
Square Feet	105,383	105,383	105,383	105,383
Capacity	750	750	750	750
Enrollment	599	659	700	670
	555	009	700	070
High School/Junior High ^b	205 000	205 000	205 000	205 000
Square Feet	305,000	305,000	305,000	305,000
Capacity	1,800	1,800	1,800	1,800
Enrollment	1,761	1,806	1,708	1,776

Notes: Over time some of the buildings capacity have actualy decreased due to the inclusion of additonal special programs

^a Excelsior Middle School opened back in 1995 as an intermediate school and was added onto 1999 and

converted into a middle school.

^b The High school started out as two separate buildings; the high school and junior high. Over time they were

both added onto and are now one large building.

^cWIth the opening of Echo Hill elementary school at the start of the 2008-2009 school year, Oak Ridge

school was converted from a PreK-8 school to a middle school.

Source: School District Financial Records

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
50,90	50,906	50,906	50,906	50,906	50,906
55	550	550	550	550	500
45	482	484	484	419	408
78,00	78,000	78,000	78,000	78,000	78,000
60	600	600	600	600	600
56	610	612	567	512	502
49,20	49,200	49,200	49,200	49,200	49,200
50	500	500	500	500	450
56	529	516	509	502	502
78,00	78,000	78,000	78,000	78,000	78,000
60	600	600	600	600	600
53	568	562	491	466	454
78,00	78,000	78,000	78,000	78,000	78,000
60	600	600	600	600	600
59	547	529	454	518	504
66,76	66,763	58,000	58,000	58,000	58,000
60	600	500	500	500	500
55	427	437	426	452	453
48,80	48,800	48,800	48,800	48,800	48,800
50	500	500	500	500	500
42	446	465	479	440	432
106 70	126 700	126 700	126 700	126 700	126,700
126,70 1,10	126,700 1,100	126,700 1,100	126,700 1,100	126,700 1,100	1,100
95	974	947	928	938	927
95	974	947	920	930	927
119,71	119,712	117,013	105,383	105,383	105,383
80	800	800	750	750	750
76	753	756	713	681	678
302,70	302,704	315,478	315,478	315,478	305,000
2,40	2,400	2,200	2,200	2,200	1,800
2,16	2,061	2,012	1,979	1,934	1,928

Solvency Ratio Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

School Year	•	ed & Assigned I Fund Balance	Actual Revenues	Financial Solvency Ratio
2017-2018	\$	8,818,614	\$ 83,490,494	10.56%
2016-2017		8,880,831	79,943,505	11.11%
2015-2016		8,762,447	76,520,627	11.45%
2014-2015		8,612,834	72,405,068	11.90%
2013-2014		9,282,581	67,860,878	13.68%
2012-2013		9,955,659	65,181,993	15.27%
2011-2012		10,234,148	64,661,306	15.83%
2010-2011		8,000,016	63,835,570	12.53%
2009-2010		5,172,928	58,883,970	8.78%
2008-2009		4,663,394	58,306,065	8.00%

* Financial Solvency Ratio =

<u>Unassigned & Assigned General Fund Balance</u> Actual Revenues

The financial solvency ratio measures movement and distribution of current assets. The financial solvency ratio represents a school district's year end position after payment of all current and outstanding or accrued liabilities.

Ranges utilized are:

TARGETED SOLVENCY POSITION:

Financial Solvency Ratio ranging from 5% to 10% of actual revenues. A school district is able to meet unforseen financing requirements and presents a sound risk for the timely repayment of short-term obligations.

ACCEPTABLE SOLVENCY POSITION:

Financial Solvency Ratio ranging from 0% to 4.99% of actual revenues. Fund balance is considerd adequte for short-term credit purposes as long as other local economic trends, such as property tax collections and enrollment are sound.

SOLVENCY ALERT:

A solvency alert exists if the school corporation has a negative solvency ratio up to -3.0% of actual revenues. A negative solvency position in this range warrants prompt management response but could be caused by operating revenue/expenditure fluctuations within one budget year.

SOLVENCY CONCERN:

A solvency concern exists if the school corporation has a negative solvency ratio in excess of -3.0% of actual revenues.

Source: School District Financial Records

Schedule of Average Daily Membership (ADM), Average Daily Attendance (ADA) and Ratio of ADA to ADM Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Average Daily Membership (ADM)	Average Daily Attendance (ADA)	Ratio of ADA to ADM
2018	7,568	7,224	95.45%
2017	7,478	7,140	95.49%
2016	7,241	7,001	96.68%
2015	7,146	6,845	95.78%
2014	6,986	6,714	96.11%
2013	6,985	6,695	95.85%
2012	6,687	6,419	95.99%
2011	6,534	6,252	95.68%
2010	6,308	5,963	94.53%
2009	6,069	5,759	94.89%

Source: District Enrollment Records

Open Enrolled Students Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

School Year	Open Enrollment In	Open Enrollment Out	Net Gain (Loss)
2018	608.6	599	10
2017	589.9	554.5	35
2016	565.5	571.4	-6
2015	498.2	532.7	-35
2014	474.8	513	-38
2013	442	538	-96
2012	399	543	-144
2011	358	532	-174
2010	309	558	-249
2009	253	588.7	-335.7

Source: School District Certified Enrollment Records

SINGLE AUDIT SECTION





Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2018

	ļ	Pass-Through		
		Entity	Passed	
	CFDA	Identifying	Through to	Federal
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Number	Number	Subrecipients	Expenditures
Indirect:				
U.S. Department of Agriculture:				
Iowa Department of Education:				
Child Nutrition Cluster Programs:				
School Breakfast Program	10.553	FY18 4552	\$-	\$ 124,759
National School Lunch Program	10.555	FY18 4553	-	909,969
Commodities-DOD (Noncash)	10.555	FY18	-	111,281
Commodities (Noncash) Total Child Nutrition Cluster,	10.555	FY18		99,658
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			-	1,245,667
U.S. Department of Education:				
Iowa Department of Education:				
Title I, Part A Cluster Programs:	84.010	FY18 4501		E00 E00
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	64.010	F110 4501		583,522
Special Education-Grants to States, IDEA Part B	84.027	FY18 4511		275 (1)
Career and Technical Education-				
Basic Grants to States	84.048	FY18 4531	-	47,565
Special Education-State Personnel Development Grants	84.323	FY18 4526		24 706
Development Grants	04.323	F110 4520		24,706
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	FY18 4643	-	127,595
Grant Wood Area Education Agency:	04.007			
Special Education - Grants to States, IDEA Part B	84.027	FY18 4521	-	335,018 (1)
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365	FY18 4644	-	3,792
Total U.S. Department of Education			-	1,122,473
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services:				
Iowa Department of Education:				
Cooperative Agreements to Support Comprehensive School Health Programs				
to Prevent the Spread of HIV and Other				
Important Health Problems (AIDS Education)	93.938	FY18 4577		233
			<u></u>	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Total expenditures of federal awards			\$-	\$ 2,368,373
(1) Total CFDA No. 84.027 \$335,293.				

See notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards.



Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2018

Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of Linn-Mar Community School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2018. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the District.

Note 2. Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are reported on the modified accrual or accrual basis of accounting based on the fund type of the program. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Revenue from federal awards is recognized when the District has done everything necessary to establish its right to revenue. For governmental funds, revenue from federal awards is recognized when it is both measurable and available. Expenditures of federal awards are recognized in the accounting period when the liability is incurred.

Note 3. Indirect Cost Rate

The District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimus indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Findings	Status	Corrective Action Plan or Other Explanation
Other Fin IV-G-17	dings Related to Required Statutory Reporting: There were variances in basic enrollment data submitted to the Iowa Department of Education	Not corrected	See corrective action plan at IV-G-18



Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

To the Board of Education Linn-Mar Community School District Marion, Iowa

We have audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Linn-Mar Community School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 30, 2018.

Our report included an emphasis of matter paragraph for the implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Linn-Mar Community School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Linn-Mar Community School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Linn-Mar Community School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies, and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as items 2018-001 and 2018-002 that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Linn-Mar Community School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. However, we noted certain immaterial instances of noncompliance or other matters which are described in Part IV of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questions Costs.

Comments involving statutory and other legal matters about Linn-Mar Community School District's operations for the year ended June 30, 2018 are based exclusively on knowledge obtained from procedures performed during our aupdit of the financial statements of the District. Since our audit was based on tests and samples, not all transactions that might have had an impact on the comments were necessarily audited. The comments involving statutory and other legal matters are not intended to constitute legal interpretations of those statutes.

Linn-Mar Community School District's Responses to Findings

Linn-Mar Community School District's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. Linn-Mar Community School District's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Bohnsack & frommelt LLP

Moline, Illinois November 30, 2018



Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance For Each Major Federal Program and On Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

To the Board of Education Linn-Mar Community School District Marion, Iowa

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Linn-Mar Community School District's (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance with a type of compliance with a material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control over compliance, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item 2018-003 that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

The District's response to the internal control over compliance finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. The District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Bohnsack & frommelt LLP

Moline, Illinois November 30, 2018

Schedule of Findings and Responses Year Ended June 30, 2018

I. Summary of the Independent Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's rep	Unmodified	
Internal control over • Material weakne • Significant defici • Noncompliance	 Yes Yes No Yes None Reported Yes No 	
Federal Awards		
Internal control over • Material weakne • Significant defici	ss(es) identified?	☐ Yes ☑ No ☑ Yes ☐ None Reported
Type of auditor's rep • Any audit finding in accordance w	Unmodified	
Identification of ma	ajor programs:	
CFDA Number	Name of Federal Program or Cluster	
Child Nutrition Cluster	Program:	-
10.553	School Breakfast Progam	
10.555	National School Lunch Program	
10.555	Commodities-DOD (Noncash)	
10.555	Commodities (Noncash)	
Dollar threshold use	d to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$7	50,000
Auditee qualified as	🗸 Yes 🗌 No	

(Continued)

Schedule of Findings and Responses Year Ended June 30, 2018

Part II: Findings Related to the Basic Financial Statements

Instances of noncompliance:

No matters were reported.

Internal control deficiencies:

2018-001

Finding: The District has insufficient segregation of duties over the payroll process.

<u>Condition</u>: Employees that process payroll also have access to change the employee master file, including entering new employees, modifying pay rates and adding deductions as well as access to enter time to the payroll system, process the payroll and generate payroll checks and direct deposits. This position also posts the payroll to the general ledger.

<u>Context</u>: A good internal control contemplates an adequate segregation of duties so that no one individual handles a transaction from inception to its completion.

Effect: Misappropriations of assets or errors could occur and not be detected in a timely basis.

<u>Cause</u>: A limited number of personnel are involved in the payroll function.

<u>Recommendation</u>: Any position responsible for processing the payroll should be segregated from the ability to make employee master file changes. We recommend the District remove all access to the employee master file from the payroll office employees and require the Human Resources Department to make all payroll master file employee changes. Alternatively, we provide the following recommendations to strengthen the District's internal control system:

- The District should determine if the payroll system could include an approval process for pay rate changes including number of pays in the system whereby if one payroll accounting clerk entered the change the other payroll accounting clerk could approve the change in the system before the change could be made.
- The District should determine if a payroll change/edit report can be automatically generated from the payroll system every payroll. This report should list all changes made to the employee master files as well as extra pays or leave time added for the pay period. The changes on this report should be routinely reviewed by a position independent from the payroll processing position. The edit report should be signed by the employee performing the review and maintained.
- A position independent from the payroll process should print the checks, denote check sequence and sort the checks and direct deposit advices according to departments.

<u>Response and Corrective Action Plan</u>: The District will review current processes and realign duties and system access levels to improve internal controls within the design of the payroll system.

Schedule of Findings and Responses Year Ended June 30, 2018

2018-002

Finding: The District has insufficient segregation of duties over the disbursement process.

<u>Condition</u>: Employees that process disbursements also have access to edit the vendor master file, generate quick purchase orders, generate the checks, and prepare and upload the positive pay file to the bank.

<u>Context</u>: A good internal control contemplates an adequate segregation of duties so that no one individual handles a transaction from inception to its completion.

Effect: Misappropriations of assets or errors could occur and not be detected in a timely basis.

<u>Cause</u>: A limited number of personnel are involved in the disbursement function.

<u>Recommendation</u>: In general, authorization of new vendors, entering invoices into the accounting system, and processing of checks should be segregated from each other. We provide the following recommendations to strengthen the District's internal control system:

- We recommend the District remove the access to the vendor master file and remove access to generate quick purchase orders from employees processing invoices.
- We recommend that check sequence be formally logged and tracked by someone independent of the cash disbursement function to ensure all checks are appropriately approved and accounted for. Any gaps in sequence should be investigated and documented. The person accounting for check sequence should also ensure that all checks accounted for are listed on the listing sent to the Board for review each month, including any manual checks written between Board meetings or payroll deduction checks written on expenditure check stock.

<u>Response and Corrective Action Plan</u>: The District will review current processes and realign duties and system access levels to improve internal controls within the design of the disbursement system.

Part III: Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal Awards

Instances of noncompliance:

No matters were reported.

Schedule of Findings and Responses Year Ended June 30, 2018

Internal control deficiencies:

2018-003 U.S. Department of Agriculture Pass-Through Iowa Department of Education Child Nutrition Cluster School Breakfast Program (CFDA 10.553) National School Lunch Program (CFDA 10.555) Federal Award Year: 2018

<u>Finding</u>: The District does not have an adequate internal control system in place to comply with the procurement requirements of the Office of Management and Budget and Iowa Department of Education.

<u>Criteria</u>: The Iowa Department of Education and the District's Procurement Plan require expenditures between \$3,500 and \$150,000 to use the informal procurement method. The informal procurement method requires obtaining a minimum of three price quotes and documenting the reason the successful quote was selected. The Office of Management and Budget 2018 Compliance Supplement requires a system of internal control that complies with 2 CFR section 200.62. A system of internal control is expected to provide a non-Federal entity with reasonable assurance that these objectives relating to compliance with Federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of Federal awards will be achieved.

<u>Condition</u>: The District did not have a formal procurement plan as required by the Iowa Department of Education for the fiscal year 2018. In addition, the District did not obtain three written quotes for a procurement event exceeding the micro-purchase threshold and did not document compliance with the Iowa Department of Education procurement requirements for the procurement event.

<u>Context</u>: The District did not have the required procurement plan with the new procurement standard elements documentation for fiscal year 2018. The District hired a vendor for a repair procurement event that exceeded \$3,500 and did not document compliance with the informal purchase method.

<u>Effect</u>: The requirements of the Office of Management and Budget and the Iowa Department of Education are not being met. The District may not be obtaining the most competitive pricing.

<u>Cause</u>: The lowa Department of Education procurement requirements were new in fiscal year 2017 and the District had not yet fully implemented them.

Identification as a repeat finding: This is not a repeat finding.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We recommend the District either complete the lowa Department of Education's procurement plan annually before the start of each school year or prepare and approve a procurement plan that has all the required elements of the federal standards. We recommend the District establish a process that identifies all procurement events that exceed the micro-purchase level and complete the 3 Bids & Buy form provided by the Iowa Department of Education prior to the work being performed. In addition, we recommend the Director of Nutrition Services monthly obtain a report of total expenditures by vendor and review for vendors that in aggregate are near the micro-purchase threshold to monitor for proper documentation requirements with the next procurement event that may occur.

<u>Response and corrective action plan</u>: The District will implement establish a procurement plan document and process as required. The District will implement a process to document procurement events exceeding the micro-purchase threshold and the requirements of the informal procurement method of the lowa Department of Education for the Child Nutrition Program.

Schedule of Findings and Responses Year Ended June 30, 2018

Part IV: Other Findings Related to Statutory Reporting

IV-A-18

Certified Budget- Expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2018 did not exceed the amounts budgeted at year-end.

IV-B-18

Questionable Expenditures – No expenditures were noted that we believe may not meet the requirements of public purpose as defined in an Attorney General's opinion dated April 25, 1979.

IV-C-18

Travel Expense – No expenditures of District money for travel expenses of spouses of District officials or employees were noted. No travel advances to District officials or employees were noted.

IV-D-18

Business Transactions – No business transactions between the District and District officials or employees were noted except for the following:

Official	Tran	saction Description	Amount
Clark Weave	er, Board Member	Substitute teaching	\$887

In accordance with the Attorney General's opinion dated November 9, 1976, the above transaction does not appear to represent a conflict of interest.

IV-E-18

Bond Coverage – Surety bond coverage of District officials and employees is in accordance with statutory provisions. The amount of coverage should be reviewed annually to insure that the coverage is adequate for current operations.

IV-F-18

Board Minutes – No transactions requiring Board approval which had not been approved by the Board were noted.

IV-G-18

Certified Enrollment

Finding: The Department of Management identified variances in certified enrollment certified to the state in October 2017.

Recommendation: We recommend the District review certified enrollment data prior to submission to ensure accuracy of the information certified to the state.

Response and Corrective Action Plan: The District will continue to review data prior to submission.

Conclusion: Response accepted.

IV-H-18

Supplementary Weighting- No variances regarding the supplementary weighting certified to the Iowa Department of Education were noted.

Schedule of Findings and Responses Year Ended June 30, 2018

IV-I-18

Deposits and Investments – No instances of noncompliance with the deposit and investment provisions of Chapter 12B and Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa and the District's investment policy were noted other than the following:

Finding: The ending balance of a money market depository account exceeded the District's depository resolution by approximately \$6,000 as of June 30, 2018 due to accrued interest.

Recommendation: The District should update the depository resolution to ensure maximum limits are not exceeded.

Response: The District will update the depository resolution.

Conclusion: Response accepted.

IV-J-18

Certified Annual Report – The Certified Annual Report was certified to the Iowa Department of Education timely.

IV-K-18

Categorical Funding – No instances were noted of categorical funding being used to supplant rather than supplement other funds.

IV-L-18

Statewide Sales and Services Tax – No instances of noncompliance with the use of the statewide sales and services tax revenue provisions of Chapter 423F.3 of the Code of Iowa were noted.

Pursuant to Chapter 423F.5 of the Code of Iowa, the annual audit is required to include certain reporting elements related to the statewide sales and services tax revenue. Districts are required to include these reporting elements in the Certified Annual Report (CAR) submitted to the Iowa Department of Education. For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District did not reduce tax levies as a result of the moneys received under Chapter 423E or 423F of the Code of Iowa.

Beginning balance	\$	6,623,707
Revenue / tranfers in:		
Statewide sales and services tax revenue		6,808,180
Transfers in/other		63,321
Expenditures/transfers out:		
Transfers out		(5,034,982)
Capital outlay for facilities and property and equipment	_	(2,600,753)
Ending balance	\$	5,859,473



Community School District

2999 North Tenth St. Marion, IA 52302

Shannon Bisgard Superintendent

Nathan Wear Associate Superintendent

J.T. Anderson Chief Financial Officer/Chief Operating Officer

Leisa Breitfelder Executive Director of Student Services

Karla Christian Chief HR Officer/Executive Director of Communications

Jeri Ramos Executive Director of Technology Services

Sondra Nelson President Board of Education

Inspire Learning. Unlock Potential. Empower Achievement.

Linn-Mar Community School District

Corrective Action Plan Year Ended June 30, 2018

Current			Anticipated Date of	
Number	Comment	Corrective Action Plan	Completion	Contact Person
Findings Pe	ertaining to the Financial Statements:			
2018-001	The District has insufficient segregation of duties	See response and corrective		
	over the payroll process.	action plan at 2018-001.	June 30, 2019	J.T. Anderson
2018-002	The District has insufficient segregation of duties	See response and corrective		
	over the disbursement process.	action plan at 2018-002.	June 30, 2019	J.T. Anderson
Findings Pe	ertaining to Federal Awards:			
2018-003	The District does not have an adequate internal			
	control system in place to comply with the			
	procurement requirements of the Office of			
	Management and Budget and Iowa Department	See response and corrective		
	of Education.	action plan at 2018-003.	June 30, 2019	Stacy Fish
Findings Pe	ertaining to Statutory Reporting:			
IV-G-18	There were variances in certified enrollment	See response and corrective		
	certified to the state in October 2017.	action plan at IV-G-18	June 30, 2019	J.T. Anderson
IV-I-18	The ending balance of a money market			
	depository account exceeded the District's	See response and corrective		
	depository resolution.	action plan at IV-I-18	June 30, 2019	J.T. Anderson